1 Sound waves

1.1 sound equation in inhomogeneous

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{1}{c_{-}^{2}(x)} \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} \right) = \nabla^{2} p$$

Eikonal solution approx $p(x,t) = a(x,t)e^{i\phi(x,t)}$

Notations:

$$\omega(x,t) = -\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t}$$
$$k(x,t) = -\nabla \phi$$

Reemplazano p en la ecuación:

$$\omega^2(x,t) = cs^2(x)k(x,t)$$

2 Transf fourier

Salida de mathematica de la integral de la transf fourier:

 $$Assumptions = \{Element[\{k0, z0, zf, zc, W\}, Reals], k0>0, z0>0, zf>0, zf>0, zc>0, W>0 \}$$ Print[FullSimplify[Integrate[Exp[- (z-zc)^2 / W^2] Cos[2 Pi k0 (z - z0)/ (zf - z0)] Exp[- 2 Pi I m z / (zf - z0)], {z, -Infinity, Infinity}]]]$

$$f1(m) = F(\frac{2\pi m}{z_f - z_0}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(z - z_c)^2}{W^2}} cos(\frac{2\pi k_0(z - z_0)}{z_f - z_0}) e^{-\frac{2\pi i m z}{z_f - z_0}} dz = \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{\pi (k_0^2 \pi W^2 + m(m\pi W^2 - 2iz_c(z_0 - z_f)) + 2k_0(m\pi W^2 + i(z_0 + z_c)(z_0 + z_f)))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}} \left(e^{\frac{4ik_0\pi z_0(z_c + z_f)}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}} + e^{\frac{4k_0\pi (m\pi W^2 + i(z_0^2 + z_c z_f))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}W$$

Salida de Fourier Transform mathematica con Fourier Parameters 0, -2π

\$Assumptions = {Element[{k0,z0,zf,zc,W}, Reals], k0>0, z0>0, zf >0 , zf >0, zc >0, W>0 } h[z_, k0_, z0_, zf_, zc_, W_]:= $\exp[-(z-zc)^2/W^2] \cos[2 \text{ Pi k0 } (z-z0) / (zf-z0)]$ Print[FullSimplify[FourierTransform[h[z, k0, z0, zf, zc, W], z, k, FourierParameters->{0,-2 Pi}]]]

$$f2(k) = \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f) + k \left(k\pi W^2 + 2iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 + 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f) + k \left(k\pi W^2 + 2iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}} \right) \sqrt{\pi} W_{\text{total}} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f) + k \left(k\pi W^2 + 2iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} \right) \sqrt{\pi} W_{\text{total}} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f) + k \left(k\pi W^2 + 2iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} \right) \sqrt{\pi} W_{\text{total}} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f) + k \left(k\pi W^2 + 2iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} \right) \sqrt{\pi} W_{\text{total}} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f) + k \left(k\pi W^2 + 2iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} \right) \sqrt{\pi} W_{\text{total}} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f) + k \left(k\pi W^2 + 2iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} \right) \sqrt{\pi} W_{\text{total}} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 + k \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} \right) \sqrt{\pi} W_{\text{total}} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left(k_0^2 \pi W^2 - 2k_0 \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_c \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 + k \left(k\pi W^2 - iz_0 + iz_0 + iz_0 \right) (z_0 - z_f)^2 \right)}}{(z_0 - z_f)^2} \right)$$

En esta reemplazo k = k / (zf - z0) y los graficos salen iguales $(f1(k) = f2(\frac{k}{z_f - z0}))$

Ademas la salida de:

\$Assumptions = {Element[{k0,z0,zf,zc,W}, Reals], k0>0, z0>0, zf >0 , zf >0, zc >0, W>0 }

$$\begin{split} &\text{f1[m_]} := ((\text{E}^(((4*\text{I})*\text{k0}*\text{Pi}*\text{z0}*(\text{zc} + \text{zf}))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + \text{E}^((4*\text{k0}*\text{Pi}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0}^2 + \text{zc}*\text{zf})))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2))*\text{Sqrt[Pi]}*\text{W})/\\ &(2*\text{E}^((\text{Pi}*(\text{k0}^2*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{m}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 - (2*\text{I})*\text{zc}*(\text{z0} - \text{zf})) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf}))))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf}))))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf}))))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf})))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf})))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf}))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf}))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{I}*(\text{z0} + \text{zc})*(\text{z0} + \text{zf}))/(\text{z0} - \text{zf})^2) + 2*\text{k0}*(\text{m}*\text{Pi}*\text{W}^2 + \text{zc})^2) + 2*$$

 $- zf)^2))$ $f2[k_]:=((E^(-((Pi*(k0^2*Pi*W^2 - 2*k0*(k*Pi*W^2 - I*z0 + I*zc)*(z0 - zf) + k*(k*Pi*W^2 + (2*I)*zc)*(z0 - zf)^2))/(z0 - zf)^2)) +$

 $E^{-(-((Pi*(k0^2*Pi*W^2 + 2*k0*(k*Pi*W^2 - I*z0 + I*zc)*(z0 - zf) + k*(k*Pi*W^2 + (2*I)*zc)*(z0 - zf)^2))/(z0 - zf)^2)))*Sqrt[Pi]*W)/2}$

Print[FullSimplify[f1[k]-f2[k/(zf-z0)]]]

es 0

Elijo f2 forma para simplificar (después de hacer los gráficos de los modulos de los valores de la función , tal como imaginaba la primera exponencial corresponde a la gaussiana de las frecuancias negativas y la segunda de las frequencias positivas):

$$f1(k) = f2(\frac{k}{(z_f - z_0)}) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 + 2k_0i(z_c - z_0)(z_f - z_0) + k^2\pi W^2 + 2ikz_c(z_f - z_0))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2 - 2k_0i(z_c - z_0)(z_f - z_0) + k^2\pi W^2 + 2ikz_c(z_f - z_0))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2 - 2k_0i(z_c - z_0)(z_f - z_0) + k^2\pi W^2 + 2ikz_c(z_f - z_0))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2 - 2k_0i(z_c - z_0)(z_f - z_0) + k^2\pi W^2 + 2ikz_c(z_f - z_0))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2 - 2k_0i(z_c - z_0)(z_f - z_0) + k^2\pi W^2 + 2ikz_c(z_f - z_0))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2 - 2k_0i(z_c - z_0)(z_f - z_0) + k^2\pi W^2 + 2ikz_c(z_f - z_0))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2 - 2k_0i(z_c - z_0)(z_f - z_0) + k^2\pi W^2 + 2ikz_c(z_f - z_0))}{(z_0 - z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi(k_0^2\pi W^2 - 2k_0k\pi W^2$$

$$\frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k+k_0)^2+2k_0iz_c(z_f-z_0)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)+2ikz_c(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2-2k_0iz_c(z_f-z_0)+2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)+2ikz_c(z_f-z_0)\right]}{z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k+k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2-2k_0iz_c(z_f-z_0)+2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)+2ikz_c(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2-2k_0iz_c(z_f-z_0)+2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)+2ikz_c(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2-2k_0iz_c(z_f-z_0)+2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2-2k_0iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_c(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_0(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_0)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_0(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_f)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_0(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_0)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_0(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_0)^2}}\right) = \frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left(e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_0(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)\right]}{(z_0-z_0)^2}} + e^{-\frac{\pi \left[\pi W^2(k-k_0)^2+2iz_0(z_f-z_0)(k_0+k)-2k_0iz_0(z_f-$$

Considerando $z_c=0$ las exponenciales son gaussianas con w = $\frac{z_f-z_0}{\pi W}$ la primera centrada en $-k_0$ y la segunda en k_0 y cuando calculamos el modulo las constantes $abs(exp(-2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)))=abs(exp(2k_0iz_0(z_f-z_0)))=1$ y la amplitud queda $\frac{W\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$ igual que se ve en el gráfico (con valores : z0=3.100, zf = 7.400, k0 = 60, zc = 3.745, W = 0.050) : con rojo había hecho el plot de la función entera y con verde y azul de las 2 partes al principio para estar segura que correspondían a las 2 partes

