

# Linear Equations

## MATH 3512, BCIT

Matrix Methods and Statistics for Geomatics

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# Systems of Linear Equations Introduced

Chaitali and Amulya go to a concession stand to buy fruit. Chaitali buys 5 bananas and 3 apples and spends \$13.50. Amulya buys 1 banana and 5 apples and spends 20 cents more than Chaitali. How much do bananas and apples cost at the concession stand?

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$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 5x & + & 3y & = & 13.5 \\ x & + & 5y & = & 13.7 \end{array} \quad (1)$$

# What Is a System of Linear Equations?

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5x & + & 3y = 13.5 \\ x & + & 5y = 13.7 \end{array} \quad (2)$$

This system of linear equations is the rule for the following set  $S \subset \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$ :

$$S = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid 5x + 3y = 13.5 \text{ and } x + 5y = 13.7\} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 5x & + & 3y & = & 13.5 \\ x & + & 5y & = & 13.7 \end{array} \quad (4)$$

There are several ways to solve a system of equations like this.

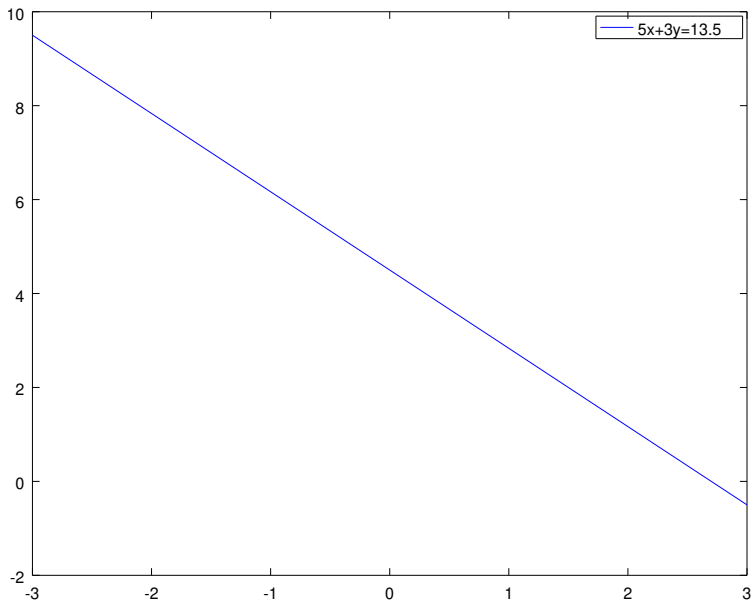
- Graphing
- Substitution
- Elimination
- Using a Matrix

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5x & + & 3y = 13.5 \\ x & + & 5y = 13.7 \end{array} \quad (5)$$

is equivalent to

$$\begin{array}{rcl} y & = & -\frac{5}{3}x + \frac{9}{2} \\ y & = & -\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{137}{50} \end{array} \quad (6)$$

# Graphing Method II



# Graphing Method III





# Graphing Method IV



# Graphing Method V



# Graphing Method Exercises

Find a solution to these systems of linear equations by graphing them and check your answer by substituting.

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} 7x & - & 6y & = & 19 & & \\ -5x & + & 2y & = & -9 & & \end{array} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} x & + & 3y & = & 12 & & \\ 11x & - & 2y & = & 27 & & \end{array} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} \frac{1}{2}x & - & 2y & = & \frac{9}{2} & & \\ -\frac{5}{8}x & + & y & = & -\frac{15}{8} & & \end{array} \quad (9)$$

# Substitution Method I

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5x & + & 3y = 13.5 \\ x & + & 5y = 13.7 \end{array} \quad (10)$$

The second equation yields  $x = 13.7 - 5y$ . Use this to substitute in the first equation

$$5 \cdot (13.7 - 5y) + 3y = 13.5 \quad (11)$$

therefore,  $-22y = -55$  and  $y = 5/2$ . Now substitute  $y = 5/2$  in the first equation (you could just as well use the second equation), so

$$5x + 3 \cdot \frac{5}{2} = 13.5 \quad (12)$$

which implies  $x = 1.2$ . A banana costs \$1.20; an apple costs \$2.50.

# Substitution Method Exercises

Find a solution to these systems of linear equations by using the substitution method.

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} 7x & - & 6y & = & 19 & & \\ -5x & + & 2y & = & -9 & & \end{array} \quad (13)$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} x & + & 3y & = & 12 & & \\ 11x & - & 2y & = & 27 & & \end{array} \quad (14)$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} \frac{1}{2}x & - & 2y & = & \frac{9}{2} & & \\ -\frac{5}{8}x & + & y & = & -\frac{15}{8} & & \end{array} \quad (15)$$

# Elimination Method I

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} 5x & + & 3y & = & 13.5 & & \\ x & + & 5y & = & 13.7 & & \end{array} \quad (16)$$

is equivalent to

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} 5x & + & 3y & = & 13.5 & & \\ 5x & + & 25y & = & 68.5 & & \end{array} \quad (17)$$

## Elimination Method II

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5x & + & 3y = 13.5 \\ 5x & + & 25y = 68.5 \end{array} \quad (18)$$

implies

$$(5x + 3y) - (5x + 25y) = 13.5 - 68.5 \quad (19)$$

therefore,  $-22y = -55$  and  $y = 5/2$ . Now substitute  $y = 5/2$  in the first equation (you could just as well use the second equation), so

$$5x + 3 \cdot \frac{5}{2} = 13.5 \quad (20)$$

which implies  $x = 1.2$ . A banana costs \$1.20; an apple costs \$2.50.

# Elimination Method Exercises

Find a solution to these systems of linear equations by using the elimination method.

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} 7x & - & 6y & = & 19 \\ -5x & + & 2y & = & -9 \end{array} \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} x & + & 3y & = & 12 \\ 11x & - & 2y & = & 27 \end{array} \quad (22)$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcrcl} \frac{1}{2}x & - & 2y & = & \frac{9}{2} \\ -\frac{5}{8}x & + & y & = & -\frac{15}{8} \end{array} \quad (23)$$



# Matrices and Systems of Linear Equations I

Remember our system of linear equations.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5x & + & 3y = 13.5 \\ x & + & 5y = 13.7 \end{array} \quad (24)$$

In matrix notation, we can write

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 13.5 \\ 13.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Matrices and Systems of Linear Equations II

Let's call these three matrices  $A$ ,  $v$ ,  $b$  respectively.  $A$  and  $b$  are provided, and we are looking for  $v$ . If we had  $A^{-1}$ , we could go from

$$Av = b \quad (25)$$

to

$$A^{-1}Av = A^{-1}b \quad (26)$$

which is the same as

$$v = A^{-1}b \quad (27)$$

# Matrix Row Operations

Another method to find the inverse of a matrix is using **matrix row operations**. There are three matrix row operations.

- **Row Switching** means you are allowed to switch two rows, for example  $R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2$
- **Row Multiplication** means you are allowed to multiply all elements of a row by a real non-zero number, for example  $\frac{2}{5}R_2 \rightarrow R_2$
- **Row Addition** means you are allowed to add one row to another and then replace one of the original rows by the sum of the two rows, for example  $R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_1$

Row multiplication and row addition are often used together, for example  $\frac{7}{8}R_1 - R_3 \rightarrow R_3$ .

# Matrix Row Operations

To find the inverse of a square matrix, we combine  $A$  and  $E$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

and apply matrix row operations until we get

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & x & y \\ 0 & 1 & z & w \end{bmatrix}$$

where

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix}$$

# Inverse Example

For our example,

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 25/3 & 5 & 5/3 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 22/3 & 0 & 5/3 & -1 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 22/3 & 0 & 5/3 & -1 \\ 22/3 & 110/3 & 0 & 22/3 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 22/3 & 0 & 5/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 110/3 & -5/3 & 25/3 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5/22 & -3/22 \\ 0 & 1 & -1/22 & 5/22 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Inverse Example

For step 1, we multiplied the first row by  $5/3$  (row multiplication). For step 2, we subtracted the second row from the first row and replaced the first row by the result (row addition). For step 3, we multiplied the second row by  $22/3$  (row multiplication). For step 4, we subtracted the first row from the second row and replaced the second row by the result (row addition). For the last step, we multiplied the first row by  $3/22$  and the second row by  $3/110$  (row multiplication applied twice).

# Matrices and Systems of Linear Equations III

Thus,

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5/22 & -3/22 \\ -1/22 & 5/22 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{22} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$v = A^{-1}b = \begin{bmatrix} 5/22 & -3/22 \\ -1/22 & 5/22 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 13.5 \\ 13.7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.2 \\ 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 1:** Marina had \$24,500 to invest. She divided the money into three different accounts. At the end of the year, she had made \$1,300 in interest. The annual yield on each of the three accounts was 4%, 5.5%, and 6%. If the amount of money in the 4% account was four times the amount of money in the 5.5% account, how much had she placed in each account?



# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 2:** The currents running through an electrical system are given by the following system of equations. The three currents  $I_1, I_2, I_3$  are measured in amps. Solve the system to find the currents in this circuit.

$$\begin{array}{rcccccccl} I_1 & + & 2I_2 & - & I_3 & = & 0.425 \\ 3I_1 & - & I_2 & + & 2I_3 & = & 2.225 \\ 5I_1 & + & I_2 & + & 2I_3 & = & 3.775 \end{array} \quad (28)$$

# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 3:** Find the equation of the parabola  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  that passes through the following three points:  
 $(-2, 40), (1, 7), (3, 15)$ .

# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 4:** Billy's Restaurant ordered 200 flowers for Mother's Day. They ordered carnations at \$1.50 each, roses at \$5.75 each, and daisies at \$2.60 each. They ordered mostly carnations; and 20 fewer roses than daisies. The total order came to \$589.50. How many of each type of flower was ordered?

# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 5:** The Arcadium arcade in Lynchburg, Tennessee uses 3 different colored tokens for their game machines. For \$20 you can purchase any of the following mixtures of tokens: 14 gold, 20 silver, and 24 bronze; OR, 20 gold, 15 silver, and 19 bronze; OR, 30 gold, 5 silver, and 13 bronze. What is the monetary value of each token?

# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 6:** In the position function for vertical height

$$s(t) = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + v_0t + s_0 \quad (29)$$

$s(t)$  represents height in meters and  $t$  represents time in seconds.

- 1 Find the position function for a volleyball served at an initial height of one meter, with height of 6.275 meters 0.5 seconds after serve, and height of 9.1 meters one second after serve.
- 2 How long until the ball hits the ground on the other side of the net if everyone on that team completely misses it?

# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 7:** Last Tuesday, Regal Cinemas sold a total of 8500 movie tickets. Proceeds totaled \$64,600. Tickets can be bought in one of 3 ways: a matinee admission costs \$5, student admission is \$6 all day, and regular admissions are \$8.50. How many of each type of ticket was sold if twice as many student tickets were sold as matinee tickets?

**Exercise 8:** Curve fitting. Determine the equation of the circle which passes through the three points  $(1, 1)$ ,  $(2, 1)$ ,  $(1, 3)$ .

# System of Three Linear Equations Word Problems

**Exercise 9:** You receive a coded message. You know that each letter of the original message was replaced with a one- or two-digit number corresponding to its placement in the English alphabet, so “E” is represented by “5” and “W” by “23”; spaces in the message are indicated by zeroes. You also know that the message was transformed (encoded) left-multiplying the message by the following matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (30)$$

Translate the coded message:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 105 & 62 & 53 & 107 & 88 & 37 & 52 & 31 \\ 99 & 76 & 19 & 92 & 81 & 16 & 49 & 14 \\ 149 & 25 & 189 & 185 & 131 & 124 & 75 & 99 \end{bmatrix} \quad (31)$$



# End of Lesson

Next Lesson: Vectors