

Eg. if  $X$  is a bit:

Assume  $0 \rightarrow p: \frac{3}{4}$  and  $1 \rightarrow p: \frac{1}{4}$

probabilistic  
state

$$\begin{cases} p(x=0) = \frac{3}{4} & \& \\ p(x=1) = \frac{1}{4} \end{cases}$$

column vector:  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \right\}$  probability vector

Due  $\vec{p}$ ,  $u \in \mathbb{R}^+$  s.t  $u$  is a probability

Assumption 1 entry for each possible state.

### Dirac notation

content: classical info

Let  $\Sigma$  be any classical state set, assume

Due  $\Sigma$ ,  $u$  is in corr. with  $\mathbb{N}: 1, \dots, |\Sigma|$

Note  $|a\rangle$  - column vector s.t  $\begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x=a \\ 0 & \text{if } x \in \Sigma \setminus \{a\} \end{cases}$   $x \in \Sigma$

If  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ , then:

$$|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow 0 \text{ and } |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow 1$$



## Quantum - Corrs

quantum info  $\leftarrow$  extension from classical info

Descriptions of quantum info:

1 simplified description

Quantum states represented by vectors  
Operations represented by unitary matrices  
enough for most quantum algorithms

2 General description

Quantum states rep. by density matrices.  
includes both simplified + classical info  
(including pos states) as special case.

[Classical info]

consider physical sys. of info "x"

Let x be in 1 of a finite n # of classical states  
at each moment.

Let  $\Sigma = \{u \in \text{Classical finite states}\}$

if x-bit:  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

if x-6/8/die:  $\Sigma = \{1, \dots, 6\}$

$\Sigma$  cannot be empty  
(requires 2 pos. states)