





Software Testing – Part 2

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Developing a Testing and Continuous Integration Strategy for your Team tutorial @ ECP Annual Meeting, April 2021



See slide 2 for license details



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License and Citation



- This work is licensed under a CC BY 4.0).
- The requested citation the overall tutorial is: David E. Bernholdt, Patricia A. Grubel, and James M. Willenbring,
 Developing a Testing and Continuous Integration Strategy for your Team tutorial, in Exascale Computing Project
 Annual Meeting, online, 2021. DOI: 10.6084/m9.figshare.14376956
- Individual modules may be cited as *Speaker, Module Title*, in Better Scientific Software tutorial...

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How to build your test suite?

- Two "levels"
 - Development testing
 - May be long running
 - Provide comprehensive coverage
 - Continuous integration
 - Sanity check
- A mix of different granularities works well
 - Unit tests for isolating component or sub-component level faults
 - Integration tests with simple to complex configuration and system level
 - Restart tests

- Rules of thumb
 - Simple
 - Enable quick pin-pointing

Useful resources https://ideas-productivity.org/resources/howtos/





Additional Notes: Good Testing Practices

- Verify code coverage
- Must have consistent policy on dealing with failed tests
 - Issue tracking
 - How quickly does it need to be fixed?
 - Who is responsible for fixing it?
- Someone should be watching the test suite
 - Testing does no good if you ignore the results
- When refactoring or adding new features, run a regression suite before check in
 - Add new regression tests or modify existing ones for the new features
- Code review before releasing test suite is useful
 - Another person may spot issues you didn't
 - Incredibly cost-effective





Example 1: Test Development For a New Code

- Development of tests and diagnostics goes handin-hand with code development
 - Compare against simpler analytical or semi-analytical solutions
 - Build granularity into testing
 - Use scaffolding ideas to build confidence
 - Always inject errors to verify that the test is working
 - Non-trivial to devise good tests, but extremely important

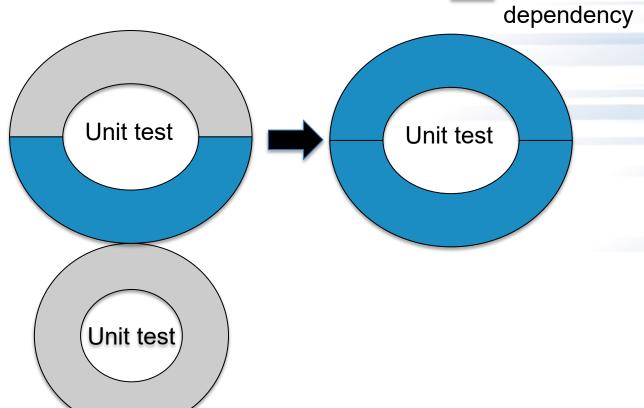




Example 2: Structuring Tests to pinpoint bugs

- Real dependency
- Mocked up dependence

- Bottom-up picture (shim if needed)
 - Components can be exercised against known simpler applications
 - Same applies to combination of components
- Build a scaffolding of verification tests to gain confidence



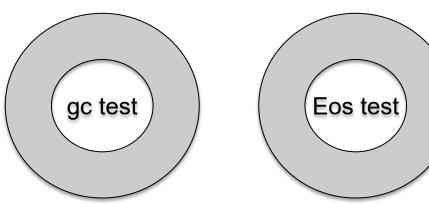


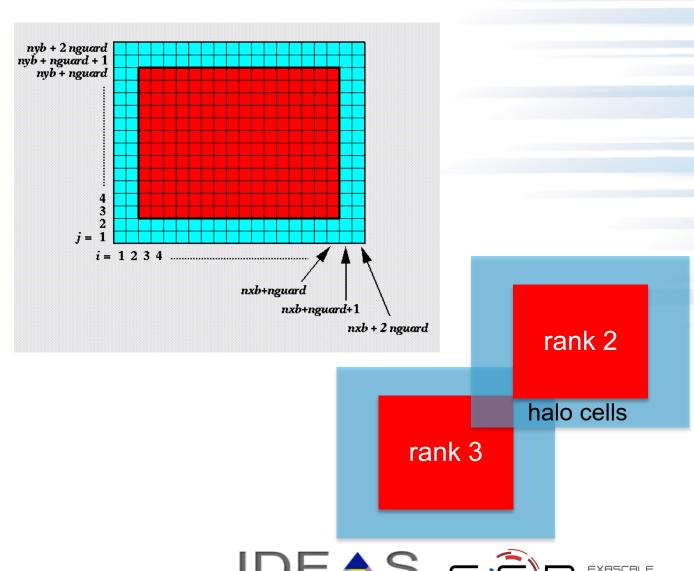


Example 2: Structured Testing

Unit test for Grid halo cell fill

- Verification of guard/ghost/halo cell fill
- Initialize field on interior cells (red)
- Apply guard cell fill
- Check for equivalence with known fill pattern

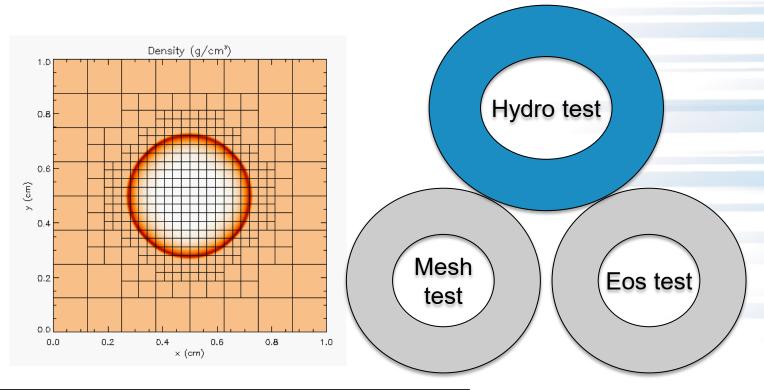




Example 2: Structured Testing (continued)

Unit test for Hydrodynamics

- Sedov blast wave
- High pressure at the center
- Shock moves out spherically
- FLASH with AMR and hydro
- Known analytical solution



Though it exercises mesh, hydro and eos, if mesh and eos are verified first, then this test verifies hydro





Example 2: Structured Testing (continued)

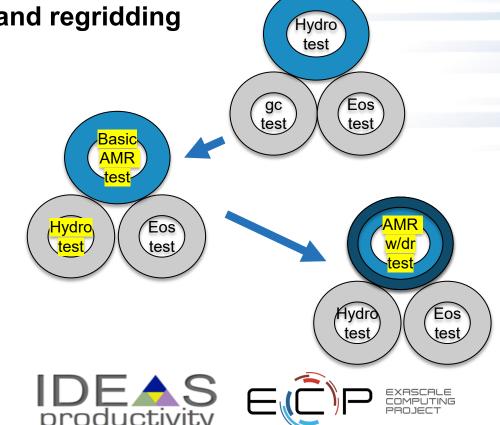
For complex individual modules, think about building confidence through a sequence of tests utilizing more module features

For AMR, correct behavior of flux conservation and regridding should also be verified.

Reason about correctness for testing Flux correction and regridding

IF Guard Cell fill, and EOS unit tests passed...

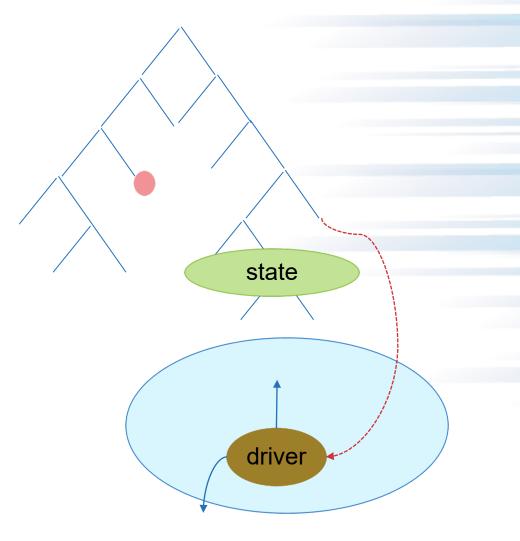
- Run Hydro without AMR
 - If failed fault is in Hydro
- Run Hydro with AMR, but no dynamic refinement
 - If failed fault is in flux correction
- Run Hydro with AMR and dynamic refinement
 - If failed fault is in regridding



Example 3: Test Development For a Legacy Code

There may not be existing tests

- Isolate a small area of the code
- Dump a useful state snapshot
- Build a test driver
 - Start with only the files in the area
 - Link in dependencies
 - Copy if any customizations needed
- Read in the state snapshot
- Restart from the saved state
- Verify correctness
 - Always inject errors to verify that the test is working







Example 4: Coverage Matrix (physics vs. functionalities)

First line of defense – code coverage tools

- Code coverage tools necessary but not sufficient
- Do not give any information about interoperability

	Hydro	EOS	Gravity	Burn	Particles
AMR	CL	CL		CL	CL
UG	SV	SV			SV
Multigrid	WD	WD	WD	WD	
FFT			PT		

- Map your tests and examples what do they do?
- Our team process: Follow the order
 - All unit tests including full module tests (e.g. CL)
 - Tests sensitive to perturbations (e.g. SV)
 - Most stringent tests for solvers (e.g. WD, PT)
 - Least complex test to cover remaining spots (Aha!)





Why not always use the most stringent testing?

- Effort spent in devising running and maintaining test suite is a tax on team resources
- When the tax is too high...
 - Team cannot meet code-use objectives
- When is the tax is too low...
 - Necessary oversight not provided
 - Defects in code sneak through
- Team Meeting! Evaluate project needs:
 - Objectives: expected use of the code
 - Lifecycle stage: new or production or refactoring
 - Team: size and degree of heterogeneity
 - Lifetime: one off or ongoing production
 - Complexity: modules and their interactions





TAKEAWAYS

- CONTEXT: UNDERSTAND TESTING NEEDS AND COSTS
- DEVISE TESTS TO ENABLE QUICK PINPOINTING OF ERRORS THROUGH REASONING ABOUT THEIR BEHAVIOR
- TEST AT VARIOUS GRANULARITIES BOTTOM-UP (UNIT/VERIFICATION) THROUGH TOP-DOWN (INTEGRATION/VALIDATION)
- TESTS AT VARIOUS COMPLEXITIES CI VS. REGRESSION
- MAINTAIN A HOLISTIC VALIDATION STRATEGY: THINK GLOBALLY, ACT LOCALLY
-QUESTIONS?





Agenda

	Time (EDT)	Module	Topic	Speaker	
	2:30-2:35pm	00	Introduction	David E. Bernholdt, ORNL	
→	2:35pm-2:40pm	01	Motivation and Overview	Patricia A. Grubel, LANL	
	2:40pm-3:00pm	02	Software Testing 1	Patricia A. Grubel, LANL	
	3:00pm-3:25pm	03	Software Testing 2	David E. Bernholdt, ORNL	
	3:25pm-3:55pm	04	Continuous Integration	James M. Willenbring, SNL	
	3:55pm-4:00pm	05	Summary	James M. Willenbring, SNL	



