

Adaptable Information Models in the Global Change Information System

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<http://data.globalchange.gov>
<http://github.com/USGCRP/gcis>



Outline

1. Introduction and Functionality

- Overview
- Producing the Third National Climate Assessment
- Supporting the NCA3 website
- Provenance
- Queries

2. Information Model

- Relational
- Semantic
- Example

3. System Architecture

- Diagram
- Content Changes
- Schema Changes
- Ontology Changes

4. Conclusion, Ongoing Work, Future Plans

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Overview

The US Global Change Research Program (USGCRP) has established the Global Change Information System (GCIS) to better coordinate and integrate the use of Federal information products on changes in the global environment and the implications of those changes for society.

Overview

The GCIS provides a RESTful API for retrieving global change information. The GCIS also provides a triple store. URLs in the triple store are resolvable using the API. URLs in the triple store are described by the GCIS ontology.

Producing the Third National Climate Assessment

In May, 2014, the US Global Change Research Program released the 2014 National Climate Assessment.

Production of this 829 page report and its web site involved collaboration between over 300 authors, numerous editors, graphics producers, scientists, data scientists, software developers, and web teams.

The content included 161 findings, 284 figures, 3,395 bibliographic references (journal articles, books, reports).

The GCIS facilitated the assembly of the report by providing common [identifiers](#) for resources and concepts, providing a common web interface for entering and viewing information, as well as an API for adding and removing information using a variety of formats.

nca3 - Climate Cha... x

@info.globechange.gov/report/nca3.html

GIS

Search

Report : nca3


Climate Change Impacts in the United States: The Third National Climate Assessment

2014 assessment

National Climate Assessment and Development Advisory Committee
Jerry Moulton, Foresee (T.C.) McInerney, Gary Yehle

The National Climate Assessment synthesizes the impacts of climate change on the United States, now and in the future. A team of more than 300 experts guided by a 90-member Federal Advisory Committee produced the report, which was extensively reviewed by the public and experts, including federal agencies and a panel of the National Academy of Sciences.

This report has 43 chapters, 264 figures, 161 findings, 18 tables, and 2,395 references.
<http://nca2014.globalclimate.gov/>
DOI: 10.7927/J42218L2JF



Related Reports

print version

You are viewing report.html in [HTML](#)

Alternatives: [PDF](#) [XLS](#) [DOC](#) [PPT](#) [RTF](#) [EPUB](#) [GIF](#) [PNG](#) [ZIP](#) [XML](#) [RSS](#) [JSON](#) [CSV](#) [SWF](#)

http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3
http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3.html
http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3.json
http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3.ttl

Supporting the NCA3 website

A website, <http://nca2014.globalchange.gov>, was released concurrently with the report. The site received over 200,000 visits in the first two days after launch and continues to receive frequent main stream media attention.

GCIS serves as the backend; the website [sends client side requests to http://data.globalchange.gov](#) and receives JSON responses which it uses to populate elements of some pages dynamically.

Supporting the NCA3 website

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the NCA3 website. The address bar shows the URL `nca2014.globalchange.gov/r...`. The main content area features a figure titled "Figure: Global Temperature and Carbon Dioxide" with a caption explaining the data. Below the figure is a "Download (116 KB)" button. The browser's network inspector is open at the bottom, showing a list of requests. An orange line highlights the path from the browser's address bar, through the figure's metadata, to the network inspector, indicating the data flow.

Observed Change I

nca2014.globalchange.gov/r...

Figure: Global Temperature and Carbon Dioxide

Caption: Global annual average temperature (as measured over both land and oceans) increased by more than 1.5°F (0.8°C) since 1880 (through 2012). Red bars show temperatures above the long-term average, and blue bars indicate temperatures below the long-term average. The black line shows atmospheric carbon dioxide (CO₂) concentration in parts per million (ppm). While there is a clear long-term global warming trend, some years do not show a temperature increase relative to the previous year, and some years show greater changes than others. These year-to-year fluctuations in temperature are due to natural processes, such as the effects of El Niños, La Niñas, and volcanic eruptions. (Figure source: updated from Karl et al. 2009¹).

Download (116 KB)

Figure Images

Keywords

Source Kenneth Kunkel, Cooperative Institute for Climate and Satellites - NC

Date Created 06 Nov 2013

Method	File	Domain	Type	Size	0 ms	18.24 s
384 GET	e251f59b-177e-4ba6...	nca2014.globalchang...	html	8.84 KB		
384 GET	.thumb-a83588...	data.globalchang...	png	46.33 KB		
200 GET	26fc56f4-b4e8-45b...	data.globalchang...	json	3.63 KB		
200 GET	nca3-ncdc-gst-and...	data.globalchang...	json	2.13 KB		
200 GET	nca3-epi-co2-r2013...	data.globalchang...	json	1.92 KB		
200 GET	26fc56f4-b4e8-425b...	data.globalchang...	json	3.63 KB		
384 GET	cs_global_temp...	data.globalchang...	png	154.52 KB		
384 GET	bg-div_top.png	nca2014.globalch...	png	6.90 KB		

81 requests, 2,245.10 KB, 21.27

nca2014.globalchange.gov

data.globalchange.gov

Provenance

The identifiers within GCIS can be used to trace the provenance of figures, findings, and other resources.

A figure may be derived from a journal article which is derived from a dataset which is derived from a NASA standard product which is derived from an instrument which is on a platform.

Provenance



Queries

Structured information allows for querying.

- Find reports with figures derived from a dataset generated by an instrument on a specific platform.
- Show figures associated with data generated by instruments on platforms flown by NOAA.

The structure of queries is determined by the information model.

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Relational

Canonical representation : PostgreSQL database.

- One-many, many-one, many-many relationships.
- Referential integrity.
- String type checking.
- Column constraints.
- Cascading updates and deletes.
- Well known optimization techniques.
- Wide spread adoption.

PostgreSQL hstores allow key-value storage.

Closed world assumption.

Semantic

- Relationships are first class objects.
- Concepts are formally defined in an ontology.
- Formal definitions help remove ambiguities.
- Interoperability with other systems.

Open world assumption.

Example

<http://bit.ly/gcis-dbpedia>

```
PREFIX bibo: <http://purl.org/ontology/bibo/>
PREFIX gcis: <http://data.globalchange.gov/gcis.owl#>
PREFIX cito: <http://purl.org/spar/cito/>
PREFIX dcterms: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/>
PREFIX dbprop: <http://dbpedia.org/property/>
PREFIX dbpo: <http://dbpedia.org/ontology/>

SELECT DISTINCT ?dbpjournal ?gcisjournal ?issn
FROM <http://data.globalchange.gov>
WHERE {
    SERVICE <http://data.globalchange.gov/sparql> {
        ?gcisjournal a bibo:Journal .
        ?gcisjournal bibo:issn ?issn .
        ?gcisjournal dcterms:hasPart ?gcisarticle .
        ?gcisarticle a bibo:Article .
        ?gcisarticle dcterms:isPartOf ?gcisjournal .
        ?gcisarticle cito:isCitedBy <http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3> .
    }
    SERVICE <http://dbpedia.org/sparql> 1
        ?dbpjournal dbprop:frequency "Monthly" @en .
        ?dbpjournal dbpo:issn ?issnd .
    }
    FILTER(?issnd = ?issn)
}
```

Find monthly journals which have had an article cited by the NCA3 report.

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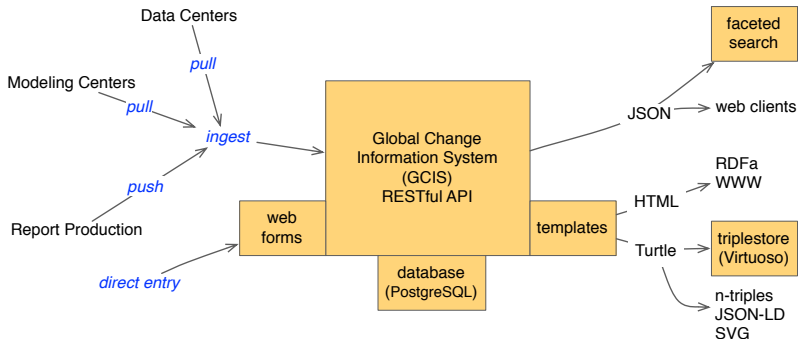
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Diagram



Content Changes

- Ingest happens through the API.
- External identifiers are mapped to internal GCIS identifiers with lexicons.
- Natural identifiers are used when possible (DOIs, ISBN numbers, ORCIDs).

Providing common identifiers allows external entities to map to each other.

- PODAAC : AQUA = /platform/aqua
- CEOS : 206 = /platform/aqua
- Therefore PODAAC : AQUA = CEOS 206

New sources of information may require changes to the information model.

Schema Changes

Changes to the schema propagate to the JSON API. JSON key names match the column names, and nested JSON objects correspond to relationships.

1. Write a test for new REST functionality.
2. Run the tests. Do they test pass?
3. Yes? Done.
4. No? Write a schema patch.
5. Goto step 2.

The tests remain part of the test suite, which is run continuously.

Ontology Changes

Change to the triple are handled by turtle templates.

1. Write a test with a SPARQL query that should succeed.
2. Run the tests. Do they pass?
3. Yes? Done.
4. No? Modify the turtle templates.
5. Go to step 2.

The tests remain part of the test suite, which is run continuously.

Ontology Changes

Sample turtle template :

```
<%= article->uri %> a gcis:Article;  
<%= article->uri %> dcterms:isPartOf  
    <%= article->journal->uri %>;
```

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Current work involves extending the data model to include models, in situ observations, datasets from more DAACs, and identifying lexicons and APIs for GCIS resources.

Thank you

<http://github.com/usgcrp/gcis>

<http://data.globalchange.gov>

<http://www.globalchange.gov>