Exponents and Logarithms

(1) Simplify the following expression,

$$\left(64^{\frac{4}{3}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}\tag{1}$$

(2) Simplify the following expression,

$$(16 \cdot 81)^{-\frac{1}{4}} \tag{2}$$

(3) Simplify the following expression,

$$\left(\frac{3^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4\tag{3}$$

(4) Simplify the following expression,

$$\left[\left(-\frac{5ax^2}{3b^2y} \right)^4 \div \left(\frac{5ax}{12b^3y^2} \right)^3 \right] \cdot \left(\frac{by}{2ax} \right)^4 \tag{4}$$

(5) Simplify the following expression,

$$\sqrt[3]{108} - \sqrt[3]{32}$$
 (5)

(6) Simplify the following expression,

$$(2s^3t^{-1})\left(\frac{1}{4}s^6\right)(16t^4)\tag{6}$$

(7) Simplify the following expression,

$$(3ab^2c)\left(\frac{2a^2b}{c^3}\right)^{-2} \tag{7}$$

(8) Simplify the following expression,

$$\frac{2v + 3w}{\sqrt{4v^2 - 9w^2}}\tag{8}$$

(9) Simplify the following expression,

$$\left(\frac{x^{-3}}{y^{-2}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^4 \tag{9}$$

(10) Simplify the following expression,

$$\sqrt[3]{x^{-2}} \cdot \sqrt{4x^5} \tag{10}$$

(11) Evaluate the following expression,

$$\left(\frac{7^{-5} \cdot 7^2}{7^{-2}}\right)^{-1} \tag{11}$$

(12) Evaluate the following expression,

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{-8}{27}}\tag{12}$$

(13) Evaluate the following expression,

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^0\tag{13}$$

(14) Show that

$$-\ln\left(x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1}\right) = \ln\left(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}\right) \tag{14}$$

- (15) Use the Change of Base Formula and the calculator to evaluate $\log_7 24$ and $\log_3 59049$.
- (16) Rewrite the expression as a single logarithm,

$$\ln(a+b) + \ln(a-b) - 2\ln c$$
 (15)

- (17) Use the change of base formula and the natural logarithm to evaluate: $\log_4 125$
- (18) Analyze the expression so there is no longer a logarithm of a product, quotient, root, or power:

$$\log\left(\frac{a^2}{b^4\sqrt{c}}\right) \tag{16}$$

(19) Solve the following equations.

$$4^{1-2x} = 2 (17)$$

$$8^{6+3x} = 4 (18)$$

$$3^{x^2+x} = \sqrt{3} \tag{19}$$

(20) Solve the following equations.

$$4^{x-x^2} = \frac{1}{2} \tag{20}$$

$$\log_x 64 = -3 \tag{21}$$

$$\log_{\sqrt{2}} x = -6 \tag{22}$$

(21) Solve the following equations.

$$5^x = 3^{x+2} (23)$$

$$5^{x+2} = 7^{x-2} \tag{24}$$

$$9^{2x} = 27^{3x-4} (25)$$

(22) Solve the following equations.

$$25^{2x} = 5^{x^2 - 12} (26)$$

$$\log_3 \sqrt{x-2} = 2 \tag{27}$$

$$2^{x+1} \cdot 8^{-x} = 4 \tag{28}$$

(23) Solve the following equations.

$$8 = 4^{x^2} \cdot 2^{5x} \tag{29}$$

$$2^x \cdot 5 = 10^x \tag{30}$$

$$\log_6(x+3) + \log_6(x+4) = 1 \tag{31}$$

$$\log(7x - 12) = 2\log x\tag{32}$$

(24) Solve the following equations.

$$e^{1-x} = 5 \tag{33}$$

$$e^{1-2x} = 4 (34)$$

$$2^{3x} = 3^{2x+1} (35)$$

(25) Solve the following equations.

$$2^{x^3} = 3^{x^2} (36)$$

$$2^{\frac{2}{\log_5 x}} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$e^{2x} - e^x - 6 = 0$$
(37)

$$e^{2x} - e^x - 6 = 0 (38)$$