## MAST30027: Modern Applied Statistics

## Week 11 Lab Sheet

Suppose that 
$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{pmatrix} \sim N(\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$$
, with  $\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} \mu_1 \\ \mu_2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{12} & \sigma_2^2 \end{pmatrix}$ .

- 1. Show that the conditional distribution of  $X_1|X_2=x_2$  is normal with mean  $\mu_1+(x_2-\mu_2)\sigma_{12}/\sigma_2^2$  and variance  $\sigma_1^2-\sigma_{12}/\sigma_2^2$ .
- 2. Write an R function that uses the Gibbs sampler to generate a sample of size n=1000 from the  $N\left(\begin{pmatrix}0\\0\end{pmatrix},\begin{pmatrix}4&1\\1&4\end{pmatrix}\right)$  distribution. Run at least two Gibbs sampling chains with different initial values. Make trace plots for  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  and see if samples from different chains are mixed well and behave similarly.
- 3. Use your simulator to estimate  $\mathbb{P}(X_1 \geq 0, X_2 \geq 0)$ . To get a feel for the convergence rate, calculate the estimate using samples  $\{1, \ldots, k\}$ , for  $k = 1, \ldots, n$ , and then plot the estimates against k.
- 4. Now change  $\Sigma$  to  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2.8 \\ 2.8 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$  and generate another sample of size 1000.

What do the traces/estimates look like now?