# **Easy GCD**

We call a sequence of n non-negative integers, A, awesome if there exists some positive integer x>1 such that each element  $a_i$  in A (where  $0 \le i < n$ ) is evenly divisible by x. Recall that a evenly divides b if there exists some integer c such that  $a = b \cdot c$ .

Given an awesome sequence, A, and a positive integer, k, find and print the maximum integer, l, satisfying the following conditions:

- 1.  $0 \le l \le k$
- 2.  $A \cup \{l\}$  is also awesome.

## **Input Format**

The first line contains two space-separated positive integers, n (the length of sequence A) and k (the upper bound on answer l), respectively.

The second line contains n space-separated positive integers describing the respective elements in sequence A (i.e.,  $a_0, a_1, \ldots, a_{n-1}$ ).

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $1 < k < 10^9$
- $1 \le a_i \le 10^9$

# **Output Format**

Print a single, non-negative integer denoting the value of l (i.e., the maximum integer  $\leq k$  such that  $A \cup \{l\}$  is awesome). As 0 is evenly divisible by any x > 1, the answer will always exist.

#### Sample Input 0

3 5 2 6 4

#### Sample Output 0

4

#### **Explanation 0**

The only common positive divisor of 2, 6, and 4 that is >1 is 2, and we need to find l such that  $0 \le l \le 5$ . We know  $l \ne 5$  because x=2 would not evenly divide 5. When we look at the next possible value, l=4, we find that this is valid because it's evenly divisible by our x value. Thus, we print 4.

### Sample Input 1

1 5 7

#### **Sample Output 1**

# **Explanation 1**

Being prime, 7 is the only possible value of x>1. The only possible l such that  $0\leq l\leq 5$  is 0 (recall that  $0\over 7=0$ ), so we print 0 as our answer.