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Suppose the data generation process is as

$$y_i = \alpha + \beta_1 x_{1i} + \beta_2 x_{2i} + \beta_3 x_{3i} + \beta_4 x_{4i} + \epsilon_i.$$

Where x_{1i} and x_{2i} are included variables, and x_{3i} and x_{4i} are omitted variables. Assume the full OLS regression leads to estimates as

$$y_i = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta}_1 x_{1i} + \hat{\beta}_2 x_{2i} + \hat{\beta}_3 x_{3i} + \hat{\beta}_4 x_{4i} + \hat{\epsilon}_i,$$

and the two auxiliary regression of x_{3i} and x_{4i} on x_{1i} and x_{2i} and constant term are

$$x_{3i} = \hat{\pi}_0 + \hat{\pi}_1 x_{1i} + \hat{\pi}_2 x_{2i} + \hat{\nu}_i,$$

$$x_{4i} = \hat{\gamma}_0 + \hat{\gamma}_1 x_{1i} + \hat{\gamma}_2 x_{2i} + \hat{\mu}_i.$$

Then we have

$$\begin{aligned} y_i &= \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta}_1 x_{1i} + \hat{\beta}_2 x_{2i} + \hat{\beta}_3 x_{3i} + \hat{\beta}_4 x_{4i} + \hat{\epsilon}_i \\ &= \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta}_1 x_{1i} + \hat{\beta}_2 x_{2i} \\ &\quad + \hat{\beta}_3 (\hat{\pi}_0 + \hat{\pi}_1 x_{1i} + \hat{\pi}_2 x_{2i} + \hat{\nu}_i) \\ &\quad + \hat{\beta}_4 (\hat{\gamma}_0 + \hat{\gamma}_1 x_{1i} + \hat{\gamma}_2 x_{2i} + \hat{\mu}_i) \\ &\quad + \hat{\epsilon}_i \\ &= (\hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\pi}_0 + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\gamma}_0) \\ &\quad + (\hat{\beta}_1 + \hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\pi}_1 + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\gamma}_1) x_{1i} \\ &\quad + (\hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\pi}_2 + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\gamma}_2) x_{2i} \\ &\quad + \hat{\epsilon}_i + \hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\nu}_i + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\mu}_i. \end{aligned}$$

The inconsistent estimates of short regression are

$$\tilde{\alpha} = \hat{\alpha} + \underbrace{\hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\pi}_0 + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\gamma}_0}_{\text{inconsistency}},$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_1 = \hat{\beta}_1 + \underbrace{\hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\pi}_1 + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\gamma}_1}_{\text{inconsistency}},$$

$$\tilde{\beta}_2 = \hat{\beta}_2 + \underbrace{\hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\pi}_2 + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\gamma}_2}_{\text{inconsistency}}.$$

These are OLS estimates, because the conditions for OLS estimators are satisfied,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\epsilon}_i + \hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\nu}_i + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\mu}_i = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\epsilon}_i}_{=0} + \hat{\beta}_3 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\nu}_i}_{=0} + \hat{\beta}_4 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{\mu}_i}_{=0} = 0.$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_{1i} \left(\hat{\epsilon}_i + \hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\nu}_i + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\mu}_i \right) = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n x_{1i} \hat{\epsilon}_i}_{=0} + \hat{\beta}_3 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n x_{1i} \hat{\nu}_i}_{=0} + \hat{\beta}_4 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n x_{1i} \hat{\mu}_i}_{=0} = 0.$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_{2i} \left(\hat{\epsilon}_i + \hat{\beta}_3 \hat{\nu}_i + \hat{\beta}_4 \hat{\mu}_i \right) = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n x_{2i} \hat{\epsilon}_i}_{=0} + \hat{\beta}_3 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n x_{2i} \hat{\nu}_i}_{=0} + \hat{\beta}_4 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n x_{2i} \hat{\mu}_i}_{=0} = 0.$$

These results hold because $\hat{\epsilon}_i$, $\hat{\nu}_i$, and $\hat{\mu}_i$ are OLS regression residuals.

The directions of inconsistencies in $\hat{\alpha}$, $\hat{\beta}_1$, and $\hat{\beta}_2$ depends on the signs and scales of $\hat{\beta}$ s, $\hat{\pi}$ s, and $\hat{\gamma}$ s.