



Operating Systems
CS 315 - 040
Department of Physics and Computer Science
Medgar Evers College
Exam 1 - Part A

Instructions:

- The exam requires completing a set of tasks within 90 minutes.
- Write your solutions to tasks 1 through 5 in the text file ‘answers.txt’.
- Instructions for task 6 will be provided once part A is submitted.
- Use the IAS instruction set when necessary:
- Notes are not allowed.
- Cheating of any kind is prohibited and will not be tolerated.
- **Violating and/or failing to follow any of the rules will result in an automatic zero (0) for the exam.**

TO ACKNOWLEDGE THAT YOU HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD THE INSTRUCTIONS ABOVE,
PRINT YOUR NAME AND THE DATE ON YOUR SUBMISSIONS

Grading

| Section | Maximum Points | Points Earned |
|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1 | 3 | |
| 2 | 3 | |
| 3 | 3 | |
| 4 | 3 | |
| 5 | 4 | |
| 6 | 4 | |
| Total | 20 | |

1. Provide the full name and purpose of all the registers of the IAS computer.
2. Convert each of the following numbers to the requested base. You must show work to receive full credit.
 - a. $9E4A7_{16}$ to binary
 - b. 111010_2 to decimal
 - c. 10111001010101_2 to hexadecimal
 - d. 91_{10} to binary
3. Find the twos-complement of each binary number. You must show work to receive full credit.
a. 001000011000 b. 110001001000 c. 011101001001 d. 101001010000
4. Write an IAS program, in hexadecimal, of the statement below, given L, M, and N are the addresses C3, 44, and 2D, respectively
$$L = \frac{2N(N - 2)}{M}$$
5. Using the list of instruction commands below, trace the following code, starting from address 000, by listing sequential changes to the registers and memory.

Memory:

| | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 000: 0100506006 | 001: 0C00721005 | 002: 090050B007 | 003: 0A00014000 |
| 004: 2100500000 | 005: 0000000040 | 006: 0000000012 | 007: 0000000006 |

- **IAS Instruction Set**

| Mnemonic | Opcode | Description |
|----------|--------|---|
| LMA | 0A | Transfer contents from MQ to AC |
| LDM | 09 | Transfer M(X) to MQ |
| STA | 21 | Transfer contents from AC to memory location X |
| LDA | 01 | Transfer M(X) to AC |
| LDN | 02 | Transfer -M(X) to AC |
| ALD | 03 | Transfer M(X) to AC |
| ALN | 04 | Transfer - M(X) to AC |
| BRL | 0D | Takes next instruction from left half of M(X) |
| BRR | 0E | Takes next instruction from right half of M(X) |
| BPL | 0F | If AC >= 0, takes next instruction from the left half of M(X) |
| BPR | 10 | If AC >= 0, takes next instruction from the right half of M(X) |
| ADD | 05 | Add M(X) to AC; put result in AC |
| AAD | 07 | Add M(X) to AC; put result in AC |
| SUB | 06 | Subtract M(X) from AC; put result in AC |
| ASB | 08 | Subtract M(X) from AC; put result in AC |
| MUL | 0B | Multiply M(X) by MQ; put most significant bits of result in AC; least significant in MQ |
| DIV | 0C | Divide AC by M(X); put quotient in MQ and remainder in AC |
| LSH | 14 | Multiply AC by 2 |
| RSR | 15 | Divide AC by 2 |
| STL | 12 | Transfer AC[28:39] to M(X)[8:19] |
| STR | 13 | Transfer AC[28:39] to M(X)[28:39] |
| HLT | 00 | Halts |