

Semester 2 Assessment, 2015

School of Mathematics and Statistics

#### MAST20009 Vector Calculus

Writing time: 3 hours

Reading time: 15 minutes

This is NOT an open book exam

This paper consists of 5 pages (including this page)

#### Authorised materials:

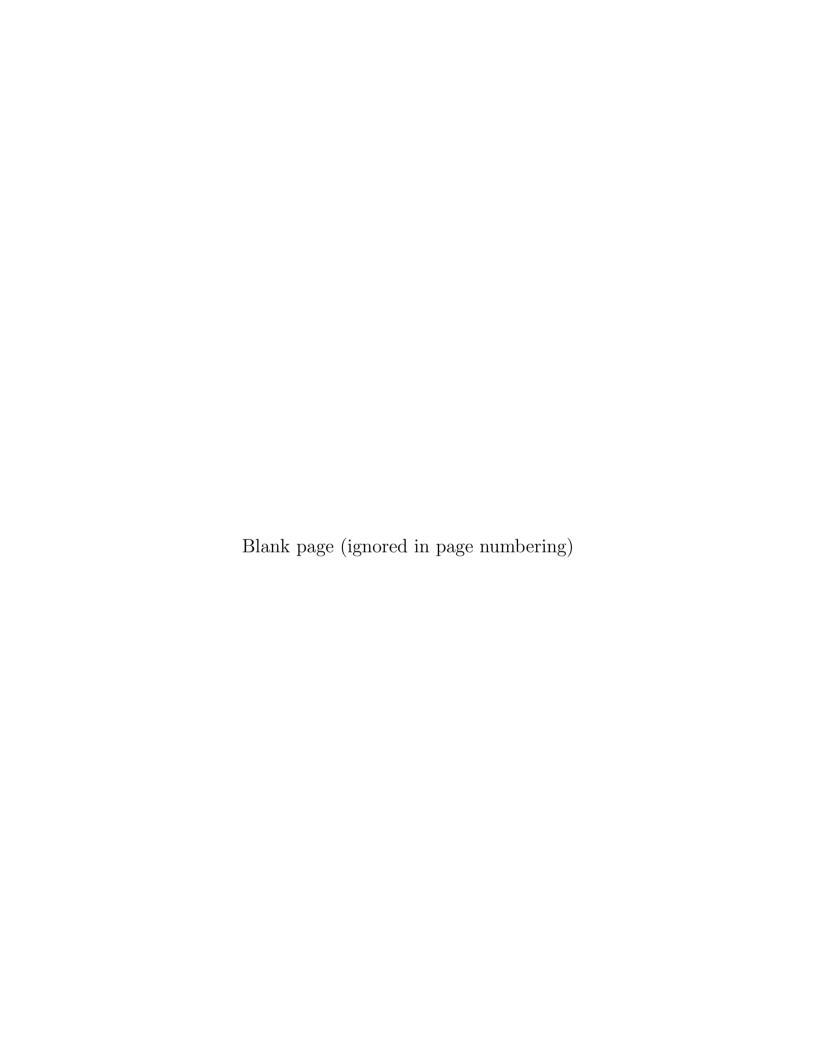
• No materials are authorised.

#### Instructions to Students

- You may remove this question paper at the conclusion of the examination
- There are 11 questions on this exam paper.
- All questions may be attempted.
- Marks for each question are indicated on the exam paper.
- Start each question on a new page.
- Clearly label each page with the number of the question that you are attempting.
- There is a separate 3 page formula sheet accompanying the examination paper, that you may use in this examination.
- The total number of marks available is 125.

#### Instructions to Invigilators

- Students may remove this question paper at the conclusion of the examination
- Initially students are to receive the exam paper, the 3 page formula sheet, and a 14 page script book.



#### Question 1 (11 marks)

(a) Evaluate the following limits, if they exist. If the limit does not exist, explain why it does not exist.

(i) 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,1)} \frac{x-y}{x^2+xy-2y^2}$$
;

(ii) 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{3x^3 - 2xy + 5y^2}{x^3 + 2y^2}.$$

(b) Consider the function

$$f(x,y) = e^{3x} \sin(\pi y).$$

- (i) Determine the second order Taylor polynomial for f about (0,1).
- (ii) Using part (b)(i), approximate  $f\left(\frac{1}{10}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$ .

#### Question 2 (10 marks)

Using Lagrange Multipliers, determine the maximum and minimum of the function

$$f(x, y, z) = 2x + y$$

subject to the constraints

$$x + y + z = 3$$
 and  $x^2 + z^2 = 4$ .

Justify that the points you have found give the maximum and minimum of f.

#### Question 3 (9 marks)

(a) Determine the curvature  $\kappa$  of the path

$$\mathbf{c}(t) = (2 + \sqrt{2}\cos t, 1 - \sin t, 3 + \sin t), \ t > 0.$$

(b) Let T be the unit tangent vector and B be the unit binormal vector to an arbitrary  $C^3$  path. Prove that

$$\frac{d\mathbf{B}}{dt} \cdot \mathbf{T} = 0.$$

### Question 4 (8 marks)

Consider the vector identity

$$\nabla \cdot (f\nabla g - g\nabla f) = f\nabla^2 g - g\nabla^2 f$$

where f(x, y, z) and g(x, y, z) are  $C^2$  scalar functions.

- (a) Prove the identity by direct calculation.
- (b) Prove the identity using the basic identities of vector calculus.

### Question 5 (15 marks)

Consider the vector field

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = 2y\mathbf{i} + 2x\mathbf{j} + 4z\mathbf{k}$$

and the path

$$\mathbf{c}(t) = \left(t^2, \frac{2}{3}t^3, \frac{1}{4}t^4\right), \ 0 \le t \le 1.$$

- (a) Is **c** a flow line of **F**? Justify your answer.
- (b) Show that **F** is a conservative vector field in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- (c) Determine a scalar potential  $\phi$  such that  $\mathbf{F} = \nabla \phi$ .
- (d) Determine the work done by  $\mathbf{F}$  in moving a particle along  $\mathbf{c}$ .
- (e) Consider an electrical cable in the shape of the path **c**. Determine the total charge in the cable, if the charge per unit length in the cable is  $\mu = 2t + 1$ .

#### Question 6 (10 marks)

Let V be the solid region within the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  that is bounded below by the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  and bounded above by the plane z = 6.

- (a) Sketch the region V.
- (b) Determine the total mass of V if the mass per unit volume is  $\mu = z(x^2 + y^2)$ .

## Question 7 (12 marks)

Let S be the hemisphere  $z = -\sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$ .

- (a) Write down a parametrization for S based on spherical coordinates.
- (b) Using part (a), find an outward normal vector to S.
- (c) Determine the Cartesian equation of the tangent plane to S at  $\left(0, \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$ .

# Question 8 (10 marks)

Let C be the boundary of the triangle with vertices at (0,0),(1,3),(4,0) traversed in the clockwise direction.

- (a) Sketch C.
- (b) Evaluate the line integral

$$\int_{C} [\log(1+y) + xy] \, dx + \frac{x}{1+y} \, dy.$$

#### Question 9 (15 marks)

Let S be the capped surface given by the union of two surfaces  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  where

$$S_1: z = x^2 + y^2, 2 \le z \le 3,$$

and

$$S_2: z = 6 - x^2 - y^2, 3 \le z \le 6.$$

Let S be oriented using the outward unit normal.

- (a) Sketch S.
- (b) If  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = -yz^3\mathbf{i} + 3x\mathbf{j} + x^5\mathbf{k}$ , evaluate

$$\iint_{S} (\mathbf{\nabla} \times \mathbf{F}) \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

using

- (i) a line integral,
- (ii) a surface integral.

## Question 10 (15 marks)

Let S be the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ , oriented using the outward unit normal. Let

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \frac{x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}.$$

- (a) State Gauss' Divergence theorem. Explain all symbols used and any required conditions.
- (b) Using Gauss' theorem, evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_{S} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}.$$

## Question 11 (10 marks)

Define parabolic cylindrical coordinates (u, v, z) by

$$x = \frac{1}{2}(u^2 - v^2), \quad y = uv, \quad z = z$$

where  $u \in \mathbb{R}, \ v \ge 0, \ z \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } u^2 + v^2 > 0.$ 

- (a) Compute the scale factors  $h_u, h_v$  and  $h_z$ .
- (b) Show that the coordinate system is orthogonal.
- (c) Write down an expression for the Jacobian.
- (d) Let  $f(u, v, z) = u^4v^2 + z^3$  and  $\mathbf{F}(u, v, z) = v^2\mathbf{e}_v$ . Find an expression for

(i) 
$$\nabla f$$
 (ii)  $\nabla \times \mathbf{F}$ 

in terms of u, v and z.

End of Exam—Total Available Marks = 125.