## Data Science Project

# Movie Recommendation System

Content-Based Movie Recommender System using movies data



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## INTRODUCTION

Netflix is undeniably the biggest leader in the streaming world with a total global subscriber count of 232.5 million.

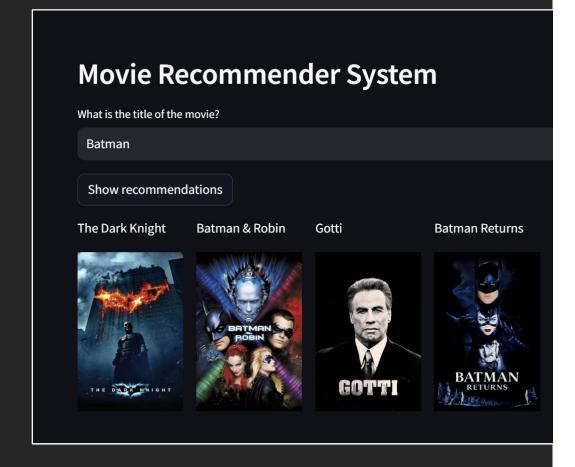
One key behind Netflix's success is its innovative utilization of data science. By analyzing viewing habits, time spent, and content preferences, Netflix offers tailored recommendations of movies and TV shows for each user.

These predictions lead to improved user experiences and increased engagement resulting in user retention, which is crucial for every business.

## PROJECT GOAL

The goal of this project is to develop a recommendation engine that find similar movies to a user's input. For this Movie Recommender System, we will be using "content-based filtering" method.

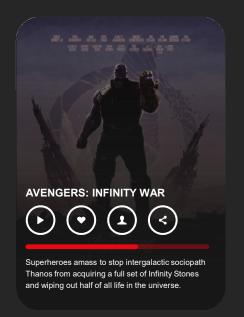
Content-based filtering uses item features to recommend other items similar to what the user likes, based on their previous actions or explicit feedback. For example, if user A watched two science fiction movies, another science fiction movie will be proposed to them.

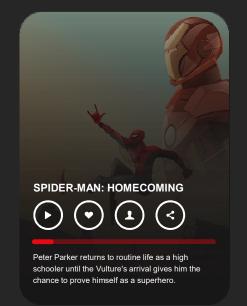


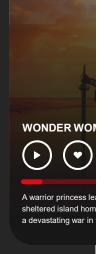
## **CONTENT-BASED FILTERING**

A content-based recommendation engine is a subset of recommender systems that aims to infer the user's preferences in order to recommend items that are similar in content to items they have previously liked. Unlike collaborative recommendation systems, this approach does not require other user data to be able to give recommendation.









## **SUMMARY OF ANALYSIS**

This is the summary of my model building process.

#### 1. Fetching Dataset

#### **Coding Environment**

 Jupyter Notebook and Python

#### **Data Source**

 ""Movies Daily Update Dataset" from Kaggle

#### 4. Model Building

#### **Similarity Score**

 Cosine similarity model was used to build the recommender system algorithm

#### 2. Pre-processing Data

## Data Manipulation and Cleaning

- · Remove duplicates
- Remove null values
- Feature selection

#### 5. Testing Model

#### **Evaluation**

- Test a model on a dataset
- Identify any issues or limitations that may affect its performance.

#### 3. Vectorizer

#### **Text Vectorization**

 CountVectorizer to convert text data to numbers

#### 6. Deployment

#### Streamlit

 Host a local server with Streamlit and configure the site

## **DATA SOURCE**

For this project we fetch dataset from Kaggle's "Movies Daily Update Dataset". This dataset was made available through Akshay Pawar on Kaggle. This data is deemed credible as it operates under a public domain.

The dataset contains metadata for more than 700k movies listed in the TMDB Dataset.

## "Movies Daily Update Dataset"

# first five rows of dataset movie.head()												
	id	title	genres	original_language	overview	popularity	production_companies	release_date	budget	revenue	runtime	
0	823464	Godzilla x Kong: The New Empire	Science Fiction- Action- Adventure	en	Following their explosive showdown Godzilla an	10484.676	Legendary Pictures- Warner Bros. Pictures	2024-03-27	150000000.0	558503759.0	115.0	Re
1	615656	Meg 2: The Trench	Action- Science Fiction- Horror	en	An exploratory dive into the deepest depths of	8763.998	Apelles Entertainment- Warner Bros. Pictures- di	2023-08-02	129000000.0	352056482.0	116.0	Re
2	758323	The Pope's Exorcist	Horror- Mystery- Thriller	en	Father Gabriele Amorth Chief Exorcist of the V	5953.227	Screen Gems-2.0 Entertainment-Jesus & Mary-Wor	2023-04-05	18000000.0	65675816.0	103.0	Re
3	667538	Transformers: Rise of the Beasts	Action- Adventure- Science Fiction	en	When a new threat capable of destroying the en	5409.104	Skydance-Paramount-di Bonaventura Pictures- Bay	2023-06-06	200000000.0	407045464.0	127.0	Re
4	693134	Dune: Part Two	Science Fiction- Adventure	en	Follow the mythic journey of Paul Atreides as	4742.163	Legendary Pictures	2024-02-27	190000000.0	683813734.0	167.0	Re

△ First 5 rows of original dataset

## **DATA CHECK**

# HOW MANY MOVIES AND FEATURES ARE GIVEN?

# shape of dataset print(movie.shape)

(722444, 20)

We have about 722K movies in the dataset and about 20 features of each movies.

WHAT ARE THE DATA-TYPES AND COLUMN NAMES?

# column names and data tyles movie.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 722444 entries, 0 to 722443 Data columns (total 20 columns): Non-Null Count Dtype # Column 0 id 1 title 722444 non-null int64 722440 non-null object genres 511992 non-null object 722444 non-null object overview 604118 non-null object popularity 722444 non-null float64 production\_companies 337285 non-null object 670657 non-null object release\_date 722444 non-null float64 revenue 722444 non-null float64 10 runtime 11 status 688084 non-null float64 12 tagline 13 vote\_average 108359 non-null object 722444 non-null float64 14 vote\_count 722444 non-null float64 15 credits 16 keywords 17 poster\_path 497621 non-null object 210495 non-null object 537760 non-null object 18 backdrop\_path 222969 non-null object 19 recommendations 35179 non-null object dtypes: float64(6), int64(1), object(13) memory usage: 110,2+ MB

The dataset mainly consists of text data.

## **DATA PRE-PROCESSING**

#### **DATA CLEANING:**

- Drop unnecessary columns and duplicated movies
- Drop movies with Vote\_Count < 350, movies with no Genres and Overview
- Remove "-" sign from Genre, Keywords and Credits
- Replace all the null value from Genres and Overview with " " (empty string)

#### CODE:

```
# drop unnecessary columns
movie = movie.drop(["production_companies", "popularity", "budget", "revenue", "status",
                   "recommendations", "runtime", "vote_average", "backdrop_path", "tagline"], axis=1)
# drop the driplicates in whole dataset
movie.drop_duplicates(inplace = True)
# check if duplicated titles have same release date
movie[['title', 'release_date']].duplicated().sum()
# get rid of duplicated titles with same release date
movie.drop_duplicates(subset = ["title", "release_date"], inplace=True)
movie = movie[movie.vote_count >= 350].reset_index()
movie.isnull().sum()
# replacing all the null value from genres adm overview with " " (empty string)
movie.fillna("", inplace = True)
index = movie[(movie.genres == "") & (movie.overview == "")].index
movie.drop(index, inplace=True)
# replacing genres, credits and keywords - with " " (empty strings)
movie.genres = movie.genres.apply(lambda x: " ".join(x.split("-")))
movie.keywords = movie.keywords.apply(lambda x: " ".join(x.split("-")))
movie.credits = movie.credits.apply(lambda x: " ".join(x.split("-")))
```

## FEATURE SELECTION

To predict similar movies using natural language processing techniques, we will utilize text-based data as input for our machine learning model. To facilitate this process, we will create a new column called "Tags" that encompasses all the crucial text features such as Overview, Genres, Keywords, and Original Language. This will enable us to make accurate predictions of similar movies.

#### CODE:

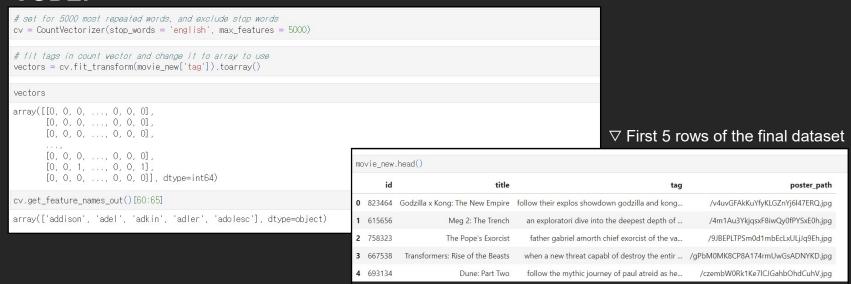
```
# create a new column 'tag'
movie["tag"] = movie["overview"] + " " + movie["genres"] + " " + movie["keywords"] +
                 " " + movie["credits"] + " " + movie["original_language"]
# make new framework for important features
movie_new = movie[["id", "title", "tag", 'poster_path']]
movie_new.shape
(7720, 4)
# convert to lower case form
                                                                                                                                                   ∇ First 5 rows of the final dataset
movie_new = movie_new.copy()
movie_new.tag = movie_new.tag.apply(lambda x: x.lower())
                                                                                     movie_new.head()
movie_new.tag[0]
'following their explosive showdown godzilla and kong must reunite against
                                                                                     0 823464 Godzilla x Kong: The New Empire Following their explosive showdown Godzilla an...
                                                                                                                                                            /v4uvGFAkKuYfyKLGZnYj6I47ERQ.jpg
rld challenging their very existence - and our own, science fiction action
sy world giant ape godzilla king kong mongkey rebecca hall brian tyree heni
                                                                                     1 615656
                                                                                                        Meg 2: The Trench  
An exploratory dive into the deepest depths of...
                                                                                                                                                             /4m1Au3YkigsxF8iwQv0fPYSxE0h.ipg
chel house ron smyck chantelle jamieson greg hatton kevin copeland tess do
                                                                                     2 758323
                                                                                                        The Pone's Exorcist Eather Gabriele Amorth Chief Exorcist of the V
                                                                                                                                                            /9JBEPLTPSm0d1mbEcLxULjJq9Eh.jpg
bain chika ikogwe vincent b. gorce yeye zhou jamaliah othman nick lawler
                                                                                      3 667538 Transformers: Rise of the Beasts When a new threat capable of destroying the en... /qPbM0MK8CP8A174rmUwGsADNYKD.jpg
                                                                                      4 693134
                                                                                                          Dune: Part Two Follow the mythic journey of Paul Atreides as ... /czembW0Rk1Ke7lCJGahbOhdCuhV.jpg
```

## **TEXT VECTORIZATION**

A vectorizer is also a part of pre-processing used in natural language processing (NLP) and text analysis to convert a collection of text documents into numerical feature vectors. This is done by analyzing the occurrence of words or terms within the documents and encoding them as numerical values.

For this project, CountVectorizer function from scikit-learn library was used.

#### CODE:



## SIMILARITY SCORE

For this project's machine learning model, cosine similarity model was used to build a recommender system algorithm. *cosine\_similarity* function from scikit-learn library was used.

## **COSINE SIMILARITY**

Cosine similarity is the measure of similarity between two vectors, by computing the cosine of the angle between two vectors projected into multidimensional space. It can be applied to items available on a dataset to compute similarity to one another via keywords or other metrics.

```
# Cosine similarity
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
similarity = cosine_similarity(vector, vector)
similarity
                           , ..., 0.
array([[1.
                      , 0.
             , 1. , 0.13363062, ..., 0.
     [0.
     0.
             , 0.13363062, 1. , ..., 0. , 0.
             , 0. , 0. , ..., 1. , 0.18257419,
     ГО.
     0.
             ],
            , 0. , 0. , ..., 0.18257419, 1.
     [0.
     0.
             , 0. , 0. , ..., 0. , 0.
```

## **RECOMMENDER 1**

The resulted recommendations do not seem bad, but we see some unrelated titles. Including more features like "cast", "director" and "country" may improve the performance of the model.

#### RECOMMENDER ALGORITHM

# netflix\_new = netflix\_new.reset\_index() indices = pd.Series(netflix\_new.index, index = netflix\_new['title']) def get\_recommendations(title): title = title.replace(' ', '').lower() index = indices[title] sim\_scores = list(enumerate(similarity[index])) sim\_scores = sorted(sim\_scores, key = lambda x: x[1], reverse = True) for i in sim\_scores[1:11]: print(netflix.iloc[i[0]].title)

#### **▶** RESULTS

```
get_recommendations('Twilight')

Adrift
The Tourist
Free State of Jones
In Search of Fellini
The Legacy of a Whitetail Deer Hunter
Birth of the Dragon
Django Unchained
Company of Heroes
Felon
The Outpost
```

The resulted recommendation for the movie 'Twilight' do not seem bad, but we see some unrelated titles. Including more features like "cast", "director" and "country" may improve the performance of the model.

## **RECOMMENDER 2**

The new recommender engine was built with additional features "cast", "director" and "country".

## **VECTORIZATION**

#### **SIMILARITY SCORE**

```
# Cosine similarity
similarity_2 = cosine_similarity(vector_2)
similarity_2
             , 0.
                     , 0. , ..., 0.23570226, 0.20412415,
array([[1.
            , 1.
                    , 0.14285714, ..., 0. , 0. , ,
     0.
             , 0.14285714, 1. , ..., 0. , 0. ,
     [0.23570226, 0.
                   , 0. , ..., 1. , 0.19245009,
            ],
     [0.20412415, 0.
                   , 0. , ..., 0.19245009, 1. ,
     0.
            ],
     [0.
             , 0.
                   , 0. , ..., 0. , 0.
             ]])
     1.
```

## **RECOMMENDER 2**

We apply the new similarity score calculated to the recommender algorithm.

#### RECOMMENDER ALGORITHM

```
# Cosine similarity
similarity_2 = cosine_similarity(vector_2)

def get_recommendations_new(title):
    title = title.replace(' ', '').lower()
    index = indices[title]
    sim_scores = list(enumerate(similarity_2[index]))
    sim_scores = sorted(sim_scores, key = lambda x: x[1], reverse = True)
    for i in sim_scores[1:11]:
        print(netflix.iloc[i[0]].title)
```

#### **▶** RESULTS

```
get_recommendations_new('Twilight')

The Twilight Saga: Breaking Dawn: Part 2
The Twilight Saga: Breaking Dawn: Part 1
The Twilight Saga: Eclipse
The Twilight Saga: New Moon
Mosul
Black Site Delta
Expo
Adrift
The Legacy of a Whitetail Deer Hunter
Remember Me
```

The result from the recommender with additional features shows an improvement in the recommendation for the movie 'Twilight'. We see more titles that are similar to 'Twilight' in terms of genre, story, cast and etc. This will be our final model for our Movie Recommender System.



## **RECOMMENDATIONS**

These are the recommendations generated by our final recommender system.

## 'Stranger Things'

#### get\_recommendations\_new('Stranger things')

Beyond Stranger Things
Manifest
Helix
Warrior Nun
The Umbrella Academy
The Messengers
The Twilight Zone (Original Series)
Chilling Adventures of Sabrina
Nightflyers
The 4400

#### 'Peaky Blinders'

#### get\_recommendations\_new('Peaky Blinders')

Giri / Haji
Get Even
Hinterland
Happy Valley
The Frankenstein Chronicles
Kiss Me First
Retribution
Murder Maps
Secrets of Great British Castles
Behind Her Eyes

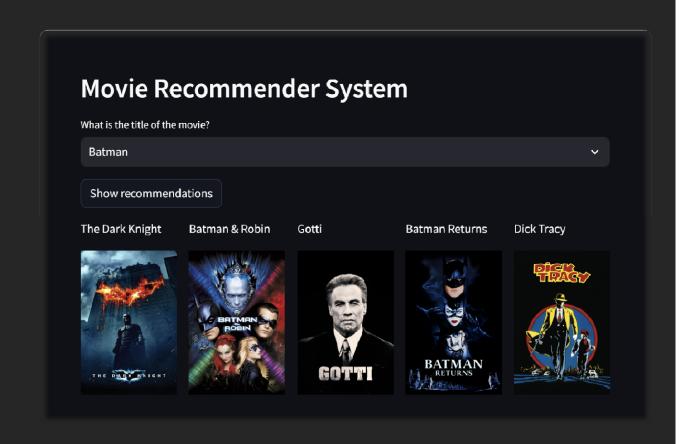
#### 'Friends'

#### get\_recommendations\_new('Friends')

The Andy Griffith Show
Man with a Plan
Episodes
Astronomy Club: The Sketch Show
Adam Ruins Everything
Frasier
Dad's Army
The Twilight Zone (Original Series)
Toast of London
Girlfriends

## **DEPLOYMENT**

Deploy the recommender model to a web application using streamlit package. The web page shows the titles, posters and brief descriptions of 5 recommended movies similar to a user's selected movie. The screenshot image shows the recommendations for 'Batman'.



## CODE

Python code for deployment

```
# import libraries
pimport streamlit as st
import pickle

# import files
movies = pickle.load(open('movies.pkl', 'rb'))
movies_df = pickle.load(open('movies_df.pkl', 'rb'))
similarity = pickle.load(open('similarity.pkl', 'rb'))
movies_list = movies['title'].values

# create title for stream lit page
st.title("""Movie Recommender System

OThis is a content-based movie recommender system based on features of movies :smile: """)

# create a input box for a movie name
selected_movie = st.selectbox('What is your favorite movie?', movies_list)
```

```
# movie recommender algorithm

def recommend(movie):
    movie_index = movies[movies["title"] == movie].index[0]
    distances = similarity[movie_index]
    sorted_movie_list = sorted(list(enumerate(distances)), reverse=True, key=lambda x: x[1])[1:6]

recommended_movies = []

recommended_posters = []

for i in sorted_movie_list:
    poster_path = movies["poster_path"][i[0]]
    recommended_movies.append(movies.iloc[i[0]].title)
    recommended_posters.append("https://image.tmdb.org/t/p/original"+poster_path)

return recommended_movies, recommended_posters

# details of movies
movie_info = ["title", "genres", "overview", "release_date", "credits", "original_language"]
mv_dataframe = movies_df[movie_info]
```

## CODE

Python code for deployment

```
st.write("Release date: " + mv_dataframe[mv_dataframe['title'] == recommendation[2]].release_date.values[0])
st.write("Overview: " + mv_dataframe[mv_dataframe['title'] == recommendation[4]].overview.values[0])
```



## LIMITATIONS

My recommendation system seems to have succeeded in providing similar movies and TV shows to a user's input.

However, it revealed some limitations in diversifying suggestions due to its reliance on inherent features of the items themselves. Consequently, recommendations tended to converge on similar content, potentially limiting exposure to new items.

Additionally, the model's dependency on keywords could lead to compromised recommendations if certain keywords were undervalued by the algorithm.

## CONCLUSION

In this project, I built a content-based recommendation system that suggests similar movies and TV shows. First, I went through data cleaning and analysis process and selected key features such as title, genre and description. Then, I converted these text data into vectors using CountVectorizer tool under Scikit-learn library to convert these cleaned text into numerical features. Lastly, I created a recommender function that generates recommendations based on cosine similarity.

Moving forward, I aim to enhance recommendation personalization by integrating users' individual preferences and viewing history. This approach promises to deliver more tailored and enriching suggestions, overcoming the current system's limitations. In conclusion, this project has been an invaluable learning experience, fueling my curiosity to delve deeper into similar projects in the future.

## **THANK YOU**

- Link to Original Dataset: <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/akshaypawar7/millions-of-movies">https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/akshaypawar7/millions-of-movies</a>
- Github Link for code, resources and more information: https://github.com/bebe5004/Eunbin-Yoo-s-Portfolio/tree/main/Movie%20Recommender%20System
- Github page for more projects: https://github.com/bebe5004/Eunbin-Yoo-s-Portfolio/tree/main?tab=readme-ov-file#readme