

TITLE PAGE

- Problem Statement ID – **SIH1572**
- Problem Statement Title- **Design/Development of an efficient Energy Storage System (ESS)**
to integrate intermittent Renewable Energy sources and to support/stabilize the grid.
- Theme- **Renewable / Sustainable Energy**
- PS Category- **Hardware**
- Team ID- **7668**
- Team Name- **TEENAGE ENGINEERING**

Proposed Solution / IDEA

Intelligent Energy Storage System

Our approach for *renewable* energy storage with grid integration (Powered by ESP32). It uses advanced technologies and intelligent **control algorithms** to **optimize energy storage, utilization, grid stability** with **real-time dashboard**.

Unique Value Propositions

- A *real-time dashboard* for **control** and **insights** into *energy flows, grid status* and **system performance**.
- Achieves **87% peak conversion efficiency**.
- Reduces **fossil fuel reliance** by up to **40%**.
- Increases grid **resilience** up to **99%** under stress.
- Stabilize the grid with frequency regulation (**50Hz**), **voltage support**, and **peak load reduction**.

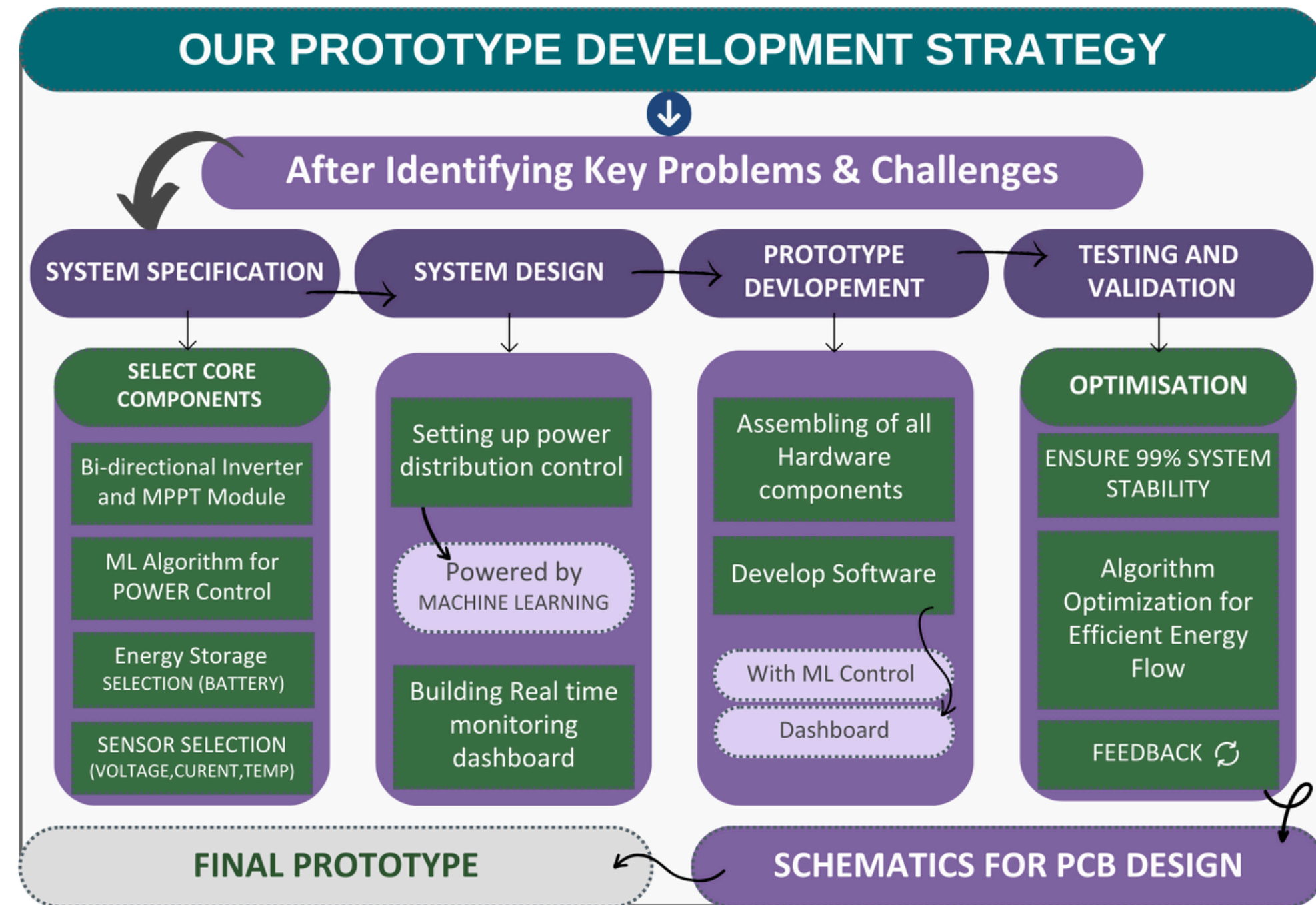


FIGURE.1:- STRATEGY FLOW CHART OF OUR PROPOSED SYSTEM

Energy Source and Storage Design

- Solar Panel (100W, 18V) / Power Supply (Simulation)
- MPPT Charge Controller (12V, 10A)
- LEFOPE4 Battery (3S, 12V, 20Ah)

Power Management (Dynamic energy distribution)

- Bidirectional Inverter (12V to 240V AC)
- Relays, DC-DC Buck & Boost Converters for voltage regulation (step-down and step-up)

Sensors & Feedback

- INA219 Sensors for Precision ADC Measurements
- Temperature sensors for safety.

Monitoring - Automation - Control

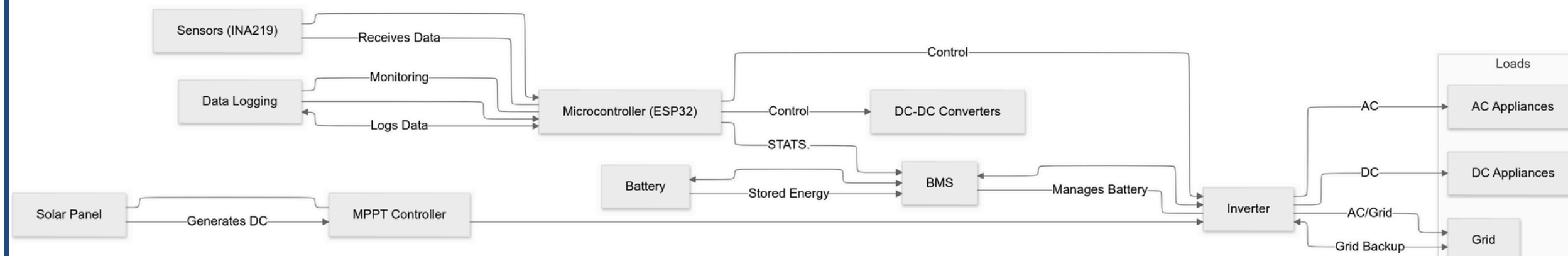
- ESP32 Microcontroller: for control, monitoring, data logging, power routing, and Wi-Fi-based dashboard communication.
- LCD Menu Interface and Control switches for feedback and stats.

Programming: Embedded C++, Arduino cloud & IDE**Algorithms & Logic**

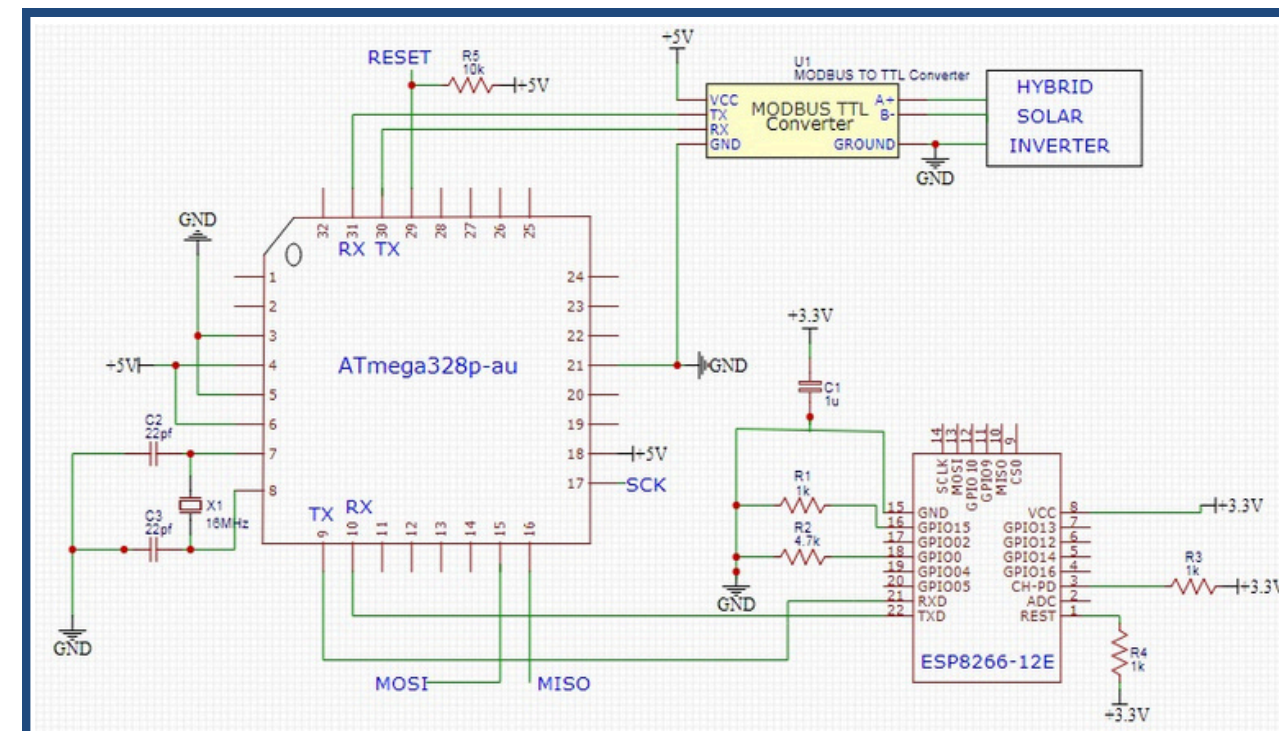
- Power Distribution Algorithm
- MPPT Perturbed Algorithm With CC-CV & PWM
- Battery Management and protection Logic
- Fault Detection & Alerts

Other

- MOSFETs, Diodes, Voltage Regulators, Relays etc.

METHODOLOGY [\[CLICK HERE\]](#)**FIGURE.3:- METHODOLOGY AND WORKFLOW CHART OF OUR PROPOSED SYSTEM**

Prototype Status: Currently, the prototype is in the testing phase, with the dashboard fully operational for monitoring stats, Circuit designs are in progress, with some completed (see Figure 2).

**FIGURE.2:- PROTOTYPE CIRCUIT - SCHEMATICS (DASHBOARD)**

Feasibility Analysis of the Idea:

- India's **supportive policies** towards renewable energy commitment. [[REFERENCE LINK](#)]
- **Environmental benefits** include **reducing** carbon emissions and promoting sustainability. [[LINK](#)]
- **Market Demand:** The growing demand for energy storage solutions, driven by the increasing adoption of renewable energy, presents a market opportunity.

Technical Feasibility

Current Status: Prototype is operational with the dashboard integration (FIGURE - 4) and partial circuit designs. Feedback-based testing is ongoing.

Strategies that we are considering:

- Conducting iterative feedback-based testing to resolve integration issues.
- Validating each component's performance through detailed testing.
- Refining design based on test results and feedback.

[\[DRIVE LINK\]](#)
FOR MORE
DETAILS

Our challenge involves optimizing energy flow among solar panels, batteries, and loads by integrating MPPT, BMS, and inverters.

We aim for ensuring seamless automation, overheating prevention, real-time monitoring validation, and battery health maintenance under variable loads for long-term reliability.



FIGURE 4. PROTOTYPE - DASH BOARD

The target audience includes:

TO End Users:

Homeowners and businesses with renewable energy sources will experience enhanced energy reliability and reduced dependency on the grid with **reduced bills**.

TO Government:

achieves renewable energy targets, reduced emissions, energy security, and economic growth.

Environmental benefits:

- Reduced Emissions: Supports India's target of reducing emission intensity by **45%** by 2030 through enhanced renewable integration.

Economical benefits:

- Cost Savings: Decreases reliance on expensive fossil fuels and grid electricity, potentially lowering energy bills for users.
- Job Creation: this lead to new job opportunities

Sustainable Energy:

Contributes to the goal of achieving **50% installed capacity from non-fossil fuel-based resources by 2030.**

[\[REFERENCE LINK \]](#) [\[POLICIES \]](#)

Advancements:

Our **solution** combines **advanced energy management** with renewable sources through a **flexible** hybrid system. Unlike traditional batteries, it optimizes **efficiency**, enhances **performance**, and integrates seamlessly with **solar energy** and the grid. **Intelligent automation** enables real-time **decision-making**, improving adaptability, **reducing** waste, and promoting **sustainability**.

Overall, it delivers superior performance and efficiency with renewable integration, making it as a standout (ESS).

Primary Sources

Government Publications & Reports:

[National Electricity Plan \(NEP\) 2023 by Central Electricity Authority \(CEA\)](#)

[Ministry of Power notifications on Energy Storage Obligations \(ESO\)](#)

[\[DRIVE LINK \]](#)

Academic Research Papers:

IoT Integration in Renewable Energy:

- Panda et al., 2017. Wireless Power Transfer... Home Automation. ICPEDC.
- Adhya et al., 2016. An IoT Based Smart Solar... Monitoring and Control unit. CIEC.
- Lokesh Babu et al., 2018. IoT Enabled Solar Power Monitoring System. IJET.

Solar Monitoring & Control:

- Patil et al., 2017. Solar Energy Monitoring System Using IoT. Indian Journal of Scientific Research
- Sarswat et al., 2019. Real Time Monitoring of Solar PV Parameter Using IoT. IJITEE
- Ambadkar & Junghare, 2018. Solar Tracking System With Iot. ICEMESM.

Advanced Control & Optimization:

- Saranya et al., 2019. Web Monitoring And Speed Control Of Solar Based Bldc Motor With Iot. ICACCS

[\[EXPLANATION VIDEO\]](#)