## **ASSIGNMENT-7**

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/behappy0604/Summer-Internship-IITH/tree/main/Assignment-7

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/behappy0604/Summer— Internship—IITH/tree/main/Assignment—7

## 1 Question No. 2.29

Find the equation of the set of points **P** such that its distances from the points  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$  are equal.

## 2 Solution

- 1) Let P=x
- 2) From the given information,

$$\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{B}\|^2$$
 (2.0.1)

$$\implies ||\mathbf{x}||^2 + ||\mathbf{A}||^2 - 2\mathbf{A}^T\mathbf{x} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{x}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{B}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{B}^T\mathbf{x} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\implies 2\mathbf{A}^T\mathbf{x} - 2\mathbf{B}^T\mathbf{x} = ||\mathbf{A}||^2 - ||\mathbf{B}||^2 \qquad (2.0.4)$$

- 3) Equation of plane is  $\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{d}$  where, $\mathbf{n}^T$  is the normal vector to the plane
  - From (2.0.4),

$$(2\mathbf{A}^T - 2\mathbf{B}^T)\mathbf{x} = ||\mathbf{A}||^2 - ||\mathbf{B}||^2$$
 (2.0.5)

 $\mathbf{x}$  is a plane and it is perpendicular bisector to  $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}$ 

 $\because x$  is perpendicular to line joining A and B

• Midpoint of A and B

$$\mathbf{M} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} \tag{2.0.6}$$

• Substitute in (2.0.5),

$$(2\mathbf{A}^{T} - 2\mathbf{B}^{T}) \left(\frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2}\right) = (\mathbf{A}^{T} - \mathbf{B}^{T}) (\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B})$$

$$(2.0.7)$$

$$= \mathbf{A}^{T} \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A}^{T} \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{B}^{T} \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}^{T} \mathbf{B}$$

$$(2.0.8)$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A} = \|\mathbf{A}\|^2, \qquad (2.0.9)$$

$$\mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{B} = \|\mathbf{B}\|^2, \qquad (2.0.10)$$

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$$\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{A} \tag{2.0.11}$$

$$\implies \left(2\mathbf{A}^T - 2\mathbf{B}^T\right) \left(\frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2}\right) = \|\mathbf{A}\|^2 - \|\mathbf{B}\|^2$$

$$(2.0.12)$$

$$\implies \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} \text{ satisfies } (2.0.4)$$

- x is the plane that is perpendicular bisector of the line joining the given points
- 4) Putting given values **A** and **B** in (2.0.4),we get

$$2(3 \ 4 \ -5)x - 2(-2 \ 1 \ 4)x$$
 (2.0.13)

$$= \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2 - \left\| \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right\|^2 \tag{2.0.14}$$

$$\implies$$
  $(6 \ 8 \ -10)\mathbf{x} + (4 \ -2 \ -8)\mathbf{x} = 50 - 21$ 
(2.0.15)

$$\implies (10 \ 6 \ -18)\mathbf{x} = 29$$
 (2.0.16)

:. The required equation is

$$(10 \quad 6 \quad -18) \mathbf{x} = 29$$
 (2.0.17)

5) The required figure for the above equation is as follows:

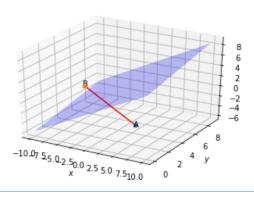


Fig. 5: Plane bisecting Line