

4.3 Odkształcenie sprężyste

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$$-\frac{d}{dx}\left(E(x) \frac{du(x)}{dx}\right) = 0$$

$$u(2) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{warunek Dirichleta w } x=2$$

$$\frac{du(0)}{dx} + u(0) = 10 \quad \leftarrow \text{warunek Cauchy'ego w } x=0$$

$$E(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{dla } x \in (0, 1) \\ 5 & \text{dla } x \in (1, 2) \end{cases}$$

$$(0, 2) \ni x \rightarrow u(x) \in \mathbb{R}$$

① Kroczymy przez funkcję $v \in V$ (obustronnie)

$$-\cancel{E(x)} \cdot \cancel{\frac{d^2 u(x)}{dx^2}} \cdot v = 0$$

$$-\int_0^2 \cancel{E(x)} \cdot \cancel{\frac{d^2 u(x)}{dx^2}} \cdot v \, dx = \int_0^2 0 \, dx$$

$$-\int_0^2 \cancel{E(x)} \cdot \cancel{\frac{d^2 u(x)}{dx^2}} \cdot v \, dx = 0$$

② całkujemy (przez części)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x \cdot v \quad y' = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{E(x)}{2} \cdot \frac{du(x)}{dx} \right) \\ x \cdot v' \quad y = E(x) \cdot \frac{du(x)}{dx} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow - \left[v \cdot E(x) \cdot \frac{du(x)}{dx} \right]_0^2 + \int_0^2 v' \cdot E(x) \cdot \frac{du(x)}{dx} \, dx + \int_0^2 v \cdot E(x) \cdot du + \int_0^2 v' \cdot E u' \, dx$$

$$- v(2) \cdot E(2) \cdot \frac{du(2)}{dx} + v(0) E(0) \cdot \frac{du(0)}{dx} + \int_0^2 v' E u' \, dx = 0$$

$$\bullet u(2) = 0$$

$$\bullet v \in V \Rightarrow v(2) = 0$$

$$\bullet \frac{du(0)}{dx} + u(0) = 10 \Rightarrow u(0) \frac{du(0)}{dx} = 10 - u(0)$$

$$0 + v(0) E(0) (10 - u(0)) + \int_0^2 v' E u' \, dx = 0$$

③ Przerucam wszystko z u na lewą stronę

$$-v(0) E(0) u(0) + \int_0^2 v' E u' \, dx = -v(0) E(0) \cdot 10$$

$$-3v(0) u(0) + \int_0^2 v' E u' \, dx = -30v(0) \quad B(u, v) = L(v)$$