```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
         from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
          import seaborn as sns
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, confusion matrix
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         from sklearn import svm
         from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
         %matplotlib inline
In [3]: df= pd.read csv("spam.csv")
         df.head()
Out[3]:
                                                      Meassage
              category
          0
                  ham
                          Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                         Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
          1
                  ham
                 spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                        U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
                  ham
                         Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                  ham
         df.groupby("category").describe()
Out[4]:
                                                                      Meassage
                    count unique
                                                                       top freq
           category
                                                           Sorry, I'll call later
              ham
                     4825
                             4516
                                                                             30
                      747
                              653 Please call our customer service representativ...
             spam
                                                                              4
```

Out[5]:

```
In [5]: df["spam"]=df["category"].apply(lambda x:1 if x=="spam"else 0)
df.head()
```

	category	Meassage	spam
0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	0
1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	0
2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	1
3	ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	0
4	ham	Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	0

```
In [6]: inputs = df.drop('spam',axis='columns')
In [7]: target = df['spam']
In [8]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le_Category = LabelEncoder()
le_Message = LabelEncoder()
In [11]: inputs['category_n'] = le_Category.fit_transform(inputs['category'])
inputs['Message_n'] = le_Message.fit_transform(inputs['Meassage'])
```

```
In [12]: print(inputs)
                                                                  Meassage category_n \
              category
         0
                        Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                             Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
         1
                    ham
                  spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
         2
                        U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
         3
                        Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
          . . .
                        This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
         5567
                   spam
                                      Will ü b going to esplanade fr home?
         5568
                    ham
                   ham Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s...
         5569
         5570
                        The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd...
         5571
                    ham
                                                Rofl. Its true to its name
               Message n
         0
                    1094
         1
                     3141
         2
                    1012
         3
                    4137
                     2796
                      . . .
         5567
                    4041
         5568
                    4613
         5569
                     3328
         5570
                     3948
         5571
                     3452
         [5572 rows x 4 columns]
In [14]: inputs n = inputs.drop(['category', 'Meassage'],axis='columns')
```

```
In [15]: print(inputs_n)
                           Message_n
               category_n
                         0
                                 1094
                                 3141
                         0
                         1
                                 1012
         3
                         0
                                 4137
                                 2796
                         0
                                  . . .
                        1
                                 4041
         5567
         5568
                         0
                                 4613
         5569
                                 3328
                         0
         5570
                         0
                                 3948
         5571
                         0
                                 3452
         [5572 rows x 2 columns]
In [16]: from sklearn import tree
         model = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
In [17]: model.fit(inputs n, target)
Out[17]: DecisionTreeClassifier()
In [18]: model.score(inputs n, target)
Out[18]: 1.0
In [19]: model.predict([[0,4613]])
         C:\Users\Windows 10\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names,
         but DecisionTreeClassifier was fitted with feature names
           warnings.warn(
Out[19]: array([0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [20]: model.predict([[1,5567]])
         C:\Users\Windows 10\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names,
         but DecisionTreeClassifier was fitted with feature names
           warnings.warn(
Out[20]: array([1], dtype=int64)
In [21]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(inputs n, target, test size=0.25, random state=42)
In [22]: pred = model.predict(X test)
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
         confusion matrix(y test, pred)
Out[22]: array([[1207,
                [ 0, 186]], dtype=int64)
In [23]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
         accuracy score(y test, pred)
Out[23]: 1.0
In [24]: from sklearn.metrics import precision score
         precision score(y test, pred)
Out[24]: 1.0
In [25]: from sklearn.metrics import recall score
         recall score(y test, pred)
Out[25]: 1.0
In [26]: from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
         f1_score(y_test, pred)
Out[26]: 1.0
```

```
In [27]: from sklearn.metrics import classification report
         print("Classification Report:\n", classification report(y test,pred))
         Classification Report:
                        precision
                                      recall f1-score
                                                         support
                    0
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                           1207
                    1
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                            186
             accuracy
                                                 1.00
                                                           1393
                                                 1.00
                                                           1393
            macro avg
                            1.00
                                       1.00
         weighted avg
                            1.00
                                      1.00
                                                 1.00
                                                           1393
In [28]: from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error
         print("Mean Absolute Error(MSE)", mean absolute error(y test,pred))
         Mean Absolute Error(MSE) 0.0
In [29]: from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
         print("Mean Squared Error(MSE)", mean squared error(y test,pred))
         Mean Squared Error(MSE) 0.0
In [30]: print("RMSE=", np.sqrt(mean squared error(y test,pred)))
         RMSE= 0.0
In [32]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         x train,x test,y train,y test=train test split(df.Meassage,df.spam,test size=0.2)
         x train.head()
Out[32]: 3413
                 No she didnt. I will search online and let you...
                 All done, all handed in. Don't know if mega sh...
         5393
                 Hi. Customer Loyalty Offer: The NEW Nokia6650 M...
         738
         1381
                                             i dnt wnt to tlk wid u
         2759
                             What time. I'm out until prob 3 or so
         Name: Meassage, dtype: object
```

```
In [33]: from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
         v=CountVectorizer()
         x_train_count=v.fit_transform(x_train.values)
         x train count.toarray()[:2]
Out[33]: array([[0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
                [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0]], dtype=int64)
In [34]: from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
         model = MultinomialNB()
         model.fit(x train count,y train)
Out[34]: MultinomialNB()
In [35]: emails = ["Hey mohan, can we get together to watch footbal game tomorrow?",
                  "Upto 20% discount on parking, exclusive offer just for you.Dont miss this reward!"]
         emails count =v.transform(emails)
         model.predict(emails count)
Out[35]: array([0, 1], dtype=int64)
In [36]: x test count=v.transform(x test)
         model.score(x test count,y test)
Out[36]: 0.989237668161435
In [37]: model= svm.SVC()
         accuracy = cross val score(model,inputs n,target,scoring="accuracy",cv=10)
         print(accuracy)
         [0.8655914 0.8655914 0.86714542 0.86714542 0.86714542 0.86535009
          0.86535009 0.86535009 0.86535009 0.86535009]
In [39]: print("Accuracy of model with cross validation is:",accuracy.mean()*100)
         Accuracy of model with cross validation is: 86.59369510241115
```

```
In [42]: categorical = [var for var in df.columns if df[var].dtype=='0']
         print('There are {} categorical variables\n'.format(len(categorical)))
         print("The categorical variables are :\n\n",categorical)
         There are 2 categorical variables
         The categorical variables are :
          ['category', 'Meassage']
In [44]: for var in categorical:
             print(df[var].value counts())
         ham
                 4825
                  747
         spam
         Name: category, dtype: int64
         Sorry, I'll call later
         30
         I can't pick the phone right now. Pls send a message
         12
         0k...
         10
         0kie
         Your opinion about me? 1. Over 2. Jada 3. Kusruthi 4. Lovable 5. Silent 6. Spl character 7. Not matured 8. Stylish 9. S
         imple Pls reply..
         No. On the way home. So if not for the long dry spell the season would have been over
         Urgent! Please call 09061743811 from landline. Your ABTA complimentary 4* Tenerife Holiday or £5000 cash await collecti
         on SAE T&Cs Box 326 CW25WX 150ppm
         Dear 0776xxxxxxx U've been invited to XCHAT. This is our final attempt to contact u! Txt CHAT to 86688 150p/MsgrcvdHG/S
         uite342/2Lands/Row/W1J6HL LDN 18yrs
         I think asking for a gym is the excuse for lazy people. I jog.
         Rofl. Its true to its name
         1
         Name: Meassage, Length: 5169, dtype: int64
```

```
In [45]: | numerical = [var for var in df.columns if df[var].dtype !='0']
         print('There are {} numerical variables\n'.format(len(numerical)))
         print("The numerical variables are :\n\n",numerical)
         There are 1 numerical variables
         The numerical variables are :
          ['spam']
In [46]: df[numerical].head()
Out[46]:
             spam
                0
In [ ]:
```