## **IMS 222 (Introduction to Interaction Design and Development)**

Hands-On #5 (Responsive Web Design)

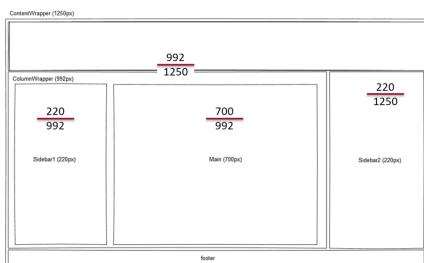
- Responsive vs Non-Responsive Website
- 1. Viewport: Add Viewport to responsive.html head section

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
```

## \*initial-scale=1

2. **Flexible Grid:** Go to **styles.css** and change px-based width and %-based width and see the changes from your browser.

```
* {
   box-sizing: border-box;
.columnWrapper {
   float: left;
  width: 80%;
}
.sidebar2 {
   float: right;
  width: 20%;
   padding: 0 10px 0 20px;
}
.sidebar1 {
   float: left;
  width: 25%;
   padding: 0 20px 0 10px;
}
.main {
   float: right;
  width: 75%;
   padding: 0 10px;
   border-left: 1px dashed red;
   border-right: 1px solid blue;
}
```



## 3. Fluid Images:

3.1. Go to styles.css and add the following code.

```
img {
    max-width: 100%;
}
```

3.2. Go to responsive.html and remove "width" attributes from all <img> elements and see the changes from your browser.

4. Media Queries: Add the following code to styles.css and see the changes from your browser.

```
/* tablet size */
@media (min-width: 768px) and (max-width:1024px) {
  .sidebar2 {
      width: auto;
      clear: both;
      border-top: 2px solid black;
      padding-top: 10px;
  }
  .columnWrapper {width: auto;}
  .main {border-right: none;}
}
/* mobile phone size */
@media (max-width: 767px) {
  .columnWrapper, .main, .sidebar1, .sidebar2 {
      float: none;
      width: auto;
  .main {border: none; }
  .sidebar1, .sidebar2 {
      border-top: 2px solid black;
      margin-top: 25px;
      padding-top: 10px;
  }
  header h1 { font-size: 1.5em; }
  .main h2, aside h2 {font-size: 1.5em;}
  nav {text-align: center;}
  nav li {
      float: none;
      display: inline-block;
  }
  nav a { border: none; }
```

\*From Chrome, click right mouse button and select "Inspect" menu. Then click Device Symbol at the top. Then try different mobile, tablet devices.