DAY 3 ACTIVITY

Hands-On: Getting Data from NRCS (and some styling tasks)

— Task 1: Downloading Data From NRCS GeoSpatial Data Gateway

- 1. Go to https://gdg.sc.egov.usda.gov/
- 2. Use the "I Want To..." panel on the right side, and choose "Order by County/Counties"
- 3. Select desired State (WI) and county (Vernon, and/or La Crosse, Crawford, etc.)
- 4. Look at all the datasets!!
 - NRCS aggregates data from many different sources, which is why this geospatial data gateway is great
 - b. It's useful to spend time clicking on the blue "i" icons to read about each dataset
 - c. With QGIS, all of this information can be overlaid, combined, or analyzed
- 5. Scroll down to the "Hydrologic Units" section, and check the boxes for the 8, 10, and 12 digit Watershed Boundary Datasets, click "CONTINUE" at the bottom of the page
- 6. Complete the How page
 - a. Format, select Shapefiles
 - b. Projection, select WI State Plane South
 - We will use a projected CRS because it allows us to accurately calculate the area of these polygons
 - c. Delivery, always choose Download, because it's free!
- 7. After continuing, enter your email and mailing address
 - a. There is no FAQ answer for why you need to enter a mailing address, but I assume it is to generate usage statistics, ultimately to justify program funding
- 8. Once you have continued and placed your order, take a breather and check your e-mail in a minute
 - a. The larger the order (judged by file size), the longer it will take to be processed on the NRCS servers
- 9. You will receive an e-mail from "Geospatial Data Gateway" that contains one or more links to a zip file. Just click the link to begin downloading.
 - a. You'll see a section of the e-mail called "Ordered Items", and the download links are there

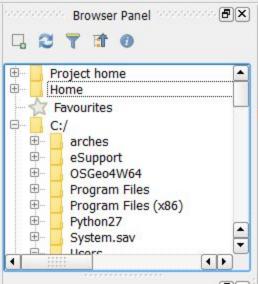
— Task 2: Importing Data From NRCS Download

- 1. Go to your Downloads folder, and find the freshly downloaded .zip file
 - a. Our watershed boundary files will be called "hydrologic unit..."
- 2. Move these zip files to your preferred data directory, and unzip each one
 - a. If you are prompted to replace a file, say yes
 - b. The result should be a new directory called "hydrologic units", which contains 3 shapefiles
 - c. It's good practice to keep the original .zip files, in case you mess up one of the unzipped files

- Open your QGIS project, and make sure you are zoomed to the Vernon County Bounds layer
 - a. Turn off all other layers
- 4. There are a few ways to add data to your project, we'll try out the two easiest methods
- 5. In the toolbar on the left, click the "Add Vector Layer" button:
 - button.
 - a. As polygons, watersheds are vector features
 - b. Select the "File" source type, and click "Browse"
 - c. Navigate to the directory where you have stored your shapefiles, and be sure to select the file that ends with ".shp"
 - d. You may be prompted to select the correct CRS. Remember, we choose WI State Plane South, and be sure to use the one whose units are meters
- 6. After adding one set of watershed boundaries let's add another set, this time using the Browser Panel
 - a. If you don't have the Browser Panel
 visible, go to View > Panels to enable it.
- 7. Use the panel to navigate to your data directory
 - You'll notice that here, a shapefile is only show as one entry, not its constituent parts
- 8. To add any dataset to your project, just drag it into your map view

— Task 3: Style the Watershed Boundary Layers (Vector Layers)

- 1. Make a group layer in your Layers Panel from the three watershed layers
 - Hold ctrl and select each layer, then right-click on one and select "Group Selected"
- 2. Re-order the watersheds so that the larger polygons are below the smaller ones, like so:
 - HUC 12 (top)
 - o HUC 10
 - HUC 8 (bottom)
- 3. To change the style of a layer, you must open its properties
 - Either double-click the layer in the Layers Panel, or right-click and go to Properties
- 4. Go to the Style tab
- 5. Select the "Simple fill" symbol to make changes
 - We will be changing the Border Color, Fill Style, and Border Width for each of the watershed layers.
 - i. wbdhu12_a_wi123
 - Border Color: black (#000000)
 - Fill Style: no brush



• Border Width: .26 mm

ii. wbdhu10_a_wi123

• Border Color: dark grey (#383838)

Fill Style: no brushBorder Width: 1.1mm

iii. wbdhu8_a_wi123

• Border Color: bright yellow (#ffff00)

Fill Style: no brushBorder Width: 2mm

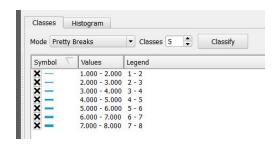
— Task 4: Style the Vernon_County_DEM Layer (Raster Layer)

- 1. Turn on the Vernon_County_DEM layer in the Layers Panel
- 2. Open the layer Properties (see step 3 above for help), and go to the Style tab
- 3. In the "Generate new color map" section, use the dropdown to select the color ramp named "Greens"
- 4. Check the "Invert" box, and click "Classify"
 - a. You'll see all of the rasters elevation values split into classes, with a shade of green attached to each class.
- 5. Click "Apply" at the bottom of the window, to update your map.
 - a. This is really fun. QGIS makes it very easy to work with and customize color ramps.

— Task 5: Download and Style VC Hydrology Layers

- 1. Download this file:
 - http://legiongis.com/safe/introgis/day3/WD_HYDRO_vcHUC12_clip.zip and unzip to your preferred data directory
- 2. Add the two shapefiles to your project, using either method described above
 - a. In the Layers Panel, adjust these new layers to be on top of the elevation and aerial imagery, but underneath the watershed boundaries.
- 3. Open the properties for the polygon layer
 - a. In the Style tab, select the Simple Fill symbol
 - Fill Color: blue (#0a99d6 looks nice)
 - Border Style: No Pen
- 4. Open the properties for the line layer
 - a. In Style tab, select "Graduated". This will allow us to make a graduated style based on the values in one of the Attribute Table columns.
 - b. Make the following changes
 - Column: STREAM_ORD
 - Symbol: Click "Change..." to use the same blue as above

Precision: 1Method: SizeSize from: .25Size to: 1.0



- c. Under "Classes", change the mode to "Pretty Breaks", and click Classify.
- d. Click "OK"

— Task 6: Create a Point Using a Delimited Text Layer, and Save to New Shapefile

- 1. Open the "GIS_Packet" folder from Day 1
- 2. Right click in the folder view; a popup menu will appear
- 3. From the menu, choose *New > Text Document*
- 4. Name the document "my house.txt"
- 5. Open the text file and enter the following (no spaces), replacing the coordinates with your own:

latitude,longitude 43.555266,-90.873413

- 6. Save and close.
- 7. In QGIS, go to the Layers Toolbar and click "Add Delimited Text Layer":



- 8. QGIS should automatically recognize the file structure & load the correct settings
- 9. Once you press "OK", you will be prompted to choose a CRS
 - a. Enter "4326" in the search field, select WGS 84 from the list & press "OK"
- 10. A new layer titled "my house" will appear in the Layers Panel
- 11. Right-click on the layer, and choose "Save As..."
- 12. Select ESRI Shapefile as the Format, and click "Browse" to save to your preferred data directory
- 13. Make sure the CRS is WSG84 and click "OK"