HBP USER MANUAL - V2

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The information on this manual was written with software running on Microsoft Windows 8.1 but the same software can be found for MAC and Linux and the same instructions may work on other operation systems.

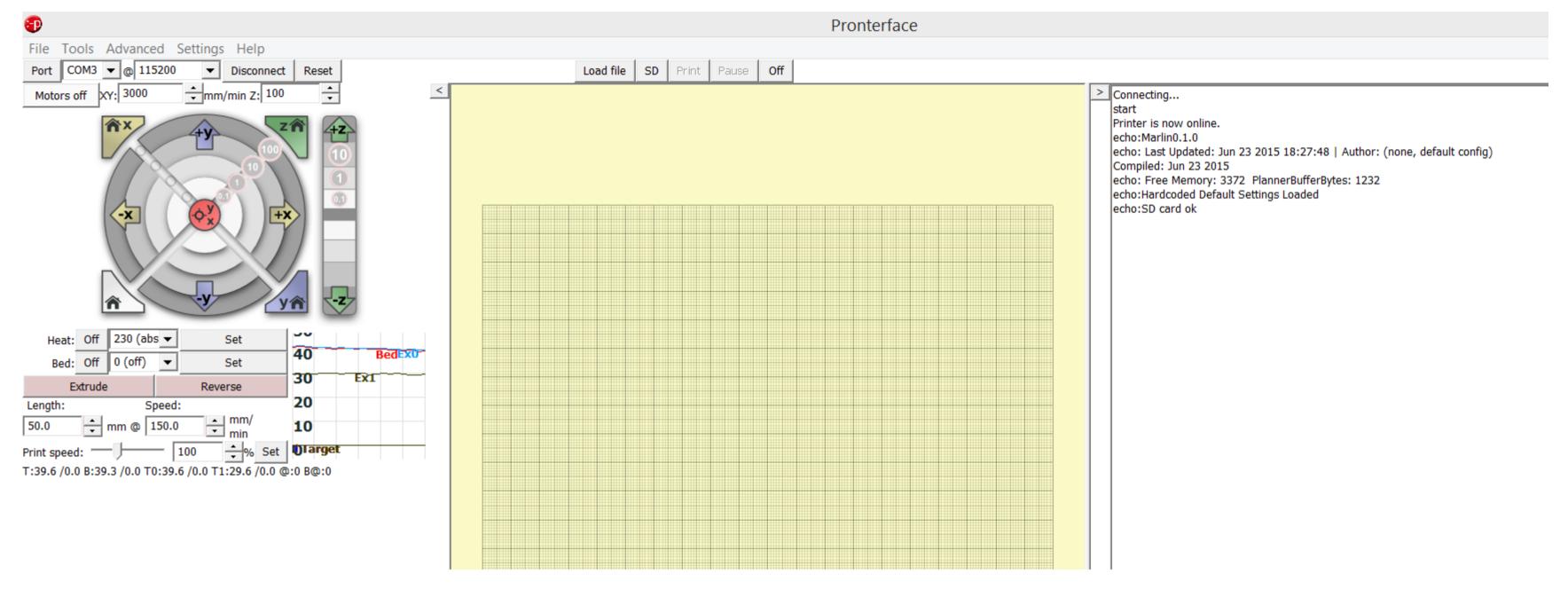
Software setup

In order to be able to control helloBEEprusa and print, you need to use an OpenSource software that is developed by the 3D printing community.

Pronterface

In order to help you calibrate the print bed, load/unload filament and do other operations, you can use the Pronterface software. Please download it from this link - version "Printrun-Win-Slic3r-03Feb2015": http://koti.kapsi.fi/~kliment/printrun/

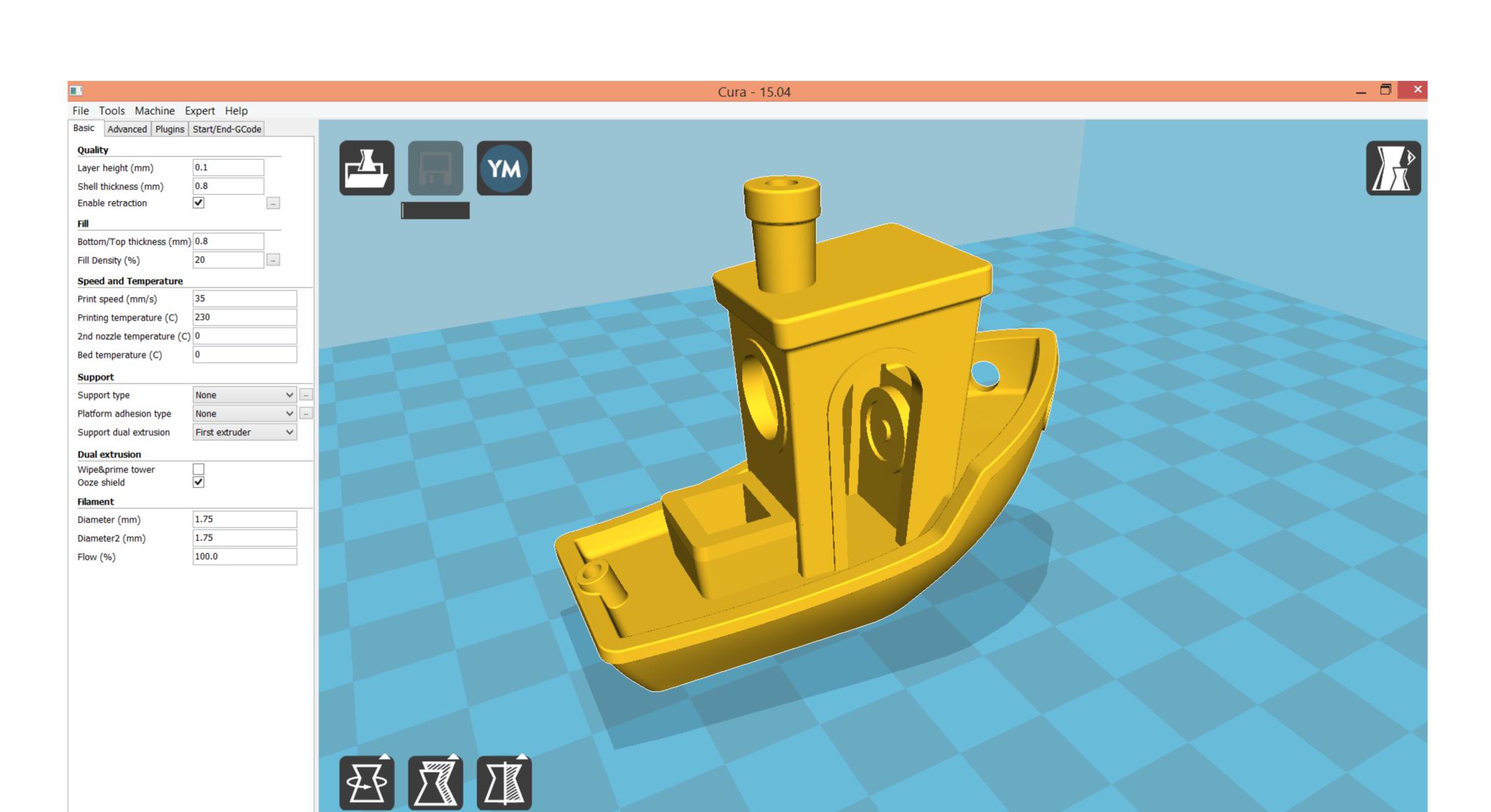
Pronterface screenshot:



Cura 15.04

In order to generate the G-code for printing, you can use the Cura 15.04. Please download it from this link - version "Version: 15.04": https://ultimaker.com/en/cura-software/list

Cura 15.04 screenshot:



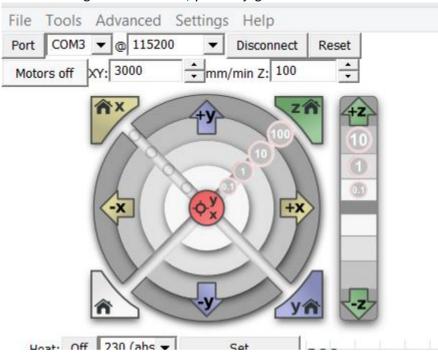
Preparing for first print

In order to be able to print you need to first calibrate your bed and load/unload the filament.

Bed calibration

You need to evenly calibrate the bed so the first layer of the print can adhere well to the bed, otherwise it may ruin your print.

Before starting to level the bed, you can jog the extruder and the bed using the jog buttons on Pronterface. You can move the Z axis in a way that the nozzle stays a bit closer to the bed and is essential for the following steps.

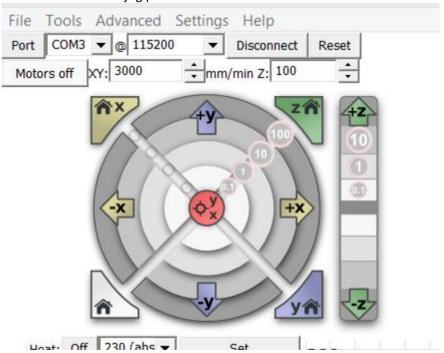


Now use the 3 screws to level the bed. You need to do it keeping the same distance from the noozle on all points of the bed.



Next step is to adjust the home Z axis so the nozzle can stay at a distance of about 0.2mm from the bed. You can use a paper sheet as reference for the needed distance.

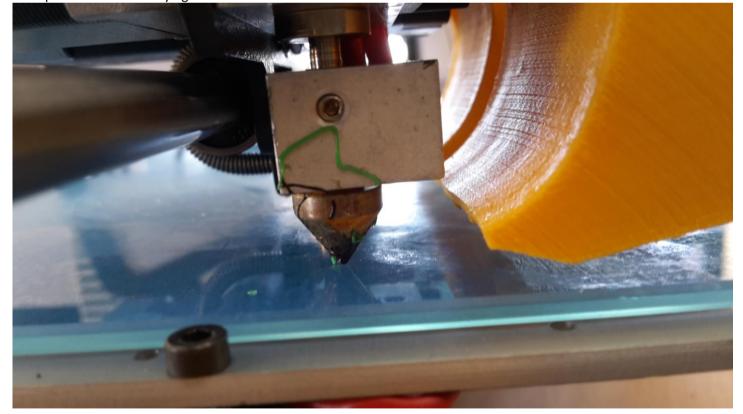
Use the Pronterface jog panel to home the Z axis:



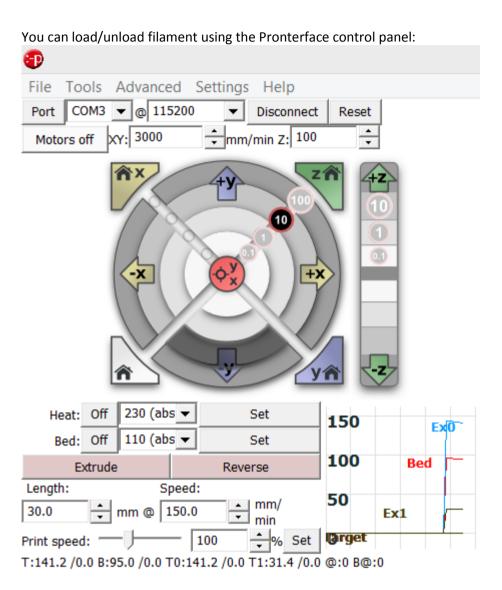
Now adjust the placement of Z endstop so when the home of Z axis ends, the nozzle stays at a distance of about 0.2mm from the bed.



Example of the nozzle staying at about 0.2mm from the bed:



Load/unload the filament



To load, first you need to set the extruder heating temperature and wait for the temperature to reach that value. You can look at the graph to verify. When the extruder reaches the temperature, then you can click on the Extrude button and then you can insert the filament on the extruder.

To unload, you also need to set the same extruder heating temperature. Afterwards, just click the Reverse button and gently pull the filament from the extruder.

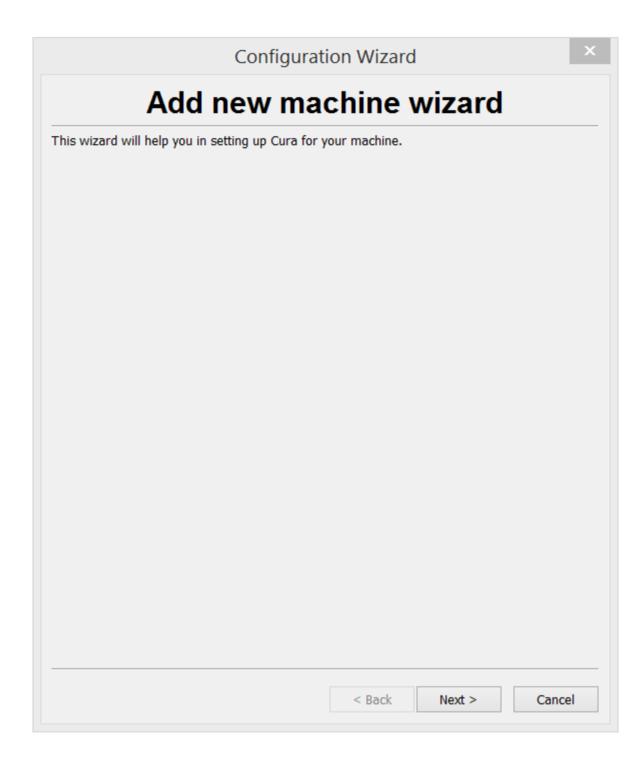
If you want to control the second extruder (ex 1), send the command "T1" on the Pronterface console in order to control the second extruder. Send the command "T0" to control again the first extruder.

First print

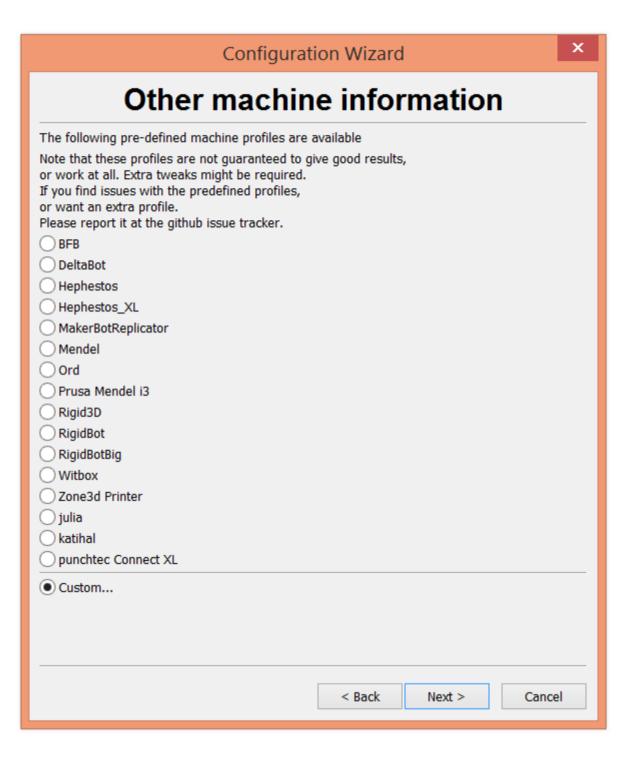
For our first print we will be using the free 3DBenchy 3D model - you can download it here: http://www.3dbenchy.com/ We will also configure Cura 15.04 to export the G-code. Finally we will save the G-code file on the SDCard and print it.

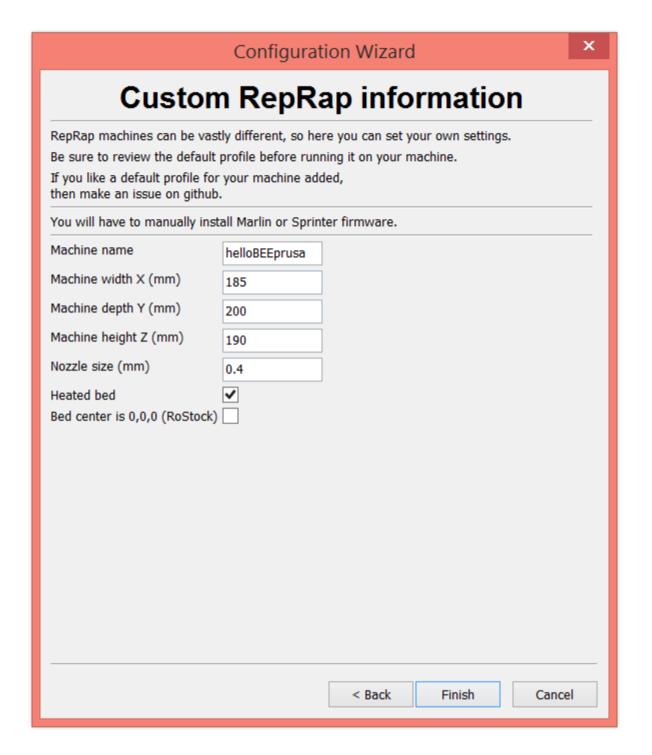
Add helloBEEprusa as a new machine on Cura 15.04

Go to "File --> Machine settings" and click on "Add new machine". Follow the next screenshots and use the same options.

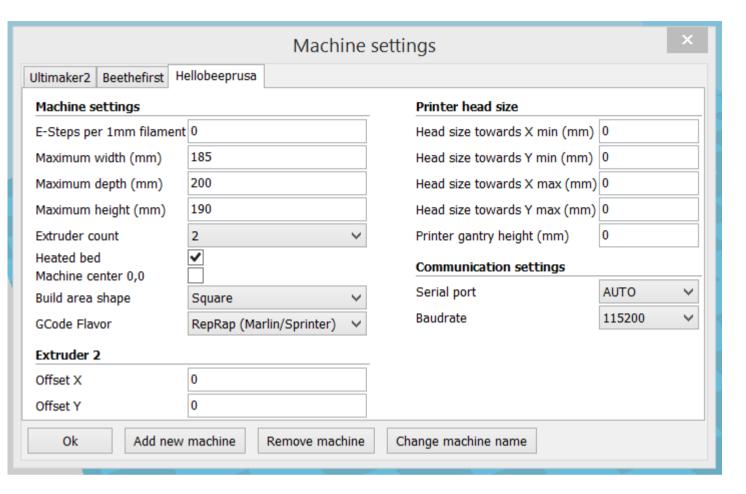


Configuration	on Wizard		×
Select your	machine		
What kind of machine do you have: Ultimaker2 Ultimaker2extended Ultimaker2go Ultimaker Original Ultimaker Original+ Printrbot Lulzbot TAZ Lulzbot Mini			
● Other (Ex: RepRap, MakerBot, Witbox) The collection of anonymous usage information her this does NOT submit your models online nor gath Submit anonymous usage information: For full details see: http://wiki.ultimaker.com/Cura	hers any privacy related		Cura.
	< Back Next >	Cance	el

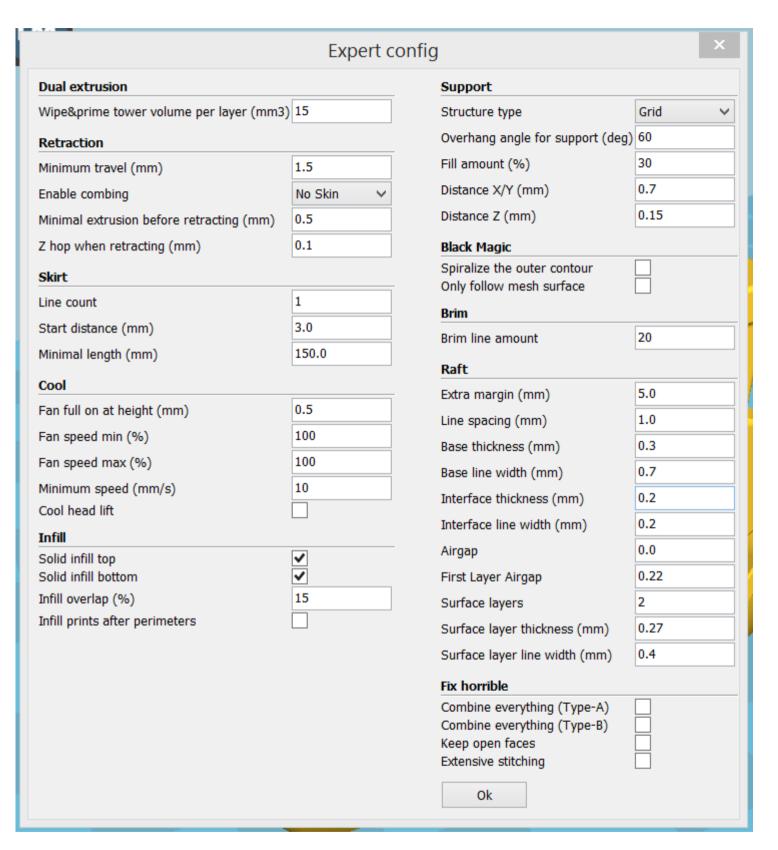




Access to "Machine --> Machine settings..." and compare with the following screenshot:

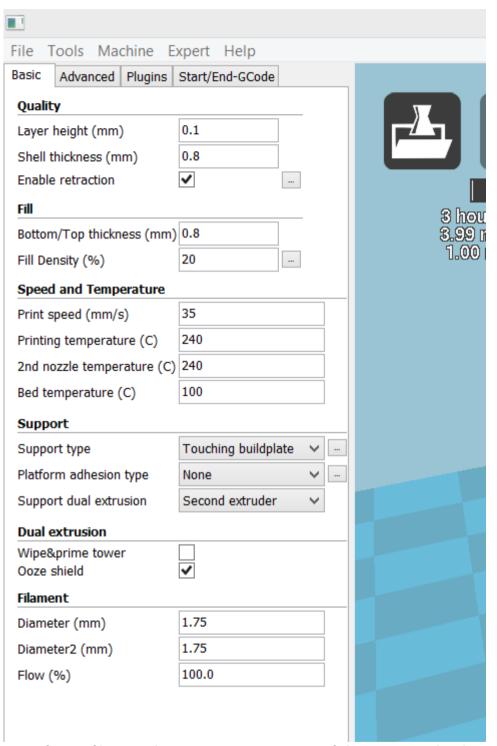


Access to "Expert --> Open expert settings..." and compare with the following screenshot:

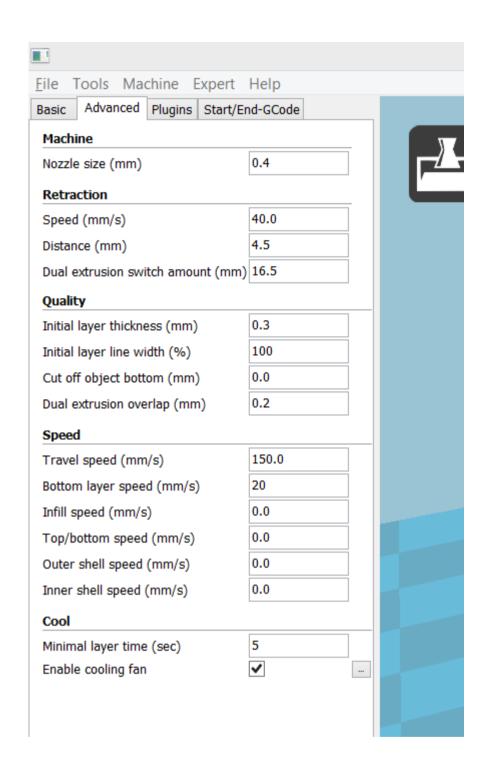


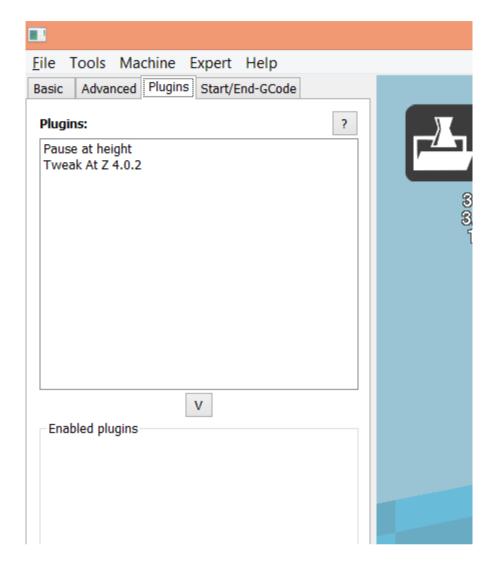
Configure settings and export GCode

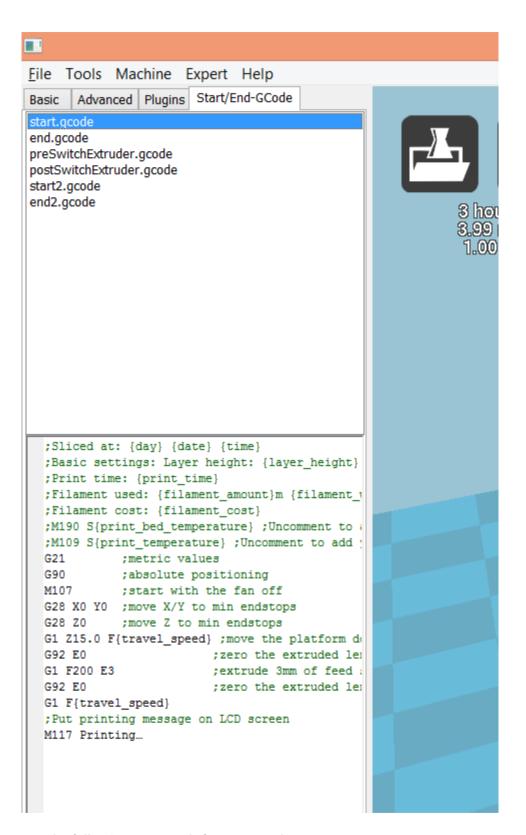
Follow these screenshots and use the same options.



NOTE: for ABS filament, choose Printing temperature of about 240°C and Bed temperature of 100°C or more. For PLA filament, choose Printing temperature of about 190°C and Bed temperature of about 60°C.







Use the following commands for start.gcode:

```
;Sliced at: {day} {date} {time}
;Basic settings: Layer height: {layer_height} Walls: {wall_thickness} Fill: {fill_density}
;Print time: {print_time}
;Filament used: {filament_amount}m {filament_weight}g
;Filament cost: {filament_cost}
```

;M190 S{print_bed_temperature} ;Uncomment to add your own bed temperature line

;M109 S{print_temperature} ;Uncomment to add your own temperature line

G21 ;metric values

G90 ;absolute positioning

M107 ;start with the fan off

G28 X0 Y0; move X/Y to min endstops

G28 Z0 ;move Z to min endstops

G1 Z15.0 F{travel_speed} ;move the platform down 15mm

G92 E0 ;zero the extruded length

G1 F200 E3 ;extrude 3mm of feed stock

G92 E0 ;zero the extruded length again

G1 F{travel_speed}

;Put printing message on LCD screen

M117 Printing...

Use the following commands for end.gcode:

;End GCode

M104 S0 ;extruder heater off

M140 SO; heated bed heater off (if you have it)

G91 ;relative positioning

G1 E-1 F300 ;retract the filament a bit before lifting the nozzle, to release some of the pressure

G1 Z+0.5 E-5 X-20 Y-20 F{travel_speed} ;move Z up a bit and retract filament even more

G28 X0 Y0 ;move X/Y to min endstops, so the head is out of the way

M84 ;steppers off

G90 ;absolute positioning

Use the following commands for preSwitchExtruder.gcode:

;Switch between the current extruder and the next extruder, when printing with multiple extruders

;This code is added before the T(n)

Use the following commands for postSwitchExtruder.gcode:

;Switch between the current extruder and the next extruder, when printing with multiple extruders.

;This code is added after the T(n)

Use the following commands for start2.gcode:

;Sliced at: {day} {date} {time}

;Basic settings: Layer height: {layer height} Walls: {wall thickness} Fill: {fill density}

;Print time: {print time}

;Filament used: {filament amount}m {filament weight}g

;Filament cost: {filament_cost}

;M190 S{print bed temperature};Uncomment to add your own bed temperature line

;M104 S{print_temperature} ;Uncomment to add your own temperature line

;M109 T1 S{print_temperature2} ;Uncomment to add your own temperature line

;M109 T0 S{print_temperature} ;Uncomment to add your own temperature line

G21 ;metric values

G90 ;absolute positioning

M107 ;start with the fan off

G28 X0 Y0 ;move X/Y to min endstops

G28 Z0 ;move Z to min endstops

G1 Z15.0 F{travel_speed} ;move the platform down 15mm

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ers.			

T1; Switch to the 2nd extruder
G92 E0; zero the extruded length
G1 F200 E10; extrude 10mm of feed stock
G92 E0; zero the extruded length again
G1 F200 E-{retraction_dual_amount}
T0; Switch to the first extruder
G92 E0; zero the extruded length
G1 F200 E10; extrude 10mm of feed stock
G92 E0; zero the extruded length again
G1 F{travel_speed}
; Put printing message on LCD screen
M117 Printing...

Use the following commands for end2.gcode:

;End GCode

M104 T0 S0 ;extruder heater off

M104 T1 S0 ;extruder heater off

M140 SO; heated bed heater off (if you have it)

G91 ;relative positioning

G1 E-1 F300 ;retract the filament a bit before lifting the nozzle, to release some of the pressure

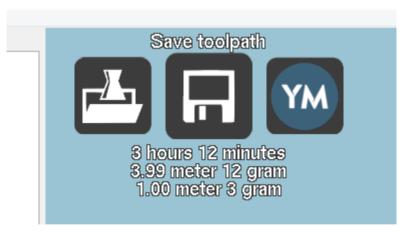
G1 Z+0.5 E-5 X-20 Y-20 F{travel_speed} ;move Z up a bit and retract filament even more

G28 X0 Y0; move X/Y to min endstops, so the head is out of the way

M84 ;steppers off

G90 ;absolute positioning

Finally export the Gcode by doing "Save toolpath" and choose the folder of your SDCard on your computer.



Now insert the SDCard on the printer by using the jog button, navigate to "Print from SD" and choose the file. Your printer will start heating and will then print the object.