Workshop

Pathfinder

Because Lucho and Chocho love nature and walks very much, they decided to create a place where people with similar interests can share roads, photos, videos, and comments. So, when a person manages to break away even for a day from the hectic daily life, he will be able to easily find a place to spend a few really energizing hours.

Entities:

Role

Create a **Role** class, which holds the following properties:

- id Accepts UUID String or Long values
- name Accepts String values
 - USER, MODERATOR and ADMIN

User

The **User Entity** should hold the following properties

- id Accepts UUID String or Long values
- username Accepts String values
 - Accepts values, which should be at least 2 characters
- password Accepts String values
 - Accepts values, which should be at least 2 characters
- email Accepts String values
 - Accepts values, which contain the '@' symbol
- role Accepts Role Entity values
 - o Each registered user should have a "User" role
- **level** Accepts a level of the user (BEGINNER, INTERMEDIATE, ADVANCED)

Comments

The **Comments Entity** should hold the following properties

- id Accepts UUID String or Long values
- approved Accepts boolean values
- created Accepts Date and Time values
 - The values should not be future dates
- text content Accepts very long text values





















- author Accepts User Entities as values
- route Accepts Route Entities as values

Pictures

The **Pictures Entity** should hold the following properties

- id Accepts UUID String or Long values
- title Accepts String values
- url Accepts very long String values
- author Accepts User Entities as values
- route Accepts Route Entities as values

Route

The **Route Entity** should hold the following properties

- id Accepts UUID String or Long values
- gpx coordinates Accepts very long text values
- level Accepts the levels of the routes (BEGINNER, INTERMEDIATE, ADVANCED) as values
- name Accepts String values
- author Accepts User Entities as values
- video url Accepts the ids of youtube videos as values

Categories

The Categories Entity should hold the following properties

- id Accepts UUID String or Long values
- name Accepts String values (PEDESTRIAN, BICYCLE, MOTORCYCLE, CAR)
- description Accepts very long String values

Messages

Create a **Message** class, which holds the following properties:

- id Accepts UUID String or Long values
- date time Accepts Date and Time values
- text content Accepts very long String values
- author Accepts User Entities as values
- recipient Accepts User Entities as values









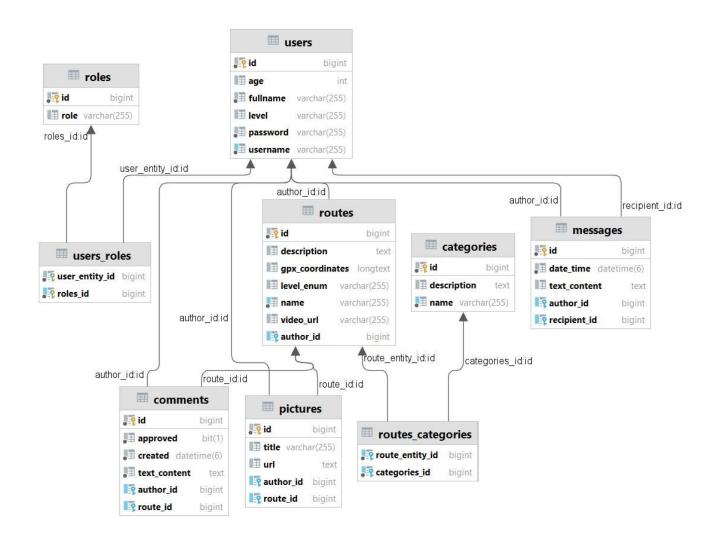








Example for ER Diagram



1. The Index Page - ("/")

- It should support only a GET request.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a GET request.







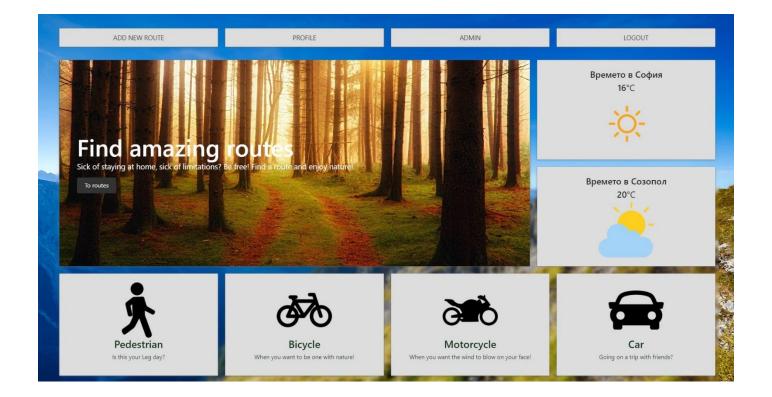












- Let's create our fragments
 - o This is the example of navigation fragment

```
<header th:fragment="navigation">
    <nav class="main-nav">
        <l>
            <th:block th:if="${@currentUser.id == null}">
```

2. The Login Page - ("/users/login").

- It should support **GET** & **POST** requests.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a **GET** request.
- When login successfully, redirect to the "/home" page.







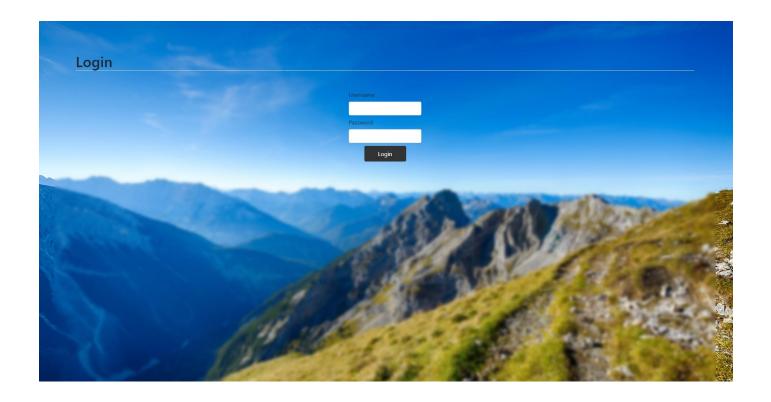






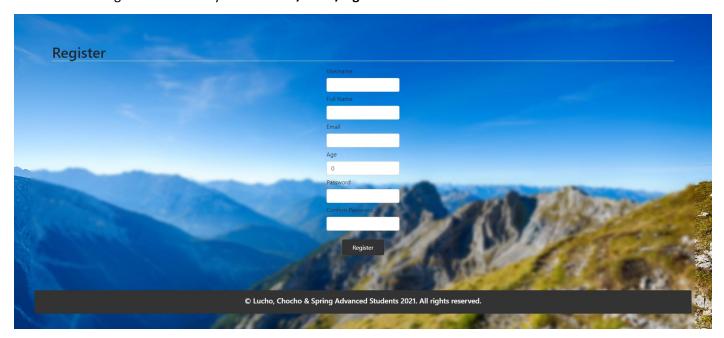






3. The Register Page - ("/users/register").

- It should support **GET** & **POST** requests.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a **GET** request.
- When register successfully redirect to "/users/login".



- Example of the UsersController @PostMapping()
 - When the binding model have errors, then we must redirect again to the register page, also we must to keep the date after that.















```
@GetMapping(@>"/register")
        \textbf{public String register} (\textbf{UserRegisterBindingModel} \ \ \textbf{vserRegisterBindingModel}) \ \ \textbf{\{ return "register"; \} }
        @PostMapping(@v"/register")
         public String registerConfirm(@Valid UserRegisterBindingModel userRegisterBindingModel,
                                                                                                                        BindingResult bindingResult, RedirectAttributes
                                                                                                                                                      redirectAttributes) {
                        if (bindingResult.hasErrors()) {
                                      redirectAttributes
                                                                    . addFlashAttribute (\ attributeName: "org.springframework.validation.BindingResult.userRegisterBindingModel", addFlashAttribute(\ attributeName: "org.springframework.validation.BindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindIngResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.userRegisterBindingResult.user
                                       redirectAttributes.addFlashAttribute( attributeName: "userRegisterBindingModel", userRegisterBindingModel);
                                       return "redirect: register";
                        {\tt userService.registerUser(modelMapper.map(userRegisterBindingModel,\ UserServiceModel.class));}
return "redirect:<u>login</u>";
```

- Example of the register.html template
 - Attach object to the form
 - o Add action and method
 - Select the fields

```
<form th:object="${userRegisterBindingModel}"
        th:action="@{/users/register}"
        th:method="post">
    <div>
        <div class="col-auto">
           <label for="inputUsername" class="col-form-label ">Username</label>
        </div>
        <div class="col-auto">
            <input
                    th:field="*{username}"
                    required minlength="5" maxlength="20"
                    type="text"
                    id="inputUsername"
                    class="form-control"
                    aria-describedby="usernameHelpInline">
            <small id="usernameError"</pre>
                   class="invalid-feedback bg-danger rounded">Username length must be more than 3
               characters</small>
```

4. Navigation

If the user is not authenticated



If the authenticated user is not an admin



If the authenticated user is an admin







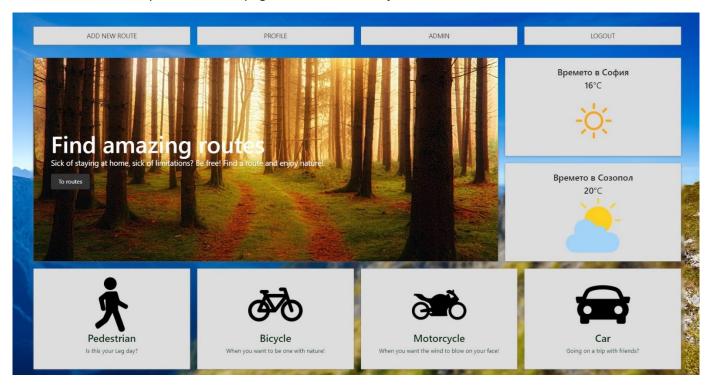




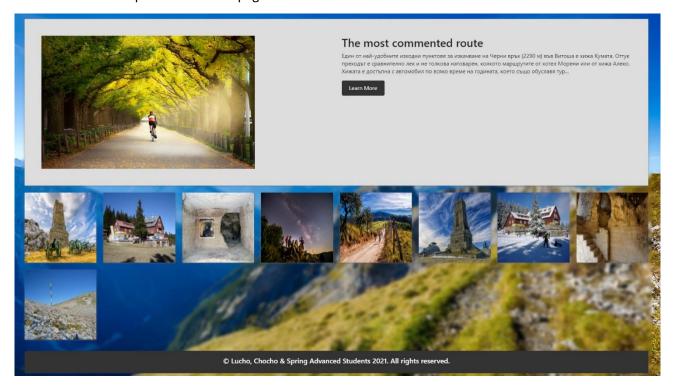


5. The Home Page - ("/home").

- It should support a **GET** request.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a GET request.
- For now, just create home page for the logged in user, who are not admins.
- Later we will explain all for this page in details, for now just show it to the user on this route.



And the second part of the index page.















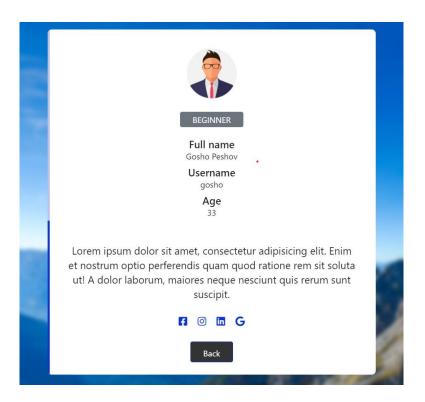






6. The Profile Page - ("/users/profile").

- It should support a **GET** request.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a GET request.



Using path variable to send the id of the logged in user

```
<th:block th:unless="${@currentUser.id == null}" th:object="${@currentUser}">
   <
       <a href="/routes/add">Add new route</a>
   <
       <a th:href="@{/users/profile/{id}(id = *{id})}">Profile</a>
```

7. All routes page - route ("/routes").

- It should support a **GET** request.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a GET request
- Lists all routes in the DB







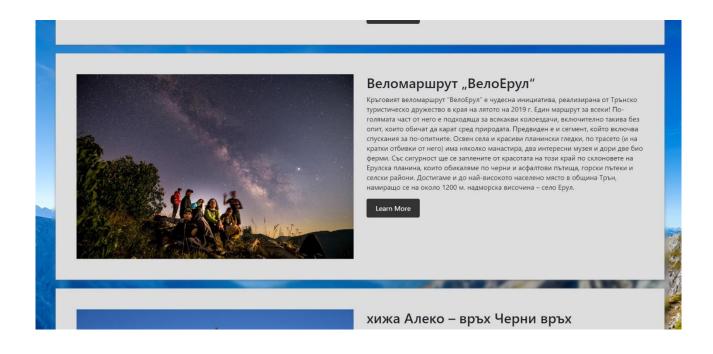






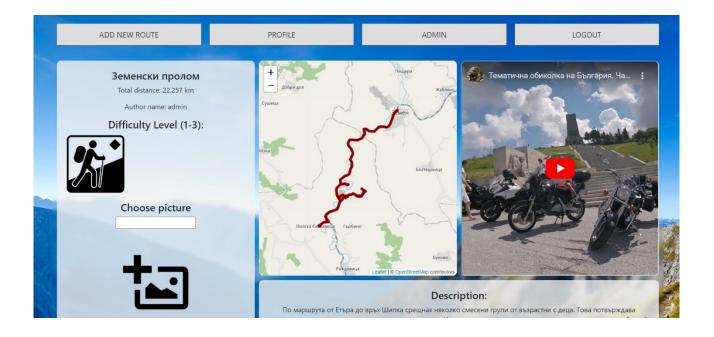






8. The Route Details Page - ("/routes/details/{id}").

- It should support a **GET** request.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a GET request



The second path from the details page



















The third path from the details page



9. Add Route page - route ("/routes/add").

- It should support a **GET & POST** request.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a GET request

















	ADD NEW ROUTE	PROFILE	ADMIN	LOGOUT
	Add a new route			
		Description		
	GPX Coordinates Choose File No file chosen			
	Level Select level Video Url (only last eleven characters from Youtube)			
		Video url Categories: ■ pedestrian ■ bicycle ■ motoro	cycle ■ car	
		Add I	Route	
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10. The Routes From The Unique Categories Page -("/routes/{pedestrian/bicycle/motorcycle/car}").

- It should support a **GET** request.
- It should return the following HTML page, upon a GET request



The work of workshop will continue in the next course 😉



















