

# **Retrieving data from the web**

Applikationsudvikling

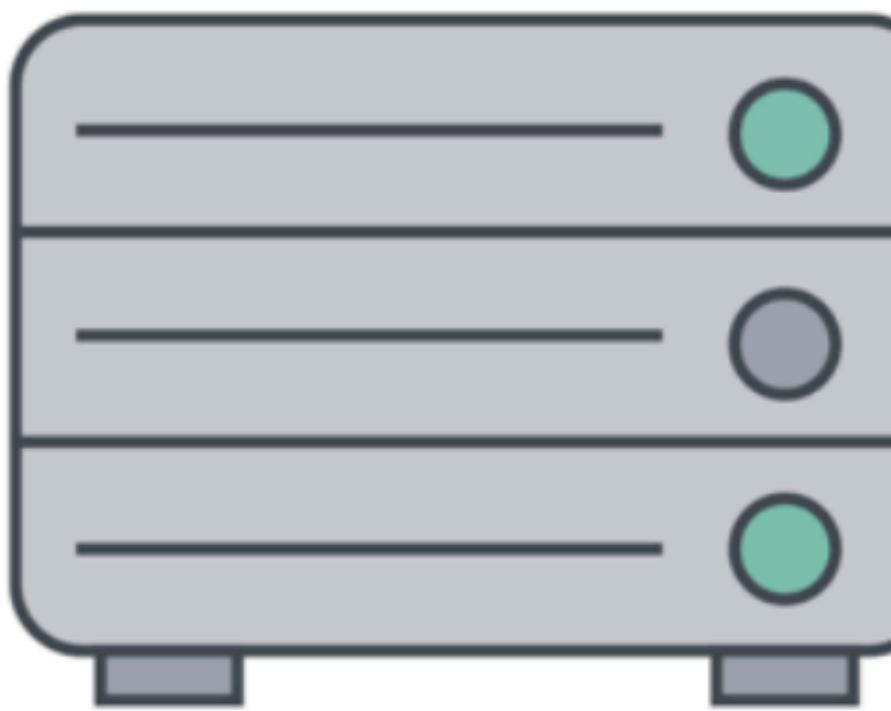
# Agenda

## Retrieving data from the web

- Retrieving data from the web using retrofit
  - Retrofit outside of the Android framework
    - GET / POST
    - Serialization & deserialization of objects
  - Repository pattern
  - Error handling
- Tomorrow [Retrofit within the Android Framework](#)
  - Co-routines & concurrency
  - Refactoring from example project to application



`https://android-kotlin-fun-mars-server.appspot.com/photos`  
PROTOCOL HTTP: Get



**Image URLs from the server**



**CLIENT**



**HTTP**

GET  
POST  
DELETE  
PUT

**URL**

/surveys  
/surveys/123  
/surveys/123/resp ...

**SERVER**

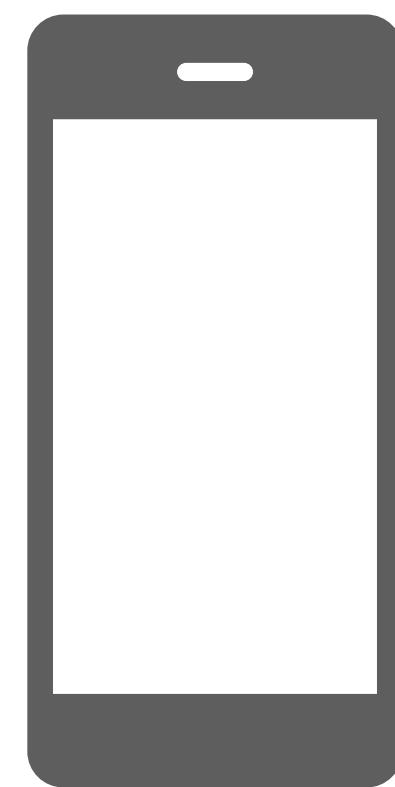


**JSON**

```
{  
  survey_id: 123,  
  score: 9,  
  message: "amaze ... ",  
  response_id: 4  
}
```



CLIENT



HTTP

GET  
POST  
DELETE  
PUT

URL

/surveys  
/surveys/123  
/surveys/123/resp ...

SERVER



Kotlin Object

JSON



```
{  
    survey_id: 123,  
    score: 9,  
    message: "amaze ... ",  
    response_id: 4  
}
```

If your application needs a backend

You can build the backend

# Main components

Retrofit HTTP Client

API interface

Model /  
Data Transfer Object

Retrofit Instance

# Main components

## Retrofit HTTP Client

API interface

```
interface CatFactsApi {  
    @GET("/fact")  
    suspend fun getFact(): CatFact  
}
```

Model /  
Data Transfer Object

```
data class CatFact(  
    @SerializedName("fact")  
    val fact: String,  
    @SerializedName("length")  
    val length: Int  
)
```

Retrofit Instance

```
class RetrofitInstance {  
    private val baseURL = "https://catfact.ninja/";  
  
    private val retrofitClient = Retrofit.Builder()  
        .baseUrl(baseURL)  
        .addConverterFactory(GsonConverterFactory.create())  
        .build()  
  
    val apiService = retrofitClient.create(CatFactsApi::class.java)  
}
```

# API interface

## Retrofit framework

API interface

- The API interface is populated with the required code by the Retrofit framework (Such as the fetch call code itself etc.)
- The API interface represents all of the end points that your application will interact with
- The functions are suspended as they are “awaiting” answers
- If more end points should be called new functions should be provided

```
interface CatFactsApi {  
    @GET("/fact")  
    suspend fun getFact(): CatFact  
}
```

# API interface

## Retrofit framework

Model /  
Data Transfer Object

- The model or data transfer object (DTO) represents the **data** that is provided by the API or to the API
- The **@SerializedName** provides the name of the JSON object that should be deserialized to the object property
  - Serialization refers to the process of converting objects to strings de-serialization is opposite
  - **Not** all data from the JSON response needs to be converted necessarily

```
data class CatFact(  
    @SerializedName("fact")  
    val fact: String,  
    @SerializedName("length")  
    val length: Int  
)  
  
{  
    "fact": "British cat  
owners spend roughly 550  
million pounds yearly on  
cat food.",  
    "length": 71  
}
```

# API interface

## Retrofit framework

Retrofit Instance

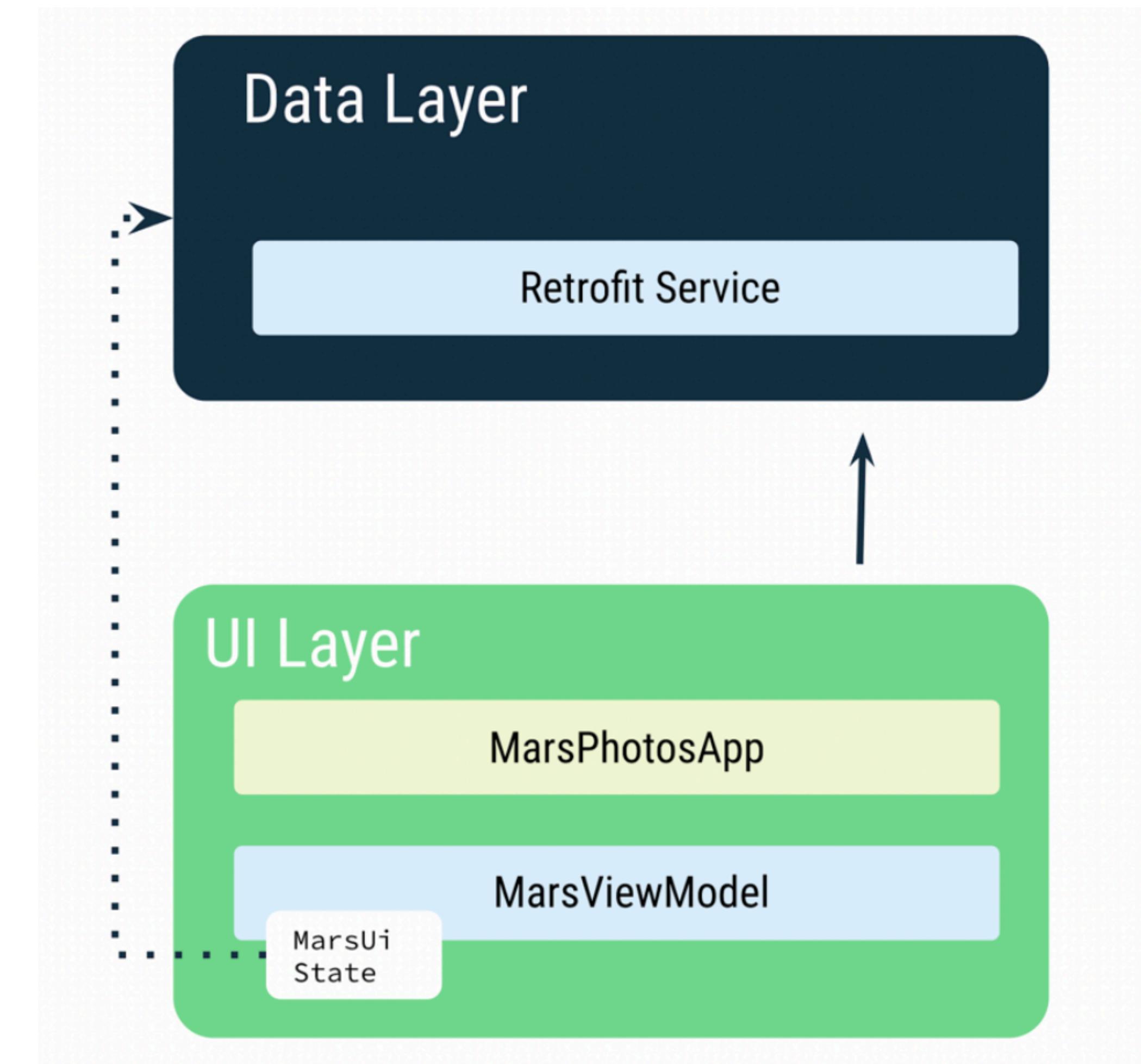
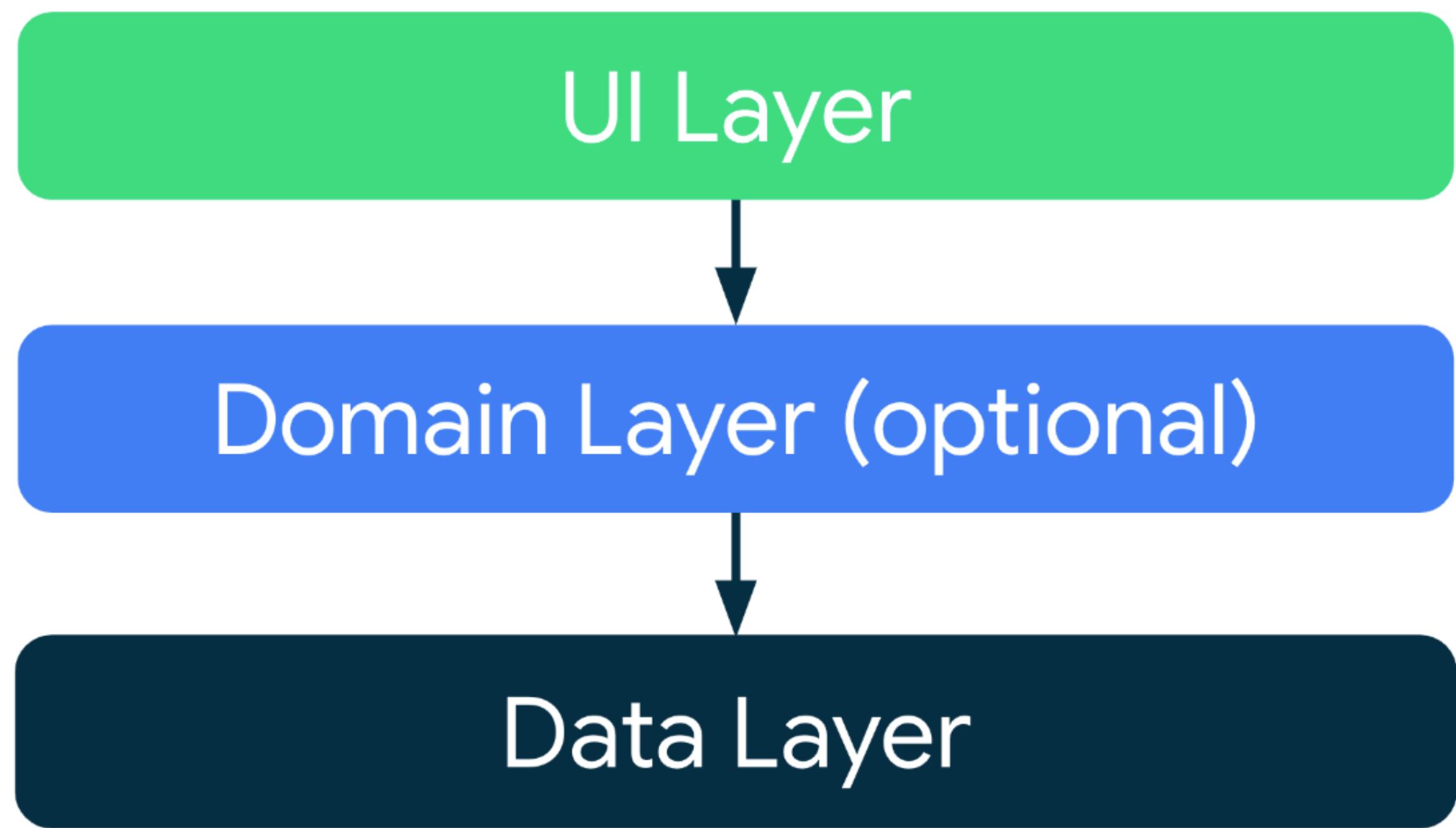
- The RetrofitInstance represents the core client of the application.
- The RetrofitInstance builds the client with a
  - URL (baseURL)
  - ConverterFactory (Serialization & de-serialization)
  - The client creates objects from the JSON response

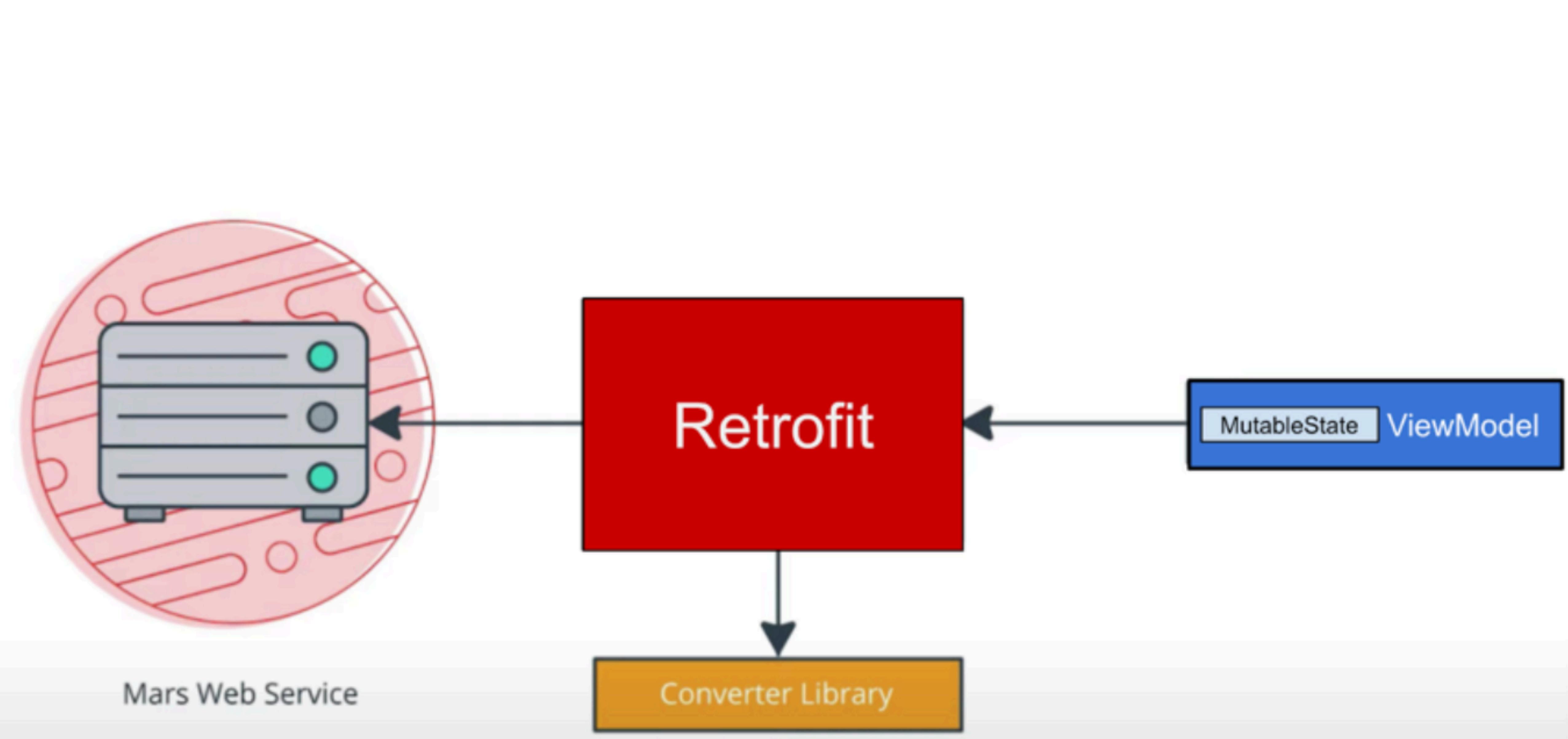
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```

Example CatFacts GET

# Example ReqRes POST

# Returning a call





A wide-angle photograph of a mountain range during what appears to be either sunrise or sunset. The sky is filled with soft, warm-colored clouds transitioning from orange to blue. In the foreground, there's a dark, forested area. The middle ground shows rugged, snow-covered mountain peaks. The background consists of more mountain ridges, some with snow and some with dark, rocky slopes.

Make it work, make  
it right, make it fast.

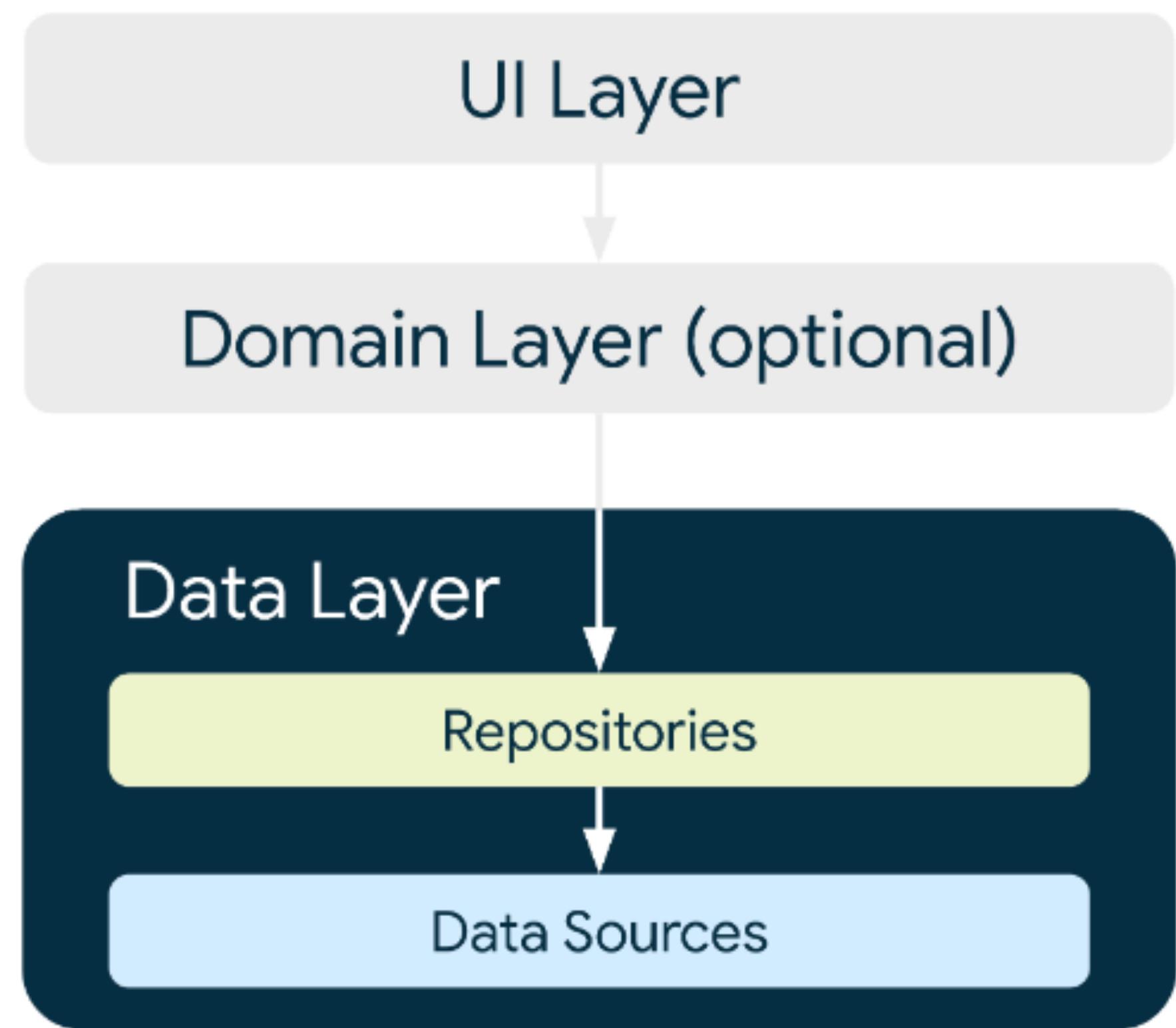
Kent Beck

# The Repository pattern

# Retrofit

## Within the Android Framework

- The data layer is often represented as a pattern called the ‘repository’ pattern
- The repository pattern is a type of a ‘facade’ pattern
- We are **not** implementing the full pattern as this requires:
  - Dependency Injection
  - More interface implementation
- But the core idea is represented



# Retrofit

## Within the Android Framework

