**Lab Book**

**Ex 2-1**



**Consumer.groovy**

// insert a modified println statement

*println* "the result was: ${i}"

**Multiplier.groovy**

// write i \* factor to outChannel

outChannel.write(i \* factor)

// read in the next value of i

i = inChannel.read()

**RunMultiplier.groovy**

//insert here an instance of multiplier with a multiplication factor of 4

**new** Multiplier (inChannel: connect1.in(), outChannel: connect2.out(), factor: 4)

**Output**

next: 1

next: the result was: 4

2

next: the result was: 8

4

next: the result was: 16

3

next: the result was: 12

0

Finished

**Ex 2-2C:\Users\Beej\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\INetCacheContent.Word\ex2.2_diagram.png**

**GenerateSetsOfThree.groovy**

//write the terminating List as per exercise definition

outChannel.write([-1,-1,-1])

**ListToStream.groovy**

// hint: output list elements as single integers

**for** ( i **in** 0 ..< inList.size)outChannel.write(inList[i])

inList = inChannel.read()

**CreateSetsOfEight.groovy**

// put v into outList and read next input

outList[i] = v

v = inChannel.read()

**Output**

Eight Object is [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

Eight Object is [9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16]

Eight Object is [17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24]

Finished

**Questions**

What change is required to output objects containing six integers?

**for** ( i **in** 0 .. 7 ) becomes **for** ( i **in** 0 .. 5 ) in CreateSetsOfEight.groovy

How could you parameterise this in the system to output objects that contain any number of integers (e.g. 2, 4, 8, 12) ?

Have the number the for loop be a variable that is read in from the console and can be decided by the user by writing it in the console.

What happens if the number of integers required in the output stream is not a factor of the total number of integers in the input stream (e.g. 5 or 7)

Numbers are left out and the process does not terminate because ListToStream.groovy can’t finish its for loop, and doesn’t send ‘-1’ to CreateSetsofEight.groovy