

### Problem 5.5

a)  $E: Y^2 = X^3 + 3X + 2$  over  $F_7$

$$E(F_7) = \{0, (0,3), (0,4), (2,3), (2,4), (4,1), (4,6), (5,3), (5,4)\}$$

$$0^3 + 3(0) + 2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$3^2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$4^2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$2^3 + 3(2) + 2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$3^2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$4^2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$4^3 + 3(4) + 2 = 1 \pmod{7}$$

$$1^2 = 1 \pmod{7}$$

$$6^2 = 1 \pmod{7}$$

$$5^3 + 3(5) + 2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$3^2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

$$4^2 = 2 \pmod{7}$$

b)  $E: Y^2 = X^3 + 2X + 7$  over  $F_{11}$

$$E(F_{11}) = \{0, (6,2), (6,9), (7,1), (7,10), (10,2), (10,9)\}$$

$$6^2 + 2(6) + 7 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$2^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$9^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$7^2 + 2(7) + 7 = 1 \pmod{11}$$

$$1^2 = 1 \pmod{11}$$

$$10^2 = 1 \pmod{11}$$

$$6^2 + 2(6) + 7 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$2^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$9^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

c) E:  $Y^2 = X^3 + 4X + 5$  over  $F_{11}$

$$E(F_{11}) = \{0, (0,4), (0,7), (3,0), (6,5), (6,6), (9,0), (10,0)\}$$

$$0^3 + 4(0) + 5 = 5 \pmod{11}$$

$$4^2 = 5 \pmod{11}$$

$$7^2 = 5 \pmod{11}$$

$$3^3 + 4(3) + 5 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

$$0^2 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

$$6^3 + 4(6) + 5 = 3 \pmod{11}$$

$$5^2 = 3 \pmod{11}$$

$$6^2 = 3 \pmod{11}$$

$$9^3 + 4(9) + 5 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

$$0^2 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

$$10^3 + 4(10) + 5 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

$$0^2 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

d) E:  $Y^2 = X^3 + 9X + 5$  over  $F_{11}$

$$E(F_{11}) = \{0, (0,4), (0,7), (1,2), (1,9), (2,3), (2,8), (3,2), (3,9), (6,0), (7,2), (7,9), (9,1), (9,10)\}$$

$$0^3 + 9(0) + 5 = 5 \pmod{11}$$

$$4^2 = 5 \pmod{11}$$

$$7^2 = 5 \pmod{11}$$

$$1^3 + 9(1) + 5 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$2^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$9^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$2^3 + 9(2) + 5 = 9 \pmod{11}$$

$$3^2 = 9 \pmod{11}$$

$$8^2 = 9 \pmod{11}$$

$$3^3 + 9(3) + 5 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$2^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$9^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$6^3 + 9(6) + 5 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

$$0^2 = 0 \pmod{11}$$

$$7^3 + 9(7) + 5 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$2^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$9^2 = 4 \pmod{11}$$

$$9^3 + 9(9) + 5 = 1 \pmod{11}$$

$$1^2 = 1 \pmod{11}$$

$$10^2 = 1 \pmod{11}$$

e)  $E: Y^2 = X^3 + 9X + 5$  over  $F_{13}$

$$E(F_{13}) = \{0, (4,1), (4,12), (8,2), (8,11), (9,3), (9,10), (10,4), (10,9)\}$$

$$4^3 + 9(4) + 5 = 1 \pmod{13}$$

$$1^2 = 1 \pmod{13}$$

$$12^2 = 1 \pmod{13}$$

$$8^3 + 9(8) + 5 = 4 \pmod{13}$$

$$2^2 = 4 \pmod{13}$$

$$11^2 = 4 \pmod{13}$$

$$9^3 + 9(9) + 5 = 9 \pmod{13}$$

$$3^2 = 9 \pmod{13}$$

$$10^2 = 9 \pmod{13}$$

$$10^3 + 9(10) + 5 = 3 \pmod{13}$$

$$4^2 = 3 \pmod{13}$$

$$9^2 = 3 \pmod{13}$$

5.6 Make an addition table for  $E$  over  $\mathbb{F}_p$ , as we did in table 5.1

a)  $E: Y^2 = X^3 + X + 2$  over  $\mathbb{F}_5$

①  $Y^2 = 0^3 + 0 + 2$   
 $Y^2 = 2 \quad \times$

②  $Y^2 = 1^3 + 1 + 2$   
 $Y^2 = 3 \quad \times$

③  $Y^2 = 2^3 + 2 + 2$   
 $Y^2 = 12 \pmod{5}$   
 $= 2 \quad \times$

④  $Y^2 = 3^3 + 3 + 2$   
 $Y^2 = 32 \pmod{5}$   
 $= 2 \quad \times$

⑤  $Y^2 = 4^3 + 4 + 2$   
 $Y^2 = 70 \pmod{5}$   
 $= 0 \quad \times$

no table

$1^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{5}$   
 $2^2 \equiv 4 \pmod{5}$   
 $3^2 \equiv 4 \pmod{5}$   
 $4^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{5}$

b)  $E: Y^2 = X^3 + 2X + 3$  over  $\mathbb{F}_7$

①  $Y^2 = 0^3 + 0 + 3$   
 $= 3$

②  $Y^2 = 1^3 + 2 + 3$   
 $= 5$

③  $Y^2 = 2^3 + 2(2) + 3$   
 $Y^2 = 15 \pmod{7}$   
 $= 1 \quad \checkmark (2, 1), (2, 6)$

④  $Y^2 = 3^3 + 2(3) + 3$   
 $= 36 \pmod{7}$   
 $= 1 \quad \checkmark (3, 1), (3, 6)$

⑤  $Y^2 = 4^3 + 2(4) + 3$   
 $= 75 \pmod{7}$   
 $= 5 \quad \times$

⑥  $Y^2 = 5^3 + 2(5) + 3$   
 $= 138 \pmod{7}$   
 $= 5 \quad \times$

⑦  $Y^2 = 6^3 + 2(6) + 3$   
 $= 231 \pmod{7}$   
 $= 0 \quad \times$

$E(\mathbb{F}_7) = \{O, (2, 1), (2, 6), (3, 1), (3, 6)\}$

$\lambda = \frac{Y_2 - Y_1}{X_2 - X_1}$

$Y = Y_1 - \lambda X_1$

$X_3 = \lambda^2 - X_1 - X_2$

$Y_3 = -(\lambda X_3 + Y)$

	$O$	$(2, 1)$	$(2, 6)$	$(3, 1)$	$(3, 6)$
$O$	$O$	$(2, 1)$	$(2, 6)$	$(3, 1)$	$(3, 6)$
$(2, 1)$	$(2, 1)$	$(0, 1)$	$O$	$(3, 0)$	$(2, 1)$
$(2, 6)$	$(2, 6)$	$O$	$(0, 1)$	$(2, 1)$	$(1, 3)$
$(3, 1)$	$(3, 1)$	$(1, 1)$	$(2, 0)$	$(1, 0)$	$O$
$(3, 6)$	$(3, 6)$	$(0, 0)$	$(0, 0)$	$O$	$O$

work on next  
page  
↓

$$b) p+p = (2,1) + (2,1) = (0,1)$$

$$y^2 = x^3 + 2x + 3 \text{ over } \mathbb{F}_3$$

$$\lambda = \frac{3x_1^2 + A}{2y_1} = \frac{3(2)^2 + 2}{2(1)} = 7 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 1 - 1(2) = -1 \pmod{3} = 2$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = 1 - 2 - 2 = -3 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(1(0) + 2) = -2 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$(3,6) + (3,6) = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{3(3)^2 + 2}{2(6)} = \frac{11}{12} \pmod{3} = \frac{2}{0}$$

$$(3,1) + (3,1) = (1,0)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{3(3)^2 + 2}{2(1)} = 2$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 1 - 2(3) = -5 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$(2,6) + (2,6) = (0,1)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{3(2)^2 + 2}{2(1)} = 1$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 1 - 1(2) = -1 \pmod{3} = 2$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = 1 - 2 - 2 = -3 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(1(0) + 2) = -2 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = 2^2 - 3 - 3 = -2 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(1(1) + 1) = -2 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$(2,1) + (2,3) = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{3-1}{2-2}$$

$$(2,1) + (3,1) = (1,1)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1-1}{3-2} = 0$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 1 - 0(2) = 1$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = 0 - 2 - 3 = -5 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(0(1) + 1) = -1 \pmod{3} = 2$$

$$(3,6) + (2,6) = (1,3)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{6-6}{2-3} = 0$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 3 - 0(6) = 3 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = 0 - 3 - 2 = -5 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(0(1) + 0) = 0$$

$$(3,1) + (2,1) = (3,0)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{1-1}{2-3} = 0$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 3 - 0 = 3 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = 0^2 - 3 - 2 = -5 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(0(1) + 0) = 0$$

$$(2,6) + (3,6) = (0,0)$$

$$\lambda = 0$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 6 - 0(2) = 6 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = 0 - 3 - 2 = -5 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(0(1) + 0) = 0$$

$$(3,6) + (2,1) = (2,1)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{1-6}{2-3} = \frac{-5}{-1} = 5$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 6 - 5(3) = -9 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = (-5)^2 - 3 - 2 = 20 \pmod{3} = 2$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(5(2) + 0) = -10 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$(3,1) + (2,6) = (2,1)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{6-1}{2-3} = \frac{5}{-1} = -5$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 3 - (-5)(3) = 18 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = (-5)^2 - 3 - 2 = 20 \pmod{3} = 2$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(-5(2) + 0) = 10 \pmod{3} = 1$$

$$(2,1) + (3,6) = (0,0)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{6-1}{3-2} = \frac{5}{1} = 5$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 1 - 5(2) = -9 \pmod{3} = 0$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = (5)^2 - 2 - 3 = 0$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(5(0) + 0) = 0$$

$$(2,6) + (3,1) = (2,0)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1-6}{3-2} = \frac{-5}{1} = -1$$

$$v = y_1 - \lambda x_1 = 6 - (-1)(2) = 8 \pmod{3} = 2$$

$$x_3 = x^2 - x_1 - x_2 = (-1)^2 - 2 - 3 = -4 \pmod{3} = 2$$

$$y_3 = -(\lambda x_3 + v) = -(-1(2) + 2) = 0 \pmod{3} = 0$$

✓  
c)  $E: Y^2 = X^3 + 2X + 5$  over  $F_{11}$

③  $Y^2 = 0^3 + 0 + 5$

$Y^2 = 5$  ✓

$(0, 4), (0, 7)$

①  $Y^2 = 1^3 + 2 + 5$

$Y = 8$  ✓

②  $Y^2 = 2^3 + 2(2) + 5$

$= 17 \pmod{11}$

$= 6$  ✗

③  $Y^2 = 3^3 + 2(3) + 5$

$= 38 \pmod{11}$

$= 5$  ✓  $(3, 4), (3, 7)$

④  $Y^2 = 4^3 + 2(4) + 5$

$= 77 \pmod{11}$

$= 0$  ✗

⑤  $Y^2 = 5^3 + 2(5) + 5$

$= 140 \pmod{11}$

$= 8$  ✗

⑥  $Y^2 = 6^3 + 2(6) + 5$

$= 233 \pmod{11}$

$= 2$  ✗

⑦  $Y^2 = 7^3 + 2(7) + 5$

$= 362 \pmod{11}$

$= 10$  ✗

⑧  $Y^2 = 8^3 + 2(8) + 5$

$= 533 \pmod{11}$

$= 5$  ✓  $(8, 4), (8, 7)$

⑨  $Y^2 = 9^3 + 2(9) + 5$

$= 752 \pmod{11}$

$= 4$  ✓  $(9, 2), (9, 9)$

⑩  $Y^2 = 10^3 + 2(10) + 5$

$= 1025 \pmod{11}$

$= 2$  ✗

$1^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{11}$

$2^2 \equiv 4$

$3^2 \equiv 9$

$4^2 \equiv 5$

$5^2 \equiv 3$

$6^2 \equiv 3$

$7^2 \equiv 5$

$8^2 \equiv 9$

$9^2 \equiv 4$

$10^2 \equiv 1$

$E(F_{11}) = \{ \emptyset, (0, 4), (0, 7), (3, 4), (3, 7), (8, 4), (8, 7), (9, 2), (9, 9) \}$

	$\emptyset$	$(0, 4)$	$(0, 7)$	$(3, 4)$	$(3, 7)$	$(8, 4)$	$(8, 7)$	$(9, 2)$	$(9, 9)$
$\emptyset$	$\emptyset$	$(0, 4)$	$(0, 7)$	$(3, 4)$	$(3, 7)$	$(8, 4)$	$(8, 7)$	$(9, 2)$	$(9, 9)$
$(0, 4)$	$(0, 4)$	$(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{7}{4})$	$\emptyset$	$(8, 8)$	$(9, 9)$	$(3, 0)$	$(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2})$	$(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4})$	$(0, 3)$
$(0, 7)$	$(0, 7)$	$\emptyset$	$(\frac{4}{9}, \frac{8}{5})$	$(9, 2)$		$(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{5})$	$\emptyset$		
$(3, 4)$	$(3, 4)$			$(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{6}{4})$	$\emptyset$				
$(3, 7)$	$(3, 7)$			$\emptyset$					
$(8, 4)$	$(8, 4)$						$\emptyset$		
$(8, 7)$	$(8, 7)$						$\emptyset$		
$(9, 2)$	$(9, 2)$								$\emptyset$
$(9, 9)$	$(9, 9)$							$\emptyset$	

5.7

5.7

	$p$	$\# E(\mathbb{F}_p)$	$t_p$	$2\sqrt{p}$	
a)	3	4	0	3.464	$ 0  \leq 2\sqrt{p}$
b)	5	9	-3	4.47	$ -3  \leq 2\sqrt{p}$
c)	7	5	3	5.29	$ 3  \leq 2\sqrt{p}$
d)	11	14	-2	6.633	$ -2  \leq 2\sqrt{p}$

5.13



$$a) Q_B = (1432, 667)$$

$$b) n_B Q_A = (2424, 911)$$

$$\text{secret value} = 2424$$

$$c) n_A = 726 \Rightarrow 726P = Q_A$$

takes  
 $O(\sqrt{P})$

$$d) \text{Bob sends } \boxed{x_B = 161}$$

Shared value

$$Y_A^2 = X_A^3 + 171X_A + 853 = (2)^3 + 171(2) + 853 = 1203$$

$$Y_A = 1203^{(2671+1)/4} = 1203^{(668)} \equiv 2575$$

$$Q_A' = (2, 2575)$$

$$n_B Q_A' = 875(2, 2575) = (1708, 1419)$$

$\therefore$  The secret shared value is  $\boxed{1708}$