Rock Paper Scissors

Let's play the famous game against our computer.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rock%E2%80%93paper%E2%80%93scissors (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rock%E2%80%93paper%E2%80%93scissors)

The use of functions is recommended

Goals

- 1. Use of loop
- 2. Data capture by console
- 3. Use if-elif-else
- 4. Use of try-except
- 5. Definition of functions. Modular programming
- 6. Logical operators.
- 7. Print
- 8. Import modules

```
In [ ]:
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```
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/306400/how-to-randomly-select-an-item-fr
om-a-list
import random
# Assign to a list the 3 possible options: 'stone', 'paper' or 'scissors'.
options = ['stone', 'paper', 'scissors']
# Assign a variable to the maximum number of games: 1, 3, 5, etc ...
max games = 3
# Assign a variable to the number of games a player must win to win.
# Preferably the value will be based on the number of maximum games
must win = 2
# Define a function that randomly returns one of the 3 options.
# This will correspond to the play of the machine. Totally random.
def play_game(lst):
   return random.choice(lst)
# Define a function that asks your choice: 'stone', 'paper' or 'scissors'
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```
# you should only allow one of the 3 options. This is defensive programming.
# If it is not stone, paper or scissors keep asking until it is.
def ask for choice():
    choice = ""
    while choice == "":
        print ("Your turn:")
        a = input()
        if a in options:
            choice = a
    return choice
# Define a function that resolves a combat.
# Returns 0 if there is a tie, 1 if the machine wins, 2 if the human player wi
def combat(options):
    machine choice = play game(options)
    human_choice = ask_for_choice()
    result = "tie"
    if machine choice == human choice:
        result = "tie"
    elif machine choice == 'stone':
        if human_choice == 'paper':
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    elif machine choice == 'paper':
        if human choice == 'scissors':
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    else:
        if human choice == 'stone':
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    return [result, machine_choice, human_choice]
# Define a function that shows the choice of each player and the state of the
game
# This function should be used every time accumulated points are updated
def play complete game(options):
    number_games = 0
    results list = []
    wins_human = 0
    wins machine = 0
    while (wins human < 2) and (wins machine < 2):
        number_games += 1
        start combat = combat(options)
        results_list.append(start_combat[0])
        print ("Game n^{o} {number_games}: M:{choice_machine} - H:{choice_human}.
Accumulated results: {acumulated results} ".format(number games = number games,
choice machine = start combat[1], choice human = start combat[2], acumulated r
esults = results list))
```

```
if start_combat[0] == "machine";
            wins machine += 1
        elif start_combat[0] == "human":
            wins human += 1
    if wins_human > wins_machine:
        winner = "human"
    elif wins human == wins machine:
        winner = "no one"
    else:
        winner = "machine"
    return "The game is finished, {winner} wins!".format(winner = winner)
print(play complete game(options))
# Create two variables that accumulate the wins of each participant
# Create a loop that iterates while no player reaches the minimum of wins
# necessary to win. Inside the loop solves the play of the
# machine and ask the player's. Compare them and update the value of the varia
# that accumulate the wins of each participant.
# Print by console the winner of the game based on who has more accumulated wi
ns
11 11 11
```

Your turn:

Expected output: Depends on the inputs, you know how to play and what to expect.

Bonus: Stone, paper, scissors, lizard, spock

Now the improvement begins.



http://www.samkass.com/theories/RPSSL.html (http://www.samkass.com/theories/RPSSL.html)

You are asked to impliment some improvements with respect to the simple previous game. In addition, the number of games (which must be ODD) will be requested per console until a valid number is entered.

Improvements:

- 5 options: stone, paper, scissors, lizard, spock
- The number of games is requested per console Tip: Reuse code that you already use. If you have programmed intelligently, the bonus are simple modifications to the original game.

In [2]:

```
# Import the choice function of the random module

# Define a function that asks for an odd number on the keyboard, until it is n
ot valid
# will keep asking

# Assign a list of 5 possible options.

# Assign a variable to the maximum number of games: 1, 3, 5, etc ...
# This time the previously defined function is used

# Assign a variable to the number of games a player must win to win.
# Preferably the value will be based on the number of maximum games
```

Define a function that randomly returns one of the 5 options.

This will correspond to the play of the machine. Totally random.

```
# Define a function that asks your choice between 5
# you should only allow one of the 5 options. This is defensive programming.
# If it is not valid, keep asking until it is valid.
# Define a function that resolves a combat.
# Returns 0 if there is a tie, 1 if the machine wins, 2 if the human player wi
# Now there are more options
# Define a function that shows the choice of each player and the state of the
# This function should be used every time accumulated points are updated
# Create two variables that accumulate the wins of each participant
# Create a loop that iterates while no player reaches the minimum of wins
# necessary to win. Inside the loop solves the play of the
# machine and ask the player's. Compare them and update the value of the varia
bles
# that accumulate the wins of each participant.
# Print by console the winner of the game based on who has more accumulated wi
ns
import random
options = ['stone', 'paper', 'scissors', 'lizard', 'spock']
max games = 3
must win = 2
def play_game(lst):
    return random.choice(lst)
def ask for_choice():
    choice = ""
    while choice == "":
        print ("Your turn:")
        a = input()
        if a in options:
            choice = a
    return choice
def combat(options):
```

machine choice = play game(options)

```
human_choice = ask_for_choice()
    result = "tie"
    if machine choice == human choice:
        result = "tie"
    elif machine_choice == 'stone':
        if human_choice == 'paper' or human choice == 'spock':
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    elif machine choice == 'paper':
        if human choice == 'scissors' or human choice == 'lizard':
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    elif machine_choice == 'scissors':
        if human choice == 'stone' or human choice == 'spock':
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    elif machine_choice == 'lizard':
        if human choice == 'stone' or human choice == "scissors":
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    else:
        if human choice == "lizard" or human choice == "paper":
            result = "human"
        else:
            result = "machine"
    return [result, machine_choice, human_choice]
def ask_max_number_games():
    \max number games = 0
    while max number games == 0:
        print ("How many games do you want to play:")
        a = input()
        try:
            max_number_games += int(a)
        except ValueError:
            pass
    return max_number_games
def play_complete_game(options):
    max number games game = ask max number games()
    number games = 0
    results_list = []
    wins human = 0
    wins machine = 0
    while number games < max number games game:
        number games += 1
        start combat = combat(options)
        results_list.append(start_combat[0])
        print ("Game nº {number_games}: M:{choice_machine} - H:{choice_human}.
Accumulated results: {acumulated results}".format(number games = number games,
choice_machine = start_combat[1], choice_human = start_combat[2], acumulated_r
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```

```
wins machine += 1
        elif start_combat[0] == "human":
            wins_human += 1
    if wins human > wins machine:
        winner = "human"
    elif wins human == wins machine:
        winner = "no one"
    else:
        winner = "machine"
    return "The game is finished, {winner} wins!".format(winner = winner)
print(play_complete_game(options))
How many games do you want to play:
fd
How many games do you want to play:
Your turn:
lizard
Game nº 1: M:spock - H:lizard. Accumulated results: ['human']
Your turn:
spock
Game nº 2: M:lizard - H:spock. Accumulated results: ['human', 'mac
hine']
Your turn:
rock
Your turn:
stone
Game nº 3: M:scissors - H:stone. Accumulated results: ['human', 'm
achine', 'human']
Your turn:
paper
Game nº 4: M:stone - H:paper. Accumulated results: ['human', 'mach
ine', 'human', 'human']
The game is finished, human wins!
```

if start_combat[0] == "machine":

Expected output: Depends on the inputs, you know how to play and what to expect.