Customer Driven Project

Rock Concert Audience as a Screen

Project Report

Netlight AS

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Abstract

This report will give the reader an insight into the details of the design, development and implementation of the task given in the course TDT4290 - Customer Driven Project, taught at NTNU - the Norwegian.

University of Science and Technology. The customer is Netlight and they have presented the group with the task of breathing new life into the console.

Web-applications these days are leaning against a mouse-controlled, web-fronted design. This has taken away much of the eïňČciency of power users, who have traditionally used terminal applications on a daily basis, and had the system in their ïňĄngers.

A hybrid web-fronted/console design would be a possible solution to this problem: The power user can make use of their full potential through a console whilst the objects are presented in the web-interface.

This is a proof-of-concept task, and all research done will be documented and used to argue for and against the solutions used and not used. Everything from the planning of the project startup and preliminary-study to the complete conclusion is described in this report.

The approach to investigate and solve this problem starts with a thorough study of relevant technologies, and how this can be made possible. The conclusion of this study allows us to create a system which showcases the real potential of our soution. Through this whole process we have a close work-relationship with our customer to ensure his desires and expectations for the project are met, and that our conclusions and ïňĄndings boosts future research in this ïňĄeld.

Preface

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1.7.3 Development team

1.7.4 Advisor

1.8 Project background

2 | Preliminary studies

This chapter is devoted to describing the outcomes of the preliminary research focusing on the similar already existing projects and technologies we could utilize.

- possibly sth like:
—-
In this chapter preliminary studies will be presented, starting from current situation in the Cloud Systems. After that a WS-agreement will be presented and the explanation for the team choices will be given.
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2.1 Similar projects

2.2 Market investigation

2.3 Existing technologies and frameworks

2.4 Evaluation of alternative solutions

2.5 Outcome of research - Our decision

2.6 Constraints

We are developing this project under few technical resource, time and knowledge limitations. Our biggest limitation is the image processing part. Half of the team has no experience with this and the other half has little experience. Their experience is mostly theoretical information about the subject and practical experience is preferred.

We are aware of this limitation and our plan is to learn by doing. We are going to start developing and teach ourself while coding. We chose this approach because we do not want to spend more time than necessary doing research. Another limitation is lack of experience with Mobile development within the development team. All of the team members have Android phones, and to be able to test our application, we have to develop an Android application. Only one team member have experience with this.

If we are not scaling down the project then we do not have all necessary resources to test the system. As an example we do not have a huge audience or the access to a big screen used on concert stages. As this course last for a 13 weeks, it is normal that we have to make some trade-offs. This project is technically difficult and there is a limited amount of time.

2.7 Chosen development technologies??

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7 | Tools and strategy

8 | Sprint 0

8.1 Sprint planning

We have embraced Sprint 0 as a preliminary sprint, when we can set up all necessary collaboration tools, equipment, prepare templates for meetings and mainly to acquaint ourselves with Scrum methodology. The original plan was to finish sprint 0 on 8th of September, but we have decided to terminate it prematurely due to finishing sprint goals in shorter time than we had expected. Other reason for terminating the sprint was desire to start actually working on the product itself.

The actual user stories are listed in table 9.1. Since we started to use the software collaboration tool only during the sprint we did not manage to estimate the time needed to complete each story beforehand and thus the column **Est.** is left empty.

8.1.1 Sprint 0 User-stories

8.2 System Burndown

Since we managed to establish the proper collaboration tool Target Process 3 only during the sprint the software was not able to generate relevant burndown chart. We at least tried to estimate how much time we spent working on each of the user stories listed in table

Table 8.1: User stories selected for Sprint 0.

ID	Description	Hours Est.	Hours Sp.
259	**I as a developer need to prepare LaTeXtemplate for minutes, project plan, weekly status report.**		**5**
	Meeting minutes		2
	Project report		2
245	**We as a team need to give a project and team name.**		**2**
	Team name		1
	Product name		1
248	**I as a developer need to agree on customer, advisor and internal meetings.**		**2**
247	**I as a developer need to agree on daily working hours.**		**1**
243	**I as a developer need to set up the video conferencing.**		**2**
249	**I as a developer need to add goals for Sprint 0.**		**4**
250	**I as a developer need to decide which collaboration technologies to use.**		**20**
258	**We as a team need to assign roles to team members.**		**1**
258	**I as a developer need to write a project plan.**		**90**
258	**I as a developer need to research the older reports.**		**30**
258	**I as a developer need to summarise the requirements.**		**4**
	SUM:		**161**

8.3 Architecture

8.4 Implementation

8.5 Testing

8.6 Occurring risks

8.7 Retrospective

8.7.1 Pros

8.7.2 Cons

8.8 Evaluation

9 | Sprint 1

9.1 Sprint planning

After assembling all the tools in Sprint0, we decided to start with the implementation of core modules. As our understanding of task improved, we were able to come up with user stories from the perspective of user, customer, developer and student. All user-stories were given to the customer so they can be prioritized. All but user-stories concerning our student obligations, like writing project plan, minutes, meetings with supervisor and attending lectures. Those were mandatory and already added as user-stories of sprint1. On Monday 02.09.2013. we had the meeting with a customer where we estimated time we need for every user story. The result of that meeting was the list of the rest of the user-stories for sprin1. All user stories for finishing our first prototype were on the sprint1 list so we also agreed date for presentation and showing the running demo - Thursday 12.09.2013. After that ,at a group meeting, we decoupled user-stories into tasks and we were ready to start with the imlementation of client-server core module.

9.1.1 Sprint1 User-stories

ID	Description	Est.	Sp.
353	**I as a developer need to make client receive commands from server.**		**4h**
345	**Customer meeting.**		**6h**
344	**Team building.**		**9h**
314	**I as a developer need to put "Hello World" project to gitHub and pull it to every group member's local storage** Create folder on gitHub account named "source". PInstall ADT and Eclipse to our local computers Create new Android Project and push it to gitHub	3h	**4.7h**

267	**As a user I want to easily download the app from testflight.**	5	**9**
	Set up testflight.	2h	2h
	integrate testflight SDK	3h	3h
312	**I as a developer need to make server to be able to listen for clients.**	25	**30**
	Research about server sockets		
	Implement server listener		
	Create the moc client.		
	Connect with mock client.		
335	**The server sends one command to one client.**	4	**4**
336	**The client receives one command**	2	**2**
334	**The client "plays" one command (white light 10 seconds)**	4	**2**
327	**As a students we need to attend a meeting with our supervisor.**	16	**16**
	Attend meeting with supervisor week1 (06.09.2013)		
	Attend meeting with supervisor week2 (13.09.2013)		
321	**I as a student need to participate to lectures about team dynamics this week.**	32	**25**
	Course of group dynamics Thu		
	Summary of course and exchange learned.		
290	**As a user I want to see the number of connected devices.**	0.5h	**0.5h**
341	**Integrate TestFlight into application.**	15h	**3h**
343	**As developer I have to work on Project Plan.**	12h	**12h**
313	**I as a developer need to establish basic communication protocol between client and server.**	4h	**4h**
262	**I as a developer need to research TestFlightApp.**	6h	**2.5h**
	Figure out whether to use HockeyApp or TestFlight		
	Research TestFlight		
	SUM:		**161**

Table 9.1: User stories selected for Sprint 0.

ID	Description	Est.	Sp.
259	**LaTeXtemplate for minutes project plan**	5	4
	Minutes document		
	Report document		
245	**Product and team name**	1	1
	team name		
	product name		

9.2 System Burndown

9.3 Architecture

Choosing client-server arhitecture was very intuitive to do. Our project has user application that depends on commands for what to play, on one side, and application that is responsable of detecting and sending commands to that users on the other. Every aplication(user) have to be either one or another.

Write about Android NSD, create class diagram,

9.4 Implementation

9.5 Testing

9.6 Occurring risks

9.7 Retrospective

9.7.1 Pros

9.7.2 Cons

9.8 Evaluation

Figure 9.1: Sprint1 Burn Down Chart

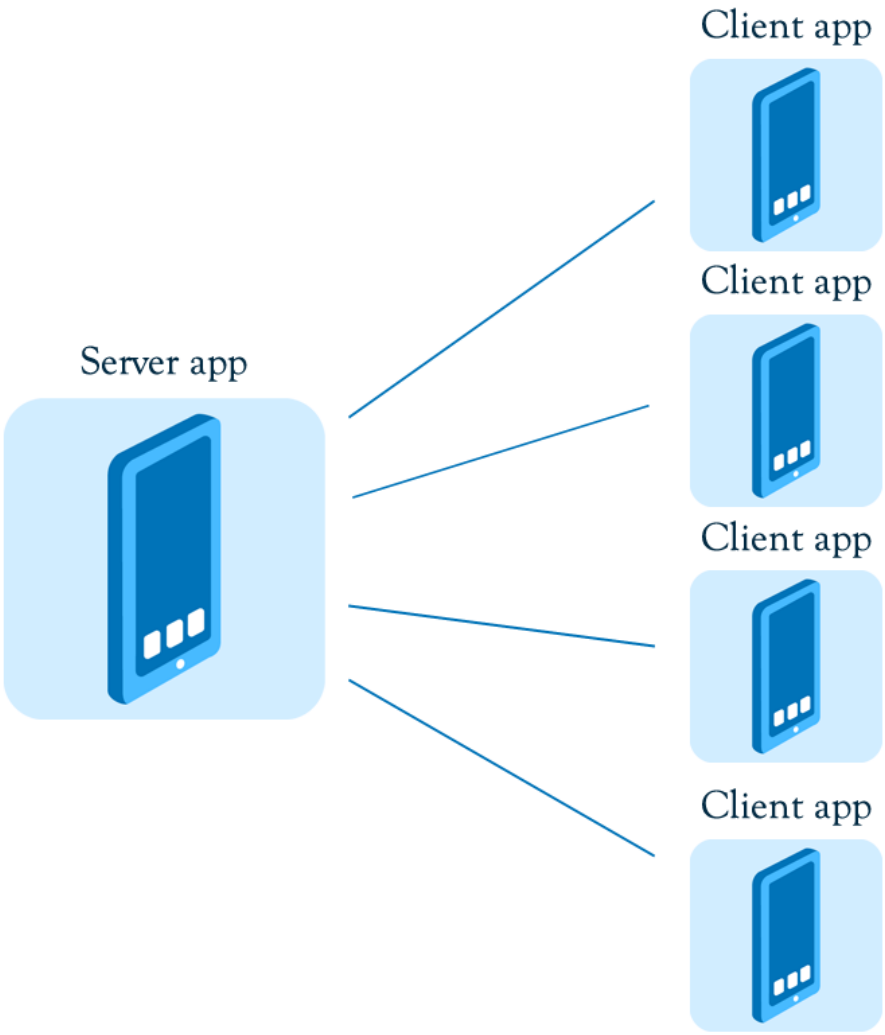

Figure 9.2: Sprint1 Arhitecture

10 | Sprint 2

10.1 Sprint planning

10.1.1 User-stories

10.2 System Burndown

10.3 Architecture

10.4 Implementation

10.5 Testing

10.6 Occurring risks

10.7 Retrospective

10.7.1 Pros

10.7.2 Cons

10.8 Evaluation

11 | Sprint 3

11.1 Sprint planning

11.1.1 User-stories

11.2 System Burndown

11.3 Architecture

11.4 Implementation

11.5 Testing

11.6 Occurring risks

11.7 Retrospective

11.7.1 Pros

11.7.2 Cons

11.8 Evaluation

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12.1 Sprint planning

12.1.1 User-stories

12.2 System Burndown

12.3 Architecture

12.4 Implementation

12.5 Testing

12.6 Occurring risks

12.7 Retrospective

12.7.1 Pros

12.7.2 Cons

12.8 Evaluation

13 | Sprint 5

13.1 Sprint planning

13.1.1 User-stories

13.2 System Burndown

13.3 Architecture

13.4 Implementation

13.5 Testing

13.6 Occurring risks

13.7 Retrospective

13.7.1 Pros

13.7.2 Cons

13.8 Evaluation

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14.1.1 User-stories

14.2 System Burndown

14.3 Architecture

14.4 Implementation

14.5 Testing

14.6 Occurring risks

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14.7.2 Cons

14.8 Evaluation

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16.1.1 Group dynamics

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16.1.3 Risk evaluation

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17.2.1 Functionalities

17.3 Evaluation criteria

17.4 Evaluation Results

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B | Installation Guide

C | Glossary

D | XML Scheme?

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F | Group meetings

G | Supervisor meetings

H | Evaluation Questioner