### **Evolving Systems with Erlang**

Kevin A. Smith
Director of Engineering



1



### Scaling Challenges



### Memory Footprint



# How much RAM does an idle merb app require?

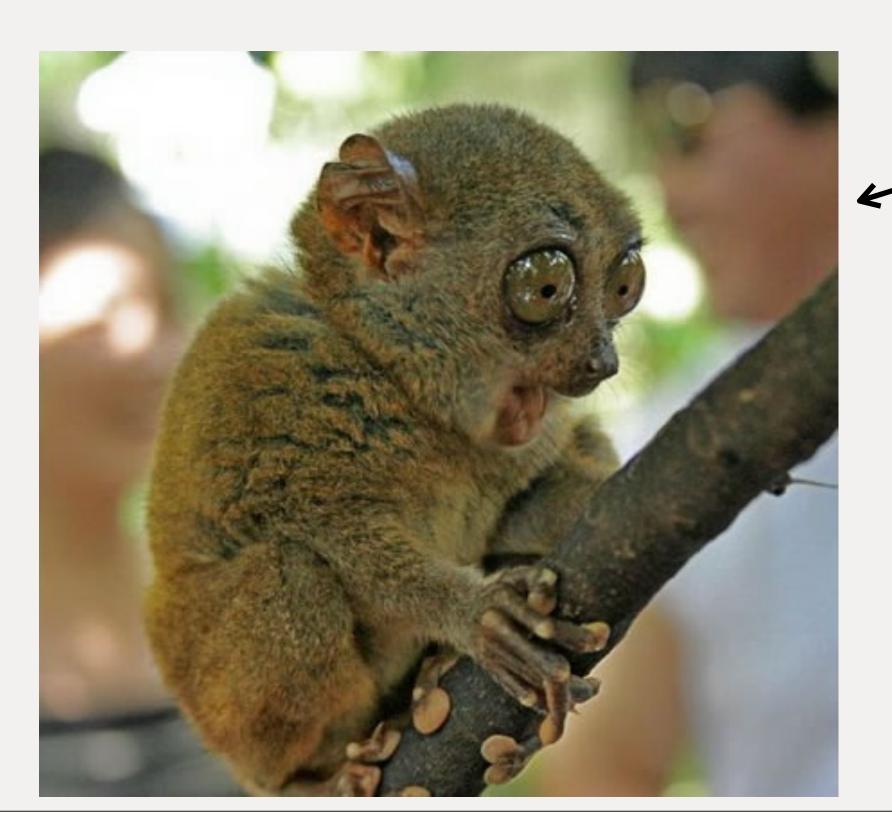


### ~300MB



# How much memory does a heavily loaded merb app require?



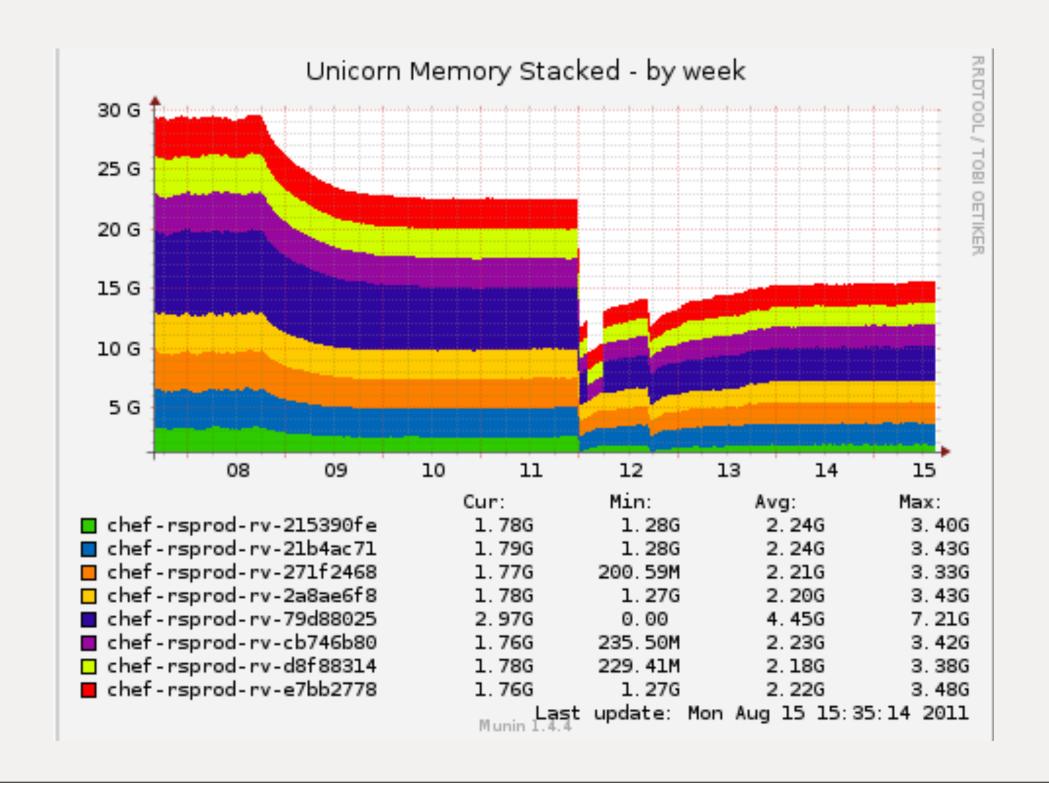


## Peveloper (not to scale)



### 3.5GB





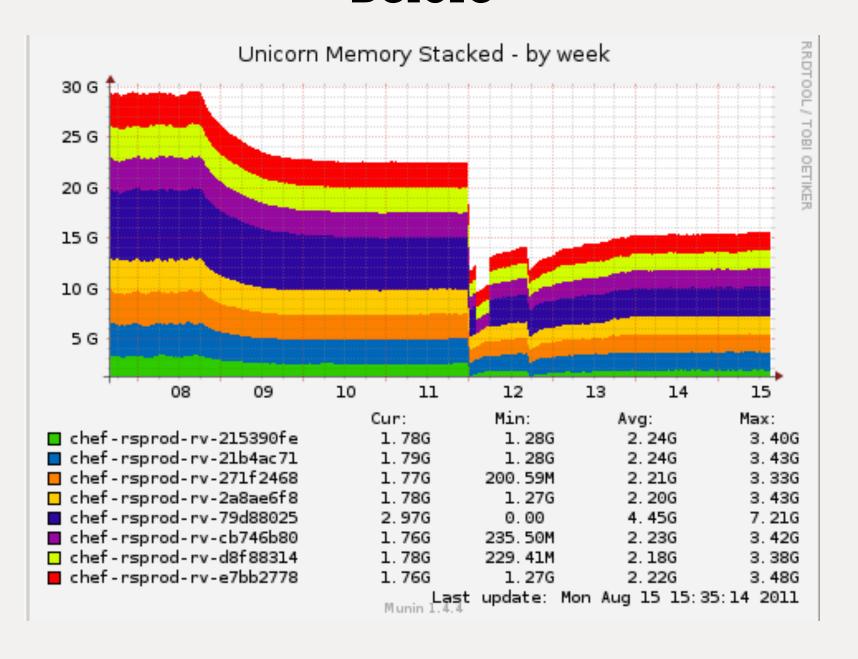




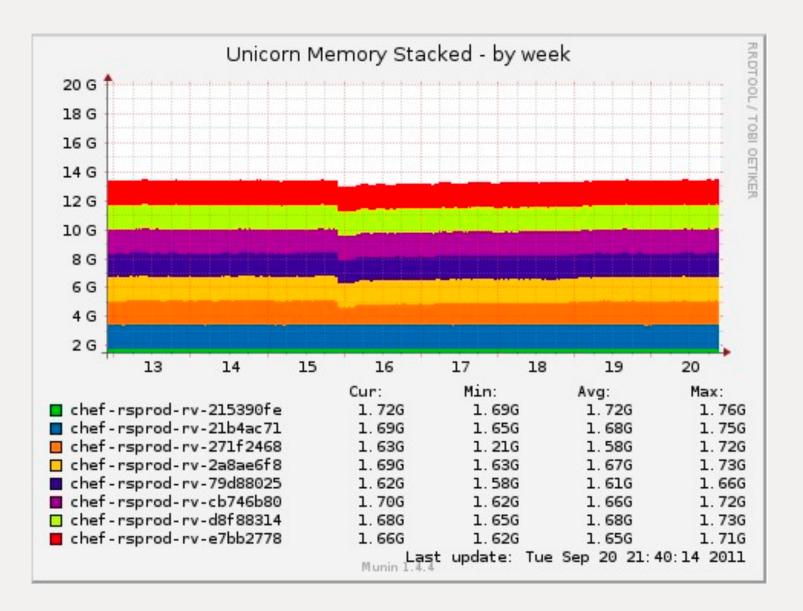
- OO apps are great garbage generators
- Shared heaps/shared GC can be slooow
- Loading application code twice? Y U HATE?!



#### Before



#### After







- Erlang's per-process GC is more efficient
- Erlang gives memory back to OS
- Creating less garbage



### CPU Usage



# Where are we spending our time?



### Database calls?



# JSON parsing or rendering?



# Expensive crypto calls?



### Garbage Collection?

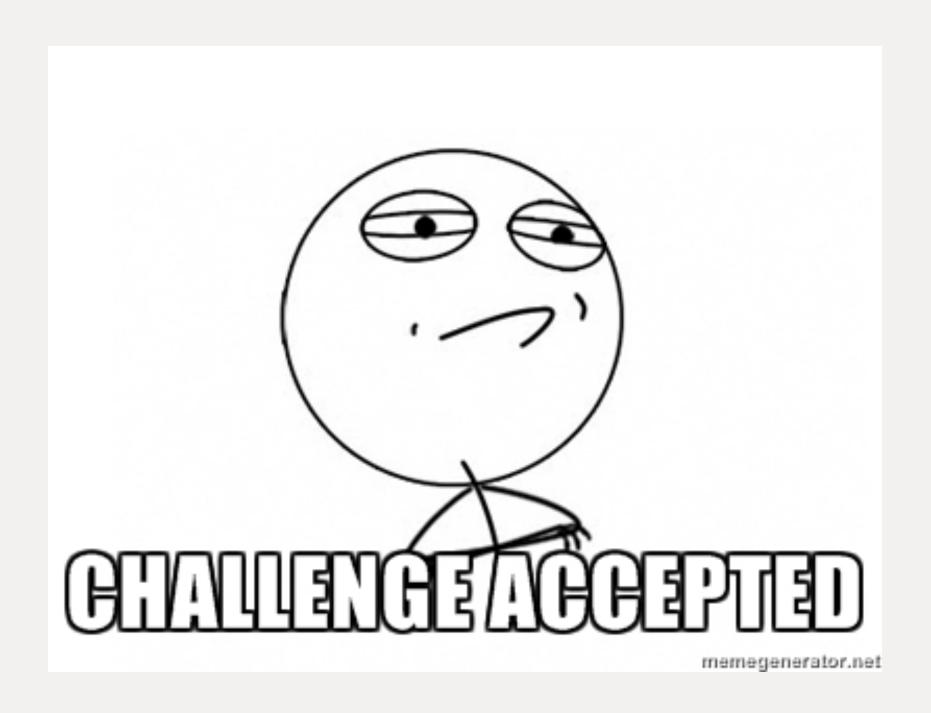


### Garbage Collection!

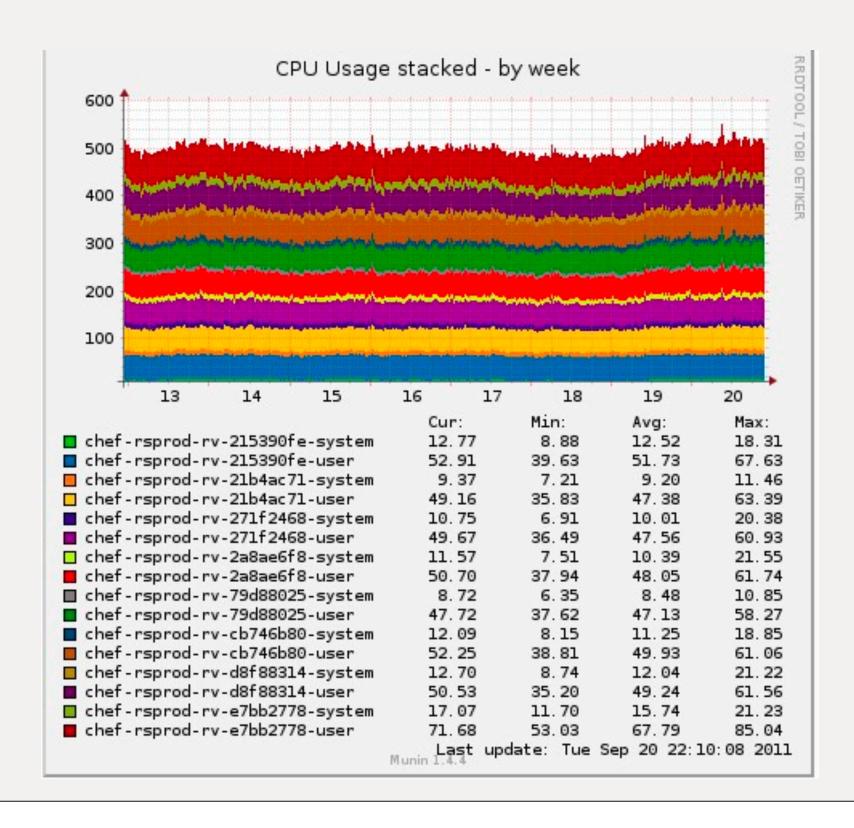


# > 40% CPU spent in GC













- Refactored code is much simpler
- Erlang's VM is efficient under load
- Soft-realtime performance
- Per-process GC is a win



### Database Performance



#### Would you use a database if it...?

- Could only do one thing at a time?
- Didn't use disk efficiently?
- Didn't have a query planner?
- Wasn't able to reliably replicate to backup instances?



### CouchDB

(and lots of other NoSQL "databases" too)



### CouchDB: The Bad and the Ugly

- Single reader **OR** writer per database
- On-disk btree format is wasteful
- Compaction frequently fails
- Replication has unpredictable delays



#### **Know Your Use Cases**

- Write intensive?
- Ad-hoc queries?
- HA server-side requirements?
- Operational ease?
- Are you **really** web scale?



#### Understand Your Usage

- Study code and formulate theories
- Create tests to prove or disprove theories
- Measure, measure, measure





- Sophisticated querying is important
- Replication works
- Easy to find knowledgeable devs & admins
- Vibrant ecosystem: Percona, DrizzleDB, MariaDB
- Lots of storage engines: Inno, XtraDB, Tokutek, PBXT





- Pick the right tool for the job
- Predicting scaling pain is hard
- Measure your system to understand problems
- Test prototypes before implementing them
- Ongoing monitoring and measurement is critical



### We're Hiring!

k@opscode.com @kevsmith