Lesson 1 - Intro to Cloud Native Fundamentals

Prerequisites For The course:

• web application development with Python :

https://www.udacitv.com/course/introduction-to-python--ud1110

https://www.udacity.com/course/designing-restful-apis--ud388

https://youtu.be/Qr4QMBUPxWo

• using the CLI or command-line interface :

https://blog.testproject.io/2021/03/30/a-beginners-guide-to-command-line-interface-cli/

https://www.w3schools.com/whatis/whatis_cli.asp

• using git commands:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RGOj5yH7evk

creating a DockerHub account :

https://hub.docker.com/

Tools Required:

- **Python:** https://www.python.org/downloads/

- **Git:** https://git-scm.com/downloads

- **Docker:** https://docs.docker.com/get-docker/

- Vagrant: https://www.vagrantup.com/downloads

- Virtual Box: https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads

Containers: Containers are used to run a single application with all required dependencies. The main characteristics of containers are easy to manage, deploy, and fast to recover. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A0g7I4A6GN4

Microservices : Microservices are used to manage and configure a collection of small, independent services that can be easily packaged and executed within a container. https://youtu.be/gfWr2 H39N0

Cloud-Native : Cloud-native refers to the set of practices that empowers an organization to build and manage applications at scale

https://www.oracle.com/cloud/cloud-native/what-is-cloud-native/

Container Orchestrator: A container orchestrator is simply a tool to manage the containers. **Kubernetes** is a container orchestrator. It is capable to solutionize the integration of the following functionalities:

- Runtime
- Networking
- Storage
- Service Mesh
- Logs and metrics
- Tracing

business perspective, the adoption of cloud-native tooling represents:

- Agility perform strategic transformations
- **Growth** quickly iterate on customer feedback
- Service availability ensures the product is available to customers 24/7

From a **technical perspective**, the adoption of cloud-native tooling represents:

- **Automation** release a service without human intervention
- **Orchestration** introduce a container orchestrator to manage thousands of services with minimal effort
- Observability ability to independently troubleshoot and debug each component