Better (Small) Scientific Software Teams

Presented at **Better Scientific Software tutorial**

ECP 2nd Annual Meeting, Knoxville, Tennessee

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Outline

- Small Team Models, Challenges.
- Agile workflow management for small teams
 - Intro to terminology and approaches
 - Overview of Kanban
 - Free tools: Trello, GitHub.





Small Teams

Ideas for managing transitions and steady work.



Small team interaction model

Team composition:

- Senior staff, faculty:
 - Stable presence, in charge of science questions, experiments.
 - Know the conceptual models well.
 - Spend less time writing code, fuzzy on details.
- Junior staff, students:
 - Transient, dual focus (science results, next position).
 - Staged experience: New, experienced, departing.
 - Learning conceptual models.
 - Write most code, know details.





Large team challenges

- Composed of small teams (and all the challenges).
- Additional interaction challenges.
- Policies, regularly cultural exchanges important.





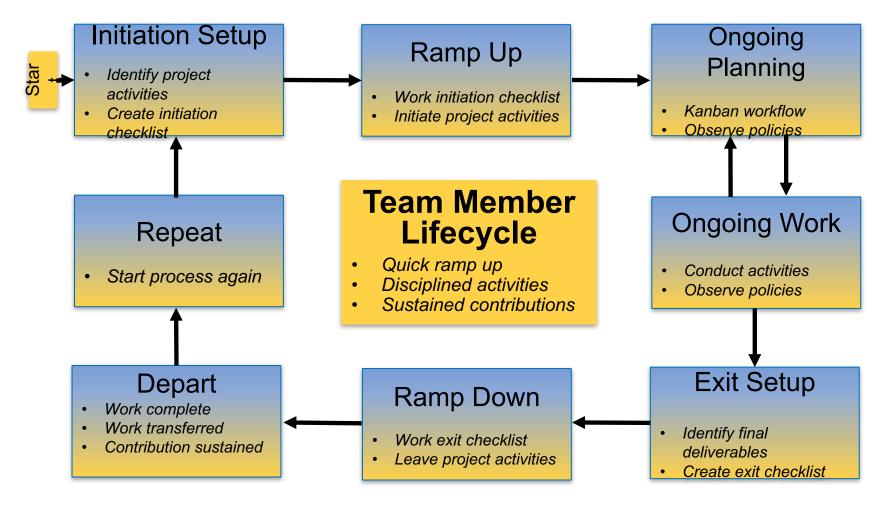
Small team challenges

- Ramping up new junior members:
 - Background.
 - Conceptual models.
 - Software practices, processes, tools.
- Preparing for departure of experienced juniors.
 - Doing today those things needed for retaining work value.
 - Managing dual focus.





Research Team Member Lifecycle







Checklists & Policies

Team Member Phase				
New Team Member	Steady Contributor	Departing Member		
Checklist	Policies	Checklist		

- New, departing team member checklists:
 - Example: Trilinos New Developer Checklist.
 - https://software.sandia.gov/trilinos/developer/sqp/checklists/index.html
- Steady state: Policy-driven.
 - Example: xSDK Community policies.
 - https://xsdk.info/policies/





Your checklists & policies?

- Checklist: New team member?
- Policies: Ongoing work?
- Checklist: Before someone departs?





Collaborative Work Management

Managing with Kanban



Managing issues: Fundamental software process

Continual improvement

- Issue: Bug report, feature request
- Approaches:
 - Short-term memory, office notepad
 - ToDo.txt on computer desktop (1 person)
 - Issues.txt in repository root (small co-located team)

 - Web-based tool + Kanban (distributed, larger team)
 - Web-based tool + Scrum (full-time dev team)

Informal, less training

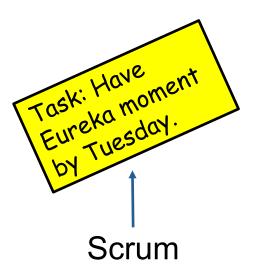
Formal, more training





Kanban principles

- Limit number of "In Progress" tasks
- Productivity improvement:
 - Optimize "flexibility vs swap overhead" balance. No overcommitting.
 - Productivity weakness exposed as bottleneck. Team must identify and fix the bottleneck.
 - Effective in R&D setting. Avoids a deadline-based approach. Deadlines are dealt with in a different way.
- Provides a board for viewing and managing issues







Basic Kanban

Backlog	Ready	In Progress	Done
 Any task idea Trim occasionally Source for other columns 	 Task + description of how to do it. Could be pulled when slot opens. Typically comes from backlog. 	 Task you are working on right now. The only kanban rule: Can have only so many "In Progress" tasks. Limit is based on experience, calibration. Key: Work is pulled. 	 Completed tasks. Record of your life activities. Rate of completion is your "velocity".
	J 1	·	your "velocity".

Notes:

- Ready column is not strictly required, sometimes called "Selected for development".
- Other common column: In Review
- Can be creative with columns:
 - Waiting on Advisor Confirmation.
 - Tasks I won't do.

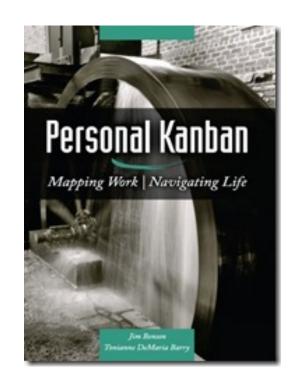




Personal Kanban

- Personal Kanban: Kanban applied to one person.
 - Apply Kanban principles to your life.
 - Fully adaptable.

- Personal Kanban: Commercial book/website.
 - Useful, but not necessary.



http://www.personalkanban.com





Kanban tools

- Wall, whiteboard, blackboard: Basic approach.
- Software, cloud-based:
 - -Trello, JIRA, GitHub Issues.
 - -Many more.
- I use Trello (browser, iPhone, iPad).
 - -Can add, view, update, anytime, anywhere.





Big question: How many tasks?

- Personal question.
- Approach: Start with 2 or 3. See how it goes.
- Use a freeway traffic analogy:
 - Does traffic flow best when fully packed? No.
 - Same thing with your effectiveness.
- Spend time consulting board regularly.
 - Brings focus.
 - Enables reflection, retrospection.
 - Use slack time effectively.
 - When you get out of the habit, start up again.





Importance of "In Progress" concept for you

- Junior community members:
 - Less control over task.
 - -Given by supervisor.
- In Progress column: Protects you.
 - If asked to take on another task, respond:
 - Is this important enough to become less efficient?
 - Sometimes it is.





Key Team Management Elements

Checklists:

Initiation, Transition, Exit

Policies:

How team conducts its work

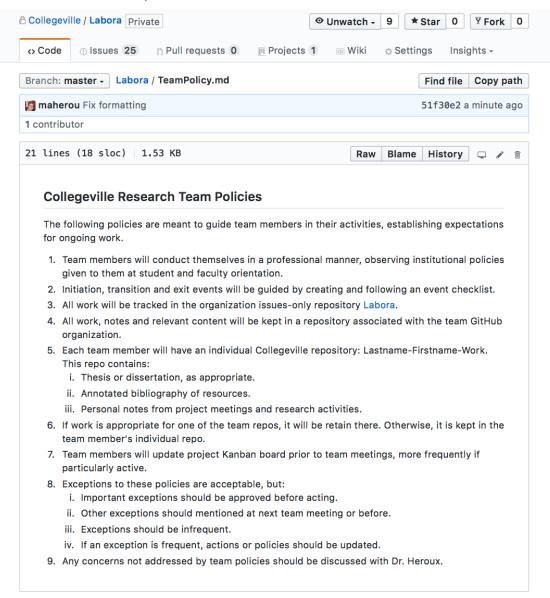
Issue tracking system:

- All work tracked, visible to team
- Milestones: Aggregate related issues.
- Kanban board
- Regular meetings, updates





Samples from Collegeville Org: Policies, Initiation Checklist

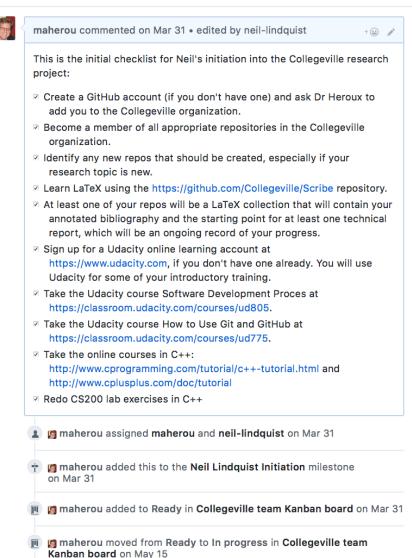




Neil Lindquist Initiation Checklist #17

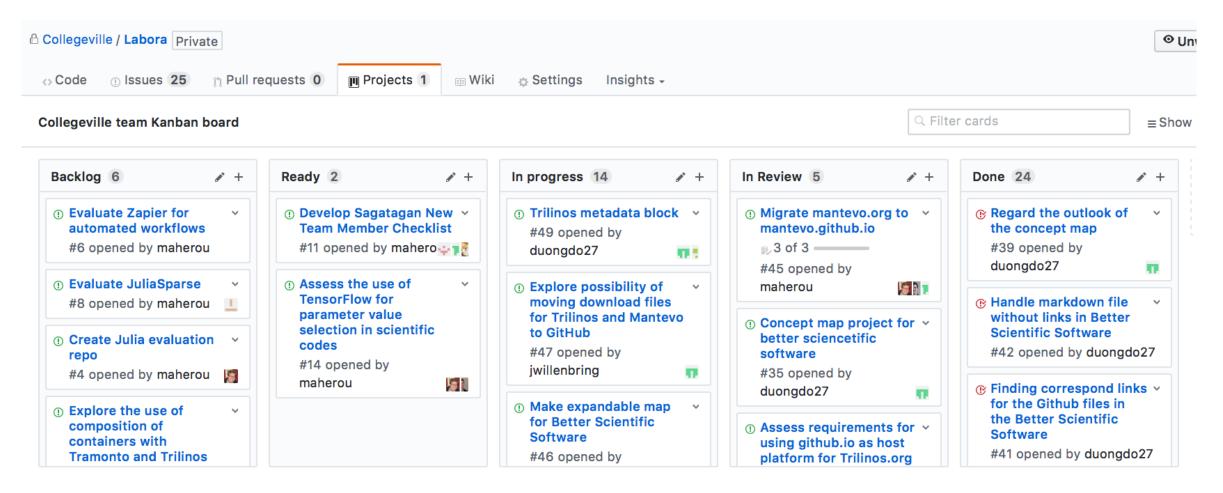
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I noil lindquist moved from in progress to Dane in Callegoville team

Samples from Collegeville Org: Kanban Board







Team Management Example

Team Policy

Checklists

Kanban Board



Step 1: Create Issues-only GitHub repo

- Go to https://github.com/username
 - Example: https://github.com/maherou
- Create new repo:
 - Click on "+" (upper right).
 - Select New repository...
 - Give repo a name, e.g., Issues
 - Select Public. In real life, this repo is often private (requires \$ or special status)
 - Init with README.
 - Don't add .gitignore or license.
 - Click Create Repository.

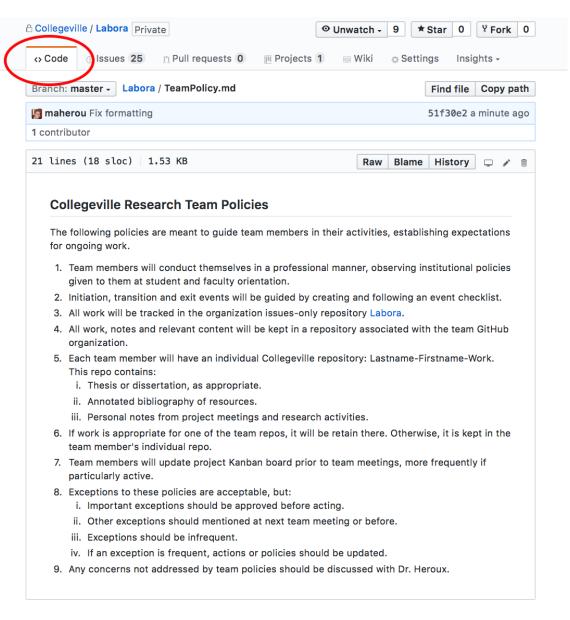




Step 2: Define Team Policy

Create file:

- Go to new repo: Issues.
- Select <> Code tab.
- Select Create new file TeamPolicy.md
- Questions to address:
 - How members support team?
 - How team supports members?
- Community version:
 - http://contributor-covenant.org
- Policy is living document:
 - Informal good practices added.
 - Avoidable bad situations addressed.

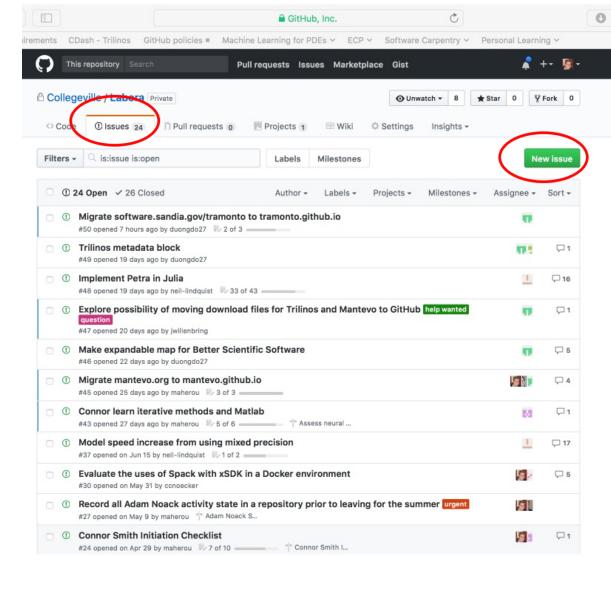






Step 3a: Create Issues

- Select the Issues tab.
- Click on New Issue.
- Type in task statement 1 (from list).
 - Type in title only.
- Click Submit new issue
- Repeat.



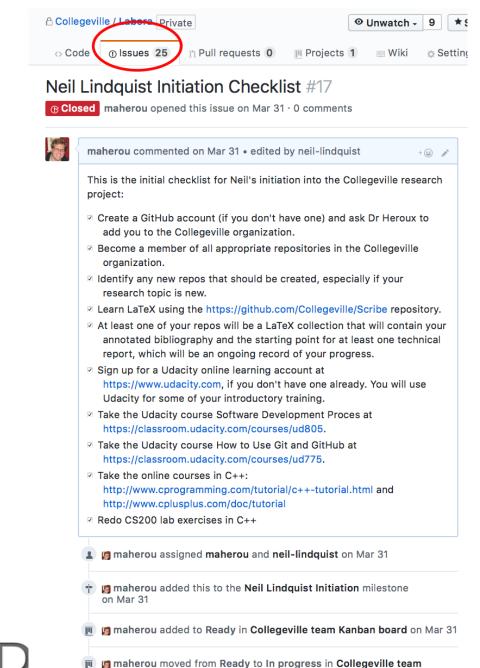




Step 3b: Create Initiation Checklist

- Select the Issues tab.
- Click on New Issue.
- Select a classmate.
- Type in title: Pat Evans Initiation Checklist
- Add checklist items:
 - Use syntax (note the spaces):
 - -[] Description

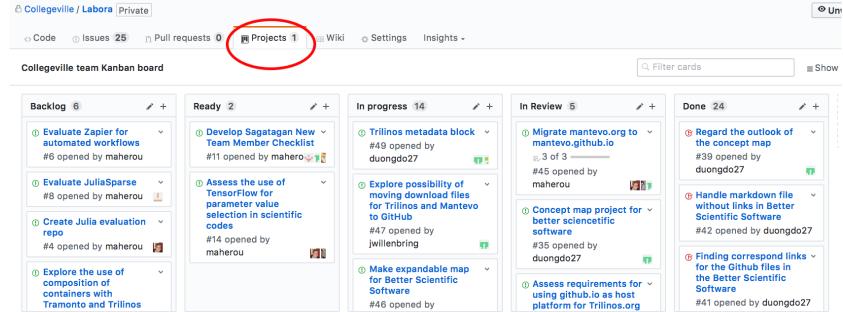




Kanban board on May 15

Step 4: Create Kanban Board

- Select Projects tab
- Click New Project
- Use title
 - Team Kanban board
- Add these columns:
 - Backlog, Ready, In progress, In review, Done.
- Click on +Add cards (upper right).
 - Move each issue to the proper Kanban column







Next Steps: Real Life

- Create a GitHub Org and set of repos for your team:
 - Each team member has an individual repo.
 - Each project has a repo.
 - One special repo for issues.
- Track all work:
 - Use checklists for initiation, exit, any big new effort.
 - Create Kanban board. Keep it current.
 - Aggregate related issues using milestones.
- Drive meetings using Kanban board.
- Adapt this approach to meet your needs.
- When you start to get sloppy, get back on track.





Other resources

The Agile Samurai: How Agile Masters Deliver Great Software (Pragmatic Programmers), Jonathan Rasmusson. Excellent, readable book on Agile methodologies. https://www.amazon.com/Agile-Samurai-Software-Pragmatic-Programmers/dp/1934356581

Also available on Audible.

Code Complete, Steve McConnell. Great text on software.

Construx website has large collection of content.





Agenda

Time	Topic	Speaker
1:30pm-2:15pm	Why effective software practices are essential for CSE projects	Anshu Dubey, ANL
2:15pm-2:45pm	Better (small) scientific software teams	Michael A. Heroux, SNL
2:45pm-3:00pm	Improving Reproducibility Through Better Software Practices	Michael A. Heroux, SNL
3:00pm-3:30pm	Break	
3:30pm-4:15pm	Testing HPC Scientific Software: Introduction	Jared O'Neal, ANL
4:15pm-4:45pm	Verification, and Evaluating Project Testing Needs	Anshu Dubey, ANL
4:45am-5:00pm	Code Coverage and CI	Jared O'Neal, ANL



