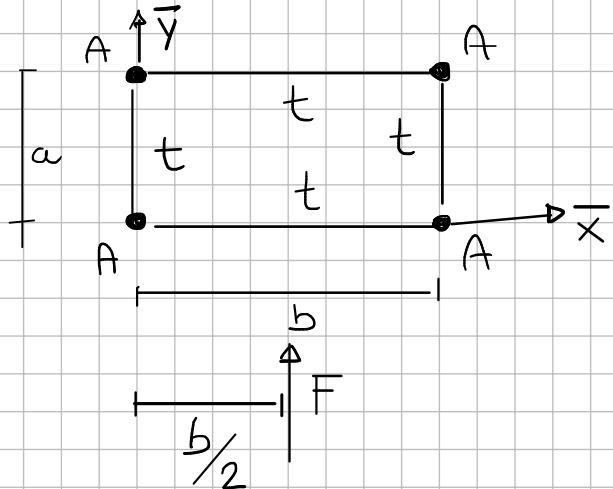


EXERCISE SESSION 6 — 19/10/22

Semi-monocoque approximation

Ex 1



DATA

A, t, a, b are known.

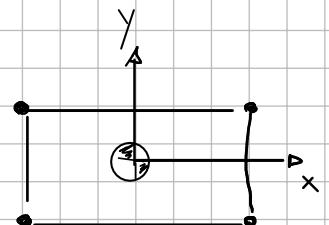
1) CENTROID OF THE SECTION

$$x_{cg} = \frac{\sum_i A_i \bar{x}_i}{\sum A_i}$$

$$y_{cg} = \frac{\sum_i A_i \bar{y}_i}{\sum A_i}$$

$$x_{cg} = \frac{b}{2}$$

$$y_{cg} = \frac{a}{2}$$

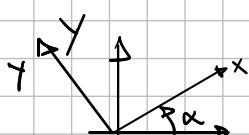


2) INERTIA MOMENT

$$J_{xx} = \sum_i A_i y_i^2 = Aa^2$$

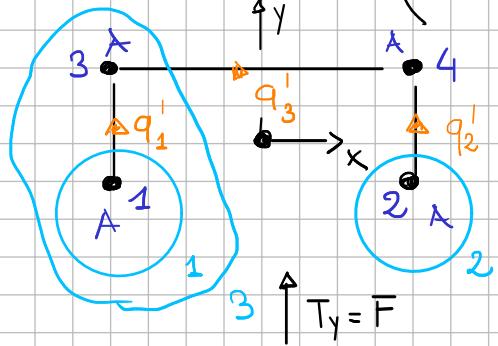
$$J_{yy} = \sum_i A_i x_i^2 = Ab^2$$

$$J_{xy} = \sum_i A_i x_i y_i = 0 \leftarrow \text{SHOULD ALWAYS } = 0$$



$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \frac{2J_{xy}}{J_{yy} - J_{xx}}$$

3) SHEAR FLOWS (OPEN THE SECTION)



$$S_{x_i} = A_i y_i$$

$$S_{y_i} = A_i x_i$$

FOR EACH REGION

$$q_i = -T_y \frac{\sum_j S_{x_j}}{J_{xx}} - T_x \frac{\sum_j S_{y_j}}{J_{yy}}$$

$$S_{x_1} = S_{x_2} = -A \cdot \frac{a}{2}$$

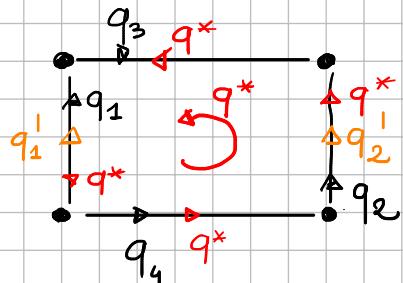
$$S_{x_3} = S_{x_4} = A \cdot \frac{a}{2}$$

$$1) q_1^1 = -T_y \frac{S_{x_1}}{J_{xx}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{F}{a}$$

$$2) q_2^1 = -T_y \frac{S_{x_2}}{J_{xx}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{F}{a}$$

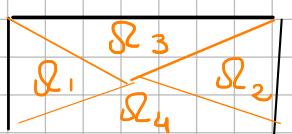
$$3) q_3^1 = -T_y \frac{\cancel{S_{x_1} + S_{x_3}}}{J_{xx}} = 0$$

4) MOMENT EQUIVALENCE



$$M_z = \sum_i q_i \cdot 2S2_i$$

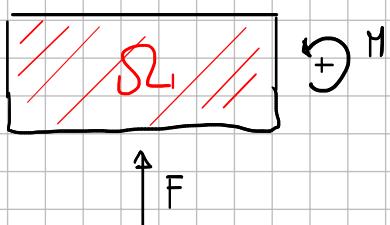
MOM. EQ FOR CG



$$F \cdot O = -q_1^1 \cdot 2S2_1 + q_2^1 \cdot 2S2_2 + q^* \cdot 2S2$$

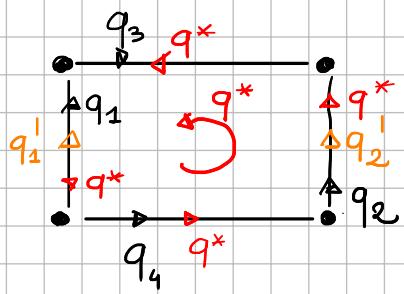
WITH $S2_1 = S2_2 = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot \frac{1}{2} b$

$$S2 = a \cdot b$$



$$\rightarrow q^* = \frac{F \cdot O}{2S2} = 0$$

5) REAL FLUXES



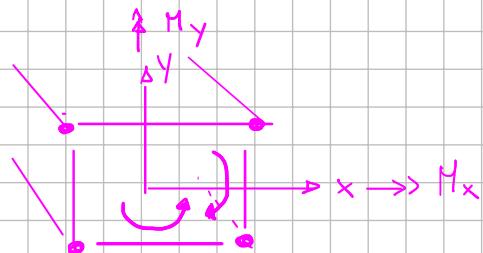
$$q_1 = q_1^ - q^* = q_1^$$

$$q_2 = q_2^ + q^* = q_2^$$

$$q_3 = -q^* = 0$$

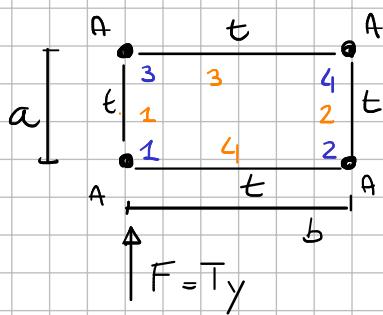
$$q_4 = +q^* = 0$$

6) AXIAL STRESS IN THE i -th STRINGER

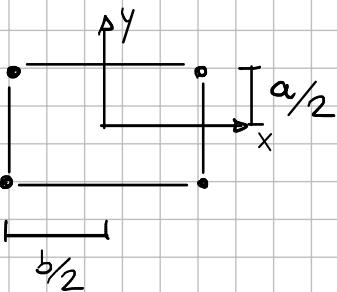


$$\sigma_i = \frac{T_z}{\sum_i A_i} + \frac{M_x}{J_{xx}} y_i - \frac{M_y}{J_{yy}} x_i$$

E x 2



1)

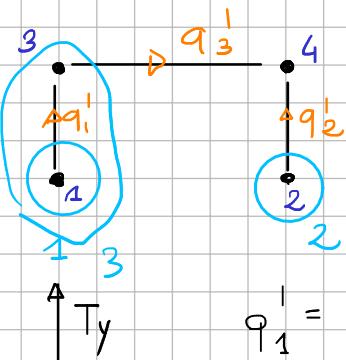


CENTROID

$$2) \text{ INERTIA} \quad J_{xx} = A a^2$$

$$J_{yy} = A b^2$$

3) OPEN SECTION

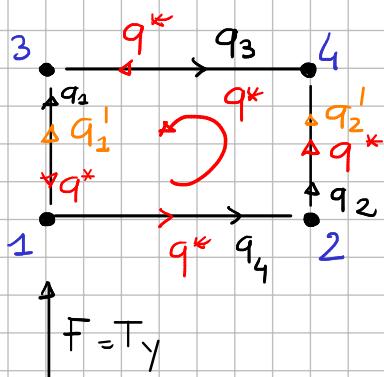


$$S_{x_1} = S_{x_2} = -A \frac{a}{2}$$

$$S_{x_3} = S_{x_4} = A \frac{a}{2}$$

$$q_1^1 = q_2^1 = -T_y \frac{S_{x_1}}{J_{xx}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{T_y}{a}$$

4) MOMENTS EQUIVALENCE



WRT ①



$$F \cdot 0 = q_2^1 \cdot 2ab \cdot \frac{1}{2} + q^* \cdot 2ab$$

$$q^* = -q_2^1 \cdot \frac{ab}{2ab} = -\frac{1}{2} q_2^1 = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{F}{a}$$

$$q_1 = q_1^1 - q^* = \frac{F}{2a} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{F}{a} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{F}{a}$$

$$q_2 = q_2^1 + q^* = \frac{F}{2a} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{F}{a} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{F}{a}$$

$$q_3 = -q^* = \frac{1}{4} \frac{F}{a}$$

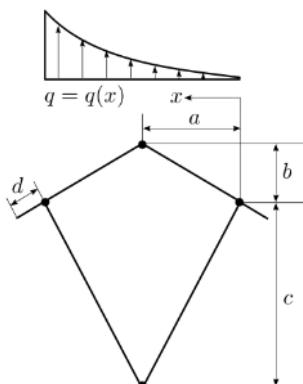
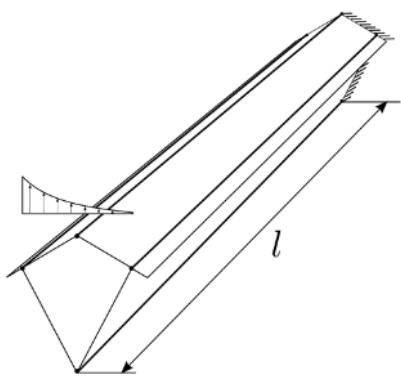
$$q_4 = +q^* = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{F}{a}$$

Ex 3 (OLD EXAMS 15-7-2019)

Exercise 1

A thin-walled beam is fixed at one end and loaded at the free end with a distributed force per unit length q . The total length is l , while the geometry of the section is depicted in the figure. The lumped stringers have area A , while the thickness of the panels is denoted with t .

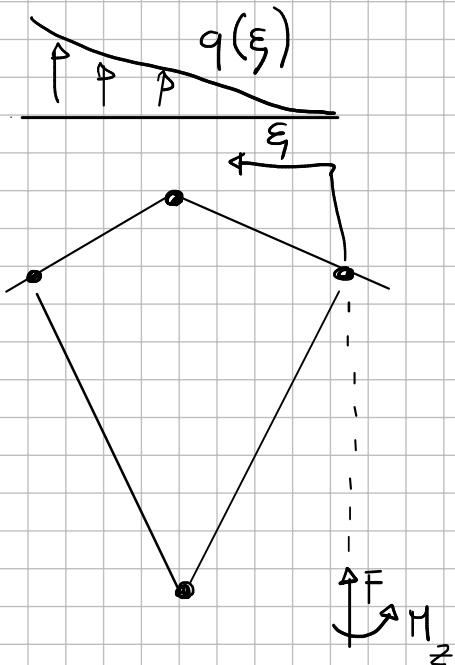
By considering a semi-monocoque approximation, determine the shear and the axial stresses acting at the mid-span section. ($\frac{l}{2}$)



Data

$l = 6000 \text{ mm}$;
 $a = 200 \text{ mm}; b = 200 \text{ mm}$;
 $c = 400 \text{ mm}; d = 50 \text{ mm}$;
 $t = 1.5 \text{ mm}$;
 $A = 1000 \text{ mm}^2$;
 $q = 150 \left(\frac{x}{400} \right)^2 \text{ N/mm}$,
 $x \in [0, 400] \text{ mm}$;

o) FIND EQUIVALENT FORCE & MOMENTS FROM q

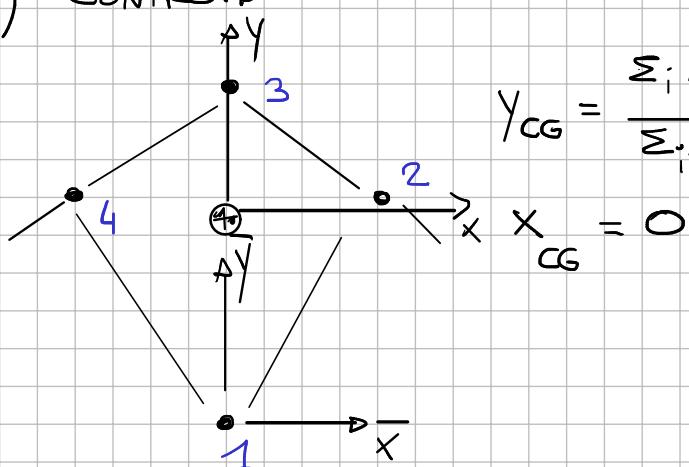


$$q(\xi) = 150 \left(\frac{\xi}{400} \right)^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= \int_0^{2a} q d\xi \\ &= 150 \frac{1}{160000} \frac{1}{3} \xi^3 \Big|_0^{2a} = 20 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$M_z = - \int_0^{2a} q \xi d\xi = -6 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N mm}$$

1) CENTROID



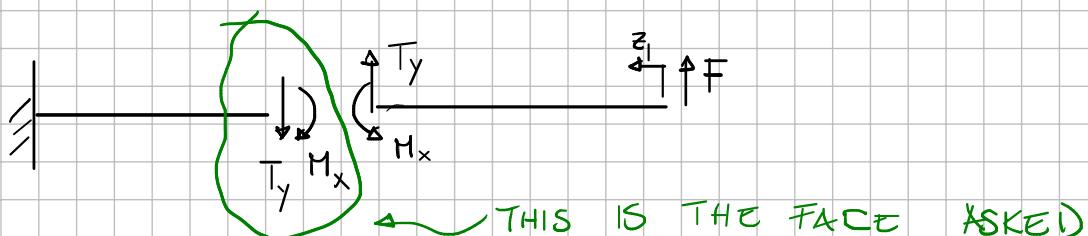
$$y_{CG} = \frac{\sum_i A_i y_i}{\sum_i A_i} = \frac{2A \cdot C + A(b+c)}{4A} = 350 \text{ mm}$$

2) INERTIA MOMENT OF THE SECTIONS

$$J_{xx} = \sum_i A_i y_i^2 = 190 \cdot 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

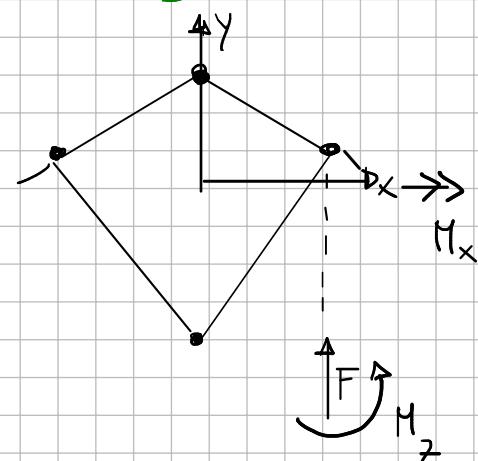
$$J_{yy} = \dots$$

3) INTERNAL ACTIONS AT MID SPAN

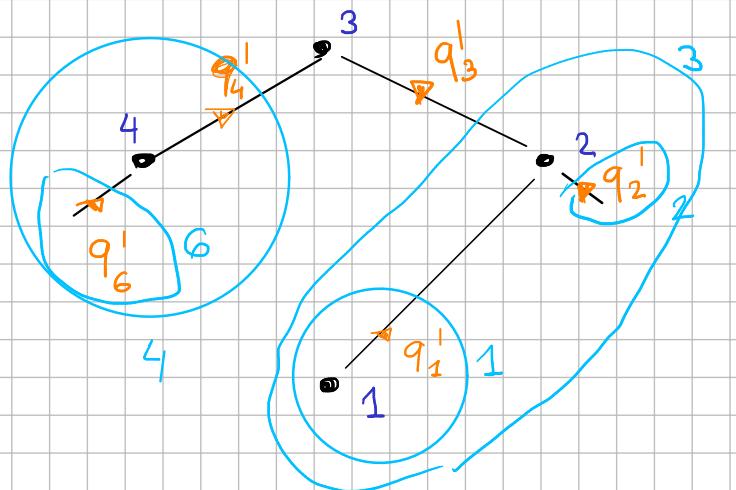


$$T_y = -F = -20 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$$

$$M_x = -F \cdot \frac{l}{2} = -60 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N mm}$$



OPEN CELL



2-6)

$$q_2^1 + q_6^1 = 0$$

$$q_2^1 = -F \frac{0}{J_{xx}} = 0$$

$$1) S_{x_1} = -A \cdot 350 \text{ mm}$$

$$2) S_{x_2} = S_{x_4} = A \cdot 50 \text{ mm}$$

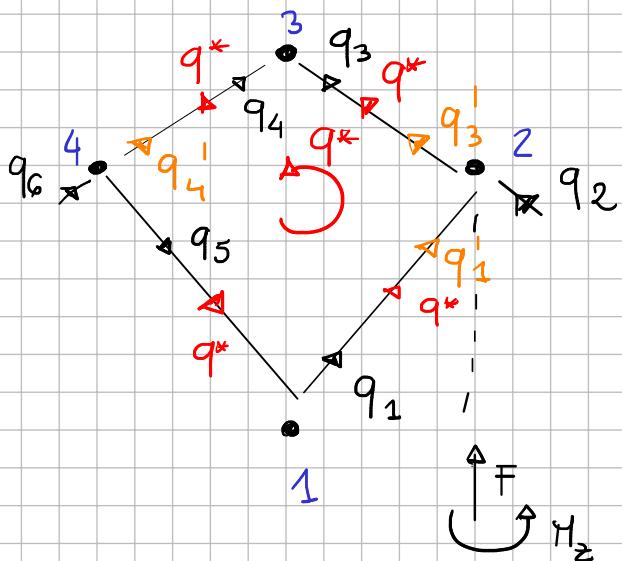
$$3) S_{x_3} = A \cdot 250$$

$$1) q_1^1 = -F \frac{S_{x_1}}{J_{xx}} = \frac{700}{19} \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$3) q_3^1 = -F \cdot \frac{S_{x_1} + S_{x_2}}{J_{xx}} = \frac{600}{19} \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$4) q_4^1 = -F \cdot \frac{S_{x_4}}{J_{xx}} = -\frac{100}{19} \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

CLOSED CELL



WRT (2)

$$M_z = q^* \cdot 2\Delta_{\text{CELL}} - q_4^1 \cdot 2\Delta_4$$

$$\Delta_{\text{CELL}} = a \cdot c + a \cdot b = 120 \cdot 10^3 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\Delta_4 = a \cdot b = 40 \cdot 10^3 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$q^* = \frac{M_z + q_4^1 \cdot 2\Delta_4}{2\Delta_{\text{CELL}}} = -26.75 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$q_1 = q_1^1 + q^* = 10.09 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$q_2 = 0$$

$$q_3 = 4.83 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$q_4 = q_4^1 - q^* = 21.49 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$q_5 = q^* = -26.75 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$q_6 = 0$$

STRESS IN
AXIAL STRINGER

$$\sigma_{z1}^1 = 110.53 \text{ MPa} \quad \leftarrow \quad \sigma_{zz_i}^1 = \frac{M_x}{J_{xx}} y_i$$

$$\sigma_{z2_2}^1 = \sigma_{z2_4}^1 = -15.79 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{z3}^1 = -78.95 \text{ MPa}$$