Temporal integration

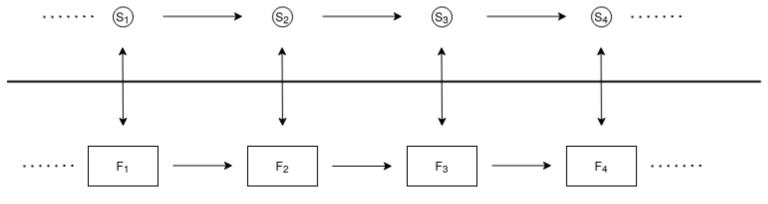
Sensory incompleteness and higher order perception

Fernando Rover, Anindya Ghosh, Oluwaseyi Jesusanmi.

We usually think of our perceptual experience as a sequence of frames following each other; like a movie.



Is it really plausible, a one-to-one sensory-to-perception relation?

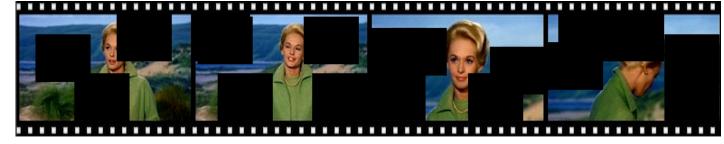


A perceptual frame would require a series of sensory sampling coherently integrated into a unified construction.



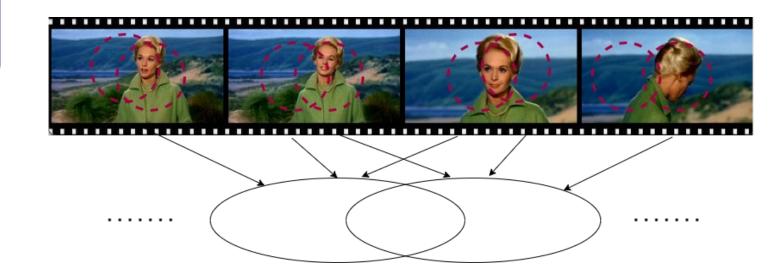
However, sensory samplings are asynchronous and the world changes constantly without waiting for them.

A sensory present would be incomplete in terms of the physical present, but our perceptual experience of it is not.



Our working hypothesis is that embodied sensorimotor dynamics provide a ground, but cannot account for perceptual experience on their own.

A higher order process of integration is needed in order to form the coherent lapses of perception that underpin the temporal nature of experience.



Biological evidence of presence or absence of cognitive mechanisms capable of implementing these processes could help us eventually tracing a line between sentient and non-sentient forms of life.