

# ECON 520 Homework 14

Due date: November 30, 2018

1. Suppose that we observe  $m$  iid Bernoulli( $\theta$ ) random variables, denoted by  $Y_1 \dots Y_m$ . Show that the LRT of  $H_0 : \theta \leq \theta_0$  versus  $H_1 : \theta > \theta_0$  will reject  $H_0$  if  $\sum_{i=1}^m Y_i > b$ .
2. Let  $X$  be a random variable whose pmf under  $H_0$  and  $H_1$  is given by

$x$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$f(x   H_0)$	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.94
$f(x   H_1)$	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.79

Use the Neyman-Pearson Lemma to find the most powerful test for  $H_0$  versus  $H_1$  with size  $\alpha = 0.04$ . Compute the probability of Type II Error for this test.

3. Let  $X_1 \dots X_n$  be iid  $N(\theta, \sigma^2)$ , where  $\theta_0$  is a specified value of  $\theta$  and  $\sigma^2$  is unknown. We are interested in testing  $H_0 : \theta = \theta_0$  versus  $H_1 : \theta \neq \theta_0$ .

- (a) Show that the test rejects  $H_0$  when  $|\bar{X} - \theta_0| > t_{n-1, \frac{\alpha}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{S^2}{n}}$  is a test of size  $\alpha$ .
- (b) Show that the test in part (a) can be derived as an LRT.

4. Let  $X_1 \dots X_n$  be a random sample from a  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  population.

- (a) If  $\mu$  is unknown and  $\sigma^2$  is known, show that  $Z = \sqrt{n} \frac{(\bar{X} - \mu_0)}{\sigma}$  is a Wald statistic for testing  $H_0 : \mu = \mu_0$ .
- (b) If  $\sigma^2$  is unknown and  $\mu$  is known, find a Wald statistic for testing  $H_0 : \sigma = \sigma_0$ .