

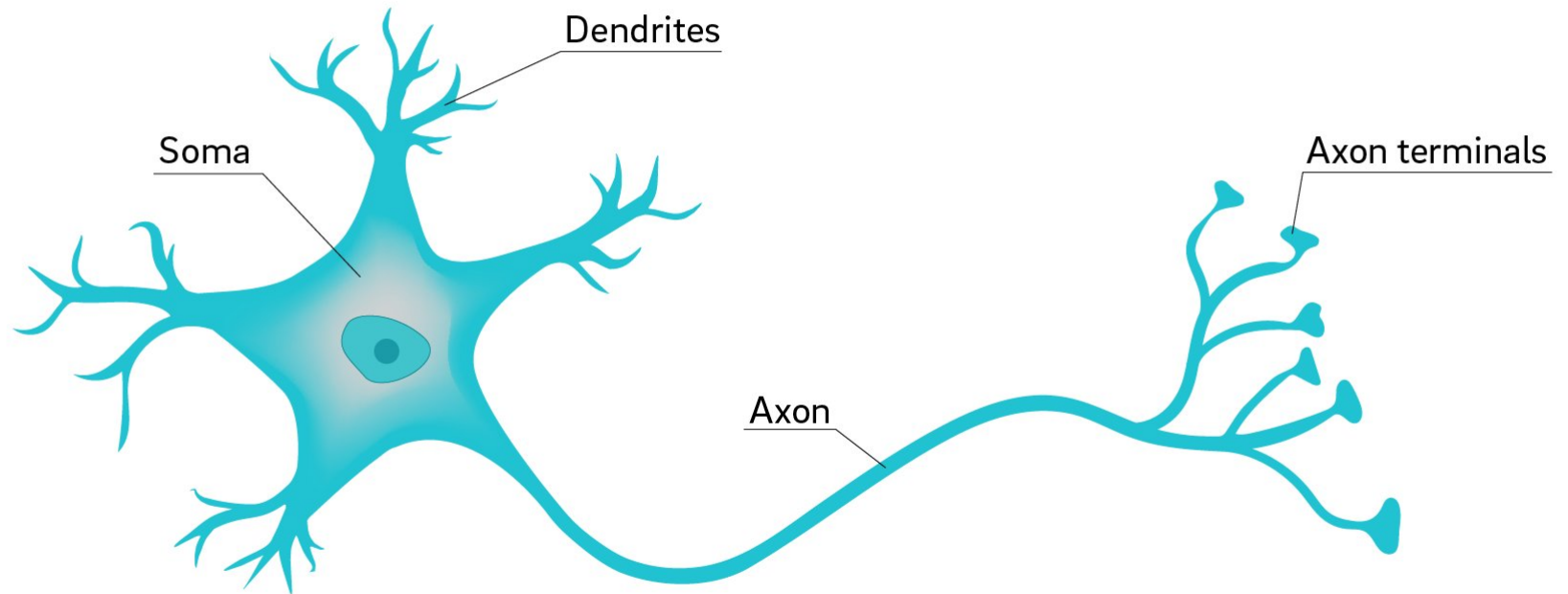
<Coding Club>

BUZZ WORDS

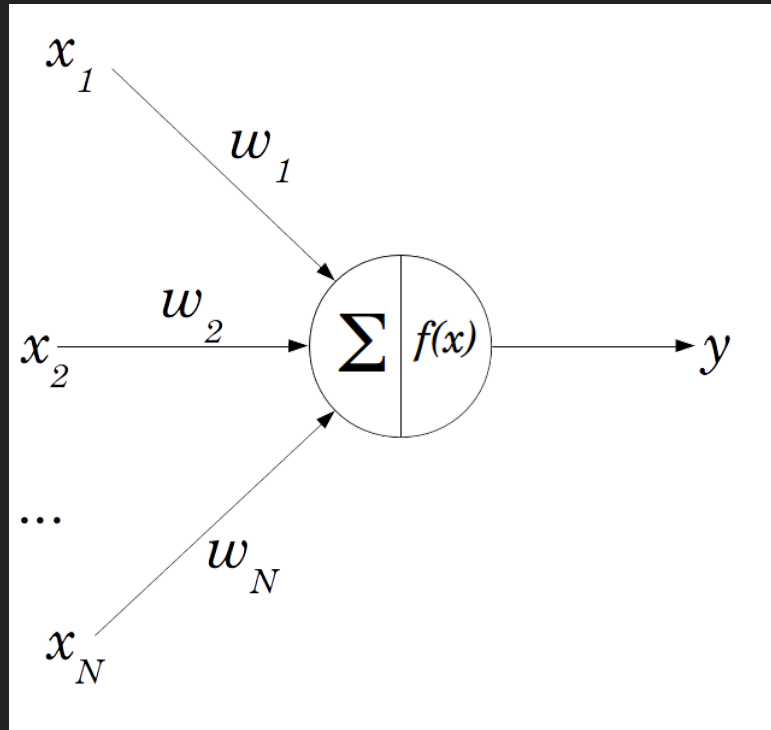
Artificial Intelligence > Machine Learning > Neural Networks

INSPIRED BY BIOLOGY

Neuron





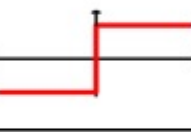



BUT SIMPLER



BASIC PRINCIPLES

1. Weight inputs
2. Input Function
 - Sum the product of weights and inputs
3. Activation Function
 - Output a value based on a threshold

ACTIVATION FUNCTIONS

Activation Function	Equation	Example	1D Graph
Linear	$\phi(z) = z$	Adaline, linear regression	
Unit Step (Heaviside Function)	$\phi(z) = \begin{cases} 0 & z < 0 \\ 0.5 & z = 0 \\ 1 & z > 0 \end{cases}$	Perceptron variant	
Sign (signum)	$\phi(z) = \begin{cases} -1 & z < 0 \\ 0 & z = 0 \\ 1 & z > 0 \end{cases}$	Perceptron variant	
Piece-wise Linear	$\phi(z) = \begin{cases} 0 & z \leq -1/2 \\ z + 1/2 & -1/2 \leq z \leq 1/2 \\ 1 & z \geq 1/2 \end{cases}$	Support vector machine	
Logistic (sigmoid)	$\phi(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$	Logistic regression, Multilayer NN	
Hyperbolic Tangent (tanh)	$\phi(z) = \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{e^z + e^{-z}}$	Multilayer NN, RNNs	
ReLU	$\phi(z) = \begin{cases} 0 & z < 0 \\ z & z > 0 \end{cases}$	Multilayer NN, CNNs	