

ĐỀ ÔN THI CUỐI KÌ 2.1

Unit 1: Physical activities (hoạt động thể dục thể thao)

1. Ghi nhớ các từ vựng về thể thao và các từ vựng về nơi tập thể thao

a gym/ a pool/ an athletic field/ a track/ golf course/ a tennis court

Anna goes swimming in _____

I go running on _____

My father plays tennis in _____

Peter does exercise at _____

(Take a shower /Do aerobic /Taking a bath /Playing soccer)

After exercising, I always _____ (play football/ take a shower /Do aerobic)

To have a good shape. I have to _____ (do aerobic /taking a bath /eat fast food) every day.

(In good shape/ in great shape/ Out of shape/ In terrible shape/ Overweight/ Very skinny)

I'm _____ (in good shape/ in great shape/ Out of shape), because I'm quite fat.

I'm _____ (in good shape/ Overweight) I have to go to the gym more often.

My sister eats lots of greens and does gym, so she is _____ (in great shape/ Out of shape/ In terrible shape)

2. Cấu trúc thì Hiện tại đơn và Hiện tại Tiếp diễn

THÌ HIỆN TẠI ĐƠN

| | |
|------------|---|
| Khẳng định | I/ You/We/ They/Danh từ số nhiều + V nguyên mẫu He/She/It/Danh từ số ít + Vs/es |
| Phủ định | I/ You/We/ They/Danh từ số nhiều + don't + V nguyên mẫu He/She/It/Danh từ số ít + doesn't + V nguyên mẫu |
| Nghi vấn | Do + I/ You/We/ They/Danh từ số nhiều + V nguyên mẫu Does + He/She/It/Danh từ số ít + V nguyên mẫu |

THÌ HIỆN TẠI TIẾP DIỄN

| | |
|------------|--|
| Khẳng định | I + am + V-ing He/She/It/Danh từ số ít + is + V-ing I/ You/We/ They/Danh từ số nhiều + are + V-ing |
| Phủ định | I + am not + V-ing He/She/It/Danh từ số ít + is not + V-ing I/ You/We/ They/Danh từ số nhiều + are not + V-ing |
| Nghi vấn | Am + I + V-ing? Is + He/She/It/Danh từ số ít + V-ing? Are + You/We/ They/Danh từ số nhiều + V-ing? |

Câu 1: This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”? **Vivian doesn’t drink always coffee.**

A. correct B. incorrect

Câu 2: A: Boris weights every morning.

B: Does he really? He has such healthy habits!

A. lifts B. is lifting C. lifting

Câu 3: This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”? **She plays usually golf on Sunday.**

A. incorrect B. correct

Câu 4: This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”? **He is gift-wrapping them for me.**

A. Incorrect B. Correct

Câu 5: A: Hi. Can I speak to Angela?

B: Can she call you back? She_____a shower right now.

A. taking B. takes C. is taking D. take

3. Ghi nhớ cấu trúc với How often? (hỏi về mức độ thường xuyên)

(Trả lời: every day/ once a week/ twice a week/ 3 times a week)

Các cụm từ: In the mood/ Is really into (thích) / Is afraid of (sợ) / Is crazy about (điên đảo/nghiện) / Is fed up with (chán).

Ex: He always in the mood for desserts. He is really into sweets.

1. ____smaller portions and chew your food slowly. (Avoid/ exercise/ sleep/ eat)

2. ____fatty food and sweets, because they are unhealthy. (eat/ drink/ exercise/ avoid/sleep/)

3. I love cakes, but I try to ____ (eat/ drink/ exercise/ avoid/sleep/)

4. ____ regularly. Don’t be a couch potato. (eat/ drink/ exercise/ avoid/sleep/)

5. ____a lot of water and fruit juice. (eat/ drink/ exercise/ avoid/sleep/)

6. ____a lot of fruits, because they are very healthy. (eat/ drink/ exercise/ avoid/sleep/)

Câu 8: Don’t go to bed late. _____ at least seven hours.

A. Eat B. Exercise C. Sleep D. Avoid

Câu 9: Choose the correct meaning of the following sentence. “I’m crazy about tennis.”

A. I love tennis. B. I hate tennis.

Câu 10: Choose the correct meaning of the following sentence. “What are you up to?”

A. What are you doing? B. Where are you going?

Câu 11: Choose the correct meaning of the following sentence.

“Why don’t we play tennis sometimes.”

A. Can you explain why don't you play tennis?

B. Would you like to play tennis sometimes?

Câu 12: Choose the correct meaning of the following sentence.

“My husband is really out of shape.”

A. My husband doesn't exercise.

B. my husband exercises a lot.

Unit 2: VACATION (kì nghỉ)

1. Ghi nhớ các khoảng thời gian và các tính từ miêu tả kì nghỉ: (exciting/ relaxing/ terrific/ terrible)

(Hiện tại đơn) When do/ does...? (in the morning/ afternoon/ evening)

(Tương lai) When will you ...? (next month/ next week/ next year/ tomorrow)

(Quá khứ đơn) When did you ...? (last month/ last year/ last week/ yesterday)

Câu 1: A: When did you leave the restaurant? B: ____

A. next month B. on the morning C. at 9 P.M D. tomorrow

Câu 2: A: When will you go to the restaurant? B: ____

A. last month B. on the evening C. yesterday D. tomorrow

Câu 3: A: _____ days were you on vacation? B: We were on vacation for six days.

A. How B. How many C. How long

Câu 4: Choose the correct meaning of the word: “unusual”

A. strange B. terrible C. interesting D. relaxing

Câu 5: The bus trip was so _____. It took 12 hours!

A. comfortable B. scary C. short D. long

Câu 6: I had never seen anything like this strange but beautiful jewelry before. It was so ____

A. Unusual B. comfortable C. scary D. terrible

Câu 7: Choose the correct meaning of the following sentence. “come home ”

A. Get back B. Incredible C. fantastic D. awesome

Câu 8: I had a good vacation. The food was _____ (terrible/ fantastic/ wonderful/ comfortable)

Câu 9: The food was great , but the staff was _____ (terrible/ fantastic/ wonderful/ comfortable)

Câu 10: I stayed in an expensive hotel. It was so _____ (terrible/ fantastic/ wonderful/ comfortable)

Câu 11: Our trip to Paris was so _____ we visited many beautiful places. (terrible/ fantastic/ comfortable)

Câu 12: The concert was so _____ we really hope to listen again (terrible/ fantastic/ comfortable)

Câu 13: The weather was _____so we have to stay at the hotel all day. (terrible/ fantastic/ comfortable)

- ❖ **Từ vựng bổ sung:** Scary/ terrible/ fantastic/ very bad/ awful/ incredible/ great/ comfortable/ boring/ unusual/ huge/ relaxing/ wonderful/ unusual

2. Cấu trúc thì quá khứ đơn: (tham khảo liveworksheet trang 57,58)

| To be | V (động từ) |
|---|--|
| <p>Khẳng định: S + was/were + tính từ/danh từ</p> <p>Phủ định: S + wasn't/weren't + tính từ/danh từ</p> <p>Nghi vấn: Was/were + S + tính từ/danh từ?</p> <p>- Yes, S + was/were</p> <p>- No, S + wasn't/ weren't</p> | <p>Khẳng định: S + V-ed/cột 2 bất quy</p> <p>Phủ định: S + didn't + V-nguyên mẫu</p> <p>Nghi vấn: Did + S + V-nguyên mẫu?</p> <p>- Yes, S + did</p> <p>- No, S + didn't</p> |

Các động từ bất quy tắc phổ biến cần phải nhớ:

| V (nguyên mẫu) | V2 (thì quá khứ đơn) | V3 (thì hiện tại hoàn thành) | Nghĩa Tiếng Việt |
|----------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| buy | bought | bought | mua |
| do | did | did | làm |
| drink | drank | drunk | Uống |
| eat | ate | eaten | ăn |
| find | found | found | Tìm thấy |
| fly | flew | flown | bay |
| get | got | got | Có được |
| go | went | gone | đi |
| have | had | had | Có, ăn |
| leave | left | left | Rời đi |
| see | saw | seen | Thấy, nhìn |
| sit | sat | sat | Ngồi |
| sleep | slept | slept | Ngủ |
| spend | spent | spent | Tiêu xài, dành thời gian |
| swim | swam | swam | bơi |
| take | took | taken | Lấy đi |

1. What did you ____ at the restaurant? (eat/ ate/ eating/ eats)
2. When did you ____? (went/ goes/ go/ going)
3. What time did you ____? (cook/ cooks/ cooking/ cooked)
4. How ____ the weather? (did/ do/ was/ were)
5. How ____ the people there? (did/ do/ was/ were)
6. We ____ on the phone yesterday. (talk/ talking/ talked)
7. He ____ in a nice hotel. (stay/ stayed/ staying)
8. He ____ in a motel now. (stay/ stayed/ is staying)
9. My sister ____ back last week. (get/ got/ gets/ is getting)

10. My sister ____ back last week (didn't get/ don't get/ doesn't get/ not get)
 11. My sister ____ back last week (was/ were/ is/ are)
 12. My sister ____ back last week (wasn't/ weren't/ isn't/ aren't)
 13. A: What ____ yesterday? B: I walked to the park. (do you do/ did you do/ were you do)
 14. A: Where ____ yesterday? B: I went to the park. (do you do/ did you do/ did you go)
 15. A: ____ did you stay there? B: 2 weeks (where/ when/ why/ how long)
 16. A: ____ did go on vacation? B: I went to Hanoi (where/ when/ why/ how long)
 17. She ____ a great time in Mexico.
 A. Had B. arrived C. met D. went
 18. They ____ swimming every day in Phuket.
 A. meet B. went C. had D. arrived
 19. I took a ____ from Paris to Milan because I didn't want to fly or drive.
 A. train trip B. drive C. cruise D. flight
 22. The taxi drivers were not nice. They were cold and ____
 A. unfriendly B. lost C. Wonderful D. stole
 23. A: ____ were they at your house?
 B: Kyle and Susan? They were at our house last week.
 A. Where B. When C. How
 24. A: ____ was the food on the flight? B: The food on the flight was excellent.
 A how B what C where
 25. My in-laws ____ a cruise through the Panama Canal last summer.
 A. Are taking B. took C. take
 26. A: ____ on vacation? B: We went to Greece.
 A. where did you go? B. What did you do?
 C. How long did you? D. When did you?
 27. A: ____ stay there? B: two weeks.
 A. where did you go? B. What did you do?
 C. How long did you? D. When did you?
 28. A: ____ every day? B: We walked along the beach and enjoyed the Sun.
 A. where did you go? B. What did you do?
 C. How long did you? D. When did you?
 29. A: ____ get back home? B: Last night.
 A. where did you go? B. What did you do?
 C. How long did you? D. When did you?

Unit 3: CLOTHES (quần áo)

1. Ghi nhớ các từ vựng về quần áo

- Clothes are suitable for summer (mùa hè) / winter (mùa đông)/ class/ wedding party/athletic)
- Informal clothes (trang phục thường) : jeans/ T-shirt/ polo-shirt/ sweatpants/ sweatshirt)
- formal clothes: shirt/ pants/ suit/ dress
- Hosiery (tất/ vớ) : socks/ tights/ pantyhose
- Bags and accessories (phụ kiện) : purses/ belts
- Outerwear (đồ mặc bên ngoài) : jacket/sweaters/gloves
- Sleepwear (đồ ngủ) : pajamas/ nightgowns/ bathrobes

- Underwear (đồ lót) : boxers/ bras/ panties
- For Athletic wear (đồ tập luyện) : shorts/ running shoes/running pants
- Sweaters and jackets (áo len/ khoác) : crewneck/ cardigan/ turtleneck/ V-neck/windbreaker/blazer
- Shoes (giày) : oxfords/ loafers/ sandals/ running shoes/ pumps/ flats

Ví dụ: I am looking for a pair of shoes. Like these..... (loafers/ T-shirt/ turtleneck/ blazer)

I love sweaters. I have many In my closet. (loafers/ T-shirt/ turtleneck/ blazer)

Which clothes are inappropriate for winter? (shorts/ sweater/ blouse/ long pants)



2. Ghi nhớ các tính từ miêu tả về trang phục (expensive/ tight/ heavy/ good/ large/ warm/ popular)

appropriate : phù hợp inappropriate : không phù hợp

formal : trang trọng informal : không trang trọng

liberal : tự do, thoải mái conservative : bảo thủ, nhiều quy tắc

1. It is ____ to wear pajamas to go to school. (liberal/ inappropriate/ formal/informal/ conservative)

2. It is ____ to wear jeans and shirt to go to school. (liberal/ inappropriate/ formal/informal/ conservative)

3. These flip-flops are ____ for beaches. (appropriate/ inappropriate/ formal/ informal)

4. These flip-flops are ____ for meetings. (appropriate/ inappropriate/ formal/ informal)

5. What do you say to get the clerk's attention?

A. Excuse me B. That's not too bad C. Here you go

6. What do you say to say the price of the sweater is ok?

A. Excuse me B. That's not too bad C. Here you go

7. What do you say to she gives the shopper the second sweater?

A. Excuse me B. That's not too bad C. Here you go

8. It's cold here. Do you need a _____?

- A. Shorts B. Jacket C. Pantyhose

9. Boxers are _____

- A. Outerwear

B. Underwear & Lingerie

C. Hosiery

10. Sleepwear are _____

- A. pantyhose and nightgown
B. pajamas and purse
C. nightgown and pajamas

11. Belts are kind of _____

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| A. Hosiery | C. Accessories |
| B. Athletic Wear | D. Outerwear |

12. I bought a _____ yesterday.

- A. gloves B. Pair of gloves C. Pair of glove

13. I would like to buy a pair of oxfords. Let's see the _____

- A. casual clothes B. sweater and jackets C. shoes department
department

14. She bought a _____ last week.

- A. tights B. Pair of tight C. Pair of tights

3. Cấu trúc so sánh hơn và so sánh nhất

1. *Cấu trúc so sánh hơn:*

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Tính từ ngắn | Chủ ngữ 1 + <u>am/is/are</u> + (tính từ ngắn)- er + <u>than</u> + chủ ngữ 2 | Mai <u>is taller than</u> Hoa. My bag <u>is bigger than</u> your bag. |
| Tính từ dài | Chủ ngữ 1 + <u>am/is/are</u> + more + tính từ dài + <u>than</u> + chủ ngữ 2 | Mai <u>is more beautiful than</u> Hoa My bag <u>is more comfortable than</u> yourbag |

2. Cấu trúc so sánh nhất:

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Tính từ ngắn | Chủ ngữ 1 + <u>am/is/are</u> + <u>(tính từ ngắn)</u> -est + chủ ngữ 2 | Mai <u>is</u> the tallest student. My bag <u>is</u> the biggest. |
|---------------------|---|---|

| | | |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Tính từ dài | Chủ ngữ 1 + <u>am/is/are</u> + the most + tính từ dài + chủ ngữ 2 | Mai <u>is</u> the most beautiful student . My bag <u>is</u> the most comfortable . |
|------------------------|---|---|

1. This shirt is very tight. I need a ____size (larger/ more large/ larger than/ more larger)
2. Math is too difficult. English is ____ (more easy/ easier than/ easier/ more easier)
3. They are too large. I need ____shoes (smaller/ more small/ larger/ more large)
4. It is too small. Let me find you a ____one (tighter/ more expensive/ heavier/ more comfortable)
5. Let me find you a ____one (better/ gooder/ more good/ better than)
6. I wish they are ____ (more warm/ warmer than/ more warmer/ warmer)
7. This Apple speaker is _____ that Samsung speaker.
(more heavy/ more heavier than/ heavier than/ heavier)
8. Does this shirt come in a ____size? These are too tight for me. (bigger/ more popular/ warmer/ hotter)
9. The weather in Hanoi is ____in England (hot than/ hotter / more hot than/ hotter than)
10. He is ____his wife (taller/ taller than/ shorter/ shorter than)
11. Which sumo is ____? (More heavy/ more heavy than/ heavier/ heavier than)
12. Football in Vietnam is ____than in America (more popular/ less popular/ popularer)
13. My house is ____your house (bigger/ bigger/ more big/ less big)
14. This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”? Turtles are slow than crocodiles.A. Incorrect B. Correct
15. This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect” Cats are popularer than snakes as pets.
A. Incorrect B. Correct
16. Don’t take that nightgown to Hawaii! It’s __it is here.
A. more hotter than B. hotter than C. more hot than D. hotter than
17. A sea is _____ a lake.
A. More large than B. more larger than C. larger than D. larger than
18. The shorts are _____than Jeans.
A. more expensive B. more expensive than C. more expensive than D. expensiver
19. The diamond ring is _____the gold ring.
A. more expensive B. more expensive than C. more expensive than D. expensiver
20. That dinner was _____ meal we had on our vacation.
A. more delicious B. the most delicious

C. the more delicious D. most delicious

Tân ngữ:

| | |
|------|------|
| I | Me |
| We | Us |
| they | Them |
| You | You |
| She | Her |
| He | Him |
| It | it |

1. I have some Jackets. I love ____ A. her B. him C. them D. it
2. Don't you like this dress? - Yes, I really like __A. her B. him C. them D. it
3. This purse is too expensive. Don't buy ____ A. her B. him C. them D. it
4. She is my great friend. I love ____very much A. her B. him C. them D. it
5. I like that boy. I will invite _to the party tomorrow. A. her B. him C. them D. it
6. This T-shirt is very nice. I want to buy __ A. her B. him C. them D. it
7. These girls are so lovely, let's say hi to ____ A. her B. him C. them D. it
8. A: Did you want that blue polo shirt, sir?

B: Yes. Thanks. I'd like to buy _____. A. her B. him C. them D. it

9. I/ it/ for her/ buying/ am

A. It for her I am buying B. I am buying it for her C. I am buying for her it

10. getting/ they/ them/ for us/ are

A. them are getting they for us B. They are getting us for them C. They are getting them for us

11. For my son/ I/ them/ need

A. I need them for my son B. I need my son for them C. for my son I need them

12. Please/ it/ to me/ give

A. Please give it to me B. Please give me to it

13. It/ he/ is/ finding/ for me.

A. It is finding he for me

C He is it finding for me.

B. He is finding it for me.

D. It is me finding he for.

Unit 4: TRANSPORTATION (phương tiện giao thông)

1. Ghi nhớ các loại vé: one-way ticket/ round trip ticket (vé 1 chiều/ vé khứ hồi)

Tàu: the local/ express (tàu địa phương/ tàu tốc hành)

Chuyến bay: direct flight / non-stop flight (chuyến bay trực tiếp/ không dừng)

Ghi nhớ các chỗ ngồi: window seat / aisle seat

Dịch vụ: Limo/ taxi/ rental car/ hotel reservation

Câu 1. A: I'm sorry. It's too late to make the _____

B: Well, I'll take the _____. I'm not in a hurry.

- A. local/ express B. express/ local

Câu 2. A: Would you like a window or an aisle?

B: _____. I like to walk around.

- A. both B. an aisle C. a window

Câu 3. A: Do you want a _____ ticket to Rome?

B: Actually, I need a _____ ticket. I'm not coming back!

- A. Round/ one-way B. one-way / round

Câu 4. A: Is flight 3 a _____ flight?

B: No. It's a _____ flight. It makes a stop, but you don't have to change planes.

- A. Direct/ non-stop B. non-stop / direct

Câu 5. I'm travelling to Sokcho. I need a _____. I'm not coming back.

- A. Round-trip ticket B. One-way ticket C. Movie ticket

Câu 6. Two one-way tickets are usually more expensive than _____.

- A. a taxi C. a direct flight
B. a local D. a round-trip ticket

Câu 7. The express is faster than the _____.

- A. taxi C. direct flight
B. local D. round-trip ticket

Câu 8:

A: I'm sorry, It's too late to make the _____.

B: Well, I'll take the local. I'm not in hurry.

- A. taxi C. direct flight
B. express D. non-stop flight

Câu 9:

A _____ is from one airport to another, but includes one or more stops along the way.

- A. non-stop flight C. direct flight
B. local D. round-trip ticket

Câu 10: A _____ is more convenient than a direct flight.

A. non-stop flight

C. taxi

B. local

D. round-trip ticket

Câu 11:

A: Would you like a window or an aisle?

B: _____. I would like to walk around.

A. A window

B. A door

C. An aisle

Câu 12: The express bus is full, but you ____ take the local.

A. could

B. should

C. Couldn't

D. Shouldn't

Câu 13: He ____ take the express. The local arrives too late

A. could

B. should

C. Couldn't

D. Shouldn't

Câu 14: Mary is going to ____ a hotel reservation for her holiday.

A. book

B. take

C. make

II. Tình trạng của giao thông: (Overbooked/ bumped/ overboard/ overtime)

1. We missed our ____ (train/ bus/ plane) because we didn't arrive at the train station on time.

2. We shouldn't go on car, because I got ____ (carsick/ seasick/ airsick)

3. We shouldn't go on ship, because I got ____ (carsick/ seasick/ airsick)

4. We shouldn't travel by plane, because I got ____ (carsick/ seasick/ airsick)

5. There was an overbooking, we got ____ (bumpy/ bumped/ bumping)

6. I couldn't buy a ticket. The flight was ____ (Overbooked/ bumped/ carsick/ seasick)

III. Ghi nhớ các từ vựng liên quan đến chuyến bay: depart – arrive, take off – land, go through security, boarding pass, gate, passenger, agent, departure lounge.

When you¹ at the airport, you should take your luggage to the check-in counter and get your². Then you can³, where⁴ have to put all their hand luggage on the belt. From there you should go to the⁵ your plane is departing from. If you are early and your plane isn't at the gate, just have a seat in the⁶. When they call your flight, you can show your boarding pass to the⁷ and get on the plane. Be sure to turn off your phone before your plane⁸ from the gate. Enjoy the takeoff, and have a good flight!

IV. Thì tương lai gần: S + am/is/are + going to + V.

What are you going to do on your vacation?

Where are you going to go on your vacation?

Câu 11. I (need)_____ a hotel reservation in Brasilia.

A. am need B. am going need C. am going to need

Câu 12: A: _____ dinner on Friday nights? B: No, I don't. I usually eat out.

A. Are you cooking B. Did you cook C. Do you cook

Câu 13: _____ tickets for the express.

A. They are go to buy C. They is going to buy
B. They are buying D. They are going to buy

Câu 14: When _____ for the airport?

A. she is going to leave C. They is going to buy
B. are she going to leave D. is she going to leave

V. Ghi nhớ các động từ: Make/ stay/ get in/ leave/ choose/ miss/ forget/ catch/ know/ cancel/ refuse/ give up/ delete

1. Our train left five minutes ago. We our train (miss/ forget/ catch/ know)

2. Hurry, we are going to miss our..... (train/ flight)

3. I was late because they my train without warning. (cancel/ refuse/ give up/ delete)

4. We had a terrible time on a cruise. We got (airsick/ carsick/seasick/ motion sickness)

5. _____. Luckily, no one got hurt.

A. We missed our train C. We had mechanical problems
B. We had an accident D. We got seasick

6. _____ because the flight is overbooked.

A. We got bumped from the flight C. We had mechanical problems
B. We had an accident D. We got seasick

7. _____ but we could fix them. We still got there early.

A. We missed our train C. We had mechanical problems
B. We had an accident D. We got seasick

8. We had _____ problems.

A. machine C. mechanical
B. mechanic D. machinist

CAN / COULD/ SHOULD

Câu 1: This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”? Can they coming to the movie this weekend?

A. Incorrect B. Correct

Câu 2: This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”? She doesn’t have to working late tomorrow.

A. Incorrect B. Correct

Câu 3: (They/get)_____ a ticket for the express train. The trip on the local is very long.

A. Shouldn’t they get B. should they get C. They should get D. They shouldn’t get

Câu 4: A:_____ walking?

B: You can go to the park. It’s very nice.

A. Where can I go B. Where I can go C. Where can I going

Câu 5: They can’t take a train to the airport. They ____ take a taxi

A. has to B. don’t have to C. have to D. Doesn’t have to

Unit 5: SHOPPING ACTIVITIES (mua sắm)

1. Ghi nhớ các từ vựng về tài chính: (exchange rate/ cash/foreign currency/ ATM/ fee)

1. I don’t have much _____. Could I pay by credit card?

2. The entrance _____ to the park is \$50

3. Banks may charge the customers for using its _____

4. _____ is the system of money that a country uses.

A. Currency B. Cash C. ATM

5. Before you travel to another country, check the _____ of your currency against the currency of the foreign country you’re visiting.

A. ATM B. Exchange rate C. fee

6. Would you like to pay in _____ or by credit card?

A. ATM B. cash C. fee

7. You’ll get the best rate if you just get _____ at an ATM.

A. Foreign currency C. Fee
B. Exchange rate D. Credit card

8. Banks usually add a _____ for your transactions.

A. Foreign currency C. Fee
B. cash D. Credit card

2. How to bargain (trả giá)

| Buyer's language | Seller's language |
|--|--|
| <p>How much do you want for that? That's more than I want to spend. I can give you 20 for it. Would you take 20? All I have is 20.</p> | <p>How much do you want to spend? I could go as low as 70 I can't go lower than 70 You can have it for 70. How about 70?</p> |
| It's a deal. (đồng ý mua/bán) | It's a deal. |

Câu 1 Seller : How much do you ____ to spend?

Buyer: Would you take a hundred?

A. give you B. want C. have it for D. go as low as

Câu 2: Seller : That's not enough. But I can _ twenty for it.

A. give you B. want C. go as low as D. have it for

Câu 3: Buyer: Would you take ten?

Seller : That's not enough. But I can twenty.

A. give you B. want C. go as low as D. have it for

Câu 4: A: Would you like to try it on? B:

A. Yes, it's expensive. B. No, thanks. I'll just take it. C. It's a large.

Choose the synonym (chọn câu đồng nghĩa với câu cho sẵn)

1. I'm almost out of cash.

A. This shop sells good things. B. I prefer something cheaper. C. I don't have much money.

2. It can't hurt to ask.

A. I don't know how to ask for a lower price. C. I prefer something cheaper.

B. Don't be afraid to bargain.

3. Let's me show you something more affordable.

A. Here is a cheaper one. B. This shop sells good things. C. I prefer something cheaper.

4. I'm not very good at bargaining.

A. I don't know how to ask for a lower price. C. Don't be afraid to bargain.

B. I don't have much money.

5. But It's more than I want to spend.

- A. I don't know how to ask for a lower price. C. Here is a cheaper one
 B. I prefer something cheaper.

TOO / ENOUGH

Too + tính từ

Tính từ + enough

The vase is too heavy = the vase is not light enough

1. The restaurant is _____. I can not hear anything you said (noisy enough/ too noisy/ quiet enough/ too quiet)
2. These shoes aren't ____ because they are very uncomfortable. (enough big/ big enough/ too tight/ too big)
3. These shoes are ____ because they are very comfortable. (enough big/ big enough/ too tight/ big too)
4. I'm looking for a new fridge, my old one is not _____ (too fast/ fast enough/ fast too/ enough fast)
5. The printer is too slow = the printer is _____ (enough fast/ fast enough/ isn't fast enough/ isn't enough fast)
6. The class is _____ (enough interesting/ interesting enough/ interesting too)
7. The schoolbag is _____ (heavy enough/ enough heavy/ enough too/ too enough)
8. The laptop is ____ slow. I need to buy a new one. (too/ enough)
9. The vase is cheap _____ (too/enough)
10. It is not _____ expensive (too/enough)
11. I'm looking for a tablet that is light _____ (too/enough)

Câu 5: This sentences is "correct" or "incorrect"? I think this room is enough big for me.

- A. Incorrect B. Correct

Câu 6 "It can't hurt to ask." This sentence means...

- A. I'd prefer something cheaper. B. I don't have much money.
 C. Don't be afraid to bargain. D. This shop sells good things.

Câu 7: I'm at the airport gate. and my flight is going to depart soon.

I must give the agent _____ when it's time to get on the plane.

- A. a cancellation B. a passenger C. a boarding pass

Câu 8: A: How about this bowl for your grandmother?

B: Sorry. I don't think it's _____ for a gift.

- A. enough nice B. too nice C. nice enough

Câu 9: A: Do you think this sweater is too large?

B: Not at all. I think it's _____ for you.

- A. Too small B. enough small C. small enough

ĐỀ ÔN TẬP THI EOS 2

1. A: What are you doing tonight?

B: Sam and I _____ to the gym.

- A. Are going B. Went C. Go

2. She _____ English this afternoon.

- | | | | |
|----|-------------|----|---------|
| A. | Study | C. | Studies |
| B. | Is studying | D. | Studied |

3. What kind of ticket _____?

- A. they should buy
- B. should they buy
- C. they shouldn't buy
- D. shouldn't they buy

4. A: _____ walking?

B: You can go to the park. It's very nice.

- A. Where I can go B. Where can I go C. Where can I going

5. 125 yen? What a rip off! You got _____

- A. a bad deal
B. a lot of money
C. a real bargain
D. too much

6. I'm free this afternoon. We _____ go shopping at the farmer's market.

- A. have to B. can C. can't

7. A: I'd like to buy some running shoes for my son. What do you think of these? Do you think they're OK?

B: They're nice. Buy _____ for _____!

- A. Them/him B. It/him C. Them/her

8. This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”

“I think this room is enough big for me.”

- A. Incorrect
- B. Correct

9. This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”

“To tell you the truth, it just wasn’t relaxing enough.”

- A. Incorrect B. Correct

10. How often/you/go bike riding

A. How often do you go bike riding?

- B. How often are you go bike riding?
 C. How often you go bike riding?
 D. How often are you going bike riding?
11. We travelled by car. The _____ was pretty boring.
 A. Drive B. Flight C. Train trip D. Cruise
12. They _____ swimming every day in Phuket.
 A. Arrived B. Met C. Went D. Had
13. A: She wrote at least six books about Italy.
 B: I know. But which of her books is _____?
- A. More interesting C. The most interesting
 B. The more interesting D. Most interesting
14. This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”: **“We are giving they to her.”**
 A. Incorrect B. Correct
15. The airlines _____ my luggage.
 A. Lost B. Stealing C. Terrible D. Unfriendly
16. The bus trip was so _____. It took 12 hours!
 A. Short B. Long C. Comfortable D. Scary
17. My music system was very inexpensive. It was _____ one I found.
 A. Most affordable C. The most affordable
 B. More affordable D. The more affordable
18. Which travel special is _____ - the Hawaiian cruise or the European bus tour?
 A. More scenic B. The most scenic C. The more scenic
19. A: Hi. Can I speak to Angela?
 B: Can she call you back? She _____ a shower right now.
- A. takes B. is taking C. taking
20. I read on the beach and sipped cold, fruit drinks every day. It was so _____.
 A. terrible B. scary C. relaxing
21. I’d like to watch one of these movies tonight. Which is _____?
 A. the most interesting C. the least difficult
 B. the most comfortable D. the cheapest

22. "I'm not very good at bargaining."

This sentence means _____

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| A. I don't know how to ask for a lower price. | C. This shop sells good things. |
| B. I'd prefer something cheaper. | D. I don't have much money. |

23. Seller: How much do you _____ to spend?

Buyer: Would you take a hundred?

- | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|
| A. Give you | B. Have it for | C. Go as low as | D. Want |
|-------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|

24. My vacation was too long. It _____

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| A. was really interesting | B. was boring | C. was great |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|

25. Jody can leave the office early today. She _____ work late.

- | | |
|--------------------|------------|
| A. don't have to | C. have to |
| B. doesn't have to | D. has to |

26. she/ the/ tennis/ park/ plays/ sometimes/ in.

- A. She sometimes plays tennis in the park.
B. She plays sometimes tennis in the park.
C. She plays tennis in the park sometimes.

27. How long are you going to _____?

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| A. check | B. stay | C. left | D. make |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|

28. Seller: How about thirty?

Buyer: That's more than I want to spend. I can _____ twenty.

- | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|
| A. Give you | B. Have it for | C. Want | D. Go as low as |
|-------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|

29. We could _____ the 7:12 to New York.

- | | | | |
|-----------|---------|------------|---------|
| A. taking | B. take | C. to take | D. took |
|-----------|---------|------------|---------|

30. A: All of our ski sweaters are pretty warm.

B: But I want a really heavy one. Which brand makes _____ ones?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| A. Heavier | C. The most heavy |
| B. Heaviest | D. The heaviest |

31. The sweater is a medium. I wear a small. It's _____

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| A. too big | B. small enough | C. big enough | D. too small |
|------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|

32. I don't want to spend a lot of money. I'm looking for _____ MP3 player you have.

A. the least difficult

C. the most interesting

B. the cheapest

D. the most comfortable

33. Sarah is _____ person I know.

A. nice

B. the nicest

C. nicer

34. A: What do you think of this nightgown?

B: I really like _____.

A. Them

B. It

C. Her

35. A: _____ from her vacation?

B: Mary got back yesterday.

B. When did Mary get back

A. How did Mary get back

C. How long did Mary get back

36. A laptop is _____ than a desktop.

A. portabler

B. the most portable

C. more portable

37. A: _____ was the flight to London?

B: The flight to London was six hours.

A. How

B. When

C. How long

38. Cell phone cameras are _____ than digital cameras.

A. popular

B. more popular

C. the most popular

39. "I'm almost out of cash"

This sentences means _____

A. I don't have much money

C. I don't know how to ask for a lower price.

B. This shop sells good things.

D. I'd prefer something cheaper.

40. This sentence is "correct" or "incorrect"

"We often go bike riding in the afternoon."

A. Incorrect

B. Correct

41. You _____ be at the airport two hours before your flight.

A. shouldn't

B. should

C. could

D. couldn't

42. This sentence is "correct" or "incorrect": "We have eggs for breakfast once in a while."

A. Incorrect

B. Correct

43. My brother is crazy about soccer.

A. He loves soccer.

C. I'm off to the gym.

B. He doesn't like soccer

D. I'm going to the gym.

45. Which type of clothing is not usually for men?

- A. Pants B. Boxers C. Briefs D. Panties

46. Which type of clothing is not usually described as “a pair”?

- A. Gloves B. Shorts C. Socks D. Belts

47. Which is not a type of sweater?

- A. A crew neck B. A turtleneck C. A loafer D. A cardigan

48. Which is not on a department store directory?

- A. Lingerie C. Liberal dress
B. Bags and accessories D. Men’s casual

49. I’m flying from Tokyo to New York. I don’t like to get on and off a plane too often. What type of flight should I take?

- A. A local B. An express C. A direct D. A non-stop

50. I’m going to take the train from Barcelona to Madrid on March 12th. I want to return to Barcelona on the 17th. What type of ticket should I buy?

- A. A direct B. An express C. A one-way D. A round-trip

51. Sam and I ____ to the gym tonight. A. go B. are going

52. _____ dinner on Friday nights? A. are you cooking B. do you cook

53. Boris _____ weights every morning. A. lifts B. is lifting

54. Can Angelina call you back? She ____ a shower right now. A. takes B. ‘s taking

55. We have bikes, but we never _____ bike riding. A. are going B. go

56. Mr. Coyne isn’t in the office. He ____ golf. A. plays B. ’s playing

PHẦN II

Bài 1: Choose the synonym (chọn câu đồng nghĩa với câu cho sẵn)

1. I’m almost out of cash.

- A. This shop sells good things. B. I prefer something cheaper. C. I don’t have much money.

2. It can’t hurt to ask.

- A. I don’t know how to ask for a lower price. C. I prefer something cheaper.

B. Don’t be afraid to bargain.

3. Let me show you something more affordable.

- A. Here is a cheaper one. B. This shop sells good things. C. I prefer something cheaper.

4. I'm not very good at bargaining.

A. I don't know how to ask for a lower price.

C. Don't be afraid to bargain.

B. I don't have much money.

5. But it's more than I want to spend.

A. I don't know how to ask for a lower price.

C. Here is a cheaper one.

B. I prefer something cheaper.

Câu 6 "It can't hurt to ask." This sentence means...

A. I'd prefer something cheaper.

C. Don't be afraid to bargain.

B. I don't have much money.

D. This shop sells good things.

Câu 7: I'm at the airport gate, and my flight is going to depart soon.

I must give the agent _____ when it's time to get on the plane.

A. a cancellation

B. a passenger

C. a boarding pass

Câu 8:

Anna: How about this bowl for your grandmother?

Mary: Sorry. I don't think it's _____ for a gift.

A. enough nice

B. too nice

C. nice enough

Câu 9:

Harry: Do you think this sweater is too large?

Peter: Not at all. I think it's _____ for you.

A. Too small

B. enough small

C. small enough

Câu 10 Seller : How much do you _____ to spend?

Buyer: Would you take a hundred?

A. give you B. want C. have it for D. go as low as

Câu 11: Seller : That's not enough. But I can _____ twenty for it.

A. give you B. want C. go as low as D. have it for

Câu 12: Buyer: Would you take ten?

Seller : That's not enough. But I can _____ twenty.

A. give you B. want C. go as low as D. have it for

Câu 13: A: Would you like to try it on? B:

A. Yes, it's expensive. B. No, thanks. I'll just take it. C. It's a large.

Câu 14: This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”?

Can they coming to the movie this weekend?

A. Incorrect B. Correct

Câu 2: This sentence is “correct” or “incorrect”?

She doesn’t have to working late tomorrow.

A. Incorrect B. Correct

Câu 3: (They/get)_____ a ticket for the express train. The trip on the local is very long.

A. Shouldn’t they get C. They should get
B. should they get D. They shouldn’t get

Câu 4: Anna: _____ walking?

Annie: You can go to the park. It’s very nice.

A. Where can I go B. Where I can go C. Where can I going

Câu 5: They can’t take a train to the airport. They ____ take a taxi

A. has to B. don’t have to
C. have to D. Doesn’t have to

Bài 2:

1.This shirt is very tight. I need a ____size. (larger/ more large/ larger than/ more larger)

2. Math is too difficult. English is _____. (more easy/ easier than/ easier/ more easier)

3. They are too large. I need _____shoes. (smaller/ more small/ larger/ more large)

4. It is too small. Let me find you a ____one. (tighter/ more expensive/ heavier/ more comfortable)

5. Let me find you a ____one. (better/ gooder/ more good/ better than)

6. I wish they are _____. (more warm/ warmer than/ more warmer/ warmer)

7. This Apple speaker is _____ that Samsung speaker. (more heavy/ more heavier than/ heavier than/ heavier)

8. Does this shirt come in a ____size? These are too tight for me. (bigger/ more popular/ warmer/ hotter)

9. The weather in Hanoi is ____in England. (hot than/ hotter / more hot than/ hotter than)

10. _____ is the system of money that a country uses.

A. Currency B. Cash C. ATM

11. Before you travel to another country, check the ____ of your currency against the currency of the foreign country you’re visiting.

A. ATM B. Exchange rate C. fee

12. Would you like to pay in____ or by credit card?

A. ATM

B. cash

C. fee

13. You'll get the best rate if you just get ____ at an ATM.

A. Foreign currency

B. Exchange rate

C. Fee

D. Credit card

14. Banks usually add a ____ for your transactions.

A. Foreign currency

B. cash

C. Fee

D. Credit card

Bài 3:

1. I _____ shopping two days ago.

A. go

B. went

C. has gone

D. was go

2. The boy _____ in the garden two minutes ago.

A. was

B. is

C. did

D. were

3. The students _____ black trousers and blue T-shirts last year.

A. were wear

B. wears

C. wore

D. did wear

4. His mother _____ take any photos in her last vacation.

A. wasn't

B. don't

C. didn't

D. weren't

5. He didn't _____ the question.

A. understood

C. understands

B. understanding

D. understand

6. The family _____ fish for dinner yesterday.

A. has

B. had

C. was had

D. have

7. Where _____ you stay in London last month?

A. was

B. were

C. are

D. did

8. She _____ a new car last week.

A. bought

B. buy

C. buys

D. was buy

9. What did they _____ in the aquarium?

A. see

B. were see

C. saw

D. seeing

10. Did they play football _____?

A. now

C. yesterday

B. at the moment

D. for

11. He is _____ his wife. (taller/ taller than/ shorter/ shorter than)

12. The bed was very uncomfortable. I _____ sleep very well.

- A. didn't C. wasn't
- B. did D. not
13. Which sumo is ____? (A. More heavy/ B.more heavy than/ C.heavier/ D.heavier than)
14. Football in Vietnam is ____than in America. (A.more popular/ B.less popular/ C.popularer)
15. This sentence is "correct" or "incorrect": "Cats are popularer than snakes as pets."
- A. Incorrect B. Correct
16. Don't take that nightgown to Hawaii! It's ____it is here.
- A. more hotter than B. hotter than
- C. more hot than D. hoter than
17. A sea is _____ a lake.
- A. More large than B. more larger than
- C. larger than D. larger than
18. The shorts are _____than Jeans.
- A. more expensive B. more expensive than
- C. more expensive than D. expensiver
19. The diamond ring is _____the gold ring.
- A. more expensive B. more expensive than
- C. more expensive than D. expensiver
20. That dinner was ____ meal we had on our vacation.
- A. more delicious B. the most delicious
- C. the more delicious D. most delicious
21. My house is _____than your house. (A.biger / B.bigger/ C.more big/ D.less big)
22. This sentence is "correct" or "incorrect"? **"Turtles are slow than crocodiles."**
- A. Incorrect B. Correct
23. My players are _____ than portable CD players. A. The most popular B. more popular
24. Which of these three windbreakers is _____? A. The warmest B. warmer
25. This digital camera is too expensive. Do you have something _____?
- A. cheaper B. the cheapest
26. Sarah is _____ person I know. A. The nicest B. nicer
27. Which language is _____ to learn, Mandarin or Hindi?

A. More difficult B. the most difficult

28. Le Chen is _____ restaurant in the city. A. The most expensive B. more expensive

29. Where/ you/ play basketball/ this afternoon?

- A. Where are you play basketball this afternoon?
- B. Where do you play basketball this afternoon?
- C. Where are you playing basketball this afternoon?
- D. Where you play basketball this afternoon?

30. I'm _____. I have to go to the gym more often.

- A. out of shape
- B. in great shape
- C. in good shape

31. Ethan's always in the mood for desserts. He _____ sweets.

- A. is afraid of
- B. is crazy about
- C. is really into
- D. is fed up with

32. We stayed in an expensive hotel. It was so _____

- A. comfortable
- B. Boring
- C. Terrible
- D. scary

33. The entertainment was absolutely _____. We really hope to listen to it again.

- A. Terrible
- B. Wonderful
- C. pretty awful
- D. unusual

34. Which sentence is correct?

- A. Where did you stayed during the trip?
- B. How long were your cruise?
- C. What you did all day long?
- D. When did you arrive?

35. My vacation was so bad. The weather was _____ so we had to stay at the hotel all day.

- A. Terrible
- B. Terrific
- C. Exciting
- D. relaxing

36. Choose the correct answer

- A. She should buy a round-trip ticket.
- B. She should buys a round-trip ticket.
- C. She should buying a round-trip ticket.
- D. She shoulds buy a round-trip ticket.

37. Did you _____ a hotel reservation?

- A. Buy
- B. Do
- C. Have
- D. choose

38. I couldn't buy a ticket. The flight was _____

- A. Overboard
- B. Overbooked
- C. Bumped
- D. overtime

39. There was an overbooking. We got _____ from our flight.

- A. Airsick
- B. Bumped
- C. motion sickness
- D. bumpy

40. Can I still _____ the 5:30 train?

- A. Make B. Stay C. Check D. left

41. When you ask a salesperson for a lower price, you say: _____

- A. It's a deal. C. How much do you want to spend?
B. Do you accept credit card? D. That's more than I want to spend.

42. If you don't want to spend a lot, the Raxx is _____ camcorder you can buy

- A. more expensive C. expensiver
B. the least expensive D. the most expensive

43. When customers say, "It's a deal," they mean that they.....

- A. agree with the price and will buy the product.
B. will leave the store without buying anything.
C. are trying to ask for a lower price.
D. are not happy with the price.