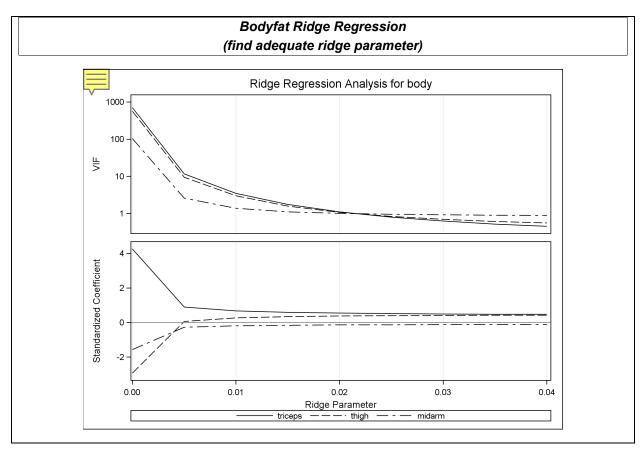
4.1.1: SAS - Penalized Regression Methods (Ridge Regression, LASSO, and Elastic Net)

Example 1: (Ridge Regression; recall Handout 2.6.1 example) A study seeks to relate (in females) amount of body fat (Y) to triceps skinfold thickness (X_1) , thigh circumference (X_2) , and midarm circumference (X_3) . Amount of body fat is expensive to measure, requiring immersion of person in water. This expense motivates the desire for a predictive model based on these inexpensive predictors.

```
/* Input data */
data bodyfat;
   input triceps thigh midarm body @@; cards;
  19.5 43.1
             29.1
                   11.9
                            24.7
                                  49.8
                                       28.2
                                             22.8
  30.7
       51.9
             37.0
                  18.7
                            29.8
                                  54.3
                                       31.1
                                             20.1
  19.1 42.2
             30.9
                  12.9
                            25.6
                                  53.9 23.7
                                             21.7
  31.4 58.5
             27.6 27.1
                            27.9
                                  52.1
                                       30.6
                                             25.4
 22.1 49.9
             23.2 21.3
                            25.5
                                  53.5 24.8
                                             19.3
  31.1 56.6 30.0 25.4
                            30.4
                                  56.7 28.3
                                             27.2
 18.7 46.5 23.0 11.7
                            19.7
                                  44.2 28.6 17.8
  14.6 42.7 21.3 12.8
                            29.5
                                  54.4 30.1
                                             23.9
 27.7 55.3 25.7 22.6
                            30.2
                                  58.6 24.6
                                             25.4
  22.7 48.2 27.1 14.8
                            25.2 51.0
                                       27.5
                                             21.1
run;
/* Look at original fit */
proc reg data=bodyfat;
 model body = triceps thigh midarm / vif;
  title1 'Bodyfat Regression (original fit)';
run;
```

Bodyfat Regression (original fit)							
Parameter Estimates							
Variable	DF	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr > t	Variance Inflation	
Intercept	1	117.08469	99.78240	1.17	0.2578	0	
triceps	1	4.33409	3.01551	1.44	0.1699	708.84291	
thigh	1	-2.85685	2.58202	-1.11	0.2849	564.34339	
midarm	1	-2.18606	1.59550	-1.37	0.1896	104.60601	

```
/* Try ridge regression as a remedial measure */
proc reg data=bodyfat ridge=0 to .04 by .005
     outvif outest=ridgests
     plots(only) = ridge(VIFaxis=log);
 model body = triceps thigh midarm / vif;
  title1 'Bodyfat Ridge Regression';
  title2 '(find adequate ridge parameter)';
run;
/* What these options do:
     ridge=0 to .04 by 0.005
       run a regression with each of these ridge parameter
       values
     outvif outest=ridgests
       ask for relevant output to be sent to a data set
       called ridgests (will include VIF and standardized
       coefficients for each ridge parameter)
     plots(only) = ridge(VIFaxis=log);
       make Ridge Trace and VIF plots only, with vertical axis
       in VIF plot on log scale
 */
```



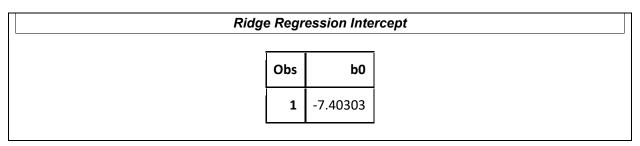
```
/* Now look at variable coeffs with ridge parameter 0.02 */
proc reg data=bodyfat outest=ridgenew outseb ridge=0.02
       outvif noprint;
    model body = triceps thigh midarm;
    title1 'Bodyfat Ridge Regression (c=.02)';
run:
proc print data=ridgenew;
 var type rmse triceps thigh midarm;
 title1 'Ridge Estimates for Variable Coefficients,';
 title2 'with ridge parameter c = 0.02';
run;
/* PARMS and SEB give the result of the regular OLS regression.
  RIDGE and RIDGESEB give the result of the ridge regression.
   -- Note no intercept is given; need to use textbook
      equation 7.46b to get intercept in ridge reg. (as below)
  Note substantial drop in SE for estimates in ridge reg.
  RIDGEVIF give the VIF after ridge regression.
 */
```

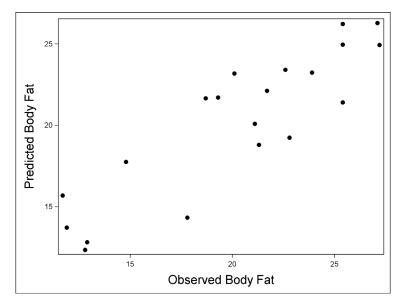
Ridge Estimates for Variable Coefficients, with ridge parameter c = 0.02

Obs	_TYPE_	_RMSE_	triceps	thigh	midarm
1	PARMS	2.47998	4.33409	-2.85685	-2.18606
2	SEB	2.47998	3.01551	2.58202	1.59550
3	RIDGEVIF		1.10255	1.08054	1.01051
4	RIDGE	2.59924	0.55535	0.36814	-0.19163
5	RIDGESEB	2.59924	0.12465	0.11841	0.16436

```
Get intercept term in ridge regression */
proc means data=bodyfat mean;
  var body triceps thigh midarm;
  title1 'Summary Statistics';
run;
data temp;
b0 = 20.195 - 0.55535*25.305 - 0.36814*51.17 + 0.19163*27.62;
proc print data=temp;
var b0;
title1 'Ridge Regression Intercept';
run;
```

Summ	Summary Statistics			
Variable	Mean			
body	20.1950000			
triceps	25.3050000			
thigh	51.1700000			
midarm	27.6200000			



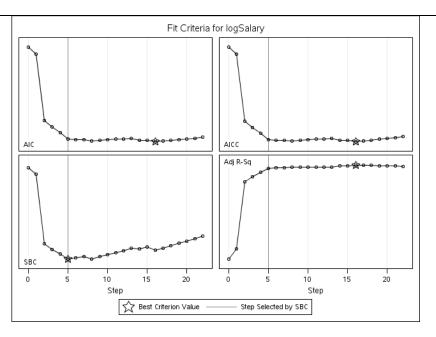


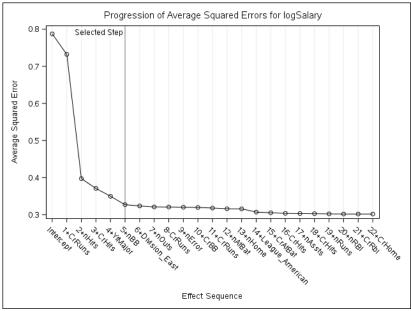
Example 2: (Baseball) This data set (from the SAS Help) contains salary (for 1987) and performance (1986 and some career) data for 322 MLB players who played at least one game in both 1986 and 1987 seasons, excluding pitchers. How can salary be predicted from performance?

```
data baseball; set sashelp.baseball;
proc contents varnum data=baseball;
   ods select position;
run;
```

	Variables in Creation Order					
# 1	Variable	Type	Len	Label		
1 1	Name	Char	18	Player's Name		
2	Геат	Char	14	Team at the End of 1986		
3 r	nAtBat	Num	8	Times at Bat in 1986		
4 r	nHits	Num	8	Hits in 1986		
5 r	nHome	Num	8	Home Runs in 1986		
6 r	nRuns	Num	8	Runs in 1986		
7 r	nRBI	Num	8	RBIs in 1986		
8 r	nBB	Num	8	Walks in 1986		
9 5	YrMajor	Num	8	Years in the Major Leagues		
10 (CrAtBat	Num	8	Career Times at Bat		
11 (CrHits	Num	8	Career Hits		
12 (CrHome	Num	8	Career Home Runs		
13 (CrRuns	Num	8	Career Runs		
14 (CrRbi	Num	8	Career RBIs		
15 (CrBB	Num	8	Career Walks		
16 I	League	Char	8	League at the End of 1986		
17 I	Division	Char	8	Division at the End of 1986		
18 I	Position	Char	8	Position(s) in 1986		
19 r	Outs	Num	8	Put Outs in 1986		
20 r	nAssts	Num	8	Assists in 1986		
21 r	nError	Num	8	Errors in 1986		
22 5	Salary	Num	8	1987 Salary in \$ Thousands		
23 I	Div	Char	16	League and Division		
24 1	ogSalary	Num	8	Log Salary		

	nmary	Selection Sun	LASSO S	Pata Set WORK.BASEBALL			
SBO	Number Effects In	Effect Removed	Effect Entered	Step	logSalary		Dependent Va
	* Optimal Value of Criterion				Adaptive LASSO	Selection Method Adaptive LASSO	
-57.204°	1		Intercept	0	None		Stop Criterion
-70.8348	2		CrRuns	1	SBC	rion	Choose Criter
-226.0696	3		nHits	2	None	Effect Hierarchy Enforced	
-238.664	4		CrHits	3			
-248.497	5		YrMajor	4	vations Read 322	of Ohserv	Number
-260.5682	6		nBB	5			
-257.702	7		Division_East	6		Number of Observations Used 2	
-254.335	8		nOuts	7	I lufe we stie e		
-260.104	7	CrRuns		8	I Information		
-254.999	8		nError	9		Class Levels Values League 2 American Na Division 2 East West	
-249.924	9		CrBB	10			
-245.700	10		CrRuns	11	East West		
-241.656	11		nAtBat	12			
-236.324	12		nHome	13			
-238.106	13		League_American	14			
-234.001	14		CrAtBat	15			
-241.087	13	CrHits		16			
-235.989	14		nAssts	17			
-230.545	15		CrHits	18			
-225.519	16		nRuns	19			
-220.3634	17		nRBI	20			
-214.7952	18		CrRbi	21			
-209.250	19		CrHome	22			

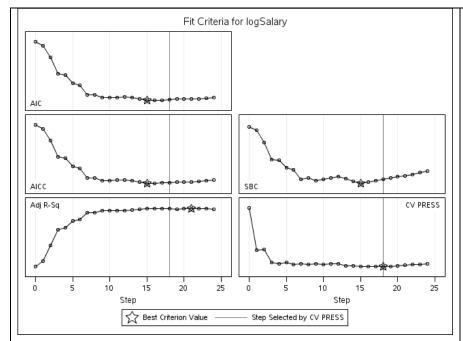


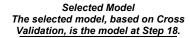


Selected Model
The selected model, based on SBC, is the model at Step 5.

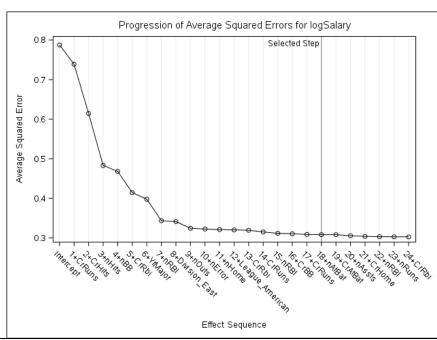
Root MSE	0.57845	Par	ameter Es
Dependent Mean	5.92722	Parame	ter DF
R-Square	0.5849	Intercep	<i>t</i> 1
Adj R-Sq	0.5768	nHits	1
AIC	-17.00115	nBB	1
AICC	-16.56194	YrMajor	1
SBC	-260.56823	CrHits	1
		CrRuns	1

Data Set	WORK.OUT1	Elastic Net Selection Summary				
Dependent Variable Selection Method	logSalary ELASTICNET	Step	Effect Entered	Effect Removed	Number Effects In	CV PRESS
Stop Criterion	None		* Optin	nal Value of Crit	erion	
Choose Criterion	Cross Validation	0	Intercept		1	209.2326
Cross Validation Method	Random	1	CrRuns		2	123.1776
Cross Validation Fold	20	2	CrHits		3	123.7433
Effect Hierarchy Enforced	None	3	nHits		4	97.6956
Random Number Seed	12	4	nBB		5	94.7216
		5	CrRbi		6	98.1015
		6	YrMajor		7	92.7082
Number of Observation	s Read 322	7	nRBI		8	94.5500
Number of Observation	s Used 263	8	Division_East		9	93.392
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9	nOuts		10	94.1530
Class Level Info	mation	10	nError		11	93.891
Class Levels Val	ies	11	nHome		12	94.253
League 2 Am	erican National	12	League_America	n	13	94.496
Division 2 Eas	t West	13		CrRbi	12	90.731
		14		CrRuns	11	90.195
		15		nRBI	10	89.657
		16	CrBB		11	89.273
		17	CrRuns		12	89.451
		18	nAtBat		13	88.9017
		19	CrAtBat		14	89.281
		20	nAssts		15	89.792
		21	CrHome		16	91.859
		22	nRBI		17	92.630
		23	nRuns		18	93.197
		24	CrRbi		19	94.588
		•	al Value of Criterior		ffects for er	ntry are





Root MSE	0.56923
Dependent Mean	5.92722
R-Square	0.6090
Adj R-Sq	0.5902
AIC	-18.72037
AICC	-17.02682
SBC	-237.28237
CV PRESS	88.90168



Parameter Estimates

Parameter	D F	Estimate
Intercept	1	4.195962
nAtBat	1	-0.000112
nHits	1	0.006807
nHome	1	0.003545
nBB	1	0.007082
YrMajor	1	0.070194
CrHits	1	0.000247
CrRuns	1	0.000212
CrBB	1	-0.000348
League_American	1	-0.092575
Division_East	1	0.144062
nOuts	1	0.000192
nError	1	-0.007767

