# Adaptable Information Models in the Global Change Information System

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http://data.globalchange.gov http://github.com/USGCRP/gcis























United States Global Change Research Program

## Outline

- 1. Introduction and Functionality
  - Overview
  - Producing the Third National Climate Assessment
  - Supporting the NCA3 website
  - Provenance
  - Queries
- 2. Information Model
  - Relational
  - Relational
  - Semantic
  - Example
- 3. System Architecture
  - Diagram
  - Content Changes
  - · Schema Changes
  - Ontology Changes
- 4. Conclusion, Ongoing Work, Future Plans

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## Overview

The US Global Change Research Program (USGCRP) has established the Global Change Information System (GCIS) to better coordinate and integrate the use of Federal information products on changes in the global environment and the implications of those changes for society.

## Overview

The GCIS provides a RESTful API for retrieving global change information. The GCIS also provides a triple store. URLs in the triple store are resolvable using the API. URIs in the triple store are described by the GCIS ontology.

## Producing the Third National Climate Assessment

In May, 2014, the US Global Change Research Program released the 2014 National Climate Assessment.

Production of this 829 page report and its web site involved collaboration between over 300 authors, numerous editors, analysts, graphics producers, scientists, data scientists, software developers, and web teams.

The content included 161 findings, 284 figures, 3,395 bibliographic references (journal articles, books, reports).

The GCIS facilitated the assembly of the report by providing common identifiers for resources and concepts, providing a common web interface for entering and viewing information, as well as an API for adding and removing information using a variety of formats.

# Producing the Third National Climate Assessment



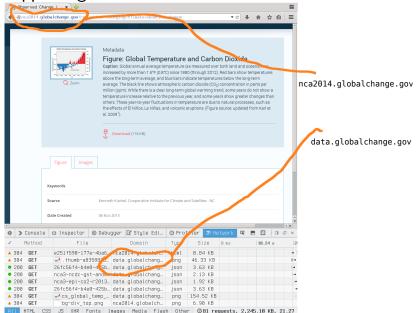
 $\label{lem:http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3} $$ $$ http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3.html $$ http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3.json $$ http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3.ttl $$$ 

# Supporting the NCA3 website

A website, http://nca2014.globalchange.gov, was released concurrently with the report. The site received over 200,000 visits in the first two days after launch and continues to receive frequent main stream media attention.

GCIS serves as the backend; the website sends client-side requests to <a href="http://data.globalchange.gov">http://data.globalchange.gov</a> and receives JSON responses which it uses to populate elements of some pages dynamically.

# Supporting the NCA3 website



#### Provenance

The identifiers within GCIS can be used to trace the provenance of figures, findings, and other resources.

A figure may be derived from a journal article, which is derived from a dataset, which is derived from a NASA standard product, which is derived from an instrument, which is on a platform.

## Provenance



## Queries

Structured information allows for querying.

- Find reports with figures derived from a dataset generated by an instrument on a specific platform.
- Show figures associated with data generated by instruments on platforms flown by NOAA.

The structure of queries is determined by the information model.

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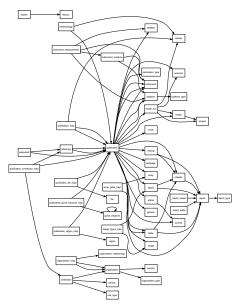
#### Relational

Canonical representation : PostgreSQL database. http://data.globalchange.gov/resources

- One-many, many-one, many-many relationships
- Referential integrity
- String type checking
- Column constraints
- Cascading updates and deletes
- Well-known optimization techniques
- Wide-spread adoption
- Extendable (hstores in PostgreSQL)
- Closed world assumption

## Relational

## 52 tables



## Semantic

- Relationships are first class objects
- Concepts are formally defined in an ontology
- Formal definitions help remove ambiguities
- Interoperability with other systems
- Open world assumption

## Example

## http://bit.ly/gcis-dbpedia

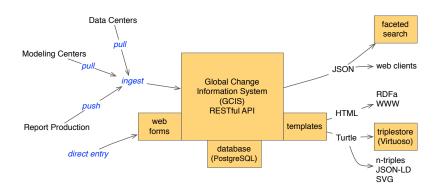
```
PREFIX bibo: <a href="http://purl.org/ontology/bibo/">PREFIX bibo: <a href="http://purl.org/ontology/bibo/">http://purl.org/ontology/bibo/</a>
PREFIX gcis: <a href="mailto:right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-right-r
 PREFIX cito: <a href="http://purl.org/spar/cito/">http://purl.org/spar/cito/>
 PREFIX dcterms: <a href="http://purl.org/dc/terms/">http://purl.org/dc/terms/>
PREFIX dbprop: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/property/">http://dbpedia.org/property/>
 PREFIX dbpo: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/ontology/">http://dbpedia.org/ontology/>
 SELECT DISTINCT ?dbpjournal ?gcisjournal ?issn
 FROM <a href="from://data.globalchange.gov">http://data.globalchange.gov</a>
 WHERE {
                   SERVICE <a href="http://data.globalchange.gov/sparql">SERVICE <a href="http://data.gov/sparql">SERVICE <a h
                                                     ?gcisiournal a bibo: Journal .
                                                     ?gcisjournal bibo:issn ?issn .
                                                     ?gcisjournal dcterms:hasPart ?gcisarticle .
                                                     ?gcisarticle a bibo:Article .
                                                     ?gcisarticle dcterms:isPartOf ?gcisjournal .
                                                     ?gcisarticle cito:isCitedBy <a href="http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3">http://data.globalchange.gov/report/nca3</a>> .
                     }
                   SERVICE <a href="http://dbpedia.org/spargl">http://dbpedia.org/spargl</a>> 1
                           ?dbpjournal dbprop:frequency "Monthly" @en .
                           ?dbpjournal dbpo:issn ?issnd .
                   FILTER(?issnd = ?issn)
```

Find monthly journals that have had an article cited by the NCA3 report.

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## Diagram



## Content Changes

- Ingest happens through the API
- External identifiers are mapped to internal GCIS identifiers with lexicons
- Natural identifiers are used when possible (DOIs, ISBNs, ORCIDs)

Providing common identifiers allows external entities to map to each other.

- PODAAC : AQUA = /platform/aqua
- CEOS : 206 = /platform/aqua
- Therefore PODAAC : AQUA = CEOS 206

New sources of information may require changes to the information model.

# Schema Changes

Changes to the schema propagate to the JSON API. JSON key names match the column names, and nested JSON objects correspond to relationships.

- 1. Write a test for new REST functionality.
- 2. Run the tests. Do the tests pass?
- 3. Yes? Done.
- 4. No? Write a schema patch.
- 5. Goto step 2.

The tests remain part of the test suite, which is run continuously.

# **Ontology Changes**

Change to the triple are handled by turtle templates.

- 1. Write a test with a SPARQL query that should succeed.
- 2. Run the tests. Do they pass?
- 3. Yes? Done.
- 4. No? Modify the turtle templates.
- 5. Go to step 2.

The tests remain part of the test suite, which is run continuously.

# **Ontology Changes**

#### Sample turtle template :

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Current work involves extending the data model for models and model runs, *in situ* station data, spatial metadata (PostGIS), agency-wide publication systems, authors of journal articles, and connecting to disparate sources of information using lexicons, APIs and semantic queries.

## Thank You

http://data.globalchange.gov/about (mailing list) http://www.globalchange.gov http://github.com/usgcrp/gcis