Assignment 01

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1. Flowchart

[10 points] Write a function Print_values with arguments a, b, and c to reflect the following flowchart. Here the purple parallelogram operator is to print values in the given order. Report your output with some random a, b, and c values.

The results of my code are as follows:

```
In [24]: runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288/PS1_1.py',
wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288')
a:0.7404246544670767
b:0.11757678040719
c0.33504539973616576
output:0.7404246544670767 0.11757678040719 0.33504539973616576
```

Fig 1 result of problem 1

```
In [25]: runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288/PS1_1.py',
wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288')
a:0.8058922588434229
b:0.5633520387941982
c0.1629556304470584
output:0.8058922588434229 0.1629556304470584 0.5633520387941982
```

Fig 2 result of problem 1

```
In [31]: runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288/PS1_1.py', wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288')
a:0.05583848519203094
b:0.2482954295865295
c0.43786334320459475
output:0.43786334320459475 0.2482954295865295 0.05583848519203094
```

Fig 3 result of problem 1

2. Matrix multiplication

2.1 [5 points] Make two matrices M1 (5 rows and 10 columns) and M2 (10 rows and 5 columns); both are filled with random integers from 0 and 50.

I use function "np.random.randint()" to create matrices filled with random integers. The results are as follows:

```
[39]: runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288/
PS1_2.py', wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288')
          8 27 37 42 17 6 25 22]
M1:[[21 46
    24 5 50 39 25 6 45 30 28]
     1 10
          6 35 49 27 26 42 32]
 [24 44 48 49 33
                5
                    1 40 46 27]
       20
           7
             9 38
                     3 28 11 7]]
    19 40 48 39 29]
        5 36
             16]
    49 32 27 17]
 [47 20 32 22 34]
        5 21 33]
 [14 15
 [24 16 37 16
             91
 [10 15
 [32 16 41 41 13]
 [47 38
           8
             0]
        4
             36]
```

Fig 4 result of problem 2.1

2.2 [10 points] Write a function Matrix_multip to do matrix multiplication, i.e., M1 * M2. Here you are ONLY allowed to use for loop, * operator, and + operator.

I use nesting loop, * operator and + operator to do matrix multiplication, the main part of my code are as follows:

```
for i in range(0,row):

for j in range(0,col):

for k in range(0,middle):

M3[i,j]+=M1[i,k]*M2[k,j]
```

I use M1 and M2 which created in 2.1 to test my code, the result are as follows:

```
M1*M2:[[6255. 6744. 5039. 6131. 5446.]

[8109. 5936. 5901. 6136. 5623.]

[6907. 5485. 5287. 5386. 4800.]

[8704. 9709. 7302. 7988. 6542.]

[3510. 3893. 4103. 3775. 2394.]]
```

Fig 5result of problem 2.2

3. Pascal triangle

[20 points] One of the most interesting number patterns is Pascal's triangle (named after Blaise Pascal). Write a function Pascal_triangle with an argument k to print the kth line of the Pascal triangle. Report Pascal_triangle(100) and Pascal triangle(200).

I got inspired by reading 【精选】 【Python 实现杨辉三角】 python 杨辉三角-CSDN 博客. The main part of my code are as follows:

```
def Pascal triangle(k):
```

```
List=[]

for i in range(0,k):

tempList=[]

for j in range(0,i+1):

if j==0 or j==i:

tempList.append(1)

else:

tempList.append(List[i-1][j-1]+List[i-1][j])

List.append(tempList)

return List[-1]
```

```
ipdbs !runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023 Assignments 12332288'untitled4.py', wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023 Assignments 12332288')
line 100:[1, 99, 4851, 156849, 3764376, 71523144, 1120529256, 14887031544, 171200862756, 1731030945644, 15579278510796,
126050526132804, 924370524973896, 6186171974825304, 38000770702498296, 215337700647490344, 1130522928399324306,
5519611944537877494, 25144898858450330806, 107196674080761936594, 428786696323047746376, 1613054714739084379224,
5719012170438571889976, 19146258135816085901224, 60629817439084280253876, 181889452290252840761628, 517685364210719623706172,
1399667856597234277657428, 3599143655456093098147672, 88117019464832384471928, 20560637875127661376774632,
45764000431735762419272568, 97248500917438495140954207, 197443926105102399225573693, 383273503615787010261407757,
711793649572175876199757263, 1265410932572757113244012912, 2154618614921181030658724688, 3515430371713505892127392912,
5498493658331124640560947888, 8247740487481665900760441382, 118668997258881149874753368, 163901091452742939016493707032,
21726423750712434928840495368, 27651812046361280818524266832, 33796659167774898778196326128, 39674339023040098565708730672,
44739148260023940935799206928, 484674106150259360137892066274308, 39674339023040098565708730672,
44739148260023940935799206928, 484674106150259360137892906283, 39674339023040098565708730672,
27651812046361280818524566832, 21726423750712434928840495368, 16390109145274293016493707032, 11868699725888281149874753368,
2847740487481686900760421832, 5498493658231124600509647888, 3515430371713505892127392912, 2154618614921181030658724688,
21654109325727575113244012912, 7117936409572175876199757263, 383273503615787010261407577, 18188945229075840741892181030658724688,
2559145860917438495140954207, 4576400043173575624199757263, 383273503615787010261407577, 19183945229075840741628,
3599145860917438495140954207, 457640004317357562419272568, 20560637875127661376774632, 8811701946483283447189128,
3599145860917438495140954207, 457640004317357562419272568, 2056063787512766137
```

Fig 6 result of Pascal_triangle(100)

Fig 7 a) result of Pascal triangle(200)

```
988367191471057607272877299866522427789823067910488567240, 1452045626975998213153980230668100850703567223226520240760, 2089529072965460843319142283156535370524645516350358395240, 2945480741409143598413730688304995642787753318228818460760, 4067568642898341159714199521944993982897373629935035017240, 5503181105097755686672152294396168329802329028735635611560, 7294914488152838933495643737306823292902296110572975144880440, 9475003875416995741216098554616565298384603387887527143560, 1205909585414396082160816179678447199825216745455440, 1503909953707647755039393280273156485605387838753743560, 1853999593707647755039393802731564856053878437983257143567, 185399959370764775503939380273156485655129912948722673656183822172564268058949259120333850560395265487892831845458548339383688426515080784507845785078587898933156497128240, 2973854782884310533996097912254872890132565481792744007760, 2584752287828903860852785983366745336032605809200240, 3786495378846550150454106556483339706402739825572132595816405569937504293296369485528570134236029681443698103121340, 42637433954257136180681000097347668312485125656710356922664437773380961569908601491846866798134813943512565467103569226644377733809615699086061491846866798134813945316167922511340, 4527425732805164058270208853874208193725229483770666842066 443777338096156990860614918468667981348157316167922511340, 4527425732805164058270208853874208193725229483770666842066 4437773738096156990860149184686679813481573161679225113442637433954257136180681000097347668112485125656710356922560, 443777373809615699860149184686679813048157316167922511344263743395425713618068100009734766812066842066 4437773738096156993686491848866798134815731616792251134426374339542571361806810000973476681270688512485125656710356922560, 443777373809615699856049783858750334236029681443698103121343706449537884655015003876090973425600973425660500909004429739385866050090973425609090973425609090973422548728903325564817932744007760, 2584752287886638684251560784769325964800909334564971282429738548139352554881393255548813932557
           373854788481305339960979122548728901326564817932744007760,
2018260230225514753262905622406275915520083816392571627760,
5039995937076477550393928027315045850551249912948720736560,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 2584752287896038688426515007847693259648069839315649;
18382217256426805894925912033385056039562638782492886
1205909584143969821608161796784719892521676794822014;
                       5003875416905741206985546165656298384603387887257143560, 729491448815283893349564373908329290229611057297514488
3181105097755686672152294396168329802329028735635611560, 406756864289834115971419952194499398289737362993503501
5480741409143598413730688304995642787753318228818460760, 208952907296546084331914228315653537052464551635035839
```

b) result of Pascal triangle(200)

c) result of Pascal triangle(200)

4. Add or double

[20 points] If you start with 1 RMB and, with each move, you can either double your money or add another 1 RMB, what is the smallest number of moves you have to make to get to exactly x RMB? Here x is an integer randomly selected from 1 to 100. Write a function Least moves to print your results. For example, Least moves(2) should print 1, and Least moves(5) should print 3.

The main part of my code are as follows:

```
def Least moves(RMB):
    step=0
    while RMB!=1:
        if RMB\%2==1:
             step+=1
             RMB-=1
        else:
```

step+=1

RMB/=2

return step

```
ipdb> !runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288/
PS1_4.py', wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288')
27
step numbers:7
```

Fig 8 result of problem 4

```
ipdb> !runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288/
PS1_4.py', wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288')
87
step numbers:10
```

Fig 9 result of problem 4

5. Dynamic programming

Insert + or - operation anywhere between the digits 123456789 in a way that the expression evaluates to an integer number. You may join digits together to form a bigger number. However, the digits must stay in the original order.

5.1 [30 points] Write a function Find_expression, which should be able to print every possible solution that makes the expression evaluate to a random integer from 1 to 100. For example, Find expression(50) should print lines include:

I got inspired by reading <u>C 语言算法解决 123456789=100-CSDN</u> 博客. So I use recursive functions to solve this problem. Firstly, I create a function named "generate_num" to divide 9 numbers into different combination, and save the numbers into a list named "num". Then , I create a function named "Find_expression" to calculate the sum using different operator. 9 numbers can be divided into 1 to 9 numbers, I use a loop to traverse all the possibilities, if sum is equal to 50, the formula will be printed to the screen.

```
ipdb> !runfile('D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288/
PS1_5.py', wdir='D:/ese2023/ESE5023_Assignments_12332288')
1-2-3-4-5-6+78-9=50
1+2+3-4+56-7+8-9=50
1+2-3+4+56+7-8-9=50
1-2-3+4+56-7-8+9=50
1+2+34-5-6+7+8+9=50
1-2+34+5+6+7+8-9=50
1+2+3+4-56+7+89=50
1-2+3-45+6+78+9=50
1+2-34+5-6-7+89=50
1-2-34-5-6+7+89=50
1-23+4+5-6+78-9=50
1-23-4-5-6+78+9=50
12-3-4-5+67-8-9=50
12-3+45+6+7-8-9=50
1-2+34-5-67+89=50
1+2+34-56+78-9=50
12+3+4-56+78+9=50
```

Fig 10 result of 5.1

5.2 [5 points] Count the total number of suitable solutions for any integer i from 1 to 100, assign the count to a list called Total_solutions. Plot the list Total_solutions, so which number(s) yields the maximum and minimum of Total_solutions?

Based on the code of 5.1, I use loop to count the total number of suitable solutions for any integer from 1 to 100, the result are recorded into a List named "Total_solutions". Then, I use functions(ie. list.index(), max()) to search which numbers yields the maximum and minmum of Total solutions.

```
Total_solutions:
[26, 11, 18, 8, 21, 12, 17, 8, 22, 12, 21, 11, 16, 15, 20, 8, 17, 11, 20, 15, 16, 11, 23, 18, 13, 14, 21, 15, 19, 17, 14, 19, 19, 7, 14, 19, 19, 17, 18, 16, 17, 18, 10, 15, 26, 18, 15, 16, 12, 17, 19, 9, 17, 21, 16, 13, 14, 16, 17, 17, 11, 13, 22, 14, 13, 15, 15, 15, 17, 7, 14, 17, 15, 12, 13, 14, 14, 14, 10, 9, 19, 12, 13, 13, 12, 11, 12, 6, 12, 14, 16, 13, 11, 11, 10, 11, 7, 9, 17, 11]
[1, 45] yields the maximum of Total_solutions
[88] yields the minimum of Total_solutions
```

Fig 11 result of 5.2