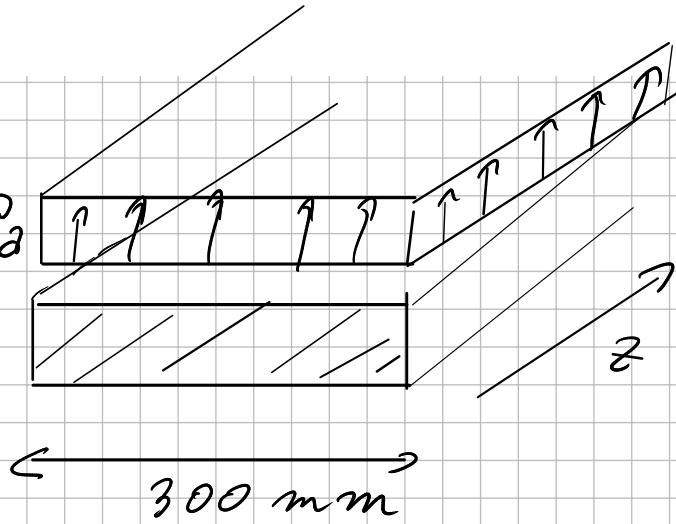


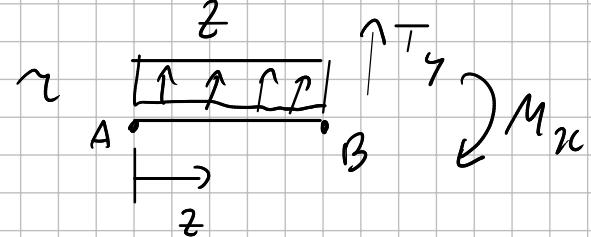
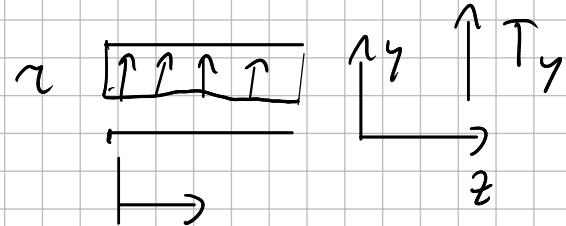
Ex 1

$$r = 10^{-3} \text{ MPa}$$



$$M \cdot g = Q = 500 \text{ N}$$

$$r(z) = \int_{\text{chord}} r \, dz = 10^{-3} \cdot 300 = 0,3 \text{ N mm}^{-1}$$



$$T_y + \int_0^z r \, dz = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T_y = -r z$$

moment eq w.r.t A.

$$M_{x_B} - \int_0^z r \cdot z \, dz - T_y \cdot z = 0$$

$$M_{x_B} - \frac{1}{2} \gamma z^2 + \gamma z^2 = 0$$

$$M_{x_B} = - \frac{1}{2} \gamma z^2$$

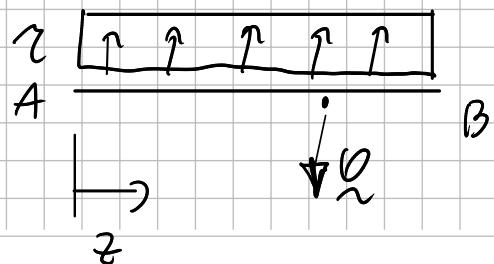
OR moment eq w.r.t pt B

$$M_{x_B} + \gamma z \left(\frac{1}{2} z \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{x_B} = - \frac{1}{2} \gamma z^2$$

$$0 \leq z \leq 1800 \text{ mm}$$

$$1800 \leq z \leq 2500 \text{ mm}$$



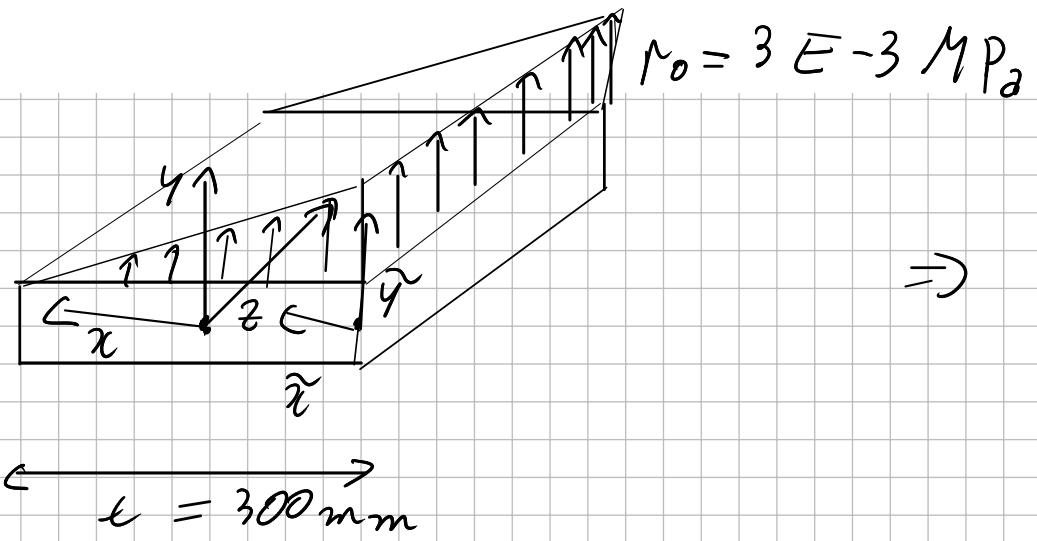
$$T_y = \underbrace{-\gamma z}_{\text{Reaction}} + Q$$

moment eq wrt pt A

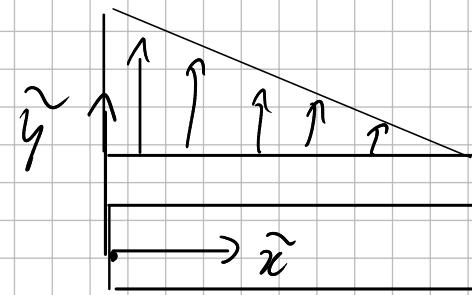
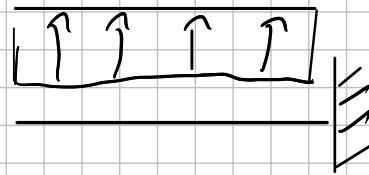
$$M_{x_B} - \frac{1}{2} \gamma z^2 - T_y z + \frac{6}{2} 1800 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= \frac{1}{2} \gamma z^2 + (-\gamma z + 6) z - Q \cdot 1800 \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \gamma z^2 + \frac{6}{2}(z - 1800) \end{aligned}$$

Do on your own: moment eq wrt pt B



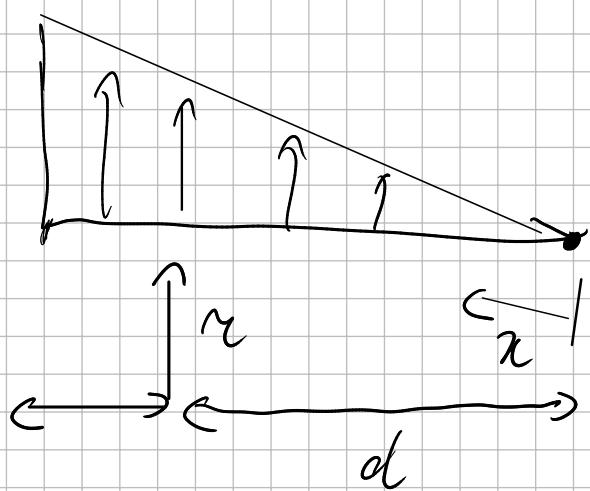
\Rightarrow



$$n = n_0 - \frac{n_0}{\ell} \cdot \tilde{x}$$

$$= 3 E - 3 - 10^{-5} \tilde{x} \text{ MPa}$$

$$\int_{\text{chord}} n(\tilde{x}) d\tilde{x} = 0,9 - 0,45 = 0,45 \text{ N mm}^{-1}$$

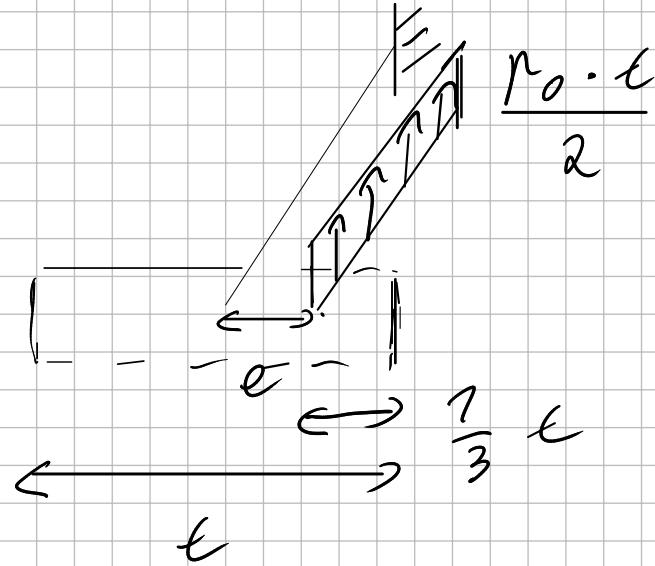
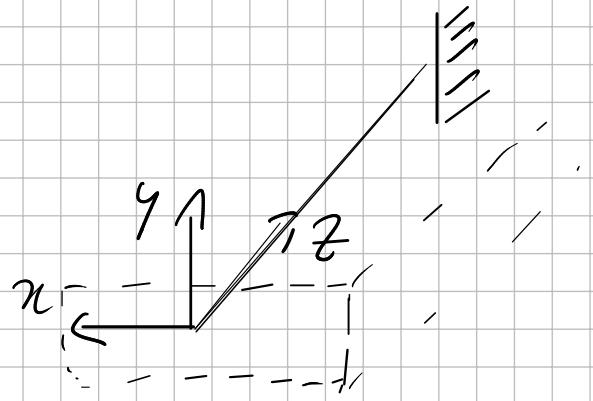


$$n = \frac{1}{2} n_0 \cdot l$$

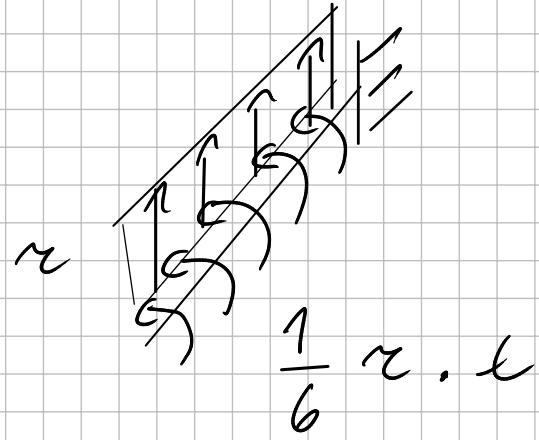
$$\pi d = \int_0^l \frac{n_0}{\ell} \cdot \pi \cdot \pi = \frac{1}{3} \frac{n_0 \ell^3}{\ell}$$

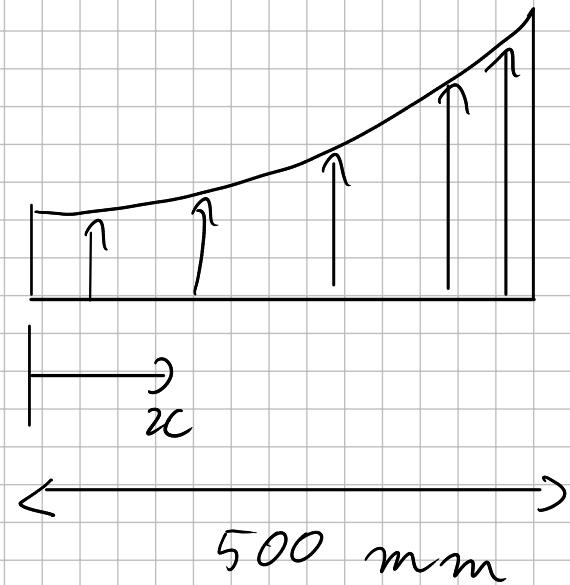
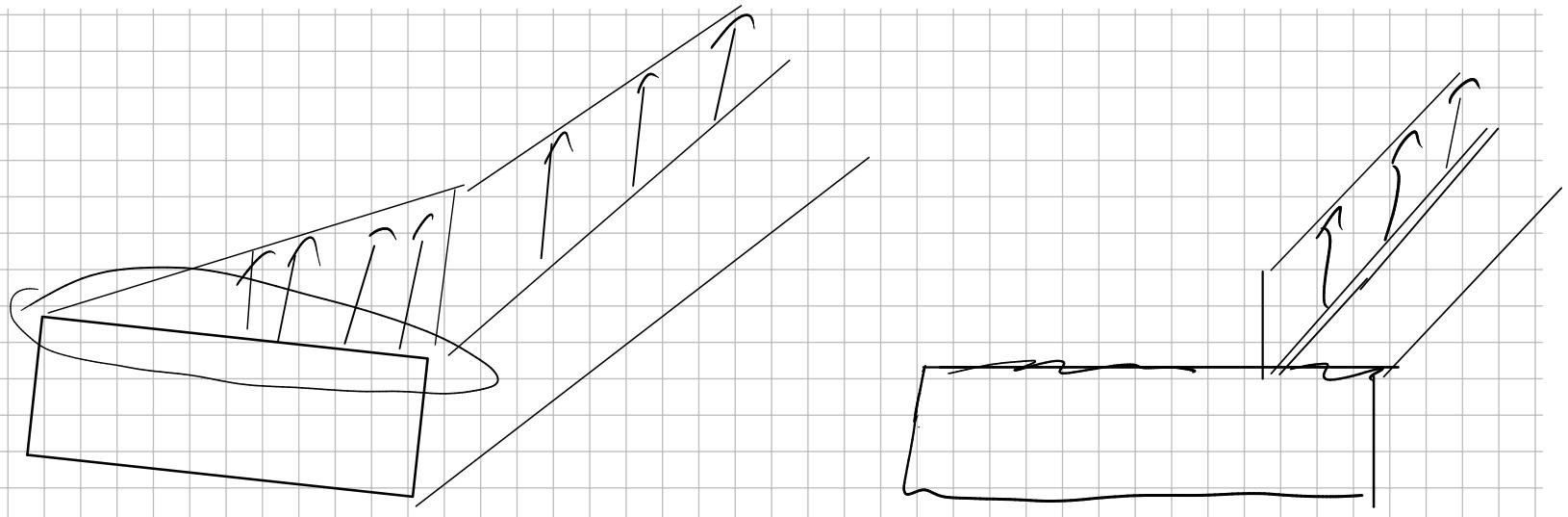
$$\frac{1}{2} n_0 \ell d = \frac{1}{3} n_0 \ell^2$$

$$d = \frac{2}{3} \ell$$



$$l = \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right)l = \frac{1}{6}l$$



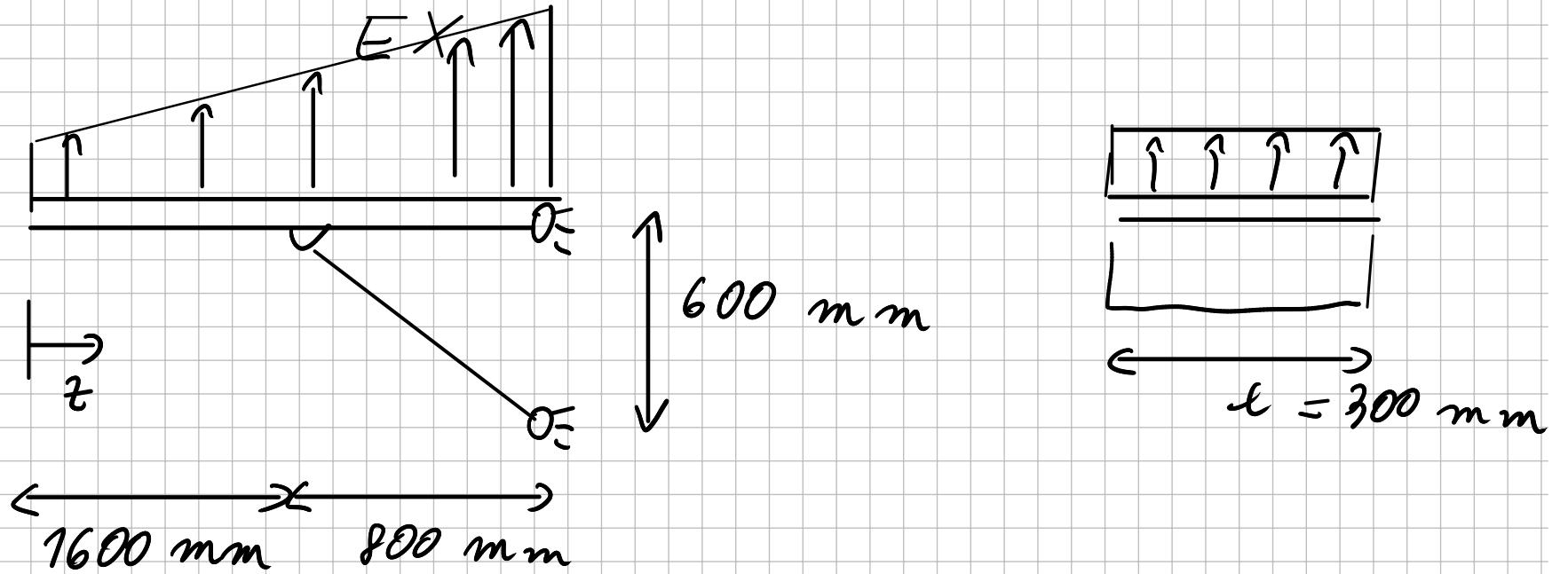


$$n(x) = n_0 + \alpha x + \beta x^2$$

$$n_0 = 10 \text{ } P_a$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{50} \text{ } P_a \text{ } m^{-1}$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{(25)^2} \text{ } P_a \text{ } m^{-2}$$

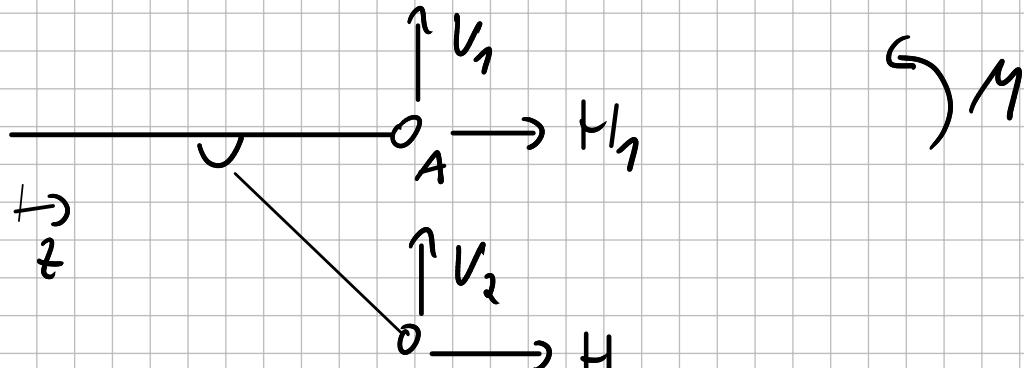


$$r(z) = r_0 + \frac{M_1}{L} \cdot z$$

$$r_0 = 10^{-3} \text{ MPa}$$

$$M_1 = 6E-4 \text{ MPa}$$

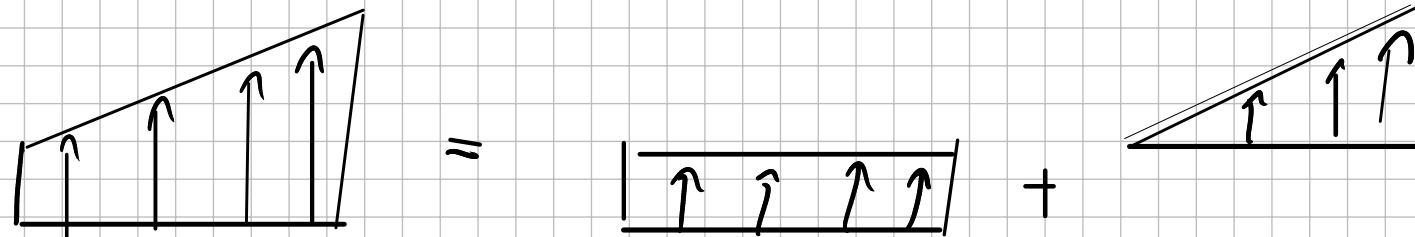
$$\tau(z) = r(z) \cdot \ell = 0,3 + 7,5E-5 \text{ N/mm}^{-2}$$



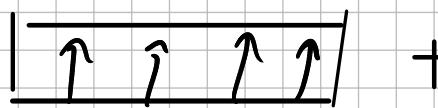
$$1) \quad V_1 + V_2 + \int_0^{2400} r(z) dz = 0$$

$$2) \quad H_1 + H_2 = 0$$

$$3) \quad H_2 \cdot 600 + M_{ext} = 0$$



=

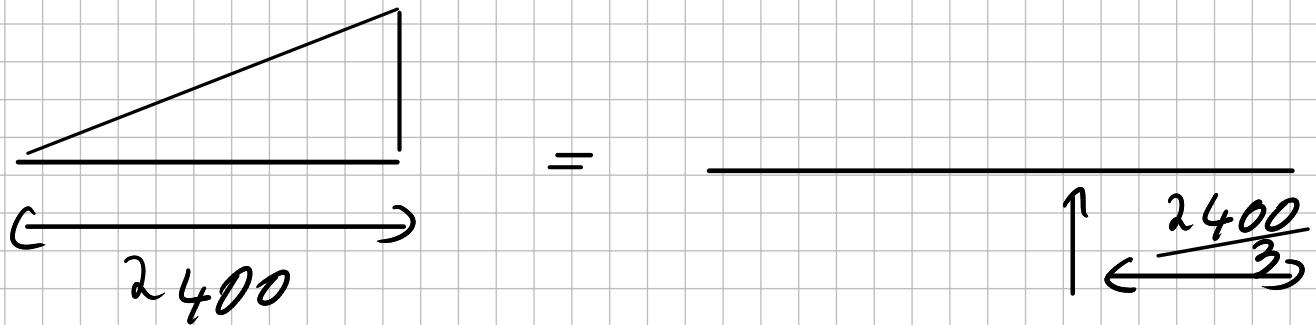


$\xrightarrow{1200 \text{ mm}}$

$\uparrow 0,3 \cdot 2400$

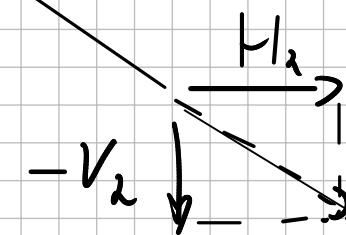
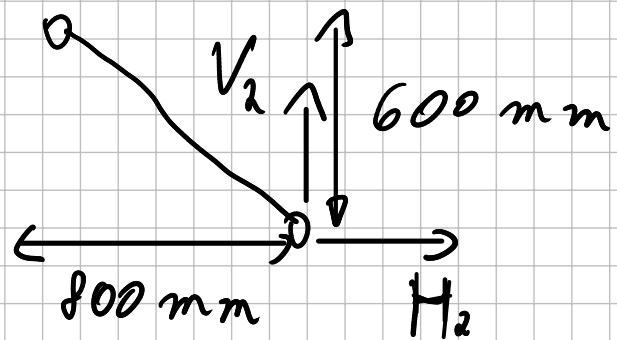
$$\cdot 2400 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2400$$

$$\uparrow 7,5 E - 5$$



$$M_{ext} = -1036800 \text{ N mm}$$

$$H_2 \cdot 600 = -M_{ext} \Rightarrow H_2 = 1728 \text{ N}$$

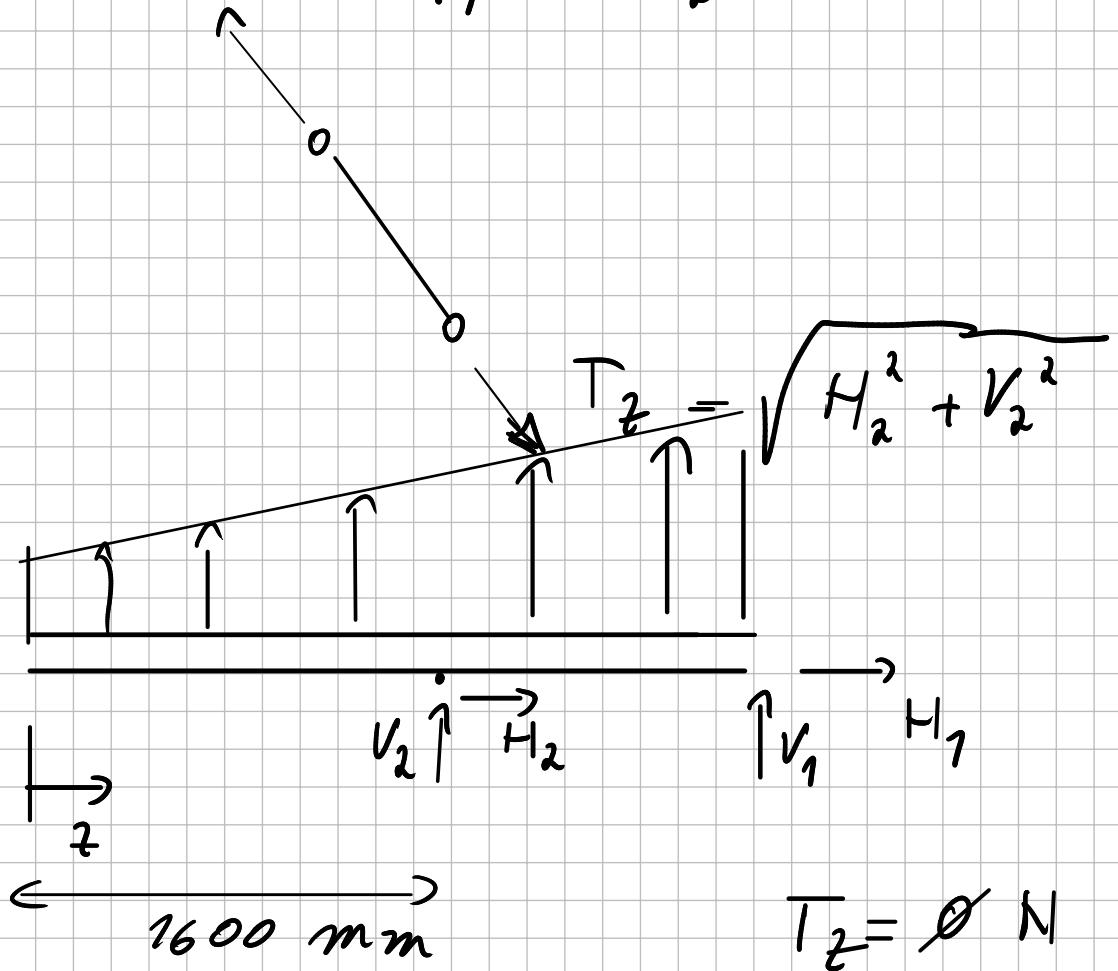


$$\frac{-V_2}{600} = \frac{H_2}{800}$$

$$V_2 = -H_2 \cdot \frac{6}{8} = -1296 \text{ N}$$

$$V_1 = 360 \text{ N}$$

$$H_1 = -H_2 = -1728 \text{ N}$$



$$T_z = \sqrt{H_2^2 + V_2^2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} V_2 \\ H_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$T_z = 0 \text{ N}$$

$$T_y = - \int_0^z x = \left(-0,3x + 7,5e^{-0,5\frac{x^2}{2}} \right)$$

$$0 \leq z \leq 1600 \text{ mm}$$

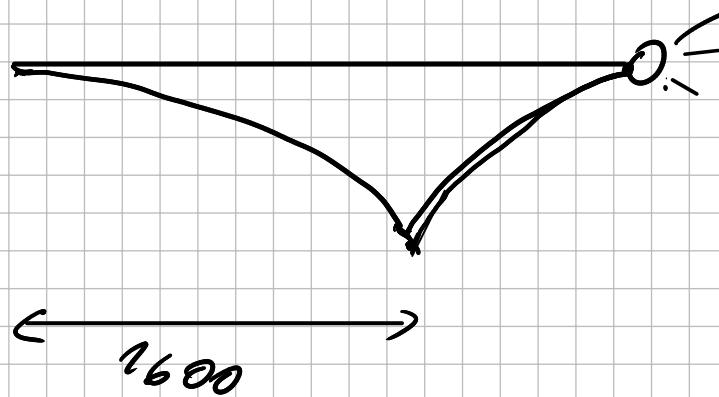
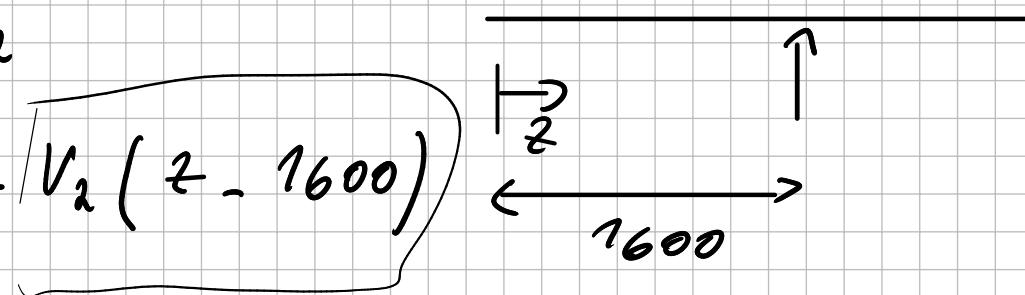
$$M_x = \dots \dots - \dots = \left(-0,3 \frac{z^2}{2} - 7,5 \cdot 10^{-5} \frac{z^3}{6} \right) \text{ Nmm}$$

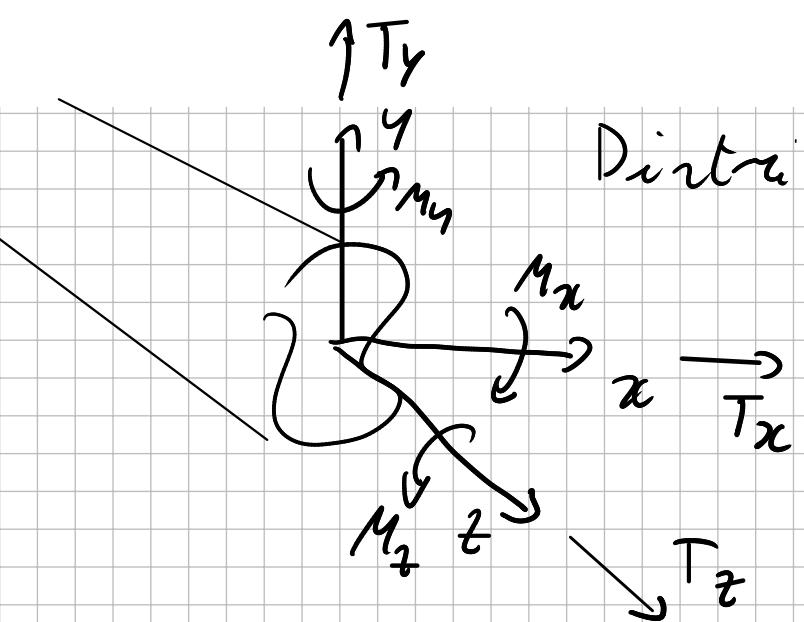
$$1600 \leq z \leq 2400 \text{ mm}$$

$$T_y = T_{y_1} - V_2$$

$$M_{x_2} = M_{x_1} + V_2 (z - 1600)$$

$$T_z = -H_2$$





Distributed load

$$M_x \left(T_y \right) \quad \text{at } z = 0$$

$$\frac{T_y}{T_y + T_{y/2} \cdot dz} \cdot dz$$

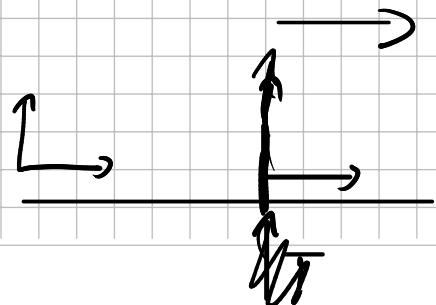
$$M_x + M_{x/2} \cdot dz \quad \text{at } z = L$$

$$dz$$

$$T_y + T_{y/2} \cdot dz - T_y + q dz = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{y/2} = -q$$

$$T_y(z) = \int_0^z -q dz + T_y(0)$$



$$M_x \leftarrow T_y \downarrow \quad \uparrow T_y + T_{y/2} \cdot dz \quad \uparrow M_x + M_{x/2} dz$$

*: 2nd order terms
w.r.t dz*

$$\cancel{M_x + M_{x/2} dz} - \cancel{M_x} - \cancel{(T_y + T_{y/2} dz) \cdot dz} - q dz \frac{dz}{2} = 0$$

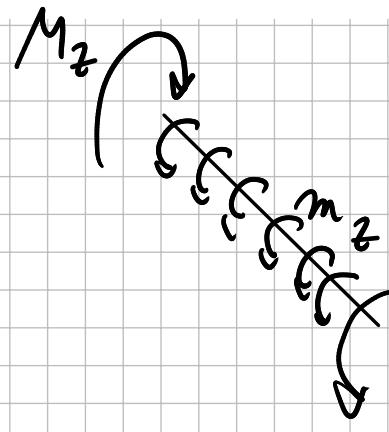
$$M_{x/2} = T_y \quad M_x = \int_0^z T_y dz + M_x(\phi)$$

Other axis:

$$M_y \leftarrow T_x \downarrow \quad \uparrow T_x \quad \uparrow T_x \quad \uparrow T_x \quad \uparrow T_x \quad \uparrow z \quad \uparrow M_y + M_{y/2} \cdot dz$$

$$T_{x/2} = -q \quad \Rightarrow \quad T_x = \int_0^z -q dz + T_x(\phi)$$

$$M_{y/2} = -T_x \quad \Rightarrow \quad M_y = -\int_0^z T_x dz + M_y(\phi)$$



z axis: Torritional moment

$$M_z + \frac{M_z}{z} dz$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{z/z} &= -m_z \\ M_z &= - \int_0^z m_z dz + M_z(\phi) \end{aligned}$$