

Assignment 11.2

Exercises 13 - 1

<http://thinkstats2.com>

Copyright 2016 Allen B. Downey

MIT License: <https://opensource.org/licenses/MIT>

```
In [1]: # Imports
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import statsmodels.formula.api as smf

import nsfg
import thinkstats2
import thinkplot
import survival

In [2]: from IPython.core.display import HTML
table_css = 'table {align:left;display:block} '
HTML('<style>{}</style>'.format(table_css))
```

Out[2]:

Exercise 13-1

In NSFG Cycles 6 and 7, the variable cmdivorcx contains the date of divorce for the respondent's marriage, if applicable, encoded in century-months.

Compute the duration of marriages that have ended in divorce, and the duration, so far, of marriages that are ongoing. Estimate the hazard and survival curve for the duration of marriage.

Use resampling to take into account sampling weights, and plot data from several resamples to visualize sampling error.

Consider dividing the respondents into groups by decade of birth, and possibly by age at first marriage.

```
In [3]: # data
resp6 = survival.ReadFemResp2002()
print(f"Resp 2002: {resp6.head()}")

resp7 = survival.ReadFemResp2010()
print(f"\nResp 2010: {resp7.head()}")
```

Resp	2002:	caseid	cmbirth	evrmarry	cmmarrhx	cmdivorcx	parity	fina
0	2298	902	False	NaN	NaN	4	5556.717241	
1	5012	718	True	974.0	1077.0	1	4744.191350	
2	11586	708	True	910.0	938.0	1	4744.191350	
3	6794	1042	False	NaN	NaN	0	5923.977368	
4	616	991	False	NaN	NaN	0	7229.128072	

	cmintvw	agemarry	age	year	decade	fives
0	1234	NaN	27.666667	75	7	15
1	1233	21.333333	42.916667	59	5	11
2	1234	16.833333	43.833333	58	5	11
3	1234	NaN	16.000000	86	8	17
4	1233	NaN	20.166667	82	8	16

Resp	2010:	caseid	cmbirth	evrmarry	cmmarrhx	cmdivorcx	parity	wgt
0	34156	799	False	NaN	NaN	0	2571.376599	
1	40081	925	True	1314.0	NaN	0	11716.317848	
2	32817	958	False	NaN	NaN	0	6794.156444	
3	39968	869	False	NaN	NaN	0	5469.435481	
4	27121	1004	False	NaN	NaN	0	6544.538107	

	cmintvw	finalwgt	agemarry	age	year	decade	fives
0	1323	2571.376599	NaN	43.666667	66	6	13
1	1323	11716.317848	32.416667	33.166667	77	7	15
2	1287	6794.156444	NaN	27.416667	79	7	15
3	1323	5469.435481	NaN	37.833333	72	7	14
4	1285	6544.538107	NaN	23.416667	83	8	16

```
In [4]: def CleanData(resp):
        """
        Cleans respondent data.

        args:
            resp: DataFrame
        """
        # replace invalid values with nan
        resp.cmdivorcx.replace([9998, 9999], np.nan, inplace=True)

        # create new variables
        resp["notdivorced"] = resp.cmdivorcx.isnull().astype(int)
        resp["duration"] = (resp.cmdivorcx - resp.cmmarrhx) / 12.0
        resp["durationsofar"] = (resp.cmintvw - resp.cmmarrhx) / 12.0

        # create decade of age
        month0 = pd.to_datetime("1899-12-15")
        dates = [month0 + pd.DateOffset(months=cm) for cm in resp.cmbirth]
        resp["decade"] = (pd.DatetimeIndex(dates).year - 1900) // 10
```

```
In [5]: CleanData(resp6)
        married6 = resp6[resp6.evrmarry == 1]

        CleanData(resp7)
        married7 = resp7[resp7.evrmarry == 1]
```

```
In [6]: def ResampleDivorceCurve(resps):
        """
        Plots divorce curves based on resampled data.

        args:
            resps: list of respondent DataFrames
        """
        for _ in range(11):
            samples = [thinkstats2.ResampleRowsWeighted(resp) for resp in resps]
            sample = pd.concat(samples, ignore_index=True)

            PlotDivorceCurveByDecade(sample, color="#225EA8", alpha=0.1)

        thinkplot.Show(xlabel="years", axis=[0, 28, 0, 1])
```

```
In [7]: def ResampleDivorceCurveByDecade(resps):
        """
        Plots divorce curves for each birth cohort.

        args:
            resps: list of respondent DataFrames
        """
        for i in range(41):
            samples = [thinkstats2.ResampleRowsWeighted(resp) for resp in resps]
            sample = pd.concat(samples, ignore_index=True)

            groups = sample.groupby("decade")

            if i == 0:
                survival.AddLabelsByDecade(groups, alpha=0.7)

            EstimateSurvivalByDecade(groups, alpha=0.1)

        thinkplot.Config(xlabel="Years", ylabel="Fraction undivorced", axis=[0, 28, 0, 1])
```

```
In [8]: def EstimateSurvival(resp):
        """
        Estimates the survival curve.

        args:
            resp: DataFrame of respondents

        returns:
            pair of HazardFunction, SurvivalFunction
        """
        complete = resp[resp.notdivorced == 0].duration.dropna()
        ongoing = resp[resp.notdivorced == 1].durationsofar.dropna()

        hf = survival.EstimateHazardFunction(complete, ongoing)
        sf = hf.MakeSurvival()

        return hf, sf
```

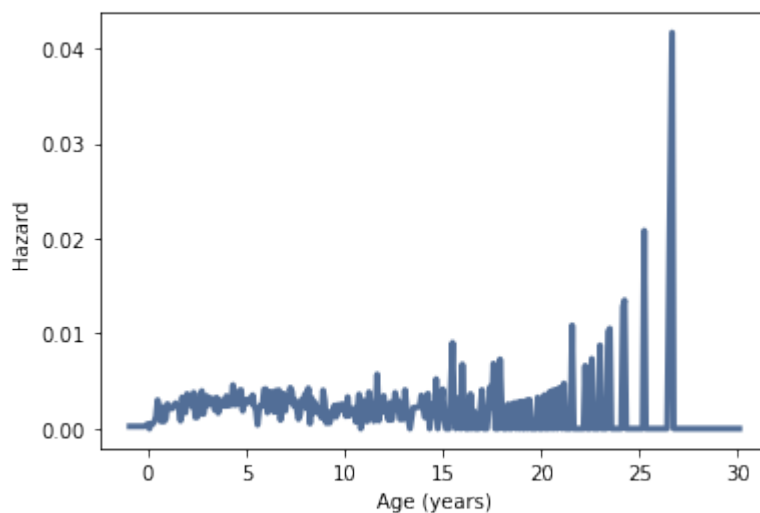
```
In [9]: def EstimateSurvivalByDecade(groups, **options):
        """
        Groups respondents by decade and plots survival curves.

        args:
            groups: GroupBy object
        """
        thinkplot.PrePlot(len(groups))

        for name, group in groups:
            _, sf = EstimateSurvival(group)
            thinkplot.Plot(sf, **options)
```

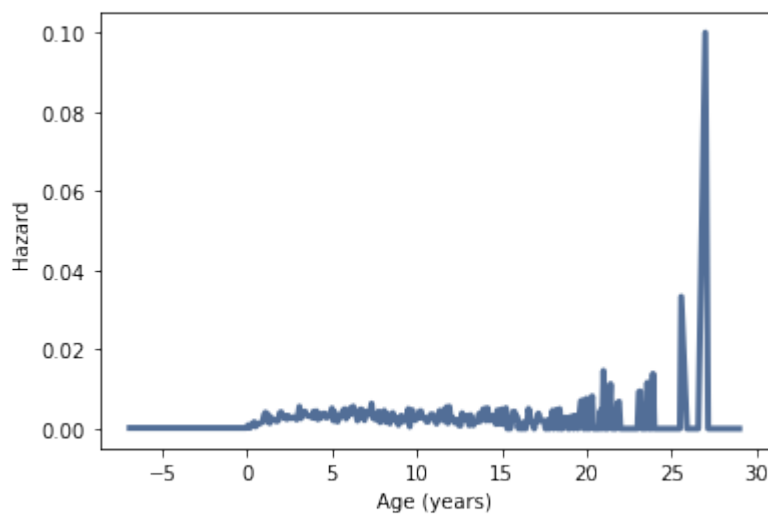
```
In [10]: hf, sf = EstimateSurvival(resp6)

        thinkplot.Plot(hf)
        thinkplot.Config(xlabel='Age (years)', ylabel='Hazard')
```

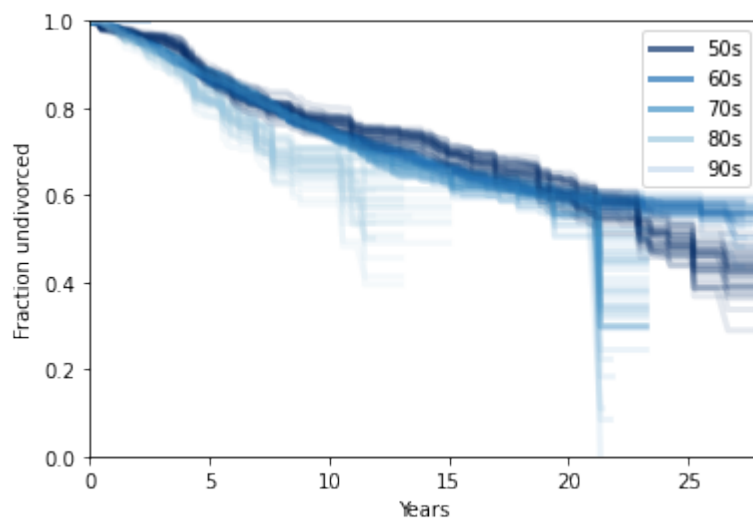


```
In [12]: hf, sf = EstimateSurvival(resp7)

        thinkplot.Plot(hf)
        thinkplot.Config(xlabel='Age (years)', ylabel='Hazard')
```



```
In [11]: ResampleDivorceCurveByDecade([married6, married7])
```



In []: