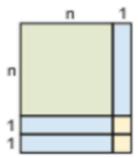


/6

1)	1 Bestimme die passende Summenform und
	Produktform

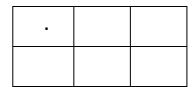


Summenform:

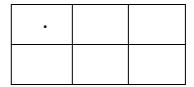
Produktform: /8

2) Multipliziere, um die Summenform zu bilden. Trage in die Multiplikationstabelle ein.

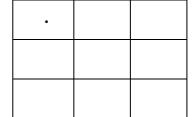
$$a) n \cdot (2n+2) =$$



b) 
$$2n \cdot (n+6) =$$



c	(4n +	3) .	(2n	<b>+</b> 4)	_
(C)	(411 +	3).	( <i>ZI</i> 1	十 4 )	_



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Punkte:

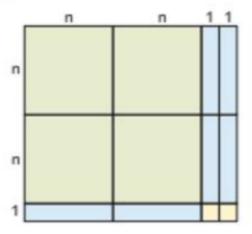
/35

Note:



/6

 Bestimme die passende Summenform und Produktform.



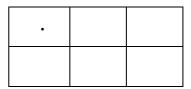
Summenform:

Produktform: /8

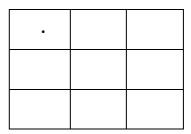
2) Multipliziere, um die Summenform zu bilden.

Trage in die Multiplikationstabelle ein.

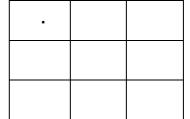
$$a) \ 2n \ \cdot (n-5) =$$



$$b) (4n + 3) \cdot (2n + 4) =$$



$$c)(2n-4)\cdot(5-3n) =$$



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Punkte: