

Production-Grade Frontend Folder Structure Guide

Complete Guide for Clean, Maintainable, and Scalable Frontend Applications

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Introduction

This document provides a comprehensive, production-grade frontend folder structure that works across frameworks (React, Next.js, Vue, etc.). It's designed for:

- Scalability:** From small projects to enterprise applications
- Maintainability:** Easy to understand and modify
- Collaboration:** Multiple developers can work efficiently
- Testability:** Clear structure for testing

Technology Focus: Optimized for React/Next.js but principles apply universally.

Root Level Structure

```
my-app/  
├── public/           # Static assets served directly  
├── src/              # All application source code  
└── .env.example      # Environment variables template
```

```
├─ .env.local          # Local environment variables (gitignored)
├─ .gitignore          # Git ignore rules
├─ .eslintrc.json      # ESLint configuration
├─ .prettierrc         # Prettier configuration
├─ tsconfig.json       # TypeScript configuration
├─ next.config.js      # Next.js configuration (if using Next.js)
├─ package.json        # Dependencies and scripts
├─ package-lock.json   # Locked dependencies
├─ README.md           # Project documentation
└─ tailwind.config.js  # Tailwind CSS config (if using Tailwind)
```

Key Points

- **public/** : Static files that don't need processing (favicons, robots.txt, static images)
 - **src/** : All your working code lives here
 - **Config files**: At root for discoverability and tooling
 - **.env.example** : Template for environment variables (commit this)
 - **.env.local** : Actual secrets (never commit this)
-

Core Source Structure

```
src/
├─ app/                # Next.js App Router (or pages/ for Pages Router)
├─ components/         # Reusable UI components
├─ features/           # Feature-based modules
├─ hooks/              # Global custom hooks
├─ lib/                # External library configurations
├─ services/           # Global API services
├─ store/              # Global state management
├─ styles/             # Global styles
├─ types/              # Global TypeScript types
├─ utils/              # Global utility functions
├─ constants/          # Application constants
├─ context/            # React Context providers
└─ assets/             # Internal assets
```

Complete Folder Breakdown

1. Components Directory

```
src/components/
├── ui/                                # Generic UI elements
│   ├── button/
│   │   ├── button.tsx
│   │   ├── button.test.tsx
│   │   ├── button.module.css
│   │   └── index.ts
│   ├── input/
│   │   ├── input.tsx
│   │   ├── input.test.tsx
│   │   ├── input.module.css
│   │   └── index.ts
│   ├── card/
│   ├── badge/
│   ├── dialog/
│   └── dropdown/
├── layout/                            # Layout components
│   ├── header/
│   │   ├── header.tsx
│   │   ├── header.module.css
│   │   └── index.ts
│   ├── footer/
│   ├── sidebar/
│   ├── navbar/
│   └── container/
└── shared/                           # Cross-feature shared components
    ├── loader/
    ├── modal/
    ├── toast/
    ├── error-boundary/
    └── pagination/
```

Three-Tier Component System:

1. **ui/** - Pure presentational, zero business logic
 2. **layout/** - Structural components defining page layout
 3. **shared/** - Used across features, may contain logic
-

2. Features Directory (THE GAME CHANGER)

src/features/

```
├─ auth/
│   ├── components/                # Auth-specific components
│   │   ├── login-form/
│   │   │   ├── login-form.tsx
│   │   │   ├── login-form.test.tsx
│   │   │   └── index.ts
│   │   ├── register-form/
│   │   └── reset-password-form/
│   ├── hooks/                    # Feature-specific hooks
│   │   ├── useAuth.ts
│   │   ├── useLogin.ts
│   │   └── useRegister.ts
│   ├── services/                 # API calls for this feature
│   │   └── authService.ts
│   ├── store/                   # State management
│   │   └── authStore.ts
│   ├── types/                   # TypeScript types
│   │   └── auth.types.ts
│   ├── utils/                   # Feature utilities
│   │   ├── validateEmail.ts
│   │   └── hashPassword.ts
│   └── index.ts                  # Public API of the feature
├─ posts/
│   ├── components/
│   │   ├── post-card/
│   │   ├── post-list/
│   │   ├── post-form/
│   │   └── post-details/
│   ├── hooks/
│   │   ├── usePosts.ts
│   │   ├── useCreatePost.ts
│   │   └── useDeletePost.ts
│   ├── services/
│   │   └── postsService.ts
│   ├── store/
│   │   └── postsStore.ts
│   └── types/
```

```
| | └─ post.types.ts
| └─ index.ts
|
└─ profile/
  │ └─ components/
  │ └─ hooks/
  │ └─ services/
  └─ index.ts
  |
└─ comments/
  │ └─ components/
  │ └─ hooks/
  │ └─ services/
  └─ index.ts
```

3. Hooks Directory

```
src/hooks/
├─ useDebounce.ts
├─ useLocalStorage.ts
├─ useMediaQuery.ts
├─ useIntersectionObserver.ts
├─ useClickOutside.ts
├─ useCopyToClipboard.ts
└─ index.ts
```

Global hooks that can be used anywhere in the application.

4. Library Configurations

```
src/lib/
├─ axios.ts           # Axios instance setup
├─ react-query.ts     # React Query/TanStack Query setup
├─ firebase.ts        # Firebase configuration
├─ supabase.ts        # Supabase client
└─ analytics.ts       # Analytics setup (GA, Mixpanel)
```

5. Services Directory

```
src/services/
├─ api/
│   ├─ client.ts           # Base API client
│   ├─ endpoints.ts       # API endpoint constants
│   └─ interceptors.ts    # Request/Response interceptors
├─ storage/
│   ├─ localStorage.ts
│   └─ sessionStorage.ts
└─ analytics/
    └─ tracking.ts
```

6. Store Directory

```
src/store/
├─ slices/                 # Redux slices or Zustand stores
│   ├─ userSlice.ts
│   ├─ themeSlice.ts
│   └─ notificationSlice.ts
├─ middleware/
│   └─ logger.ts
└─ index.ts                # Store configuration
```

7. Styles Directory

```
src/styles/
├─ globals.css             # Global styles
├─ variables.css           # CSS variables
├─ reset.css               # CSS reset
├─ themes/
│   ├─ dark.css
│   └─ light.css
└─ utilities.css           # Utility classes
```

8. Types Directory

```
src/types/
├─ common.types.ts        # Common shared types
├─ api.types.ts           # API response types
├─ env.d.ts               # Environment variable types
└─ models/
```

```
|— user.model.ts
|— post.model.ts
└— comment.model.ts
```

9. Utils Directory

```
src/utils/
|— format/
|   |— date.ts
|   |— currency.ts
|   └— number.ts
|— validation/
|   |— validators.ts
|   └— schemas.ts           # Zod/Yup schemas
|— helpers/
|   |— array.ts
|   |— string.ts
|   └— object.ts
└— index.ts
```

10. Constants Directory

```
src/constants/
|— routes.ts               # Application routes
|— config.ts               # App configuration
|— messages.ts             # UI messages
|— api.ts                  # API constants
└— regex.ts                # Regular expressions
```

11. Context Directory

```
src/context/
|— ThemeContext.tsx
|— AuthContext.tsx
|— ModalContext.tsx
└— index.ts
```

12. Assets Directory

```
src/assets/
├─ images/
│   ├── logo.svg
│   └─ placeholder.png
├─ icons/
│   ├── social/
│   └─ ui/
└─ fonts/
    ├── custom-font.woff2
    └─ custom-font.woff
```

Detailed Explanations

Component Structure Deep Dive

Every component should follow this pattern:

```
button/
├─ button.tsx           # Main component file
├─ button.test.tsx      # Unit tests
├─ button.module.css    # Scoped styles
├─ button.stories.tsx   # Storybook stories (optional)
└─ index.ts             # Barrel export
```

Example `index.ts`:

```
export { Button } from './button';
export type { ButtonProps } from './button';
```

Why this works:

- Clean imports: `import { Button } from '@components/ui/button'`
 - Encapsulation: Internal implementation hidden
 - Co-location: Everything related to Button is together
-

Feature-Based Architecture

The `features/` folder is what separates hobby projects from production apps.

Principles:

1. **Self-contained:** Each feature has everything it needs
2. **Encapsulated:** Internal components aren't exported
3. **Scalable:** Add features without touching existing code
4. **Team-friendly:** Different developers work on different features

Example Feature Structure:

```
// features/posts/index.ts (Public API)
export { PostCard, PostList } from './components/post-card';
export { PostForm } from './components/post-form';
export { usePosts, useCreatePost } from './hooks';
export type { Post, CreatePostDto, UpdatePostDto } from './types/post.type';

// Everything else stays private!
```

Usage:

```
// Other parts of app import from feature's public API
import { PostCard, usePosts } from '@features/posts';
```

State Management Organization

Feature-level state (stays in feature):

```
// features/auth/store/authStore.ts
import { create } from 'zustand';
import type { User } from '../../types/auth.types';

interface AuthState {
  user: User | null;
  isAuthenticated: boolean;
  login: (user: User) => void;
  logout: () => void;
}

export const useAuthStore = create<AuthState>((set) => ({
  user: null,
  isAuthenticated: false,
  login: (user) => set({ user, isAuthenticated: true }),
  logout: () => set({ user: null, isAuthenticated: false }),
})));
```

Global state(in `store/slices/`):

```
// store/slices/themeSlice.ts
import { createSlice } from '@reduxjs/toolkit';

export const themeSlice = createSlice({
  name: 'theme',
  initialState: { mode: 'light' as 'light' | 'dark' },
  reducers: {
    toggleTheme: (state) => {
      state.mode = state.mode === 'light' ? 'dark' : 'light';
    },
    setTheme: (state, action) => {
      state.mode = action.payload;
    },
  },
});

export const { toggleTheme, setTheme } = themeSlice.actions;
```

API Service Pattern

Base API Client:

```
// services/api/client.ts
import axios from 'axios';

export const apiClient = axios.create({
  baseURL: process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_API_URL,
  timeout: 10000,
  headers: {
    'Content-Type': 'application/json',
  },
});

// Request interceptor for auth token
apiClient.interceptors.request.use((config) => {
  const token = localStorage.getItem('token');
  if (token) {
    config.headers.Authorization = `Bearer ${token}`;
  }
  return config;
});
```

```

});

// Response interceptor for error handling
apiClient.interceptors.response.use(
  (response) => response,
  (error) => {
    if (error.response?.status === 401) {
      // Handle unauthorized
      window.location.href = '/login';
    }
    return Promise.reject(error);
  }
);

```

Feature Service:

```

// features/posts/services/postsService.ts
import { apiClient } from '@services/api/client';
import type { Post, CreatePostDto, UpdatePostDto } from '../../types/post.ts'

export const postsService = {
  getAll: async () => {
    const response = await apiClient.get<Post[]>('/posts');
    return response.data;
  },

  getById: async (id: string) => {
    const response = await apiClient.get<Post>(`/posts/${id}`);
    return response.data;
  },

  create: async (data: CreatePostDto) => {
    const response = await apiClient.post<Post>('/posts', data);
    return response.data;
  },

  update: async (id: string, data: UpdatePostDto) => {
    const response = await apiClient.patch<Post>(`/posts/${id}`, data);
    return response.data;
  },

  delete: async (id: string) => {
    await apiClient.delete(`/posts/${id}`);
  }
};

```

```
    },  
  };  
};
```

Using with React Query:

```
// features/posts/hooks/usePosts.ts  
import { useQuery } from '@tanstack/react-query';  
import { postsService } from '../services/postsService';  
  
export const usePosts = () => {  
  return useQuery({  
    queryKey: ['posts'],  
    queryFn: postsService.getAll,  
  });  
};  
  
export const useCreatePost = () => {  
  const queryClient = useQueryClient();  
  
  return useMutation({  
    mutationFn: postsService.create,  
    onSuccess: () => {  
      queryClient.invalidateQueries({ queryKey: ['posts'] });  
    },  
  });  
};
```

Type Organization

Feature-specific types:

```
// features/posts/types/post.types.ts  
export interface Post {  
  id: string;  
  title: string;  
  content: string;  
  authorId: string;  
  author: {  
    id: string;  
    name: string;  
    avatar?: string;  
  };  
};
```

```
    tags: string[];
    createdAt: Date;
    updatedAt: Date;
  }

export interface CreatePostDto {
  title: string;
  content: string;
  tags?: string[];
}

export interface UpdatePostDto extends Partial<CreatePostDto> {}

export interface PostFilters {
  authorId?: string;
  tags?: string[];
  search?: string;
}
```

Global types:

```
// types/common.types.ts
export interface ApiResponse<T> {
  data: T;
  message: string;
  success: boolean;
}

export interface PaginatedResponse<T> {
  data: T[];
  total: number;
  page: number;
  pageSize: number;
}

export type Status = 'idle' | 'loading' | 'success' | 'error';

export interface ErrorResponse {
  message: string;
  code: string;
  details?: Record<string, string[]>;
}
```

Naming Conventions

File Naming

Type	Convention	Example
Components	PascalCase.tsx	UserProfile.tsx
Utilities	camelCase.ts	formatDate.ts
Hooks	camelCase.ts (use prefix)	useAuth.ts
Types	camelCase.types.ts	user.types.ts
Services	camelCase.ts	authService.ts
Folders	kebab-case	user-profile/
Styles	component.module.css	button.module.css

Code Naming

Type	Convention	Example
Components	PascalCase	const UserProfile = () => {}
Functions	camelCase	const getUserData = () => {}
Variables	camelCase	const userName = 'John'
Constants	UPPER_SNAKE_CASE	const API_BASE_URL = '...'
Interfaces	PascalCase (I prefix optional)	interface User {}
Types	PascalCase	type Status = 'active'
Enums	PascalCase	enum UserRole {}

Specific Patterns

Boolean Variables:

```
const isLoading = true;
const hasError = false;
const shouldUpdate = true;
const canEdit = false;
```

Event Handlers:

```
const handleClick = () => {};  
const handleSubmit = () => {};  
const handleChange = () => {};
```

Custom Hooks:

```
const useAuth = () => {};  
const useDebounce = () => {};  
const useLocalStorage = () => {};
```

Component Props:

```
interface ButtonProps {  
  onClick: () => void;  
  isDisabled?: boolean;  
  variant?: 'primary' | 'secondary';  
}
```

Code Examples

Complete Component Example

```
// components/ui/button/button.tsx  
import React from 'react';  
import styles from './button.module.css';  
  
export interface ButtonProps {  
  children: React.ReactNode;  
  variant?: 'primary' | 'secondary' | 'danger';  
  size?: 'small' | 'medium' | 'large';  
  isDisabled?: boolean;  
  isLoading?: boolean;  
  onClick?: () => void;  
  type?: 'button' | 'submit' | 'reset';  
}  
  
export const Button: React.FC<ButtonProps> = ({
```

```

    children,
    variant = 'primary',
    size = 'medium',
    isDisabled = false,
    isLoading = false,
    onClick,
    type = 'button',
  )) => {
    return (
      <button
        type={type}
        className={`${styles.button} ${styles[variant]} ${styles[size]}`}
        disabled={isDisabled || isLoading}
        onClick={onClick}
      >
        {isLoading ? 'Loading...' : children}
      </button>
    );
  };
};

```

```

/* components/ui/button/button.module.css */

```

```

.button {
  border: none;
  border-radius: 4px;
  cursor: pointer;
  font-weight: 600;
  transition: all 0.2s;
}

.primary {
  background-color: #0070f3;
  color: white;
}

.primary:hover {
  background-color: #0051cc;
}

.secondary {
  background-color: #eaeaea;
  color: #000;
}

.small {

```



```
padding: 8px 16px;
font-size: 14px;
}
```

```
.medium {
padding: 12px 24px;
font-size: 16px;
}
```

```
.large {
padding: 16px 32px;
font-size: 18px;
}
```

```
// components/ui/button/index.ts
export { Button } from './button';
export type { ButtonProps } from './button';
```

Complete Feature Example

```
// features/posts/types/post.types.ts
export interface Post {
  id: string;
  title: string;
  content: string;
  authorId: string;
  createdAt: Date;
}
```

```
export interface CreatePostDto {
  title: string;
  content: string;
}
```

```
// features/posts/services/postsService.ts
import { apiClient } from '@services/api/client';
import type { Post, CreatePostDto } from '../types/post.types';

export const postsService = {
  getAll: async () => {
    const { data } = await apiClient.get<Post[]>('/posts');
```

```

        return data;
    },

    create: async (postData: CreatePostDto) => {
        const { data } = await apiClient.post<Post>('/posts', postData);
        return data;
    },
};

// features/posts/hooks/usePosts.ts
import { useQuery } from '@tanstack/react-query';
import { postsService } from '../../services/postsService';

export const usePosts = () => {
    return useQuery({
        queryKey: ['posts'],
        queryFn: postsService.getAll,
    });
};

// features/posts/components/post-card/post-card.tsx
import React from 'react';
import type { Post } from '../../../../types/post.types';
import styles from './post-card.module.css';

interface PostCardProps {
    post: Post;
    onDelete?: (id: string) => void;
}

export const PostCard: React.FC<PostCardProps> = ({ post, onDelete }) =>
    return (
        <article className={styles.card}>
            <h3>{post.title}</h3>
            <p>{post.content}</p>
            {onDelete && (
                <button onClick={() => onDelete(post.id)}>Delete</button>
            )}
        </article>
    );
};

```

```
// features/posts/index.ts (Public API)
export { PostCard } from '../components/post-card';
export { usePosts } from '../hooks/usePosts';
export type { Post, CreatePostDto } from '../types/post.types';
```

Path Aliases Configuration

tsconfig.json:

```
{
  "compilerOptions": {
    "baseUrl": ".",
    "paths": {
      "@/*": ["src/*"],
      "@components/*": ["src/components/*"],
      "@features/*": ["src/features/*"],
      "@hooks/*": ["src/hooks/*"],
      "@utils/*": ["src/utils/*"],
      "@types/*": ["src/types/*"],
      "@services/*": ["src/services/*"],
      "@lib/*": ["src/lib/*"],
      "@constants/*": ["src/constants/*"]
    }
  }
}
```

Usage:

```
// Instead of messy relative imports:
import { Button } from '../../../components/ui/button';
import { formatDate } from '../../../utils/format/date';

// Use clean absolute imports:
import { Button } from '@components/ui/button';
import { formatDate } from '@utils/format/date';
import { usePosts } from '@features/posts';
```

Best Practices

1. Single Responsibility Principle

Each component, function, or file should do ONE thing well.

Bad:

```
// UserProfileWithPostsAndComments.tsx - does too much!
```

Good:

```
// UserProfile.tsx - displays user info
// UserPosts.tsx - displays user's posts
// UserComments.tsx - displays user's comments
```

2. Co-location

Keep related files together.

Bad:

```
components/Button.tsx
styles/Button.css
tests/Button.test.tsx
types/ButtonTypes.ts
```

Good:

```
components/ui/button/
├─ button.tsx
├─ button.module.css
├─ button.test.tsx
└─ index.ts
```

3. Shallow Nesting

Keep folder nesting to maximum 2-3 levels.

Bad:

```
src/components/ui/forms/inputs/text/variants/outlined/TextInput.tsx
```

Good:

4. Barrel Exports

Use `index.ts` files for clean imports.

```
// components/ui/index.ts
export { Button } from './button';
export { Input } from './input';
export { Card } from './card';

// Usage
import { Button, Input, Card } from '@components/ui';
```

5. Type Safety

Always use TypeScript and type everything.

```
// Good
interface User {
  id: string;
  name: string;
  email: string;
}

const getUser = (id: string): Promise<User> => {
  // implementation
};

// Bad
const getUser = (id) => {
  // no types
};
```

6. Consistent Formatting

Use tools like Prettier and ESLint.

.prettierrc:

```
{
  "semi": true,
  "trailingComma": "es5",
  "singleQuote": true,
  "printWidth": 80,
  "tabWidth": 2
}
```

7. Component Composition

Build complex UIs from simple components.

```
// Good - composable
<Card>
  <CardHeader>
    <CardTitle>Title</CardTitle>
  </CardHeader>
  <CardContent>Content</CardContent>
</Card>

// Bad - monolithic
<ComplexCardWithEverything title="Title" content="Content" />
```

8. Error Boundaries

Wrap features in error boundaries.

```
// components/shared/error-boundary/ErrorBoundary.tsx
import React from 'react';

interface Props {
  children: React.ReactNode;
  fallback?: React.ReactNode;
}

export class ErrorBoundary extends React.Component<Props> {
  state = { hasError: false };

  static getDerivedStateFromError() {
    return { hasError: true };
  }
}
```

```
}

render() {
  if (this.state.hasError) {
    return this.props.fallback || <div>Something went wrong</div>;
  }
  return this.props.children;
}
}
```

9. Environment Variables

Use `.env` files properly.

```
# .env.example (commit this)
NEXT_PUBLIC_API_URL=
NEXT_PUBLIC_ANALYTICS_ID=
DATABASE_URL=

# .env.local (never commit this)
NEXT_PUBLIC_API_URL=https://api.example.com
NEXT_PUBLIC_ANALYTICS_ID=G-XXXXXXXXXX
DATABASE_URL=postgresql://...
```

10. Documentation

Document complex logic and public APIs.

```
/**
 * Custom hook for debouncing a value
 *
 * @param value - The value to debounce
 * @param delay - Delay in milliseconds
 * @returns Debounced value
 *
 * @example
 * const debouncedSearch = useDebounce(searchTerm, 500);
 */
export const useDebounce = <T>(value: T, delay: number): T => {
```

```
// implementation  
};
```

Quick Reference Checklist

Starting a New Project

- ☐ Set up folder structure
- ☐ Configure path aliases in `tsconfig.json`
- ☐ Set up ESLint and Prettier
- ☐ Create `.env.example` file
- ☐ Add `.gitignore` for `.env.local`
- ☐ Set up base API client
- ☐ Create common types
- ☐ Set up global styles

Adding a New Feature

- ☐ Create feature folder in `features/`
- ☐ Add `components/` subfolder
- ☐ Add `hooks/` subfolder
- ☐ Add `services/` subfolder (if needed)
- ☐ Add `types/` subfolder
- ☐ Create `index.ts` for public API
- ☐ Only export what's needed

Creating a Component

- ☐ Create component folder
- ☐ Add main component file
- ☐ Add styles file
- ☐ Add test file
- ☐ Create `index.ts` barrel export
- ☐ Define TypeScript props interface
- ☐ Add JSDoc comments if complex

Before Committing

- ☐ Run linter: `npm run lint`
 - ☐ Run tests: `npm test`
 - ☐ Check build: `npm run build`
 - ☐ Format code: `npm run format`
 - ☐ Remove console.logs
 - ☐ Update documentation if needed
-

Conclusion

This structure is battle-tested and used in production applications across the industry. Key principles to remember:

1. **Feature-based architecture** for scalability
2. **Co-location** for maintainability
3. **Consistent naming** for clarity
4. **Type safety** for reliability
5. **Shallow nesting** for simplicity

Start simple and add complexity only when needed. Not every project needs every folder from day one. Grow your structure organically as your application grows.

Additional Resources

- **Official Docs:** Next.js, React, TypeScript documentation
 - **Style Guides:** Airbnb JavaScript Style Guide
 - **Tools:** ESLint, Prettier, Husky for pre-commit hooks
 - **State Management:** Zustand, Redux Toolkit, Jotai
 - **Data Fetching:** TanStack Query (React Query), SWR
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Maintained by: Your Team

This document is a living guide. Update it as your team's practices evolve.