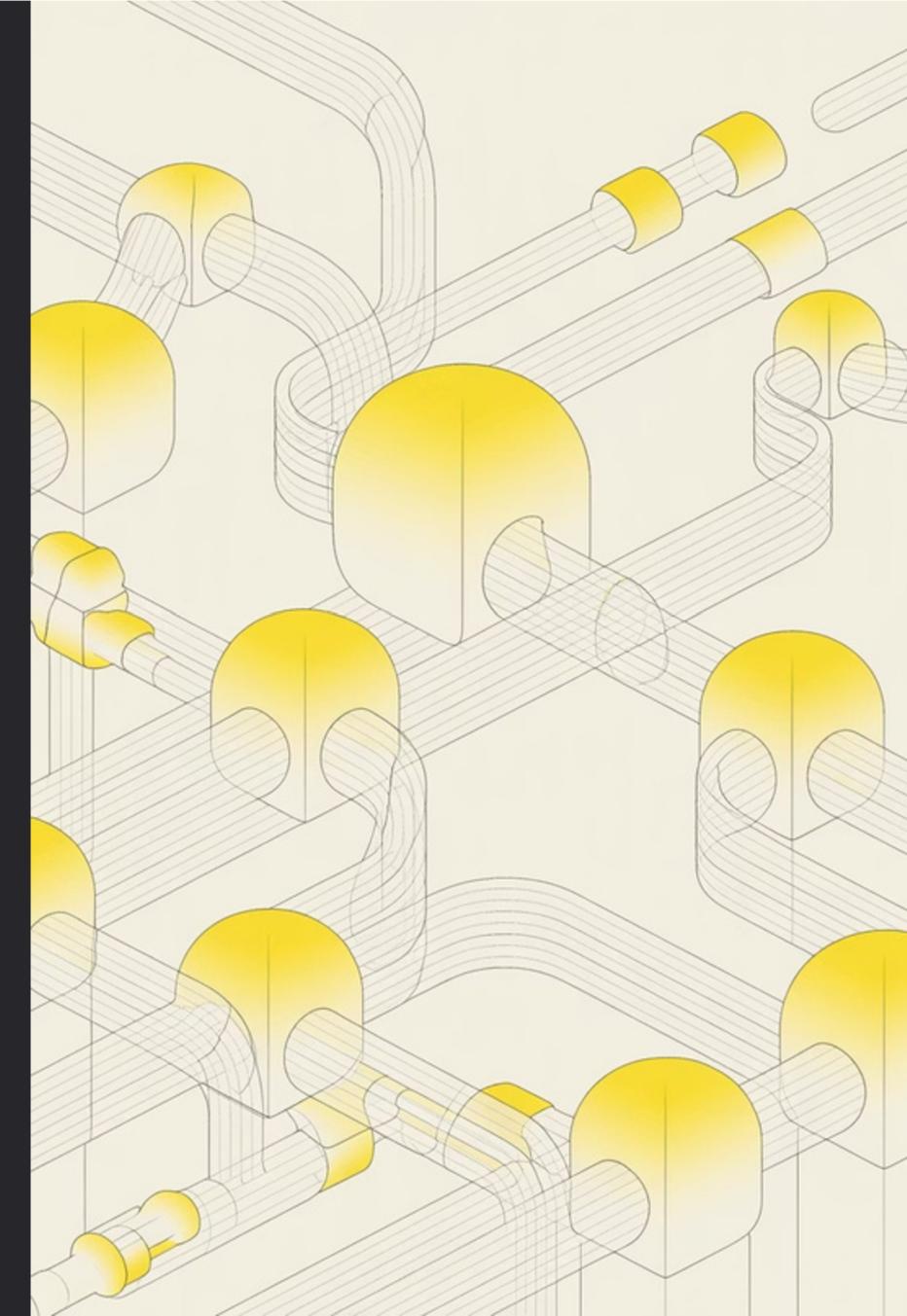


Blockchain Technologies: Education Crowdfunding DApp

Presented by: Zarina Kerimbay, Akbota Bekturgan, Rustam Saduakas





EXPLORER

EDUCATION-CROWDFUNDING.DAPP

- > artifacts
- > cache
- ✓ contracts
 - ❖ Crowdfunding.sol
 - ❖ EduToken.sol
- ✓ frontend
 - ↳ index.html
- > node_modules
- ✓ scripts
 - JS deploy.js
- > test
- ❖ .gitignore
- JS hardhat.config.js
- { } package-lock.json
- { } package.json
- ⓘ README.md

Application Architecture: Three-Tier DApp

Our decentralized application (DApp) follows a standard three-tier architecture, ensuring robust interaction between users and the blockchain.



Frontend (The Client)

Built with frameworks like React, Vue, or Next.js, handling the UI and user input.

Provider/Wallet (The Bridge)

Tools like MetaMask or WalletConnect act as the signer and gateway to the blockchain.

Smart Contracts (The Backend)

Written in Solidity and deployed on a blockchain (e.g., Ethereum Sepolia), serving as the immutable database and logic layer.

Project Structure: EDUCATION-CROWDFUNDING.DAPP

The Visual Studio Code Explorer panel illustrates the organized structure of our DApp, with key directories for contracts, frontend, and deployment scripts.

- artifacts
- cache
- contracts (Crowdfunding.sol, EduToken.sol)
- frontend (index.html)
- node_modules
- scripts (deploy.js)
- test
- .gitignore
- hardhat.config.js
- package-lock.json
- package.json
- README.md

Design & Implementation Decisions

Our DApp prioritizes transparency, efficiency, and user-friendliness through strategic design choices.

Smart Contract Core

Core logic implemented in smart contracts for transparency and immutability.

Modular & Minimal

Contracts are kept modular and minimal to reduce gas costs.

Test Network Usage

A test network (Sepolia) is used for safe and cost-effective testing.

MetaMask Integration

MetaMask selected for wallet integration due to its wide adoption and ease of use.

Secure Frontend

Frontend does not store sensitive data; all critical data is retrieved directly from the blockchain.

Crowdfunding Smart Contract: createCampaign

The Crowdfunding.sol contract defines the core logic for campaign creation, allowing users to initiate new fundraising efforts on the blockchain.

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity "0.8.20";

import "./EduToken.sol";

contract Crowdfunding {
    struct Campaign {
        address owner;
        string title;
        uint goal;
        uint deadline;
        uint amountRaised;
        bool withdrawn;
    }

    EduToken public token;
    Campaign[] public campaigns;

    mapping(uint => mapping(address => uint)) public contributions;

    constructor(address tokenAddress) {
        token = EduToken(tokenAddress);
    }

    function createCampaign(string memory _title, uint _goal, uint _duration) public {
        campaigns.push(Campaign({
            owner: msg.sender,
            title: _title,
            goal: _goal,
            deadline: block.timestamp + _duration,
            amountRaised: 0,
            withdrawn: false
        }));
    }
}
```

Crowdfunding Smart Contract: contribute & withdraw

The contribute function enables users to donate to campaigns, while the

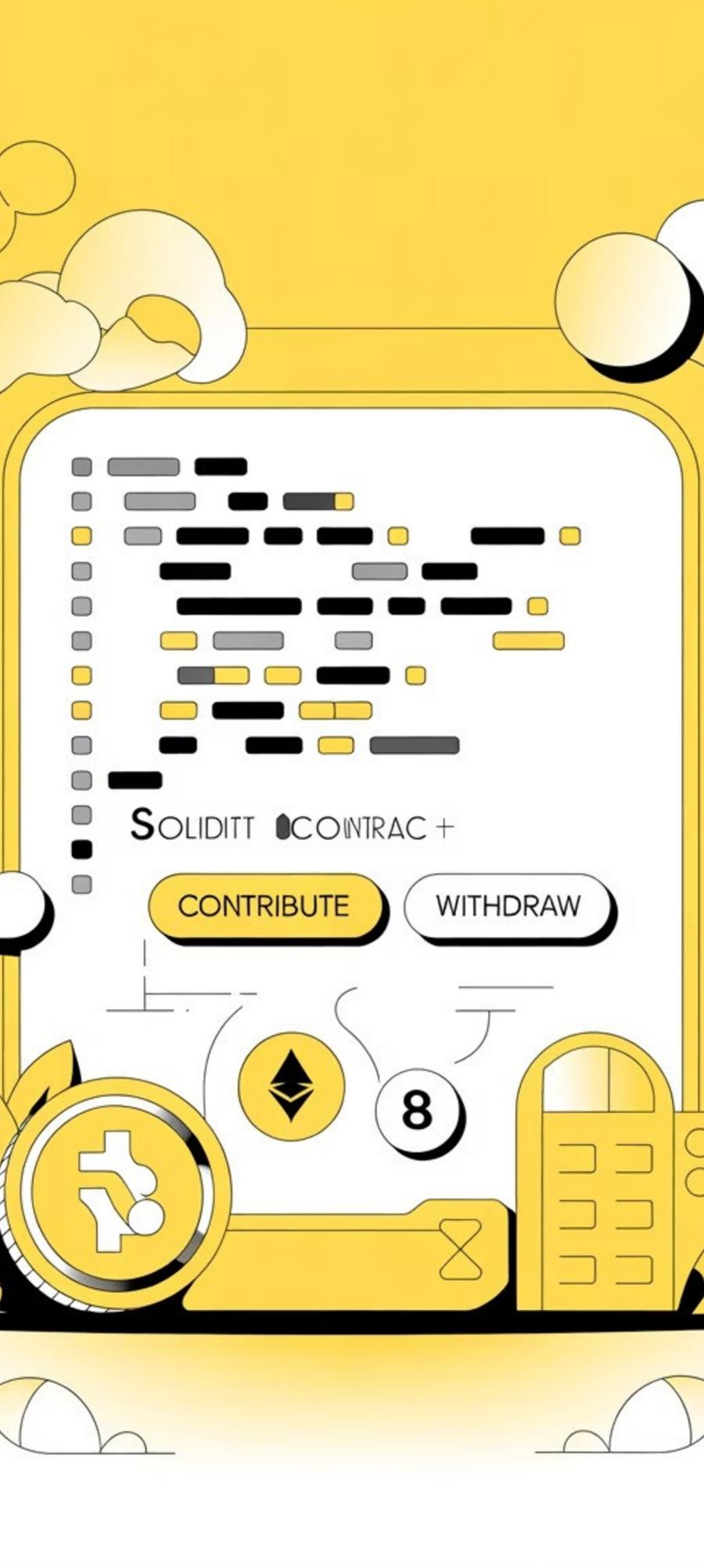
withdraw function allows campaign owners to retrieve funds once the goal is met and the deadline passed.

```
function contribute(uint id) public payable {  
    Campaign storage c = campaigns[id];  
    require(block.timestamp < c.deadline, "Ended!");
```

```
c.amountRaised += msg.value;  
contributions[id][msg.sender] += msg.value;  
  
token.mint(msg.sender, msg.value * 100);  
}
```

```
function withdraw(uint id) public {  
    Campaign storage c = campaigns[id];  
    require(msg.sender == c.owner, "Not owner!");  
    require(c.amountRaised >= c.goal, "Goal not reached!");  
    require(block.timestamp >= c.deadline, "Not finished!");  
    require(!c.withdrawn, "Already!");
```

```
c.withdrawn = true;  
payable(c.owner).transfer(c.amountRaised);  
}
```



EduToken Smart Contract & Logic

The EduToken.sol contract, inheriting from ERC20 and Ownable, defines our custom education token. It includes a mint function, controlled by the contract owner, to issue new tokens.

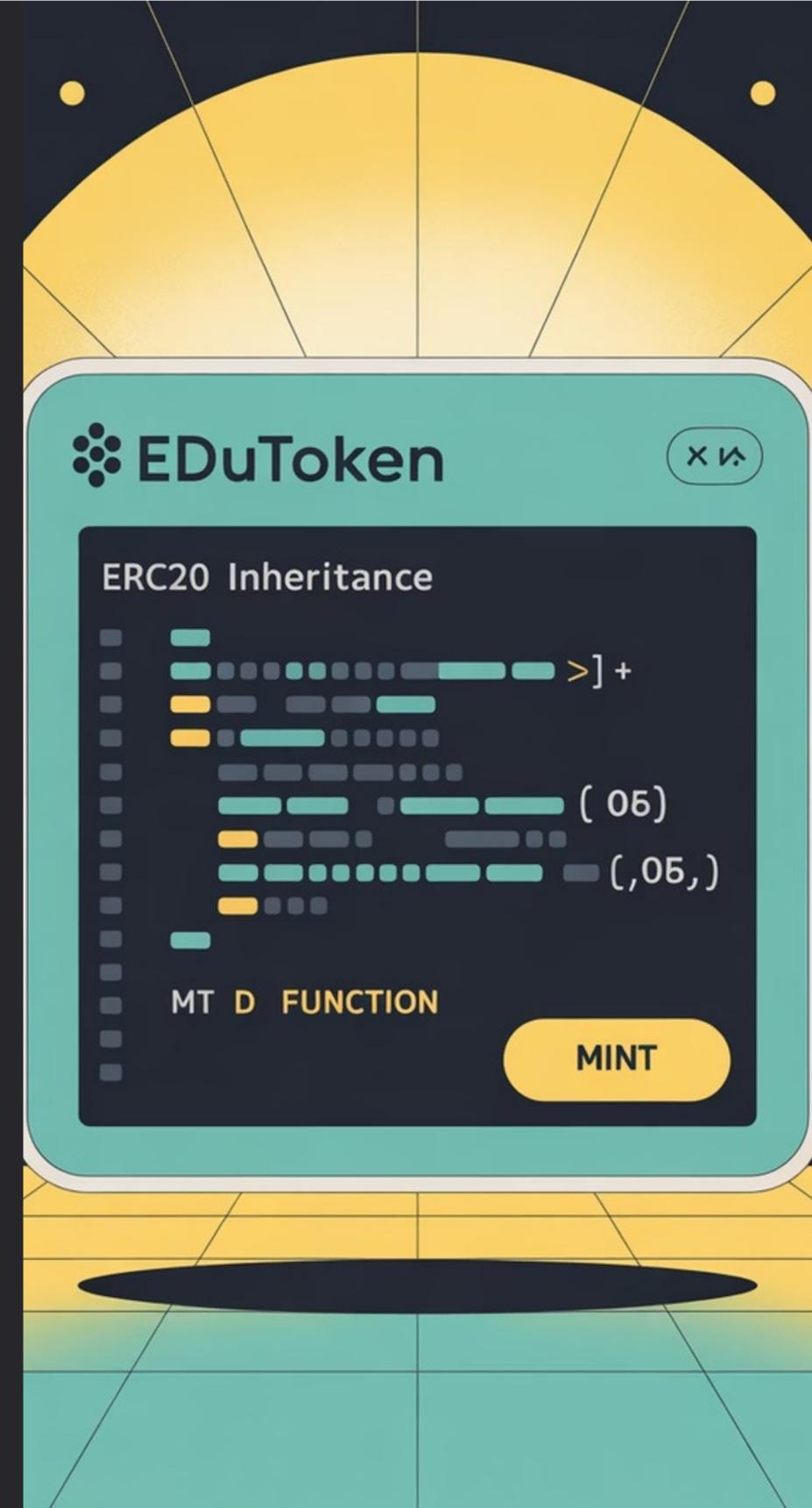
```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.20;

import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol";
import "@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol";

contract EduToken is ERC20, Ownable {
    constructor() ERC20("Education Token", "EDU")
    Ownable(msg.sender) {}

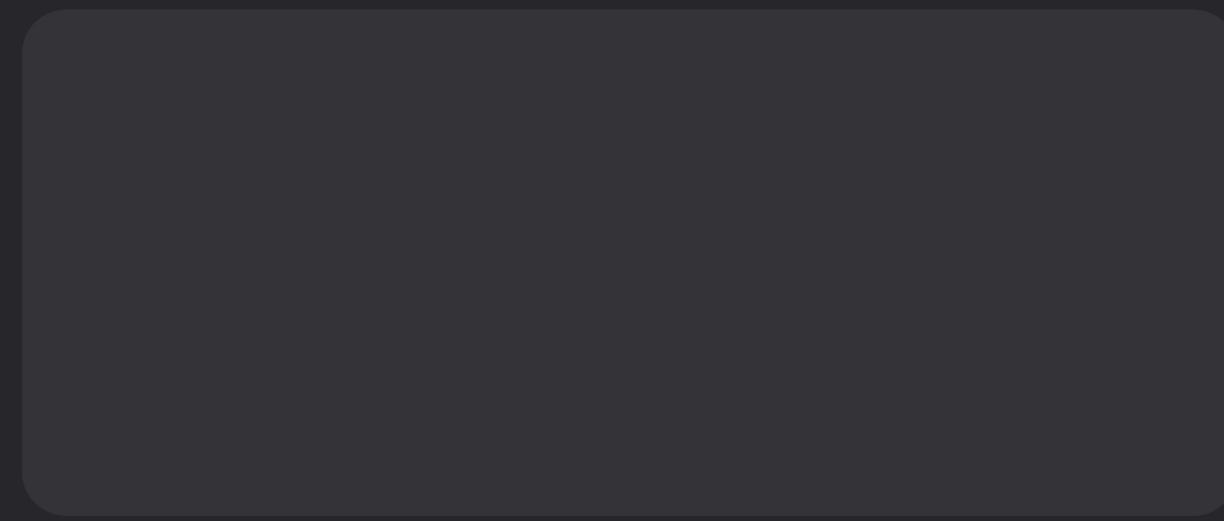
    function mint(address to, uint amount) public onlyOwner {
        _mint(to, amount);
    }
}
```

The smart contract logic ensures data integrity, validates transactions, and manages access control, emitting events for frontend notifications.



Frontend Interaction: index.html

The index.html file forms the user interface, enabling interaction with the DApp. It includes MetaMask connection, balance displays, and forms for campaign creation and donations.



Education Crowdfunding DApp

Connect MetaMask

Address: Not connected

ETH Balances: 0

EDU Token Balance: 0

Create Campaign

Create

Donate

Donate

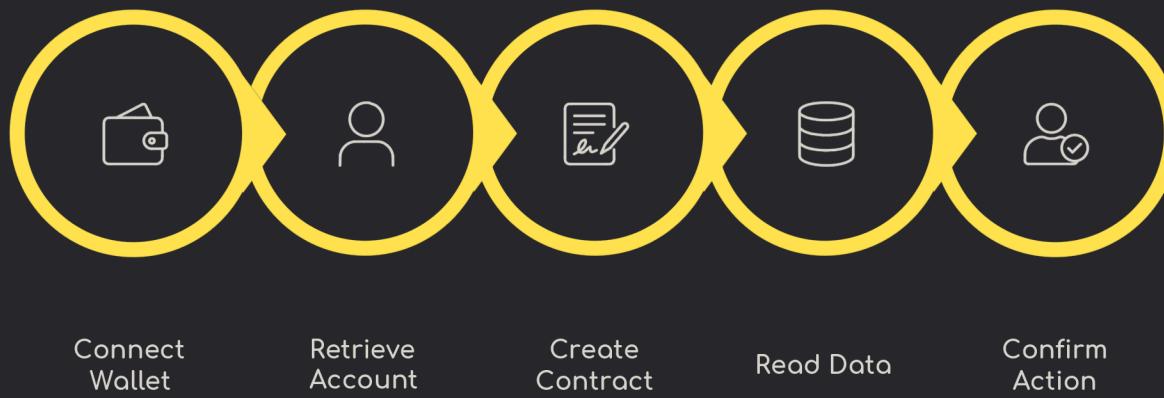
Campaign List

Refresh List

```
index.html ✘ CrowdFunding.sol ✘
ntend > <> index.html > html > body > G
2   <html>
3     <body>
4       <script>
5
6         async function createCampaign() {
7           try {
8             const title = document.getElementById("title");
9             const goalEth = document.getElementById("goalEth");
10            const goalWei = ethers.utils.parseEther(goalEth.value);
11            const duration = 86400 * 7; // 7 days
12
13            const tx = await crowdfundingContract.methods.createCampaign(title, goalWei, duration).send({ from: signer.getAddress() });
14            console.log("Pending...");
15            await tx.wait();
16            alert("Campaign Created!");
17          } catch (err) {
18            console.error(err);
19            alert("Error: " + err.reason);
20          }
21        }
22
23        async function donate() {
24          try {
25            const id = document.getElementById("campaignId");
26            const amountEth = document.getElementById("amountEth");
27
28            const tx = await crowdfundingContract.methods.donate(id.value, amountEth.value).send({ from: signer.getAddress() });
29            value: ethers.utils.parseEther(amountEth.value);
30          });
31          console.log("Donating...");
32          await tx.wait();
33
34          alert("Donation Successful!");
35          const address = await signer.getAddress();
36          updateBalances(address, signer.getAddress());
37        } catch (err) {
38          console.error(err);
39          alert("Error: " + err.reason);
40        }
41      }
42    
```

Frontend-to-Blockchain Interaction Flow

The DApp facilitates seamless interaction between the user interface and the blockchain, from wallet connection to transaction confirmation.



This structured flow ensures secure and transparent operations, with MetaMask acting as the crucial bridge for user authentication and transaction signing.

Deployment & Execution Instructions

Follow these steps to deploy the smart contracts and run the frontend application.

01

Install Dependencies

Run `npm install` in both the root and frontend directories.

02

Compile Smart Contracts

Execute `npm hardhat compile` to compile the Solidity contracts.

03

Deploy Contracts

Deploy to a test network using `npm hardhat run scripts/deploy.js --network sepolia`.

04

Start Frontend Server

Navigate to the frontend directory and run `npm run dev`.

05

Connect MetaMask

Open the application in a browser and connect your MetaMask wallet.

06

Obtain Test ETH

Switch to a test network (e.g., Sepolia) in MetaMask and request test ETH from a faucet.

The screenshot shows a code editor interface with a dark theme. On the left is the Explorer sidebar, which lists the project structure:

- EDUCATION-CROWDFUNDING... (expanded):
 - artifacts
 - cache
 - contracts
 - Crowdfunding.sol
 - EduToken.sol
 - frontend
 - index.html
 - node_modules
 - scripts
 - deploy.js
 - test
 - .gitignore
- hardhat.config.js (selected)
- {} package-lock.json
- {} package.json
- README.md

The main editor area shows the content of `hardhat.config.js`:

```
JS hardhat.config.js > ...
1  require("@nomiclabs/hardhat-ethers");
2
3  module.exports = {
4    solidity: "0.8.20",
5    networks: {
6      localhost: {
7        url: "http://127.0.0.1:8545"
8      }
9    }
10 };
11
12 
```