Excel Term Projects

Due date: Monday, November 26, at 11:59pm. Late submissions attract penalties.

Do not open the csv files directly from your browser by left-clicking on it. Download it to your computer first (by right-clicking) and then open it from MS Excel. Location of source files (for both project A and project B):

http://www.streetgreek.com/lpublic/math1441/excel-project-A/

Project A

Open the file A01010077-pone.csv, where A01010077 is *your* student number. Enter the following in your address bar (replacing A01010077 by your own student number):

http://www.streetgreek.com/lpublic/math1441/excel-project-A/A01010077-pone.csv

Save the csv file as a xlsx file, leaving the name as is.

A company has a sales team of ten people in Africa. The file reflects their sales numbers (in Canadian dollars) per country.

- 1. Create a column and insert a formula counting the number of countries where the respective agent is active. Where the agent is not active in a country, the cell is empty.
- 2. Create another column and insert a formula showing the total sales of each agent (sum the dollar amounts).
- 3. Sort the spreadsheet by total sales amount for all of Africa, putting the agent with the highest sales number first.
- 4. Create a row and insert a formula showing how many sales agents make sales worth more than \$30,000 for each country. Put the maximum of all these numbers in cell A13, using a formula. Put the name of the corresponding country in cell A14.

Save the file and submit it in the appropriate dropbox. Project B is on the next page.

Project B

Open the file A01010077-ptwo.csv, where A01010077 is *your* student number. Enter the following in your address bar (replacing A01010077 by your own student number):

http://www.streetgreek.com/lpublic/math1441/excel-project-A/A01010077-ptwo.csv

Save the csv file as a xlsx file, leaving the name as is.

A physicist takes measurements of a distance (in millimetres) after a certain amount of time (in seconds). She records the result in a csv file. After looking at the scatter plot, she is fairly sure that there is a linear relationship with time as an independent variable and distance as a dependent variable.

- 1. Sort the data by time in ascending order.
- 2. Insert a scatter plot.
- 3. Insert a linear trendline and display the equation on the chart.
- 4. Below the data, record the following three times: 25, 45, and 60 (seconds). Do this in cells A23, A24, and A25. Then, record the projected distance for these times as a formula in B23, B24, and B25.

Save the file and submit it in the appropriate dropbox.