DTU Compute

Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science



Parallel Programming in

OpenMP

Labs –

 \blacksquare Write an OpenMP code to calculate π , using

$$\pi = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{4}{(1+x^{2})} dx \approx \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{4}{1+(\frac{i-0.5^{2}}{N})^{2}}$$

- implement the integrand as a function
- write your own reduction code
- use the OpenMP reduction clause
- compare the run-times



Starting point: numerical integration of f(x)

smart OpenMP solution

```
int i, n;
double h, x, sum;
h = 1.0 / (double) n;
sum = 0.0;
#pragma omp parallel for default(none) \
        shared(n,h) private(i,x) \
        reduction(+: sum)
for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
   x = h * ((double)i + 0.5);
   sum += f(x);
```



Sequential version: compiled with '-g -fast'

□ runtime: 4.12 secs

```
int i;
int N = 1000000000;
double pi = 0;
```

```
for (i=1; i<=N; i++) {
  pi += 4.0 / (1.0 +
         ((i-0.5) / N) * ((i-0.5) / N));
pi = pi * 1/N;
```



Automatic parallellization:

compile with '-g -fast -xautopar -xreduction'



OpenMP version:

```
int i;
int N = 1000000000;
double pi = 0;
#pragma omp parallel for default(none) \
       shared(N) private(i) reduction(+: pi)
for (i=1; i \le N; i++)
   pi += 4.0 / (1.0 +
         ((i-0.5) / N) * ((i-0.5) / N));
pi = pi * 1/N;
```



OpenMP parallellization:

compile with '-g -fast -xopenmp'

```
$ time OMP NUM THREADS=1 ./piomp
        0m8.362s
real
                      But this is 2x slower!!!!
        0m8.335s
user
$ time OMP NUM THREADS=2 ./piomp
        0m4.256s
real
        0m8.404s
user
                                     It scales!
$ time OMP NUM THREADS=4 ./piomp
        0m2.125s
real
        0m8.371s
user
                  What's going on here???
```



Looking at the problem:

- compiler comments:
 - almost no difference same optimizations applied
- replaced loop body by a function call:
 - □ pi += f(x)
 - no effect!
- □ hmmm ... what now?



- What happens in the OpenMP version?
 - the code block following the "#pragma omp ..." gets "outlined" into a function
 - the compiler optimization is applied to this new, outlined function
 - in this process, some "information/knowledge" gets lost, and thus the compiler cannot apply advanced optimizations
 - in this case: the compiler does not optimize the division by N in the OpenMP version!



OpenMP version: solution

```
int i;
int N = 1000000000;
double pi = 0;
double h = 1.0 / N;
#pragma omp parallel for default(none) \
        shared(N,h) private(i) reduction(+:pi)
for (i=1; i \le N; i++)
   pi += 4.0 / (1.0 +
         ((i-0.5) * h) * ((i-0.5) * h));
```



OpenMP parallellization - fixed:

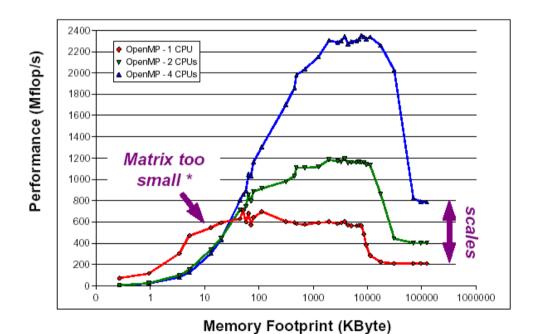
compile with '-g -fast -xopenmp'



- Using more than one source file
 - if the function f() that should be integrated is not in the same source file, automatic parallelization does not work
 - workaround: IPO (Interprocedural Optimization)
 - DEMO



Improve the matrix times vector example by adding an if-clause to the omp pragma – experiment with the threshold value!



SunFire 6800 UltraSPARC III Cu @ 900 MHz 8 MB L2-cache

*) With the IF-clause in OpenMP this performance degradation can be avoided



Automatic Parallelization

```
1 void
 2 mxv(int m, int n, double *a, double *b, double *c) {
 3
      int i, j;
      double sum;
 6
      for (i=0; i<m; i++) {
          sum = 0.0;
          for (j=0; j< n; j++)
               sum += b[i*n+j]*c[j];
10
         a[i] = sum;
11
12
13 }
cc -q -fast -xrestrict -xautopar -xloopinfo -c mxv.c
"mxv.c", line 7: PARALLELIZED, and serial version
generated
"mxv.c", line 9: not parallelized, unsafe dependence
(sum)
January 2016
```



Automatic Parallelization

Compiling with '-xautopar':

```
void mxv(int m,int n,double *a,double *b,double *c) {
    //... lines omitted ...
    // do max_it iteration for timing
    for(int k=0; k < max_it; k++) {
        mxv(m, n, a, b, c);
    }
    // ... lines omitted ...
}</pre>
```

- compiler reports "PARALLELIZED" in mxv()
- but we see no speed-up!?!?



Automatic Parallelization

- Reason: the compiler "knows too much"!
- The compiler inlines mxv() in main(), and then there is a triple for-loop nesting, which prevents automatic parallelization! This can be seen in the compiler messages, too!
- Fix: use '-xinline=no' => expected speed-up!
- Better: keep the source for main() and your subroutines in different source files!

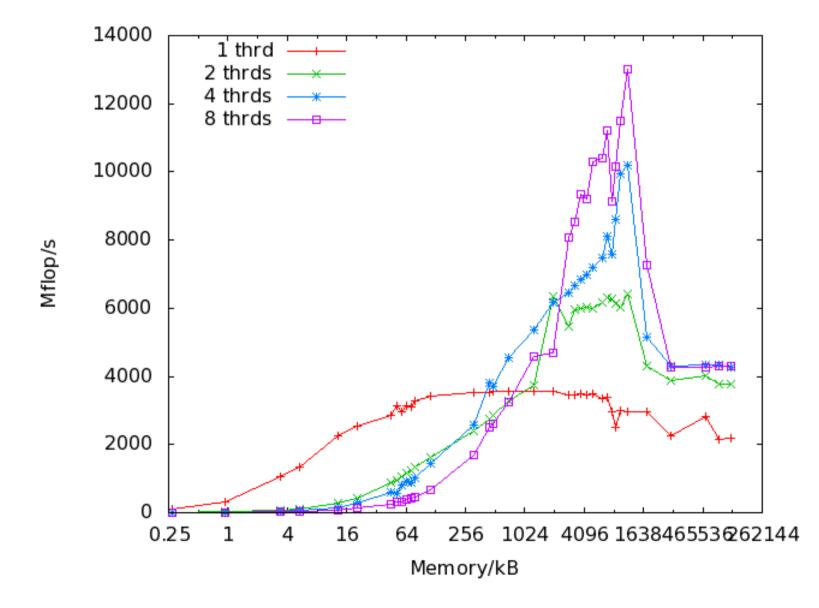


OpenMP Parallelization

```
1 void
 2 mxv(int m, int n, double *a, double *b, double *c) {
 3
      int i, j;
      double sum;
 6
      #pragma omp parallel for private(i,j,sum)
      for (i=0; i<m; i++) {
         sum = 0.0;
         for (j=0; j< n; j++)
10
              sum += b[i*n+j]*c[j];
11
        a[i] = sum;
12
13 }
cc -q -fast -xopenmp -xloopinfo -c mxv.c
"mxv.c", line 7: PARALLELIZED, user pragma used
"mxv.c", line 9: not parallelized, loop inside
OpenMP region
```



OpenMP Parallelization





OpenMP Parallelization - if-clause

