

Results

Participant Flow

- Report the flow of participants, including
 - total number of participants in each group at each stage of the study
 - flow of participants through each stage of the study (include figure depicting flow, when possible; see the [JARS–Quant Participant Flowchart](#))

Recruitment

- Provide dates defining the periods of recruitment and repeated measures or follow-up.

Statistics and Data Analysis

- Provide information detailing the statistical and data-analytic methods used, including
 - missing data
 - › frequency or percentages of missing data
 - › empirical evidence and/or theoretical arguments for the causes of data that are missing—for example, missing completely at random (MCAR), missing at random (MAR), or missing not at random (MNAR)
 - › methods actually used for addressing missing data, if any
 - descriptions of each primary and secondary outcome, including the total sample and each subgroup, that includes the number of cases, cell means, standard deviations, and other measures that characterize the data used
 - inferential statistics, including
 - › results of all inferential tests conducted, including exact p values if null hypothesis significance testing (NHST) methods were used, and reporting the minimally sufficient set of statistics (e.g., dfs , mean square [MS] effect, MS error) needed to construct the tests
 - › effect-size estimates and confidence intervals on estimates that correspond to each inferential test conducted, when possible
 - › clear differentiation between primary hypotheses and their tests—estimates, secondary hypotheses and their tests—estimates, and exploratory hypotheses and their test—estimates