

Week-4

July 3, 2020

1 Pandas Visualization

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

%matplotlib notebook
```

```
[2]: # see the pre-defined styles provided.
plt.style.available
```

```
[2]: ['grayscale',
      'seaborn-colorblind',
      'seaborn-bright',
      'seaborn-deep',
      'seaborn-pastel',
      'classic',
      'seaborn-muted',
      'seaborn-darkgrid',
      'seaborn-white',
      'seaborn-paper',
      'seaborn-dark',
      'seaborn-whitegrid',
      'dark_background',
      'seaborn-poster',
      'ggplot',
      'seaborn-ticks',
      'seaborn-dark-palette',
      'seaborn-notebook',
      'bmh',
      'seaborn-talk',
      'fivethirtyeight',
      'seaborn']
```

```
[3]: # use the 'seaborn-colorblind' style
plt.style.use('seaborn-colorblind')
```

1.0.1 DataFrame.plot

```
[4]: np.random.seed(123)

df = pd.DataFrame({'A': np.random.randn(365).cumsum(0),
                   'B': np.random.randn(365).cumsum(0) + 20,
                   'C': np.random.randn(365).cumsum(0) - 20},
                  index=pd.date_range('1/1/2017', periods=365))
df.head()
```

```
[4]:
```

| | A | B | C |
|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 2017-01-01 | -1.085631 | 20.059291 | -20.230904 |
| 2017-01-02 | -0.088285 | 21.803332 | -16.659325 |
| 2017-01-03 | 0.194693 | 20.835588 | -17.055481 |
| 2017-01-04 | -1.311601 | 21.255156 | -17.093802 |
| 2017-01-05 | -1.890202 | 21.462083 | -19.518638 |

```
[5]: df.plot(); # add a semi-colon to the end of the plotting call to suppress
      ↪ unwanted output
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

We can select which plot we want to use by passing it into the 'kind' parameter.

```
[6]: df.plot('A', 'B', kind = 'scatter');
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

You can also choose the plot kind by using the DataFrame.plot.kind methods instead of providing the kind keyword argument.

kind : - 'line' : line plot (default) - 'bar' : vertical bar plot - 'barh' : horizontal bar plot - 'hist' : histogram - 'box' : boxplot - 'kde' : Kernel Density Estimation plot - 'density' : same as 'kde' - 'area' : area plot - 'pie' : pie plot - 'scatter' : scatter plot - 'hexbin' : hexbin plot

```
[7]: # create a scatter plot of columns 'A' and 'C', with changing color (c) and
      ↪ size (s) based on column 'B'
df.plot.scatter('A', 'C', c='B', s=df['B'], colormap='viridis')
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

[7]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fbfb692a6d8>

```
[8]: ax = df.plot.scatter('A', 'C', c='B', s=df['B'], colormap='viridis')
ax.set_aspect('equal')
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[9]: df.plot.box();
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[10]: df.plot.hist(alpha=0.7);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

[Kernel density estimation plots](#) are useful for deriving a smooth continuous function from a given sample.

```
[11]: df.plot.kde();
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

1.0.2 pandas.tools.plotting

[Iris flower data set](#)

```
[12]: iris = pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
iris.head()
```

```
[12]:   SepalLength  SepalWidth  PetalLength  PetalWidth      Name
0          5.1          3.5          1.4          0.2  Iris-setosa
1          4.9          3.0          1.4          0.2  Iris-setosa
2          4.7          3.2          1.3          0.2  Iris-setosa
3          4.6          3.1          1.5          0.2  Iris-setosa
```

4 5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa

```
[13]: pd.tools.plotting.scatter_matrix(iris);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[14]: plt.figure()  
pd.tools.plotting.parallel_coordinates(iris, 'Name');
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

2 Seaborn

```
[15]: import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import seaborn as sns  
  
%matplotlib notebook
```

```
[16]: np.random.seed(1234)  
  
v1 = pd.Series(np.random.normal(0,10,1000), name='v1')  
v2 = pd.Series(2*v1 + np.random.normal(60,15,1000), name='v2')
```

```
[17]: plt.figure()  
plt.hist(v1, alpha=0.7, bins=np.arange(-50,150,5), label='v1');  
plt.hist(v2, alpha=0.7, bins=np.arange(-50,150,5), label='v2');  
plt.legend();
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[18]: # plot a kernel density estimation over a stacked barchart  
plt.figure()  
plt.hist([v1, v2], histtype='barstacked', normed=True);  
v3 = np.concatenate((v1,v2))
```

```
sns.kdeplot(v3);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[19]: plt.figure()  
      # we can pass keyword arguments for each individual component of the plot  
      sns.distplot(v3, hist_kws={'color': 'Teal'}, kde_kws={'color': 'Navy'});
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[20]: sns.jointplot(v1, v2, alpha=0.4);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[21]: grid = sns.jointplot(v1, v2, alpha=0.4);  
      grid.ax_joint.set_aspect('equal')
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[22]: sns.jointplot(v1, v2, kind='hex');
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[23]: # set the seaborn style for all the following plots  
      sns.set_style('white')  
  
      sns.jointplot(v1, v2, kind='kde', space=0);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[24]: iris = pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
iris.head()
```

```
[24]:   SepalLength  SepalWidth  PetalLength  PetalWidth      Name
0         5.1         3.5         1.4         0.2  Iris-setosa
1         4.9         3.0         1.4         0.2  Iris-setosa
2         4.7         3.2         1.3         0.2  Iris-setosa
3         4.6         3.1         1.5         0.2  Iris-setosa
4         5.0         3.6         1.4         0.2  Iris-setosa
```

```
[25]: sns.pairplot(iris, hue='Name', diag_kind='kde', size=2);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```
[26]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
plt.subplot(121)
sns.swarmplot('Name', 'PetalLength', data=iris);
plt.subplot(122)
sns.violinplot('Name', 'PetalLength', data=iris);
```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>