

Kazakhstan is a country with a rich historical past, a multinational secular state, home to about 130 nationalities.

Modern Kazakhstan

The Republic of Kazakhstan is a landlocked country mostly in Central Asia, with a small part in Europe. It borders Russia to the north and west, China to the east, Kyrgyzstan to the southeast, Uzbekistan to the south, and Turkmenistan to the southwest, with a coastline along the Caspian Sea. Its capital is Astana. Kazakhstan is the world's ninth-largest country by land area and the largest landlocked country in the world. It has a population of 19 million people. Kazakhstan has a GDP of \$179.332 billion and an annual growth rate of 4.5 percent. Per capita, Kazakhstan's GDP stands at 59,686. Ethnic Kazakhs constitute a majority of the population, while ethnic Russians form a significant minority. Officially secular, Kazakhstan is a Muslim-majority country, although ethnic Russians in the country form a sizeable Christian community.



Period of History of Kazakhstan



Kazakh Khanate
1465 - 1847 years



In Russian Empire
1847 - 1922 years



The Part of USSR
1922 - 1991 years