

# Homework 08

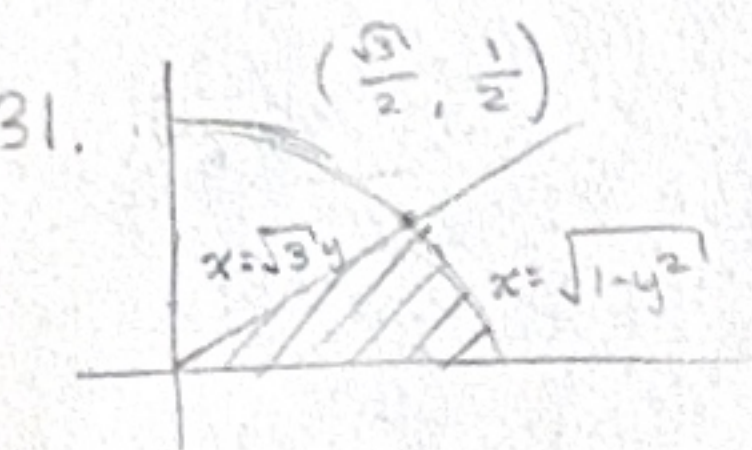
15.3

$$3. \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) r dr d\theta$$

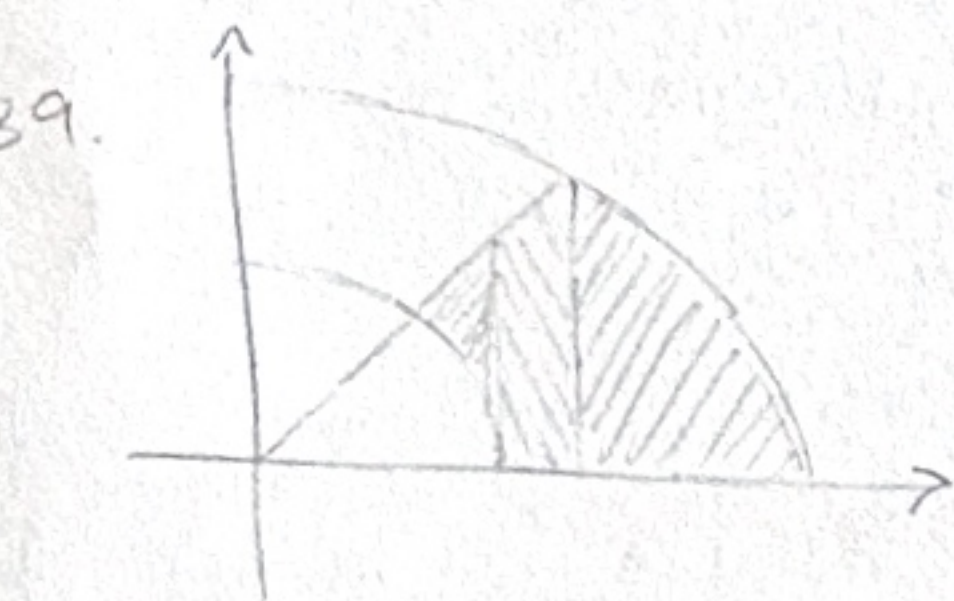
$$9. \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_1^3 r \sin(r^2) dr d\theta = \int_0^{\pi/2} \left[ -\frac{1}{2} \cos(r^2) \right]_1^3 d\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} (\cos(1) - \cos(9))$$

$$13. \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_1^2 r \theta dr d\theta = \left[ \frac{r^2}{2} \right]_1^2 \left[ \frac{\theta^2}{2} \right]_0^{\pi/4} = \frac{\pi^2}{32} \left( 2 - \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{3\pi^2}{64}$$

$$19. \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^5 r^3 dr d\theta = 2\pi \left[ \frac{r^4}{4} \right]_0^5 = \frac{625}{2} \pi$$



$$31. \int_0^{\pi/6} \int_0^1 r^4 \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta dr d\theta = \frac{1}{5} \left[ \frac{1}{3} \sin^3 \theta \right]_0^{\pi/6} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2^3} = \frac{1}{120}$$



$$39. \int_0^{\pi/4} \int_1^2 r^3 \cos \theta \sin \theta dr d\theta = \left[ \frac{r^4}{4} \right]_1^2 \left[ \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{2} \right]_0^{\pi/4} = \frac{15}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{15}{16}$$

15.4

$$3. m = \int_0^3 \int_0^4 k y^2 dy dx = 2k \left[ \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_0^4 = 42k \quad \bar{x} = \frac{21}{42} \int_0^3 x dx = 2 \quad \bar{y} = \frac{2k}{42} \left[ \frac{y^4}{4} \right]_0^4 = \frac{255k}{84} = \frac{85}{28}$$



$$5. m = \int_0^2 \int_{x/2}^{3-x} x+y dy dx = \int_0^2 \left[ xy + \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_{x/2}^{3-x} dx = \int_0^2 \left( x(3-x) - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{(3-x)^2}{2} - \frac{x^2}{8} \right) dx = \int_0^2 \left( -\frac{9}{8}x^2 + \frac{9}{2} \right) dx = 6$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^2 \int_{x/2}^{3-x} xy + y^2 dy dx = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^2 \left[ \frac{xy^2}{2} + \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_{x/2}^{3-x} dx = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^2 \left( 9 - \frac{9}{2}x \right) dx = \frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^2 \int_{x/2}^{3-x} x^2 + xy dy dx = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^2 \left[ x^2 y + \frac{xy^2}{2} \right]_{x/2}^{3-x} dx = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^2 \left( \frac{9}{2}x - \frac{9}{8}x^3 \right) dx = \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$



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$$5. \quad x^2 + y^2 = 3 \quad \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{(-2x)^2 + (-2y)^2 + 1} \, r \, dr \, d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} r \sqrt{4r^2 + 1} \, dr \, d\theta = 2\pi \left[ \frac{(4r^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{12} \right]_0^{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\pi}{6} (13\sqrt{13} - 1)$$

$$7. \quad \int_0^{2\pi} \int_1^2 r \sqrt{4r^2 + 1} \, dr \, d\theta = \frac{\pi}{6} (17\sqrt{17} - 5\sqrt{5})$$

$$13. \quad \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \sqrt{(-2x(1+x^2+y^2)^{-2})^2 + (-2y(1+x^2+y^2)^{-2})^2 + 1} \, r \, dr \, d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{4(x^2+y^2)}{(1+x^2+y^2)^4} + 1} \, r \, dr \, d\theta = 2\pi \int_0^1 r \sqrt{\frac{4r^2}{(1+r^2)^4} + 1} \, dr \approx 3.6258$$

$$17. \quad \int_0^1 \int_1^4 \sqrt{1+4+(3+8y)^2} \, dx \, dy = \frac{3}{8} \int_3^{11} \sqrt{u^2+5} \, du = \frac{3}{8} \int_{\arctan(\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}})}^{\arctan(\frac{11}{\sqrt{5}})} (\sqrt{5} \sqrt{\sec^2 v}) (\sqrt{5} \sec^2 v) \, dv = \frac{15}{8} \int \sec^3 v \, dv$$

$$= \frac{15}{16} \left( \tan v \sec v + \ln(\tan v + \sec v) \right) \Big|_{\arctan(\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}})}^{\arctan(\frac{11}{\sqrt{5}})}$$

$3\sqrt{14} = \sqrt{126}$

$\frac{\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{5}}$

$$= \frac{15}{16} \left( \left[ \frac{11}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{3\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{5}} + \ln\left(\frac{11+3\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{5}}\right) \right] - \left[ \frac{11\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{5}} + \ln\left(\frac{11+\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{5}}\right) \right] \right)$$

$$= \frac{15}{16} \left( \frac{22\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{5}} + \ln\left(\frac{11+3\sqrt{14}}{11+\sqrt{14}}\right) \right)$$