

## Assignment 2: (Heat)

1) Define the term calibration of thermometer.

→ The process of determining the scale in a thermometer is called calibration of thermometer.

2) Differentiate between upper fixed point and lower fixed point.

| Upper Fixed point   | Lower Fixed Point  |
|---|--|
| The temperature of the boiling water at standard atmospheric pressure is considered as the upper fixed point. | The temperature of the pure melting ice at the standard atmospheric pressure is lower fixed point. |
| → Its value is $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  | → Its value is $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ .   |

3) What do you mean by anomalous expansion of water?

→ Anomalous expansion of water is an abnormal property of water in which it expands instead of contracting when temperature goes <sup>from</sup>  $4^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  and becomes less dense.

4) Write any three reasons on why water is not used as thermometric liquid.

→ Water is not used as thermometric liquid as ;

- It is colorless, so it has to be colored to be seen.
- It vaporizes easily.
- It wets the wall of capillary in thermometer.