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ASSIGNMENT-9

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/behappy0604/Summer-Internship-IITH/tree/main/Assignment-9

and latex-tikz codes from

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1 Question No. 8.1

Let U and V be two independent zero mean Gaussian random variables of variances $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{9}$ respectively. The probability $P(3V \ge 2U)$ is

1)
$$\frac{4}{9}$$

2)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

3)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

1)
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 2) $\frac{1}{2}$ 3) $\frac{2}{3}$ 4) $\frac{5}{9}$

2 Solution

Since U and V are given to be normal random variables, therefore their difference will also be a normal random variable.

Here, let

$$X = 3V - 2U \tag{2.0.1}$$

where X is also a normal random variable with mean given as E[X]:

$$E[X] = E[3V - 2U] \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$E[X] = E[3V] - E[2U]$$
 (2.0.3)

$$E[X] = 3E[V] - 2E[U]$$
 (2.0.4)

$$E[X] = 0 (2.0.5)$$

and variance as var(X):

$$var(X) = E[X^2] - E[X]^2$$
 (2.0.6)

$$var(X) = E[(3V - 2U)^{2}] - (3E[V] - 2E[U])^{2}$$
(2.0.7)

$$var(X) = E[9V^{2} + 4U^{2} - 12UV] - 9E[V]^{2}$$
$$-4E[U]^{2} + 12E[V]E[U] \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$var(X) = 9E[V^{2}] + 4E[U^{2}] - 12E[UV]$$
$$-9E[V]^{2} - 4E[U]^{2} + 12E[V]E[U] \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$var(X) = 9(E[V^{2}] - E[V]^{2}) + 4(E[U^{2}] - E[U]^{2})$$
$$- 12E[UV] - E[U]E[V]) \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$var(X) = 9(var(V)) + 4(var(U)) - 12(0)$$
(2.0.11)

(Since E=E[U] E[V] for independent random variable)

$$var(X) = 9 \times \frac{1}{9} + 4 \times \frac{1}{4}$$
 (2.0.12)

$$var(X) = 2$$
 (2.0.13)

Lemma 2.1. The area under the Gaussian PDF curve below and above the mean value

$$\implies P(X >= X_M) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{2.0.14}$$

The area under the curve and the x-axis is unity.

So it will be symmetric about mean that is 0.

$$\therefore P(X >= 0) = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} \text{(by symmetry property)}$$
(2.0.15)

Cumulative density function of the curve

$$CDF = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(t) dt = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (2.0.16)

Q-function

$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{\frac{-t^{2}}{2}dt} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (2.0.17)

Hence option (b) is correct.