Homework 7 – Group 2

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Let P=19079 and 9=17
     alverify that girmod p) is 5-smooth for;
                                         defn: an integer is K-smooth if it has no prime factors > K
     4) 3030
        173030 = 22 36 5' (mod 19079)
                  : 5-smooth
    4) 6892
          17 6892 = 2" 32 (mod 19079)
                  : 5-smooth
   (33) 2
          1718312 = 24 31 53 (mod 19079)
                         : 5-mooth
  b) comple the descrete logarithms logg(2), logs(3), and logg(5)
Note: 19078 to 2.9539 and 9539 is prime
   3030 = 2.1039(2) + 6.1039(3) + 1039(5)
   6892 = 11.10go(2) + 2.10go(3)
   18312 = 4.1093(2) + 1.1093(3) + 3.1093(5)
       we let X2 = logg(2), X3 = logg(3), and X5 = logg(5)
            3030 = 2x2 + 6x3 + X5 (mod 19079)
            6892 = 11x2 + 2x3 (mod (9079)
18312 = 4x2 + x3 + 3x5 (mod (9079)
 formulas are congruences modulo p-1 = 19079 = 2.9539
  (x21/3, X5) = (177 34, 10838, 17002)
1717734 = 2 (mod 19079) /
1710838 = 3 (mod 19079) V
17 17002 = 5 (mod 19079) J
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3.38

a.)
$$b^2 \equiv a^{\frac{p+1}{2}} \equiv a^{1+\left(\frac{p-1}{2}\right)} \equiv a*\left(\frac{a}{p}\right)$$
 (since a is a quadratic residue it means $\frac{a}{p}=1$)

this means that it would be \equiv a mod p which satisfies the proof.

$$116^{\left(\frac{587+1}{4}\right)} \equiv 116^{147} \equiv 65 \mod 587.$$
 So we check $65^2 \mod 587$ which is in fact $\equiv to \ 116 \mod 587$

$$3217^{\left(\frac{8672+1}{4}\right)} \equiv 3217^{2157} \equiv 2980 \ mod \ 8627.$$
So we check $2980^2 mod \ 8672$ which is in fact $\equiv to \ 3217 \ mod \ 8672$

III.)
$$a = 9109$$
, $p = 10663$

$$9109^{\left(\frac{10663+1}{4}\right)} \equiv 9109^{2666} \equiv 3502 \ mod \ 10663.$$

So we check 3502^2 mod 587 actually equals 1554 mod 10663. This means that this is not a quadratic residue modulo of 10663. However you can see that 3502^2 mod 10663 is actually equal to -9109 mod 10663.

3.41

a) N = 1842338473, a = 1532411781

Since the ciphertext is not a quadratic residue to p then plaintext = 1

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{5257334818}{32411}\right) &= \left(\frac{28398}{32411}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{32411}\right) \left(\frac{3}{32411}\right) \left(\frac{4733}{32411}\right) = (-1) * - \left(\frac{32411}{3}\right) \left(\frac{32411}{4733}\right) \\ &= (-1) * - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \left(\frac{4013}{4733}\right) = (-1) * - (-1) \left(\frac{4733}{4013}\right) = (-1) * - (-1) \left(\frac{720}{4013}\right) \\ &= (-1) * - (-1) \left(\left(\frac{2}{4013}\right)^4 \left(\frac{3}{4013}\right)^2 \left(\frac{5}{4013}\right)\right) \\ &= (-1) * - (-1) \left((-1)^4 \left(\frac{4013}{3}\right)^2 \left(\frac{4013}{5}\right)\right) = (-1) * - (-1) \left((-1)^4 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\right) \\ &= (-1) * - (-1) \left((-1)^4 (-1)^2 \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)\right) = (-1) * - (-1) \left((-1)^4 (-1)^2 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right) \\ &= (-1) * - (-1) \left((-1)^4 (-1)^2 (-1)\right) = \mathbf{1} \end{split}$$

The ciphertext is a quadratic residue to p so plaintext = 0

$$\frac{\left(\frac{420526487}{32411}\right) = \left(\frac{23173}{32411}\right) = \left(\frac{7}{32411}\right) \left(\frac{3739}{32411}\right) = -\left(\frac{32411}{7}\right) * -\left(\frac{32411}{3739}\right) = \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right) * -\left(\frac{2499}{3739}\right) \\
= (-1) * \left(\left(\frac{3}{3739}\right) \left(\frac{7}{3739}\right)^2 \left(\frac{17}{3739}\right)\right) = (-1) * \left(-\left(\frac{3739}{3}\right) \left(\frac{-3739}{7}\right)^2 \left(\frac{3739}{17}\right)\right) \\
= (-1) * \left(\left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{-1}{7}\right)^2 \left(\frac{16}{17}\right)\right) = (-1) * \left((-1)(-1)^2 \left(\frac{2}{17}\right)^4\right) \\
= (-1) * \left(\left(\frac{-1}{3}\right) \left(\frac{-1}{7}\right)^2 (1)^4\right) = -\mathbf{1}$$

The cipher text is not a quadratic residue to p so plaintext = 1

N = pq = 47*67

$$\left(\frac{2322}{47}\right) = \left(\frac{19}{47}\right) = -\left(\frac{47}{19}\right) = -\left(\frac{9}{19}\right) = -\left(\frac{3}{19}\right)^2 = -\left(-\frac{19}{3}\right)^2 = -\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 = -(-1)^2 = -\mathbf{1}$$

The cipher text is not a quadratic residue to p so plaintext = 1

$$\left(\frac{719}{47}\right) = \left(\frac{14}{47}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{47}\right)\left(\frac{7}{47}\right) = (1) * - \left(\frac{47}{7}\right) = (1) * - \left(\frac{5}{7}\right) = (1) * - \left(\frac{7}{5}\right) = (1) * - \left(\frac{2}{5}\right) = (1)$$

The ciphertext is a quadratic residue to p so plaintext = 0

$$\left(\frac{202}{47}\right) = \left(\frac{14}{47}\right) = 1$$

The ciphertext is a quadratic residue to p so plaintext = 0

Group 2: Kyle, Jesus, Mason, Ying, Adam, Gage, Connor

c) N = 781044643, a = 568980706

r =705130839, m = 1

 $c = 568980706 * 705130839^2 \equiv 517254876 \mod N$

C = 517254876

r = 631364468, m = 1

 $c = 568980706 * 631364468^2 \equiv 4308279 \mod N$

C = 4308279

r = 67651321, m = 0

 $c = 67651321^2 \equiv 660699010 \mod N$

C =660699010