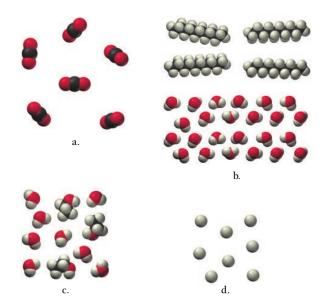
Matter, Relative Atomic Mass, and Periodic Table

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Matter Classification

1) Determine whether each molecular diagram represents a pure substance or a mixture. If it represents a pure substance, classify the substance as an element or compound. If it represents a mixture, classify the mixture as homogeneous or heterogeneous.



Scientific Method

- 2) Classify each statement as an observation, a law, or a theory.
- a) All matter is made of tiny, indestructible particles called atoms.
- b) When iron rusts in a closed container, the mass of the container and its contents do not change.
- c) In chemical reactions, matter is neither created nor destroyed
- d) When a match burns, heat is released.
- e) Chlorine is a highly reactive gas.
- f) Neon is an inert (or nonreactive) gas.
- g) The reactivity of elements depends on the arrangement of their electrons.

Relative Sizes

3) The single proton that forms the nucleus of the hydrogen atom has a readius of approximately 1.0×10^{-13} cm. The hydrogen atom itself has a radius of approximately 52.9 pm. What fraction of the space within the atom is occupied by the nucleus?

Atoms

- 4) Determine the number of protons and the number of neutrons in each isotope: $^{14}_{7}$ N, $^{226}_{88}$ Ra, $^{33}_{15}$ P, and $^{99}_{43}$ Tc.
- 5) Determine the number of protons and electrons in each ion: Al^{3+} , Se^{2-} , Ga^{3+} , and Sr^{2+} .
- 6) Describe Rutherford's gold foil experiment. How did the experiment prove that the plumpudding model of the atom was wrong? What model did Rutherford replace it with?

Relative Atomic Mass

- 7) Explain how a mass spectrometer works. What kind of information can be determined from a mass spectrum?
- 8) Lead has the following natural isotopes Pb-204, Pb-205, Pb-206, and Pb-207. Their relative abundances are 1.5%, 24%, 22%, and 52.5%, respectively. Estimate the relative atomic mass unit and report to 3 significant figures.