

# Java da ma'lumotlar ombori bilan ishlash



#### Reja:

- 1. JDBC
- 2. Ma'lumotlar omboriga so'rovlarni amalga oshirish
- 3. PreparedStatement bilan ishlash
- 4. CallableStatement bilan ishlash



### Web application









# PostgreSQL





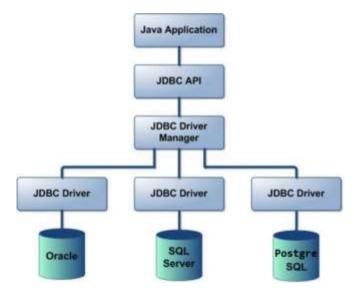
## | PDP | IT-ACADEMY | JDBC (Java DataBase Connectivity)

- ➤ Ma'lumotlar omboriga bog'lanish deb tarjima qilinadi.
- ► Java dasturni har qanday turdagi MOBT bilan qo'llash uchun ishlatiladi. Java.sql paketi orqali ishlatiladi
- ► Java dastur va MOBT o'rtasida bog'lovchi vosita sifatida xizmat qiladi
- ➤ Har bir MOBT ning o'zining drayveri mavjud. Qaysi MOBT ga ulamoqchi bo'lsangiz o'sha drayverni yuklaysiz xolos



#### **JDBC**

➤JDBC – ma'lumotlar omboriga maxsus URL orqali bogʻlanishni ta'minlovchi DRAYVERlar konsepsiyasiga asoslangan. Drayverlar esa dastur ishlayotgan paytda dinamik tarzda yuklanishi mumkin.





#### JDBC afzalliklari

- Foydalanish uchun juda qulay: foydalanuvchi(dasturchi) foydalanmoqchi bo'lgan ma'lumotlar omborini boshqarish tizimi(MOBT) bilan ishlash ko'nikmasiga ega bo'lmasdan turib ham bemalol dastur tuza oladi;
- Agarda kompaniya boshqa MOBT ga o'tishni xoxlasa kod deyarli o'zgarmaydi. O'zgarishlar esa aynan SQL dialektlari bilan bog'liq bo'ladi;
- Hech qanday client dasturni o'rnatishga hojat yo'q;
- ➤ Istalgan MOBTga yengil yoziladigan URL orqali bo'g'lanish mumkin;



#### PDP IT-ACADEMY JDBC API interfacelari

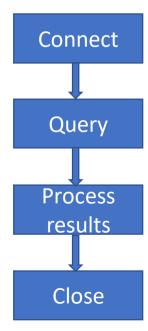
Asosan 2 xil turdagi interfacega ega: birinchisi – dastur yaratuvchilar uchun va ikkinchisi driver yaratuvchilar uchun mo'ljallangan.

- ➤ MOBT bilan bo'g'lanish *java.sql.Connection* interface ini amalga oshirgan klass orqali amalga oshiriladi.
- ➤ Bo'g'lanishga ega bo'lgan holda Statement obe'kti orqali MOBT ga SQL so'rovlarni amalga oshirish mumkin. Statement ni quyidagi turlari mavjud:
  - java.sql.Statement umumiy foydalanishga mo'ljallangan Statement
  - **java.sql.PreparedStatement** parametrlarini berish imkoni mavjud bo'lgan so'rovlarni bajarish uchun mo'ljallangan Statement
  - **java.sql.CallableStatement** MO funksiya va proseduralarini chaqirish uchun mo'ljallangan Statement
- >java.sql.ResultSet so'rov natijasi bilan ishlashga mo'ljallangan interface



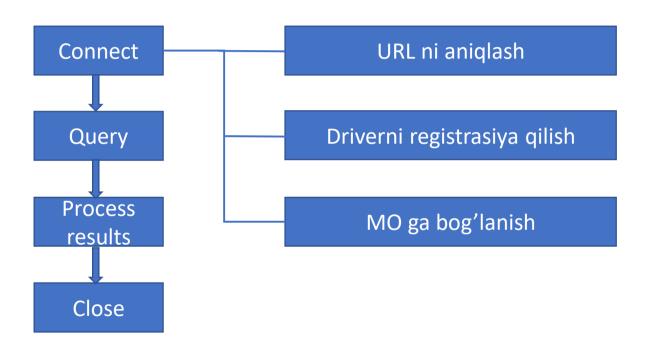
# JDBC orqali MO ga so'rovlarni amalga oshirish

JDBC orqali MO ga so'rovlarni amalga oshirish quyidagi bosqichlarda amalga oshiriladi:





#### **1-bosqich: Connect**





#### **URLni** aniqlash

- URL="jdbc:"+mobt+"://"+host+":"+port+"/"+DB;
- mobt= "postgresql";
- host = "localhost";
- *port* = "5432";
- db = "m";



#### Driverni registrasiya qilish

Class.forName("org.postgresql.Drive r")



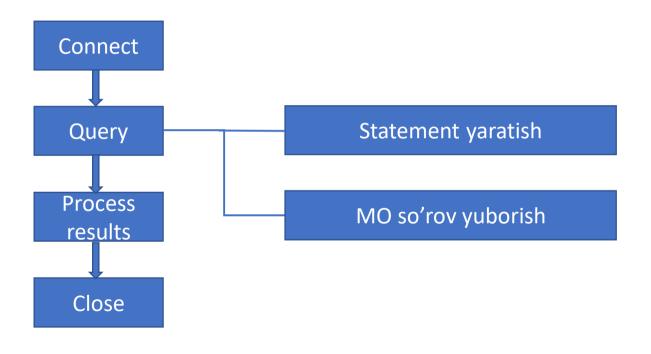
#### MO ga bog'lanish

```
dbUser = "postgres";
dbPassword = "*****";
```

Connection = DriverManager.getConnection(url, dbUser, dbPassword);



#### 2-bosqich: Query





#### Statement yaratish

Statement statement = connection.createStatement();



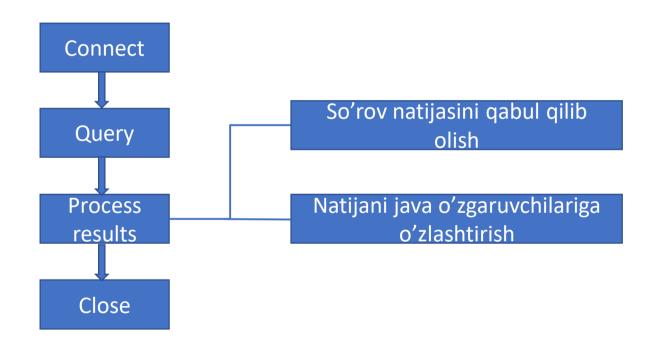
## MO so'rov yuborish

String sql = "select \* from users;";

statement.executeQuery(s
ql);



#### 2-bosqich: Query





#### So'rov natijasini qabul qilib olish

String sql = "select \* from users;";

ResultSet resultSet = *statement*.executeQuery(sql);

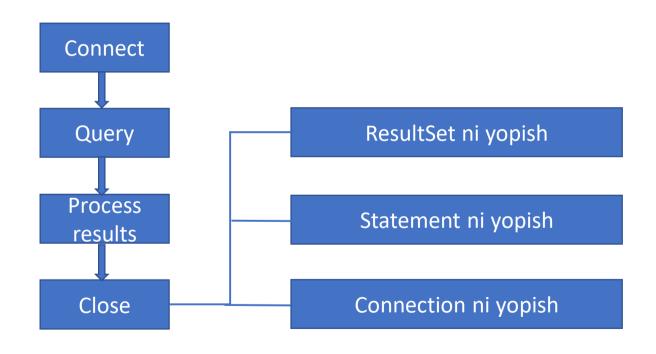


# Natijani java o'zgaruvchilariga o'zlashtirish

```
while (resultSet.next()) {
  System.out.print("id=" + resultSet.getInt(1));
  System.out.print("\nname=" + resultSet.getString("name"));
  System.out.print("\nusername=" + resultSet.getString(3));
  System.out.println("\tpassword=" + resultSet.getString(4));
  System.out.println("\temail=" + resultSet.getString(5));
  System.out.println("\tphone=" + resultSet.getString(4));
```



#### 2-bosqich: Query





#### • | PDP | PT-ACADEMY | PreparedStatement bilan ishlash

```
String sql = "select * from users where name like `%?%`?
                        and? Email like `%?`";
```

PreparedStatement preparedStatement = connection.prepareStatement(sql); preparedStatement.setString(1, "ali"); preparedStatement.setString(2, "gmail.com"); ResultSet resultSet = preparedStatement.executeQuery();



#### CallableStatement bilan ishlash

```
String sql = "{call add_user(?,?,?,?,?,?)}";
```

```
CallableStatement callableStatement = connection.prepareCall(sql);
callableStatement.setString(1, "Solijon");
callableStatement.setString(2, "solijon");
callableStatement.setString(3, "123");
callableStatement.setString(4, "solijon@gmail.com");
callableStatement.setString(5, "+998997776655");
callableStatement.registerOutParameter(6, 16);
callableStatement.registerOutParameter(7, Types. VARCHAR);
callableStatement.executeUpdate();
```



# E'tiboringiz uchun raxmat