searching_algorithm_dsa

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breadth first search, depends upon; Binary Search Tree.

Or, this is usually a search method on binart tree

Breadth first == -> Hoizontal first

Row wise search method

Breadth First Search is a (method) of binary search this. This is gold, you have to understand

```
[22]: class Node:
          def __init__(self, value):
              self.value = value
              self.left = None
              self.right = None
      class BinaryTree:
          def __init__(self):
              self.root = None
          def insert(self, value):
              new_node = Node(value)
              if self.root == None:
                  self.root = new_node
              temp = self.root
              while True:
                  if temp.value == new_node.value:
                      return False
                  if new_node.value < temp.value:</pre>
                      if temp.left == None:
                           temp.left = new_node
                           return True
                      temp =temp.left
                  else:
                       if temp.right == None:
                           temp.right = new_node
                           return True
                       temp = temp.right
```

```
def BFS(self):
       current_node = self.root
       queue = []
       results = []
       queue.append(current_node)
# It is important to put your value; append the queue; before you start to run_
 your while loop
# If you never append, while loop will never run
       while len(queue)>0:
            current_node = queue.pop(0)
            # result.append(current_node) # Remember why i highlight this
           results.append(current_node.value)
            if current_node.left != None:
                queue.append(current_node.left)
            if current_node.right != None:
                queue.append(current_node.right)
       return results
```

```
myTree = BinaryTree()
myTree.insert(30)

print(myTree.root.value)

print(myTree.insert(40))
print(myTree.insert(20))

print(myTree.insert(60))

print(myTree.root.left.value)
print(myTree.root.right.value)

print(myTree.root.right.left)
print(myTree.root.right.right)

print(myTree.root.right.right.value)
```

```
30
     True
     True
     True
     20
     40
     None
     <__main__.Node object at 0x7fe5d40ab220>
[23]: [30, 20, 40, 60]
[29]: class Node:
          def __init__(self, value):
              self.value = value
              self.left = None
              self.right = None
      class BinaryTree:
          def __init__(self):
              self.root = None
          def insert(self, value):
              new_node = Node(value)
              if self.root == None:
                  self.root = new_node
                  return 50
              temp = self.root
              while True:
                  if new_node.value == temp.value:
                      return False
                  if new_node.value < temp.value:</pre>
                      if temp.left == None:
                          temp.left = new_node
                          return True
                      temp = temp.left
                  else:
                      if temp.right == None:
                          temp.right = new_node
                          return True
                      temp = temp.right
          def BFS(self):
              queue = []
              results = []
              current_node = self.root
```

```
queue.append(current_node)
        while len(queue) > 0 :
            current_node = queue.pop(0)
            results.append(current_node.value)
            if current_node.left is not None:
                queue.append(current_node.left)
            if current_node.right is not None:
                queue.append(current_node.right)
        return results
myTree = BinaryTree()
myTree.insert(50)
myTree.insert(60)
myTree.insert(70)
myTree.insert(5)
myTree.insert(15)
myTree.insert(2)
myTree.BFS()
```

[29]: [50, 5, 60, 2, 15, 70]

1 DFS



S.N	Traversal Type	Visit Order	Result
1	Preorder	$Node \rightarrow Left \rightarrow Right$	ABDECF
2	Postorder	$Left \to Right \to Node$	$D \to B \to C A$
3	Inorder	$\mathrm{Left} \to \mathrm{Node} \to \mathrm{Right}$	$D\ B\ E\ A\ C\ F$

2 DFS

2.1 1. Pre-order

```
[38]: class Node:
    def __init__(self, value ):
        self.value = value
        self.left = None
        self.right = None

class BinaryTree:
```

```
def __init__(self):
        self.root = None
    def insert(self, value):
        new_node = Node(value)
        if self.root == None:
            self.root = new node
            return True
        temp = self.root
        while (True):
            if temp.value == new_node.value:
                return False
            if new_node.value < temp.value:</pre>
                if temp.left == None:
                    temp.left = new_node
                    return True
                temp = temp.left
            else:
                if temp.right == None:
                    temp.right = new_node
                    return True
                temp = temp.right
    def dfs_pre_order(self):
        results = []
        # recursive function
        def traverse(current_node):
            # results.append(current_node)
            results.append(current_node.value)
            if current_node.left != None:
                traverse(current_node.left)
            if current_node.right != None:
                traverse(current_node.right)
        # yaha katai function cull ni bhako xaina
        traverse(self.root)
        return results
myTree = BinaryTree()
myTree.insert(50)
myTree.insert(60)
```

```
myTree.insert(70)
myTree.insert(5)
myTree.insert(15)
myTree.insert(2)

print(myTree.root.value)
print(f'-----')

myTree.dfs_pre_order()
```

50

[38]: [50, 5, 2, 15, 60, 70]

3 DFS

3.1 2. Post-order

```
[40]: class Node:
          def __init__(self, value):
              self.value = value
              self.left = None
              self.right = None
      class BinaryTree():
          def __init__(self):
              self.root = None
          def insert(self, value):
              new_node = Node(value)
              if self.root == None:
                  self.root = new_node
              temp = self.root
              while (True):
                  if temp.value == new_node.value:
                      return False
                  if new_node.value < temp.value:</pre>
                      if temp.left == None:
                          temp.left = new_node
                          return True
                      temp = temp.left
                  else:
                      if temp.right == None:
```

```
temp.right = new_node
                    return True
                temp = temp.right
    def DFS_post_order(self):
        results = []
        current_node = self.root
        def traverse(current_node):
            if current_node.left != None:
                traverse(current node.left)
            if current_node.right != None:
                traverse(current_node.right)
            # results.append(current_node) # mistake
            results.append(current_node.value)
        traverse(self.root)
        return results
myTree = BinaryTree()
myTree.insert(47)
myTree.insert(21)
myTree.insert(76)
myTree.insert(18)
myTree.insert(27)
myTree.insert(52)
myTree.insert(82)
print(myTree.root.value)
print(f'----')
myTree.DFS_post_order()
```

47 -----

[40]: [18, 27, 21, 52, 82, 76, 47]

4 DFS

4.1 3. In-order

```
[44]: class Node:
    def __init__(self, value):
        self.value = value
        self.left = None
```

```
self.right = None
class BinaryTree:
    def __init__(self):
        self.root = None
    def insert(self, value):
        new_node = Node(value)
        if self.root == None:
            self.root = new_node
            return True
        temp = self.root
        while (True):
            if temp.value == new_node.value:
                return False
            if new_node.value < temp.value:</pre>
                if temp.left == None:
                    temp.left = new_node
                    return None
                temp = temp.left
            else:
                if temp.right == None:
                    temp.right = new_node
                    return True
                temp = temp.right
    def DFS_in_order(self):
        results = []
        current_node = self.root
        def traverse(current_node):
            if current_node.left != None:
                traverse(current_node.left)
            # results.append(current_node)
            results.append(current_node.value)
            if current_node.right != None:
                traverse(current_node.right)
        traverse(self.root)
        return results
```

```
myTree = BinaryTree()
myTree.insert(47)
myTree.insert(21)
myTree.insert(76)
myTree.insert(18)
myTree.insert(27)
myTree.insert(52)
myTree.insert(82)

print(myTree.root.value)
print(f'-----')
myTree.DFS_in_order()
```

47

[44]: [18, 21, 27, 47, 52, 76, 82]