Practical

Lists

- 1. Create the list **list1**, which contains the values **["hello", 1, True]**. Get some values from the user, using the sys module, and add those values to **list1**: Print **list1** before and after adding the values.
- 2. Do the previous exercise creating a new list which contains both the values from **list1** and the new values given by the user, don't make changes to the list **list1**.
- 3. Create the list **list2**, which contains some values of your choice. Get one value as a positional command line argument from the user (using the module argparse) and check how many times the given value appears in the list **list2**. Print the result in the following format:

(in this example user input is 2, the list2 is [0, 'hi', 2, 100, 300, 2])

```
list2 = [0, 'hi', 2, 100, 300, 2]
Number of 2s = 2
```

- 4. Create the list list4, which contains some values of your choice. Get one value as a positional command line argument from the user (using the module argparse) and delete the first occurrence of the value from the list list4. Print the list list4 before and after the change.
- 5. Create the list **list5**, which contains some values of your choice. Delete the values at indexes **0**, **4** and **5** from the list. Print the list **list5** before and after the change.
- 6. Do the previous exercise creating a new list and making the required changes on it, without changing the list **list5**.
- 7. Create the lists **I1** and **I2**, which contain some values of your choice. Replace the last value of list **I1** by the list **I2**. Print the list **I1** before and after the change.

Sets

8. Create the set **set1**, which contains some values of your choice: Get one value as a positional command line argument from the user (using the module argparse) and add the value to the set **set1**. Print the set **set1** before and after the change.

- 9. Create the set **set2**, which contains some values of your choice: Get one value as a positional command line argument from the user (using the module argparse) and remove the value from the set **set2**. Print the set **set2** before and after the change.
- **10.** Do the previous exercise taking into consideration that the value given by the user may not be in the set **set2**, and you shouldn't get an error while removing the value anyways.
- 11. Create the sets **set1** and **set2** containing some values of your choice. Print the union and the intersection of the 2 sets.
- 12. Create the set **set3** containing the values of type int of your choice. Get one value as a positional command line argument from the user (using the module argparse) and check if the value is between the minimum and maximum values of the set **set3** (min<value<max). Print True (it is) or False (it is not) accordingly.

Tuples

- 13. Create the tuple **t1** containing some values of your choice. Print the values at indices **4** and **4** from the end.
- 14. Create the tuple **t1** containing some values of your choice. Replace the value at index **4** by the value "hello". Print the tuple **t1** before and after the change. Note that the tuples are immutable i.e. cannot be modified.

Dictionary

- 15. Create the dictionary **dict1** containing some values of your choice. Get a value **key** of type String and a value **value** of type String as positional command line arguments from the user (using the module argparse). Add the values as a **key:value** pair to the dictionary **dict1**. Print the dictionary **dict1** before and after adding the value.
- 16. Create a list of tuples **I1** with the following values: [(1, "a"), (2, "b"), (3, "c")]. Create the dictionary **d1**, the keys of the dictionary should be the first values of all the tuples in **I1** and the values should be the second values of all the tuples in **I1**. You should get the following dictionary: {1: "a", 2: "b", 3: "c"}:

Homework

Lists:

- 1) Create the list **a** with the following values: 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, -2, 0, -1
- 2) Print the values of list a at indices 3 and 5
- 3) Sort the list **a** in a decreasing order and assign the newly obtained list to the variable **a_sorted**, the list **a** should not be changed
- 4) Print the 2 sublists of the list a_sorted containing the indices 1...3 and 2...6
- 5) Delete the values at indices 2 and 3 from a_sorted
- 6) Print the list a sorted
- 7) Create the list **b** with the following values: "grapes", "Potatoes", "tomatoes", "Orange", "Lemon", "Broccoli", "Carrot", "Sausages"
- 8) Sort the list **b** in an increasing order and assign the newly obtained list to the variable **b_sorted**, the list **b** should not be changed
- 9) Create a new list **c**. The first 3 values of the list **c** should be the elements from the list **a** at indices 1...3 and the last values of the list **c** should be the elements from the list **b** at indices 4...6.
- 10) Print the list **c**

Sets:

- 1) Create the list **a1** with the following values: "Cookies", "Chocolate", 8, True, -3, -5, "Chocolate", 8, False, 8
- 2) Create the list **b1** with the following values: **8, True, 10, 14, "Chocolate", "Milk",** "Jelly", True, False, True
 - 3) Convert the list a1 into a set and assign the result to the variable set a
 - 4) Convert the list **b1** into a set and assign the result to the variable **set_b**
 - 5) Find the union of the sets **set_a** and **set_b** and assign the result to the variable **union_ab**
- 6) Find the intersection of the sets **set_a** and **set_b** and assign the result to the variable **intersection ab**
 - 7) Add the values "Kit-Kat" and "Oreo" to **union_ab** and print **union_ab** after the change
- 8) Use the operation **or** between the sets **union_ab** and **intersection_ab** and assign the result to the variable **new_set**. Then, print the variable **new_set**.
 - 9) Check if the set **new_set** contains the value "Chocolate"
 - 10) Delete the value "Oreo" from the set new_set, then print new_set

Tuples:

- 1) Create the tuple **t1** with the following values: **1**, **True**, "a", **-2**, "Anna"
- 2) Delete the value "True" from t1 and print t1 afterwards
- 3) Create the tuple **t2** with the following values: **1**, **2**, **3**, **4**, **5**
- 4) Create he tuple **t3**. The first 2 values of **t3** should be the first 2 values of the tuple **t1**, and the last 3 values of **t3** should be the first 3 values of the tuple **t2**
- 5) Print the value at index 2 from the tuple t3
- 6) Create a list of tuples **t4** with the following value: **[(1,3,5), (8,9), ("Anna", "Bob", "Alice")]**: Print the second value of the first tuple in the list **t4**.

Dictionaries:

Create the dictionary market with the following values: {"dairy": ["yogurt", "cheese"], "fruits": ['banana', 'apple', 'orange', 'lemon', 'apple', 'banana', 'banana']}. Add the key "candies" with a value ['mars', 'kinder', 'twix'] to the dictionary Market: Sort the values at the key "fruits" in an increasing order and get rid of the duplicate values: Print the dictionary Market before and after the changes.