

For the element-level calculations, we require:

$$\mathbf{f}_a = \int_{\Omega_0} \mathbf{P} \cdot \nabla \varphi_a dV = \sum_{q=1}^{N_{qp}} w_q \mathbf{P}^{(q)} \cdot \nabla \varphi_a^{(q)} \quad (1)$$

Abstractly, we could consider the step-wise procedure of constructing \mathbf{P} :

$$\mathbf{P} = J \boldsymbol{\sigma} \mathbf{F}^{-T} \quad (2)$$

where

$$J = |\mathbf{F}| \quad (3)$$

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = \frac{\partial W}{\partial \mathbf{B}}(\mathbf{B}) \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}^T \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{I} + \sum_{a=1}^{N_{nd}} \mathbf{u}_a \otimes \nabla \varphi_a \quad (6)$$

Suppose that we are interested in the compressible neo-hookean hyperelastic constitutive model:

$$W = \frac{\mu}{2}(I_1 - 3) - \mu \ln J + \frac{\lambda}{2}(\ln J)^2 \quad (7)$$

where

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = \frac{\mu}{J}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{I}) + \frac{\lambda}{J}(\ln J)\mathbf{I} \quad (8)$$

and

$$\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\sigma}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} = -\frac{\mu}{J^2} \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{B}} \mathbf{B} + \frac{\mu}{J} \mathbf{I} \otimes \mathbf{I} - \frac{\lambda}{J^2} \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{B}} (\ln J) \mathbf{I} + \frac{\lambda + \mu}{J^2} \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{B}} \mathbf{I} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\sigma}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} = \frac{\mu}{J} \mathbf{I} \otimes \mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{J^2} \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{B}} \left((\lambda + \mu) \mathbf{I} - \mu \mathbf{B} - \lambda (\ln J) \mathbf{I} \right) \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\sigma}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} = \frac{\mu}{J} \mathbf{I} \otimes \mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{J^2} \left(\mu(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{I}) + \lambda(\ln J - 1) \mathbf{I} \right) \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{B}} \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{B}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathbf{F}} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} = J \mathbf{F}^{-T} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\sigma}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} = \frac{\mu}{J} \mathbf{I} \otimes \mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{J} \left(\mu(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{I}) + \lambda(\ln J - 1) \mathbf{I} \right) \mathbf{F}^{-T} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} \quad (13)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{F}}{\partial \mathbf{B}} = \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial \mathbf{F}} \right)^{-1} \quad (14)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial \mathbf{F}} = \mathbf{I} \otimes \mathbf{F}^T + \mathbf{F} \otimes \mathbf{I} \quad (15)$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_{ij}}{\partial F_{kl}} = \frac{\mu}{J} (\delta_{ik} F_{jl} + \delta_{jk} F_{il}) + \frac{1}{J} \left(\mu(B_{ij} - \delta_{ij}) + \lambda(\ln J - 1) \delta_{ij} \right) F_{lk}^{-1} \quad (16)$$

Or

$$\sigma_{ik} = \frac{1}{J} \left(\mu(F_{il}F_{kl} - \delta_{ik}) + \lambda(\ln J)\delta_{ik} \right) \quad (17)$$

$$\frac{\partial \sigma_{ik}}{\partial F_{mn}} = \frac{1}{J} \left(\mu(\delta_{im}F_{kn} + F_{in}\delta_{km}) + [\mu(\delta_{ik} - F_{il}F_{kl}) + \lambda(1 - \ln J)\delta_{ik}] F_{nm}^{-1} \right) \quad (18)$$

So

$$P_{ij} = J\sigma_{ik}F_{jk}^{-1} \quad (19)$$

$$P_{ij} = \mu(F_{ij} - F_{ji}^{-1}) + \lambda(\ln J)F_{ji}^{-1} \quad (20)$$

$$\frac{\partial P_{ij}}{\partial F_{mn}} = J\sigma_{ik}(F_{nm}^{-1}F_{jk}^{-1} - F_{jm}^{-1}F_{nk}^{-1}) \quad (21)$$

$$+ \left(\mu(\delta_{im}\delta_{jn} + F_{in}F_{jm}^{-1}) + [\mu(F_{ji}^{-1} - F_{ij}) + \lambda(1 - \ln J)F_{ji}^{-1}] F_{nm}^{-1} \right) \quad (22)$$

$$\frac{\partial P_{ij}}{\partial F_{mn}} = \left(\mu[(F_{ij} - F_{ji})F_{nm}^{-1} + (F_{ni} - F_{in})F_{jm}^{-1}] + \lambda(\ln J)(F_{ji}^{-1}F_{nm}^{-1} - F_{ni}^{-1}F_{jm}^{-1}) \right) \quad (23)$$

$$+ \left(\mu(\delta_{im}\delta_{jn} + F_{in}F_{jm}^{-1}) + [\mu(F_{ji}^{-1} - F_{ij}) + \lambda(1 - \ln J)F_{ji}^{-1}] F_{nm}^{-1} \right) \quad (24)$$

$$\frac{\partial P_{ij}}{\partial F_{mn}} = \mu(\delta_{im}\delta_{jn} + F_{ni}^{-1}F_{jm}^{-1}) + \lambda(F_{ji}^{-1}F_{nm}^{-1} - (\ln J)F_{ni}^{-1}F_{jm}^{-1}) \quad (25)$$

Ultimately:

$$P_{ij} = \mu(F_{ij} - F_{ji}^{-1}) + \lambda(\ln J)F_{ji}^{-1} \quad (26)$$

$$\frac{\partial P_{ij}}{\partial F_{mn}} = \mu(\delta_{im}\delta_{jn} + F_{ni}^{-1}F_{jm}^{-1}) + \lambda(F_{ji}^{-1}F_{nm}^{-1} - (\ln J)F_{ni}^{-1}F_{jm}^{-1}) \quad (27)$$

And

$$F_{mn} = \delta_{mn} + \sum_{a=1}^{N_{nd}} u_{ma}\varphi_{a,n} \quad (28)$$

$$P_{ij} = \mu(F_{ij} - F_{ji}^{-1}) + \lambda(\ln J)F_{ji}^{-1} \quad (29)$$

$$\frac{\partial F_{mn}}{\partial u_{kb}} = \delta_{mk}\varphi_{b,n} \quad (30)$$

$$\frac{\partial P_{ij}}{\partial u_{kb}} = [\mu(\delta_{ik}\delta_{jn} + F_{ni}^{-1}F_{jk}^{-1}) + \lambda(F_{ji}^{-1}F_{nk}^{-1} - (\ln J)F_{ni}^{-1}F_{jk}^{-1})] \varphi_{b,n} \quad (31)$$

Finally:

$$f_{ia} = \sum_q w_q P_{ij}^{(q)} \varphi_{a,j}^{(q)} \quad (32)$$

$$K_{iakb} = \sum_q w_q \frac{\partial P_{ij}^{(q)}}{\partial u_{kb}} \varphi_{a,j}^{(q)} \quad (33)$$