Semantic Web — Spring 2009 Homework #1

Simple XML Parser using Python Lex/Yacc

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Listing 1: The Python program

```
\#!/usr/bin/env python
  \mathbf{import} \hspace{0.2cm} \mathbf{sys}
  from UserString import UserString
6 from ply import lex, yacc
  # ######
11 # Debug
  DEBUG = \{
       'INPUT': False,
       'TOKENS': False ,
16
       'PARSER': False,
       'OUTPUT': False,
  def _debug_header(part):
       if DEBUG[part]:
           print, ,----,
           print '%s:' % part
def _debug_footer(part):
       if DEBUG[part]:
           pass
  def _debug_print_(part, s):
       if DEBUG[part]:
31
           print s
  # #######
36 # TOKENS
  tokens = [
       # INITIAL
       'CDATA',
```

```
'OPENTAGOPEN',
        'CLOSETAGOPEN',
       \# tag
46
        'TAGATTRNAME',
        'TAGCLOSE',
        'LONETAGCLOSE',
51
        'ATTRASSIGN',
       \# \ attrvalue1
        'ATTRVALUE10PEN',
        'ATTRVALUE1STRING',
56
        'ATTRVALUE1CLOSE',
       \# attrvalue2
        'ATTRVALUE20PEN'
        'ATTRVALUE2STRING',
61
        'ATTRVALUE2CLOSE',
66 # Regulare expressions
                    = r'([0-9])'
   re_digit
                   = r'([_A-Za-z])'
   re_nondigit
   re_identifier = r'(' + re_nondigit + r'(' + re_digit + r'|' + re_nondigit + r')*)'
   {\bf class} \ {\bf SyntaxError} \, (\, {\bf Exception} \, ) :
       pass
76
   class XmlLexer:
       # The XML Tokenizer
       # states:
       #
81
       #
            default:
       #
              The default context, non-tag texts
       #
       #
              A document tag
86
       #
            string:
              Within\ quote-delimited\ strings\ inside\ tags
       #
        states = (
            ('tag', 'exclusive'),
            ('attrvalue1', 'exclusive'), ('attrvalue2', 'exclusive'),
91
       tokens = tokens
96
       # ANY
       def t_ANY_error(self, t):
            raise SyntaxError("Illegal character '%s' % t.value[0])
101
            t.lexer.skip(1)
            pass
       # INITIAL
106
        t_ignore = ","
```

```
def t_CLOSETAGOPEN(self, t):
             r '</'
111
             t.\,l\,e\,x\,e\,r\,\,.\,p\,u\,s\,h\,{}_{-}s\,t\,a\,t\,e\,(\,\,{}^{\backprime}\,t\,a\,g\,\,{}^{\backprime}\,)
             return t
        def t_OPENTAGOPEN(self , t):
             _{\rm r} '< '
116
             t.lexer.push_state('tag')
             return t
        def t_CDATA(self, t):
             ,[^<]+,
121
             return t
        # tag: name
126
        t_tag_ignore = ' \t'
        def t_tag_TAGATTRNAME(self, t):
             return t
        t_tag_TAGATTRNAME.__doc__ = re_identifier
131
        \mathbf{def}\ t\_tag\_TAGCLOSE(self,\ t):
             r '>'
             t.lexer.pop_state()
             return t
136
        def t_tag_LONETAGCLOSE(self , t):
             r '/>'
             t.lexer.pop_state()
             return t
141
        # tag: attr
        t_tag_ATTRASSIGN
                                = r '='
146
        def t_tag_ATTRVALUE1OPEN(self, t):
             r '\' '
             t.lexer.push_state('attrvalue1')
151
             return t
        \mathbf{def} \  \, \mathrm{t\_tag\_ATTRVALUE2OPEN(\, self \,\,, \  \, t \,):}
             r , " ,
             t.lexer.push_state('attrvalue2')
             return t
156
        # attrvalue1
        def t_attrvalue1_ATTRVALUE1STRING(self, t):
161
             r'[^\']+'
             t.value = unicode(t.value)
             return t
        def t_attrvalue1_ATTRVALUE1CLOSE(self, t):
             r '\''
             t.lexer.pop_state()
             return t
        t_attrvalue1_ignore = ","
171
        # attrvalue2
        def t_attrvalue2_ATTRVALUE2STRING(self, t):
             r'[^"]+'
```

```
t.value = unicode(t.value)
           return t
       def t_attrvalue2_ATTRVALUE2CLOSE(self, t):
181
           t.lexer.pop_state()
           return t
       t_attrvalue2_ignore = ''
186
       # misc
       literals = '$%',
191
       def t_ANY_newline(self, t):
           r'\n'
           t.lexer.lineno += len(t.value)
196
       # Build the lexer
       def build(self, **kwargs):
           self.lexer = lex.lex(object=self, **kwargs)
201
       # Test it output
       def test(self, data):
           self.lexer.input(data)
           _debug_header('TOKENS')
206
           while 1:
               tok = self.lexer.token()
               if not tok: break
               _debug_print_('TOKENS', '[%-12s] %s' % (self.lexer.lexstate, tok))
211
           _debug_footer('TOKENS')
       # XmlLexer ends
216
   # #######
   # Escape
   _xml_escape_table = {
221
       "&": "&",
       '"': """,
       "' : "'",
       ">": ">",
       "<": "&lt;",
226
   def _xml_escape(text):
       L = []
       for c in text:
231
           L.append(xml_escape_table.get(c,c))
       return "".join(L)
   def _xml_unescape(s):
       rules = _xml_escape_table.items()
236
       rules.reverse()
       for x, y in rules:
           s = s.replace(y, x)
241
       return s
   # #######
```

```
246 # PARSER
   tag_stack = []
   # Customization
251
   def parser_trace(x):
        _debug_print_('PARSER', '[%-16s] %s' % (sys._getframe(1).f_code.co_name, x))
   def yacc_production_str(p):
        \#return "YaccProduction(%s, %s)" % (str(p.slice), str(p.stack))
256
        return "YaccP%s" % (str([i.value for i in p.slice]))
   yacc.\,YaccProduction.\, \verb|--str|| = \, yacc\_production\_str|
   class ParserError(Exception):
        pass
   \# Grammer
   def p_root_element(p):
        root : element
        root : element CDATA
        parser_trace(p)
        p[0] = p[1]
   \mathbf{def} \ p_{root\_cdata\_element}(p):
276
        root : CDATA element
        root : CDATA element CDATA
        parser_trace(p)
281
        p[0] = p[2]
   \mathbf{def}\ p_{-}element(p):
        element : opentag children closetag
286
        element : lonetag
        parser_trace(p)
291
        if len(p) == 4:
            p[1]. children = p[2]
        p[0] = p[1]
296 # tag
   def p_opentag(p):
        'opentag : OPENTAGOPEN TAGATTRNAME attributes TAGCLOSE'
        parser_trace(p)
301
        tag_stack.append(p[2])
        p[0] = DOM. Element(p[2], p[3])
   def p_closetag(p):
        'closetag : CLOSETAGOPEN TAGATTRNAME TAGCLOSE'
306
        parser_trace(p)
       n \ = \ t \, a \, g \, \_s \, t \, a \, c \, k \, \, . \, pop \, (\,)
        if p[2] != n:
            raise ParserError('Close tag name ("%s") does not match the corresponding
311
                 open tag ("%s").' \% (p[2], n))
```

```
def p_lonetag(p):
        'lonetag : OPENTAGOPEN TAGATTRNAME attributes LONETAGCLOSE'
        parser_trace(p)
316
       p[0] = DOM. Element(p[2], p[3])
   \# attr
   def p_attributes(p):
       attributes : attribute attributes
       attributes : nothing
       parser_trace(p)
        if len(p) == 3:
            if p[2]:
                p[1]. update(p[2])
                p[0] = p[1]
331
            else:
                p[0] = p[1]
        else:
            p[0] = \{\}
336
   \mathbf{def} p_attribute(p):
        'attribute : TAGATTRNAME ATTRASSIGN attrvalue'
        parser_trace(p)
       p[0] = \{p[1]: p[3]\}
341
   def p_attrvalue(p):
       attrvalue: ATTRVALUE10PEN ATTRVALUE1STRING ATTRVALUE1CLOSE
       attrvalue : ATTRVALUE20PEN ATTRVALUE2STRING ATTRVALUE2CLOSE
346
       parser_trace(p)
       p[0] = _xml_unescape(p[2])
351
   # child
   \mathbf{def} \ p_- children(p):
        ,,,
       children : child children
356
       children : nothing
       parser_trace(p)
        if len(p) > 2:
361
            if p[2]:
               p[0] = [p[1]] + p[2]
                p[0] = [p[1]]
       else:
366
            p[0] = []
   def p_child_element(p):
        child : element'
       parser_trace(p)
371
       p[0] = p[1]
   def p_child_cdata(p):
        'child : CDATA'
376
        parser_trace(p)
       p[0] = DOM. Text(p[1])
```

```
_{381} \# nothing
   def p_nothing(p):
        'nothing :'
       pass
386
   # Error rule for syntax errors
   def p_error(p):
       raise ParserError("Parse error: %s" % (p,))
       pass
391
   # #######
   # DOM
   class DOM:
       class Element:
            # Document object model
            # Parser returns the root element of the XML document
401
            def __init__(self , name, attributes={}, children=[]):
                self.name = name
                self.attributes = attributes
                self.children = children
406
            \mathbf{def} __str__(self):
                attributes_str = ","
                for attr in self.attributes:
                     attributes_str += ' %s="%s"' % (attr , _xml_escape(self.attributes[
                         attr]))
411
                children_str = ''
                for child in self.children:
                     if isinstance(child, self.__class__):
                         children_str += str(child)
416
                         children_str += child
                return '<%s%s>%s</%s>'% (self.name, attributes_str, children_str, self.
                    name)
421
            def __repr__(self):
                return str(self)
       class Text(UserString):
            pass
426
   # #######
   # MAIN
   def parse (data):
431
        _debug_header('INPUT')
_debug_print_('INPUT', data)
        _debug_footer('INPUT')
       # Tokenizer
436
       xml_lexer = XmlLexer()
       xml_lexer.build()
       xml_lexer.test(data)
441
       # Parser
       yacc.yacc(method="SLR")
        _debug_header('PARSER')
       root = yacc.parse(data)
446
```

```
_debug_footer('PARSER')
         _debug_header('OUTPUT')
         _debug_print_('OUTPUT', root)
         _debug_footer('OUTPUT')
451
         return root
def tree (node, level=0, prefix=''):
          'Returns a tree view of the XML data'
         s_node = prefix + node.name + ':'
         s_children = ""
461
         children = node.children
         children.reverse()
         \mathbf{if} \ \operatorname{len}\left(\operatorname{children}\right) == 1 \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathbf{not} \ \text{'name'} \ \mathbf{in} \ \operatorname{children}\left[0\right]. \ \_dict\_:
466
               s\_node += , %s, % node.children[0] + ,\n',
         else:
               \mathtt{first} \; = \; \mathtt{True}
              for i in xrange(len(children)):
    if 'name' in node.children[i].__dict__:
        p = ' '
471
                          s_children = tree(node.children[i], level+1, prefix+p) + s_children
               s\_node += '\n'
476
         return s_node + s_children
    \mathbf{def} \ \mathrm{main}():
481
         data = open(sys.argv[1]).read()
         root = parse(data)
         print tree(root)
486
    if _-name_- = '_-main_-':
         main()
```