

SELENIUM FULL MATERIAL

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INTRODUCTION OF AUTOMATION TESTING

Important Java concepts required for selenium:

- Conditions(if, if-else, switch)
- Loops(for, while, do-while, for-each)
- Ooops(Inheritance, Polymorphism, Encapsulation, Abstraction)
- Method overloading, overriding
- Constructors
- String
- Type casting, Upcasting
- Code optimization
- Collection(List and Set)

Automation:

- Performing any task by using a tool or machine is called as automation.

Advantages:

1. Save the time.
2. Faster
3. Requires less manual effort
4. Restless.
5. Accuracy will be more
6. Multi-task
7. Requires less human resources

Dis Advantages:

1. Initial investment will be more.
2. It requires constant maintenance
3. It requires additional skill sets.

Automation testing:

- Testing an application by using any automation tools is called as automation testing.

Automation Tool:

- It's a software or an application which is used to automate any applications.
 - Ex: Selenium, QTP, Appium, AutoIT etc,

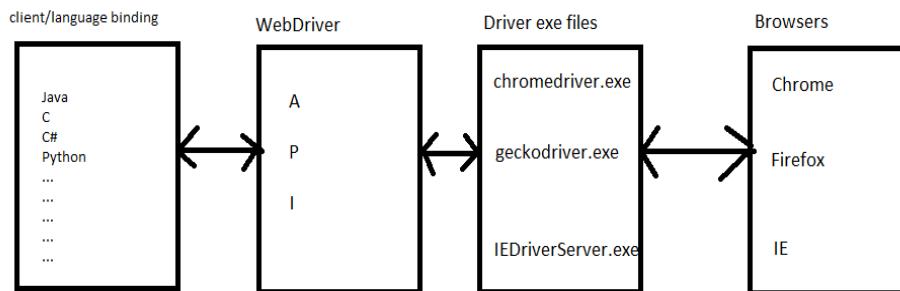
Selenium:

- It's a free and open source automation tool which is used to automation any web based applications.

Advantages of selenium:

- It is freely available automation tool. To make use of selenium for commercial purpose we don't have to buy any license. It is available in below website.
 - <https://www.seleniumhq.org/download/>
- Anyone can view source code of selenium which is available in below website.
 - <https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium>
- Using selenium we can automate any web based applications such as gmail, facebook, flipkart etc...
- It supports for 14 programming languages.
- It supports for multiple platforms such as Windows, Mac, Linux.
- It supports all most all the browsers such as chrome, firefox, ie, safari, opera.

High Level Architecture of selenium:



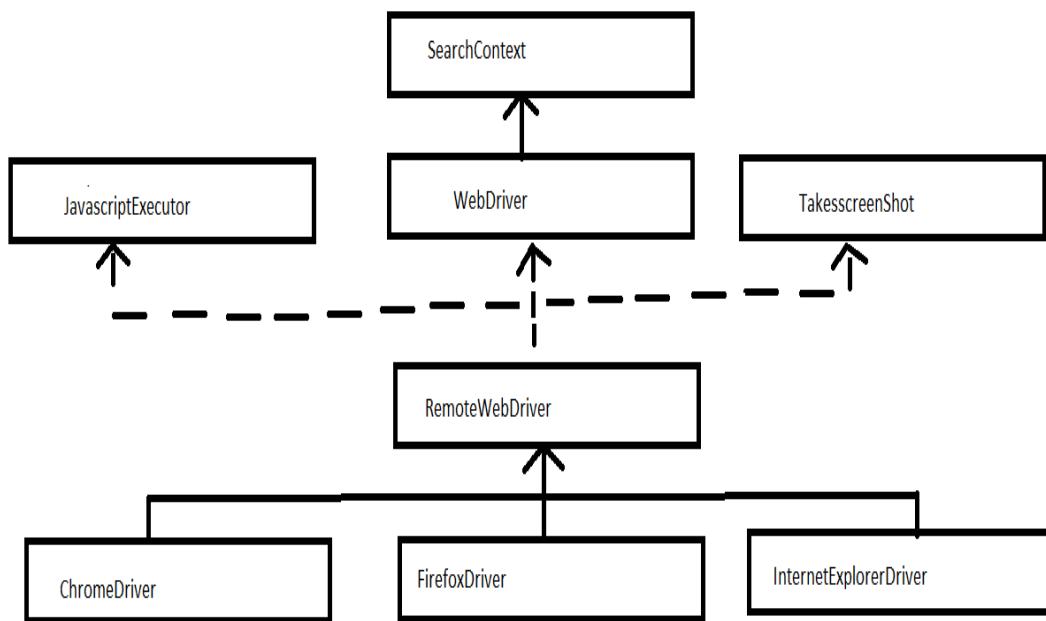
- Selenium supports for multiple languages such as java, c, python etc,
- Each of these languages contains generic libraries(Re-useable codes) which is called as client/language binding.
- These client binding will communicates with as API called WebDriver
- Here client binding will communicate the actions which has to be performed on the browser such as open the browser, enter url/text, click, close etc.

- To perform action on the browser WebDriver will communicate with driver executable files such as chromedriver.exe, geckodriver.exe, IEDriverServer.exe etc

Note:

1. To perform action on chrome browser, webdriver will communicate with chromedriver.exe
2. To perform action on firefox browser, webdriver will communicate with geckodriver.exe
3. To perform action on ie browser, webdriver will communicate with IEDriverServer.exe

Java selenium Architecture:



Interface:

1. **SearchContext**
2. **JavaScriptExecutor**

3. WebDriver

Classes:

1. RemoteWebDriver
2. ChromeDriver
3. InternetExplorerDriver

- SearchContext is the super most interface which contains 2 methods,
 1. findElement()
 2. findElements()
- SearchContext interface is inherited by another interface called WebDriver which contains 13 methods including findElement() and findElements()
- There are other 2 interfaces such as
 1. JavascriptExecutor:- which is used to execute javascript statements
 2. TakesScreenshot:- which is used to take screenshots of webpage
- All these interfaces are implemented in a class called RemoteWebDriver(Super most class in selenium)
- All the methods of RemoteWebDriver class are overridden in respective browser classes such as, ChromeDriver, FirefoxDriver , InternetExplorerDriver.

WebDriver methods:

- 1 get()
- 2 getTitle()
- 3 getCurrentUrl()
- 4 getPageSource()
- 5 findElement()
- 6 findElements()
- 7 getWindowHandle()
- 8 getWindowHandles()
- 9 switchTo()
- 10 manage()
- 11 navigate()
- 12 close()
- 13 quit()

JavascriptExecutor methods:

- 1 executeScript()
- 2 executeAsyncScript()

TakesScreenshot methods:

1. getScreenShotAs()

Note:

1. ChromeDriver class is used to work with chrome browser.
2. FirefoxDriver class is used to work with firefox browser.
3. InternetExplorerDriver class is used to work with ie browser.

Tools Required:

- jdk[1.8 & above]
- Eclipse[Mars, Neon, Oxygen]
- Selenium jar file
- Driver executable files
- Latest version of browsers
- Application Under Testing

Steps to install selenium:

- Download selenium jar file and driver exe files from following website.
URL → <http://www.seleniumhq.org/download>
- Extract all the driver exe files
- In eclipse, create a java project with the name Automation.
- Under the Java project create 2 folders with the name drivers and jars
 - To create folder, Right click on project → new → create folder
- Store all extracted driver exe files under drivers folder
- Store selenium jar file under jars folder
- Associate selenium jar file with java project
 - To associate the jar file, right click on jar file → Build path → Add to build path

Note:

- Before launching the browser we have to set path of the driver exe file.
- We can set path of the driver exe file by using setProperty() of System class.
- setProperty() is a static method which takes 2 args of type String. They are,
 - key
 - value
- key for geckodriver is, webdriver.gecko.driver
- value is the path of the driver exe file. We can specify the value in any of the following ways,
 - C:\\Users\\Venkat\\Desktop\\capgemini\\Automation\\drivers\\geckodriver.exe
 - C:/Users/Venkat/Desktop/capgemini/Automation/drivers/geckodriver.exe

- ./drivers/geckodriver.exe(---> path of the current java project)
- If we do not set path of the driver exe file, then it will throw IllegalStateException.

BROWSER LAUNCHING

1. Open the browser

Firefox browser:

```
public class FacebookAccount {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // to configure driver
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        // create the firefox driver

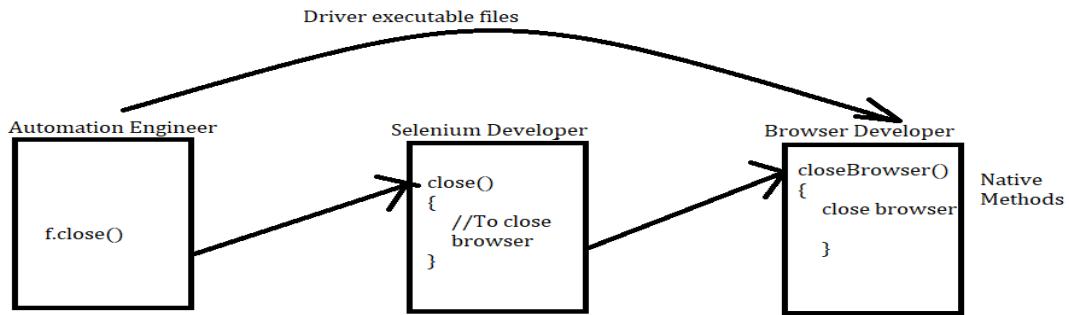
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        // url mention
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
        driver.close();
    }
}
```

Q1: How does selenium performs the action?

Ans: By calling native methods of the browsers.

Q2: How do you call native methods of the browsers?

Ans: By using driver executable files.



Close();

- It is used to close the application.
- It will close the current browser.

Quit();

- Destroy the object.
- It will close all browser windows opened by selenium webdriver

Chrome Launching:

chrome driver-v60=chrome driver-v2.30

```

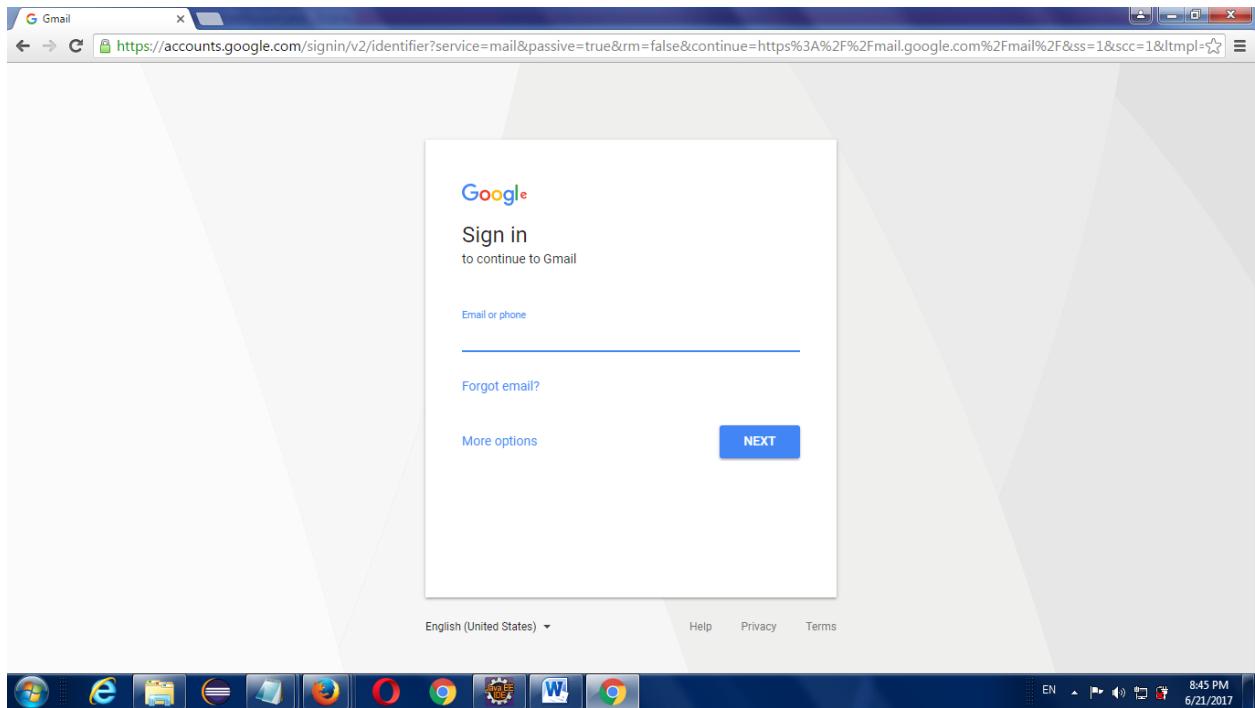
public class GmailAccount {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/chromedriver.exe");

        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.gmail.com/");
        driver.manage().window().maximize();

    }
}

```

Output of the above program:



IE Launching:

IE-v11.0= internet driver server-v3.4

Internet Explorer browser:

Before launching IE browser we have to do the following settings.

- open the ie browser
- goto tools and click on internet options
- goto security tab
- Select enable protected mode checkbox in all the zone
 - Internet
 - Local intranet
 - trusted sites
 - Restricted sites
- Set the zoom level to 100%

IE Launching:

```
public class IntenetExplore {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```

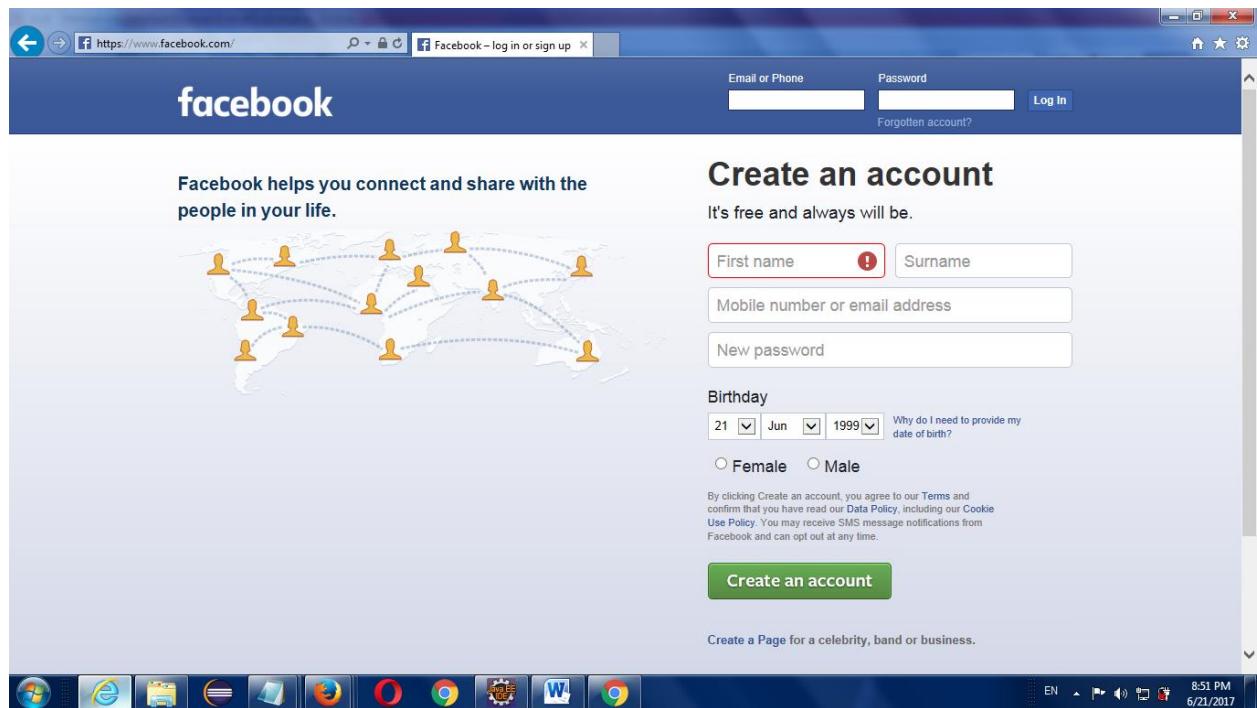
System.setProperty("webdriver.ie.driver",
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/IEDriverServer.exe");

WebDriver driver = new InternetExplorerDriver();
driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
driver.manage().window().maximize();
}

}

```

Output of the program



Opera Launching:

Opera-v46=opera driver-v2.27

```

public class Opera {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

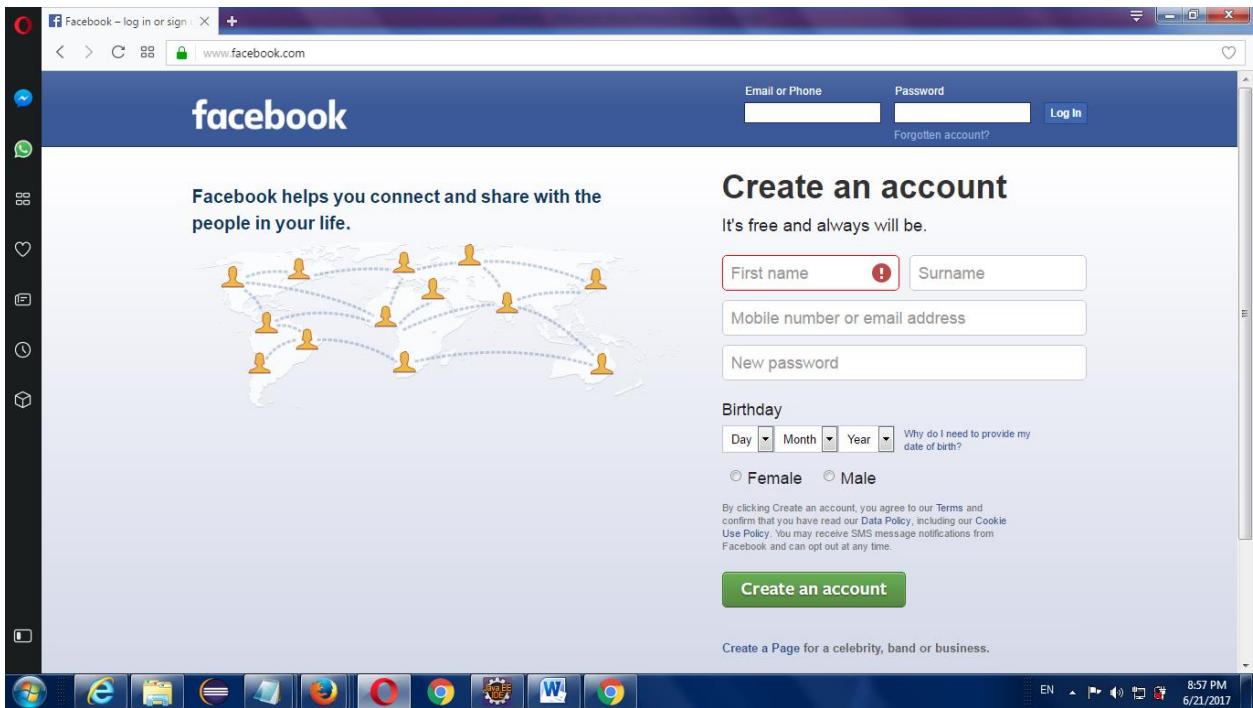
```

```
System.setProperty("webdriver.opera.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/operadriver.exe");
```

```
WebDriver driver = new OperaDriver();
driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
driver.manage().window().maximize();
}

}
```

Output:



Write a Script to open and close the browser based on user input

```
public class Demo
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```

System.out.println("Enter browser Name:");
String browser = sc.nextLine();

WebDriver driver = null;

if(browser.equals("Firefox"))
{
    System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
 "./drivers/geckodriver.exe");
    driver = new FirefoxDriver();
}
else
if(browser.equals("Chrome"))
{
    System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
 "./drivers/chromedriver.exe");
    driver = new ChromeDriver();
}
else
{
    System.out.println("Invalid browser");
}
Thread.sleep(2000);
driver.close();
}
}

```

Note: The above script is an example for Run Time Polymorphism.

- To run same script on multiple browsers, we are converting sub class object into interface type(upcasting).

```
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
```

```
WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
```

WEB DRIVER METHODS:

Methods of WebDriver Interface:

1	get()	To enter the url
2	getTitle()	To get the title of current web page
3	getCurrentUrl()	To get the url of current web page
4	getPageSource()	To get the page source of current web page
5	findElement()	To get single webElements
6	findElements()	To get multiple webElements
7	getWindowHandle()	To get the id of parent window
8	getWindowHandles()	To get the id of All windows
9	switchTo()	Used to switch one window to other window
10	manage()	1. Window 2. Cookies
11	navigate()	1. Enter the URL 2. Navigate to previous page 3. Navigate to next page 4. Refresh current web page
12	close()	To close the current/parent browser
13	quit()	To close all the browsers opened by selenium

```
public class Demo
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
    {
        //open the browser
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
        "./drivers/chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        //enter the url
        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");

        //To get the title of current web page
        String title = driver.getTitle();
        System.out.println("Title: "+title);

        //To get the url of current web page
        String url = driver.getCurrentUrl();
        System.out.println("URL: "+url);
    }
}
```

```

        //To close the browser
        Thread.sleep(2000);
        driver.close();
    }
}

```

```

eclipse-workspace - demo/src/interview/sampl.java - Eclipse IDE
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
File Editors Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Problems Console
task.java sampl.java
1 package interview;
2
3 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
4 import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
5
6 public class sampl {
7     public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
8     {
9         //open the browser
10        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "C:\\\\Users\\\\1");
11        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
12
13        //enter the url
14        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");
15
16        //get the title of current web page
17        String title = driver.getTitle();
18        System.out.println("Title: "+title);
19
20        //get the url of current web page
21        String url = driver.getCurrentUrl();
22        System.out.println("URL: "+url);
23
24
25        //To close the browser
26        Thread.sleep(2000);
27        driver.close();
28    }
29
30
31
32
33
34

```

<terminated> sampl [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_31\bin\javaw.exe (Mar1, 2019, 12:43:24 PM)
Starting ChromeDriver 73.0.3683.20 (8e2b610813e167eee3619ac4ce6e42e3ec622017) on port 14648
Only local connections are allowed.
Please protect ports used by ChromeDriver and related test frameworks to prevent access by malicious code.
Mar 01, 2019 12:43:32 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: OSS
Title: Google
URL: https://www.google.com/

Write a script for the following:

- Open the browser
- Delete all cookies
- Set size of the window
- Set position of the window
- Maximize the window

```

public class Demo
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
    {

```

```

        //To open the browser
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
        "./drivers/chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        Thread.sleep(2000);

        //To delete cookies
        driver.manage().deleteAllCookies();

        //To set the size of the window
        Dimension d = new Dimension(500, 500);
        driver.manage().window().setSize(d);
        Thread.sleep(2000);

        //To set the position of the window
        Point p = new Point(250, 250);
        driver.manage().window().setPosition(p);
        Thread.sleep(2000);

        //To maximize the window
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
    }
}

```

NAVIGATION COMMANDS

1. Navigate().to()
2. Refresh()
3. Back()
4. Forward()

```

public class Demo
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
    {
        //open the browser
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
        "./drivers/chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        //To maximize the window
        driver.manage().window().maximize();

        //To delete the cookies
    }
}

```

```

        driver.manage().deleteAllCookies();

        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");

        //To enter the url
        driver.navigate().to("https://www.facebook.com/");
        Thread.sleep(1000);

        //To navigate to previous page
        driver.navigate().back();
        Thread.sleep(1000);

        //To navigate to next page
        driver.navigate().forward();
        Thread.sleep(1000);

        //Refresh current web page
        driver.navigate().refresh();
    }

}

public class Demo
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
    {
        //open the browser
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
        "./drivers/chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        driver.get("https://www.naukri.com/");

        Thread.sleep(2000);

        //To close all the browsers
        driver.quit();
    }
}

```

Difference Between get() and navigate():

get	navigate
It will just enter the URL	1. It will enter the URL 2. It will navigate to previous page 3. It will navigate to next page 4. It will refresh the current web page
After entering the URL it will not allow any statements to execute until the page loads completely	After entering the URL it will not wait until the page loads completely

WEBELEMENTS METHODS:

WebElement:

- Anything which is present on the webpage is called as webelement.
Ex: text box, link, image, listbox, checkbox etc,
- These Web elements are developed by using HTML.
- HTML stands for HyperText Markup Language.
- The components of HTML are,
 - i) Tags
 - ii) Attributes
 - iii) Text

We can develop the web pages by using the notepad.

Steps to create web pages.

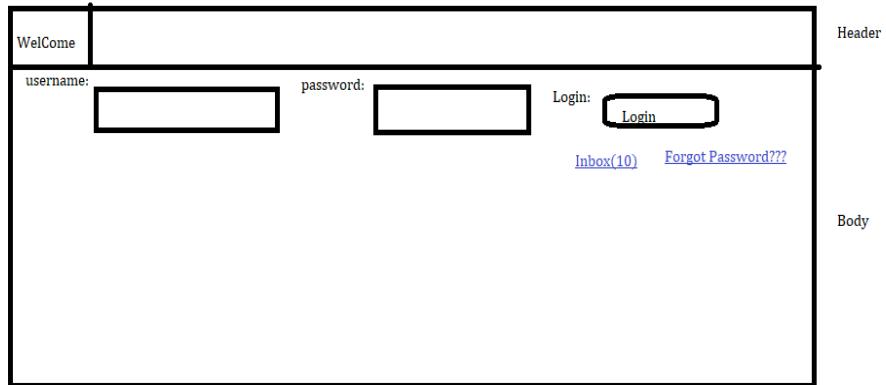
1. Open the notepad
2. Write the html code
3. Save the file with .html
4. Open the file with any web browsers

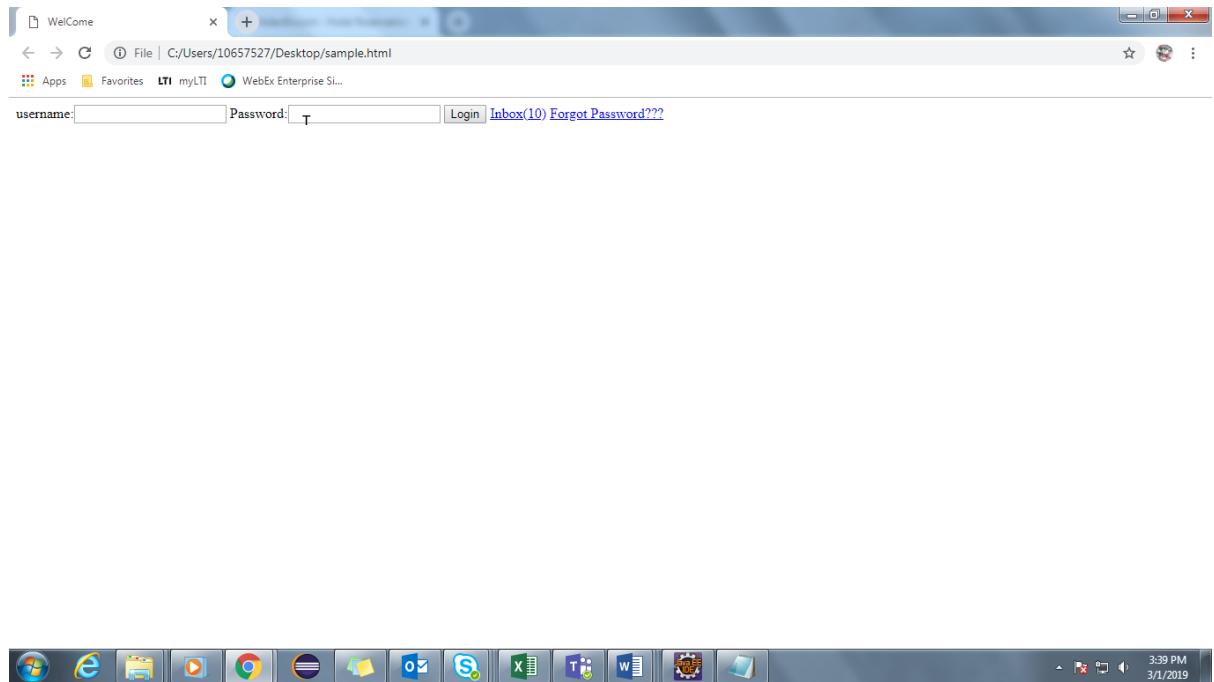
Ex:

```
<html>
```

```
  <head>
```

```
<title>WelCome</title>
</head>
<body>
    username:<input type="text">
    Password:<input type="password">
    <input type="button" value="Login">
    <a href="http://www.gmail.com">Inbox(10)</a>
    <a href="http://www.google.com" id="fp" name="forgot" class="pass">Forgot
    Password??</a>
</body>
</html>
```





Before performing action on any elements, we have to perform following steps.

1. Inspect the element
2. Identify/locate the element
3. Find the element
4. Perform the action

Inspect the element:

- Fetching the source code of an element is called as inspect the element.
- To inspect the elements, Right click on element → click on Inspect element, which will give source code of that element
- In some applications, for security purpose right click option will be disabled. In such cases
 - Press F12 which will open developers tool
 - Select inspect button(mouse icon available on top left corner)
 - click on the element

Methods of WebEleent Interface:

1	sendKeys()	1. To enter the value in textbox 2. To Handle some keyboard action
2	clear()	To clear the textbox value
3	Click()	To click the particular webElement(Button)
4	getCssValue()	To get the color/size/font of the particular webelement
5	findElement()	To get single webElements
6	findElements()	To get multiple webElements
7	getText()	To get the text of the particular webelement
8	getAttribute()	To get the text of the particular attribute(id, name, value...etc)
9	getTagName()	To get the tagname of particular webelement
10	getLocation()	To get the X axis and Y axis location of particular webelement
11	getSize()	To get the size of particular webelement(textbox, text...etc)
12	isDisplayed()	To check whether the particular webelement is displaying or not(logo, textbox, text...etc)
13	isEnabled()	To check whether the textbox is enabled to enter the text or not
14	isSelected()	To check whether the radiobutton/dropdown is selected or not
15	submit()	To click on an element only if the type of the element is submit Ex: <input type="submit" id="s" value="Submit">

LOCATORS:

- Static methods which are used to identify the elements which are present the webpage.
- All these locators are present in a class called **By** which is an Abstract class.
- There are 8 types of locators and all the locators takes argument of type string. They are,
 1. Id(String)
 2. name(String)
 3. className(String)
 4. tagName(String)
 5. linkText(String)
 6. partialLinkText(String)
 7. cssSelector(String)
 8. xpath(String)

Note:

- Id, name, className are available as attributes of an element.
- In order to Handle the single element we use findElement().
- Return type of findElement() is WebElement.
- In findElement(), if the specified locator is not matching with any element it will throw NoSuchElementException
- In findElement(), if the specified locator is matching with multiple element it will return the address of 1st matching element
- If the specified element is link, then we can identify that element by using linkText
- If the specified element is link and if it partially dynamic, then we can identify that element by using partialLinkText

cssSelector

- If we can not identify the elements by using any of the above locators, then we can identify that element by using cssSelector.
- Syntax:
 - tagName[attributeName='attributeValue']
ex: input[type='password']
- In order to verify cssSelector expression in firefox browser, click on TX→select queryselectorAll option→ specify the expression in expression field and click on enter

Note:

- In cssSelector,
 - Id can be represented by using #,
Ex:- input#email
 - Class can be represented by using .
Ex:- tagName.className

Ex,

Adactin hotel login using id/name:

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Throwable {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
                           (1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
    }  
}
```

```

        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");

        driver.manage().window().maximize();

        WebElement x = driver.findElement(By.id("username"));

        x.sendKeys("vengatram");

        WebElement x1 = driver.findElement(By.name("password"));

        x1.sendKeys("vengat@123445");

        WebElement x2 = driver.findElement(By.id("login"));

        x2.click();

    }

}

```

LinkText:

Forgot Password?

Text: >Forgot Password?<

linkText: Text which is available in a tag called linktext.

```

public class Login {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Throwable {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");

        driver.manage().window().maximize();
    }
}

```

```
        WebElement x2 = driver.findElement(By.linkText("Forgot Password?"));

        x2.click();

    }

}
```

PartialLinkText:

```
package com.lnt.test;

import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;

public class Login {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Throwable {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");

        driver.manage().window().maximize();

        WebElement x2 = driver.findElement(By.partialLinkText("Forgot"));

        x2.click();

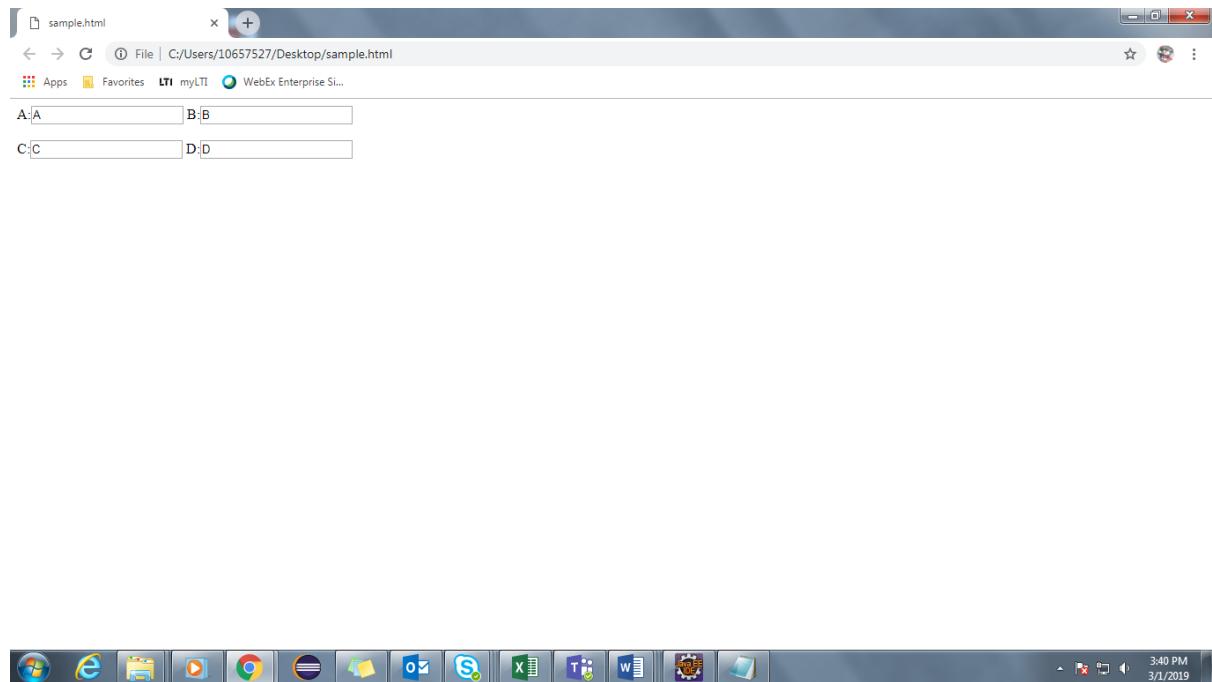
    }
}
```

Xpath:

- Path of an element present in the webpage.
 - Absolute
 - Relative

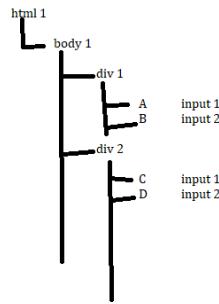
Sample webpage:

```
<div>
    A:<input type="text" value="A">
    B:<input type="text" value="B">
</div><br/>
<div>
    C:<input type="text" value="C">
    D:<input type="text" value="D">
</div>
```



In selenium, we represent the webpage in the form of HTML Tree Structure.

Ex:



Absolute:

- Complete path of an element from root of the webpage(html)
- Represented by using /--> immediate child

Ex:

/html/body/div[1]/input[2]

Relative xpath:

- Path of any element which is present on web page.
- It is represented by using // which means any child/element

Syntax:

1. //tagName → all the matching elements
2. //tagName[1] → all the 1st matching elements
3. //tagName[last()] → all the last matching elements
4. //* → all the elements
5. //*[@attribute='value']
6. //tagName[@attribute='value']

Ex:

```
//div[1]/input[2]
//div[1]/input
//div[2]/input
//input[1]
//div[1]/input[2]| //div[2]/input
//input
```

Xpath by attribute:

- To identify the specified elements, if we use index it may not work properly when we use the index values because whenever the position of an element changes its index value will also changes.
- To overcome the above problem in place of index we can include attributes which is called as xpath by attributes.
- It is applicable for both Absolute and Relative xpath.
- **Syntax:**
 - tagName[@attributeName='attributeValue']
- **Example:**
 - Absolute → /html/body/div/input[@value='B']
 - Relative → //input[@value='B']
- In an xpath we can pass multiple attributes by using or operator.
- **Example:**
 - //input[@value='B' or @value='C']

Assignment:

- Derive the xpath expression for the elements which are present in FaceBook login or sign up page.
 - Email or Phone: //input[@type='email']
 - Day list box: //select[@aria-label='Day']
 - Male: //input[@value='2']

getAttribute() and getText():

It is a method, used to print the value whatever you gave in the text box

Example program:

```
public class Ex5 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/  
driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("vengat16");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Karthick");  
        String s = driver.findElement(By.id("username")).getAttribute("value");  
        String s1 = driver.findElement(By.id("password")).getAttribute("value");  
        System.out.println(s);  
        System.out.println(s1);  
    }  
}
```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows a Java project named "selenium.assign1". It contains a package "org.dummy" with classes: AxisBank.java, Dummy.java, HdfcBank.java, and OnlineShoppingSite.java. It also contains a JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.7].
- Editor:** Displays the file "Ex5.java" with the following code:

```
public class Ex5 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver", "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("vengat16");
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Karthick");
        String s = driver.findElement(By.id("username")).getAttribute("value");
        String s1 = driver.findElement(By.id("password")).getAttribute("value");
        System.out.println(s);
        System.out.println(s1);
    }
}
```
- Console:** Shows the execution output of the Java application:

```
terminated> Ex5 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre8_0_101\bin\javaw.exe [Jul 1, 2017, 11:54:58 PM]
1498933507453 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:38215
1498933510028 geckodriver::marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args [-m marionette]
1498933528496 Marionette INFO Listening on port 49892
Jul 01, 2017 11:55:32 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
vengat16
Karthick
```
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows the date and time as "11:56 PM 7/1/2017".

NoSuchElementException:

- It is thrown when particular id/xpath/class or whatever is not available in DOM structure

isDisplayed():

It is a method, used to check the particular id/value is available or not

Example program:

```
public class Ex6 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver", "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
```

```

boolean
logo=driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='blueBarDOMInspector']/div/div/div/div[1]/h1/a/i")).isDisplayed();

    if(logo==true)
    {
        System.out.println("logo is available");
    }
    else{
        System.out.println("logo is not available");
    }

}
}

```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows several Java files (Ex1.java, Ex2.java, Ex3.java, Ex4.java, Ex5.java, Ex6.java, Ex7.java, Ex8.java) and a package named Selenium.
- Code Editor:** Displays the Java code for checking if a logo is displayed on Facebook. The code uses Selenium WebDriver to find an element by XPath and prints "logo is available" if found, or "logo is not available" if not.
- Console:** Shows the terminal output of the Java application. It includes log messages from the geckodriver and Marionette, and the printed message "logo is available".
- System Tray:** Shows the date and time as 7/2/2017 8:11 AM.

isEnabled:

- It is a method, is used to check particular text box is enable to print or not

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {
```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
    boolean logo = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='email']"))
        .isEnabled();

    if (logo == true) {
        System.out.println("Text box is enable to print");
    } else {
        System.out.println("not enable");
    }
}

}

```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Java - Selenium/src/selenium/assign1/Dummy.java - Eclipse**: The active Java file.
- Package Explorer**: Shows the project structure with packages like Array, Assignment, Collection, Exception, firstproject, kkkkk, Selenium, and src containing various Java files (Ex1.java through Ex10.java).
- Console**: Displays the command-line output of the Java application.
- File**: The output text from the console.

```

terminated> Dummy (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 2, 2017, 8:20:59 AM)
1498963862152 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:45252
1498963862887 geckodriver::marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1498963871744 Marionette INFO Listening on port 49469
Jul 02, 2017 8:21:13 AM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
Text box is enable to print

```

isSelected:

- It is a method, used to check the particular radio button is selected or not

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='u_0_g']"))  
        .click();  
        boolean logo = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='u_0_g']"))  
        .isSelected();  
        if (logo == true) {  
            System.out.println("button is selected");  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("not selected");  
        }  
  
    }  
}
```

Xpath by text():

- If the specified element does not contain any attributes and if it contains text then we can identify that element by using xpath by text()
- It is applicable for both absolute and relative xpath
- Syntax:
 - tagName[text()='textValue']
- Example:
 - //td[text()='Java']
- text() can be represented by using dot(.)
- Example:
 - //td[.= 'Java']
- Attribute values and the text values are case and space sensitive.
- Example:
 - //div[text()='Login ']

Xpath by contains():

- It is used to handle the partial dynamic elements
- It is applicable for both absolute and relative xpath.
- **Syntax 1:** if text value is partially dynamic,
 - `tagName[contains(text(),'textValue')]`
- **Example:**
 - `//nobr[contains(text(),'actiTIME')]`
- **Syntax 2:** if attribute value is partially dynamic,
 - `tagName[contains(@attributeName,'attributeValue')]`
- **Example:**
 - `//img[contains(@src,'/img/default/login/timer.png?hash')]`

Handling special characters:

- While developing the application developers will be using some special characters like & etc.
- If the element contains any special characters then we can identify that element by using xpath by contains().
- If any value contains & symbol then it is the special character.
- **Example:** Derive the xpath to identify Forgotten Password? Link present on facebook login or sign up page.
 - `//a[contains(@href,'https://www.facebook.com/recover/initiate?lwv')]`

Traversing:

- Navigating from one element to another element using xpath is called traversing.
- To navigate from one element to another element xpath uses axis.
- The different types of axis are,
 1. child
 2. parent
 3. descendant
 4. ancestor
 5. following-sibling
 6. preceding-sibling
- Syntax:
`/axis::tagName`

Sample web page:

```
<select>
    <option value="j">Jan</option>
    <option value="f">Feb</option>
    <option value="m">Mar</option>
    <option value="a">Apr</option>
    <option value="m">May</option>
</select>
```

Child:

- Navigate from one element to its immediate child.
Ex: //select//child::option[1]

Parent:

- Navigate from one element to its immediate parent.
Ex: //select[@option='j']//parent::select

Descendant:

- Navigate from one element to any of its child present on the webpage.
Ex: /html/descendant::option[1]

Ancestor:

- Navigate from one element to any of its parent present on the webpage.
Ex: //select[@option='j']//ancestor::html

Following-sibling:

- The elements which are present below the specified element, under same parent are called as following-sibling.
Ex:
 //select[@option='m']//following-sibling::option → A,M
 //select[@option='m']//following-sibling::option[1] → A
 //select[@option='m']//following-sibling::option[2] → M

Preceding-sibling:

- The elements which are present above the specified element, under same parent are called as preceding-sibling.
Ex:

```
//select[@option='m']/preceding-sibling::option→ J,F  
//select[@option='m']/preceding-sibling::option[1]→ F  
//select[@option='m']/preceding-sibling::option[2]→ J
```

Radio button:

- We can able to select only one at a time

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='u_0_g']"))  
            .click();  
    }  
}
```

Xpath:

- Structure or combination of absolute path and relative path

To print both radio button:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");  
        for (int i = 1; i <= 2; i++) {  
            Thread.sleep(3000);  
            String s = driver.findElement(  
                By.xpath("//*[@id='u_0_k']/span["+ i + "]/label"))  
                .getText();  
            System.out.println(s);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Title Bar:** Debug - Selenium/src/selenium/assign1/Dummy.java - Eclipse
- Menu Bar:** File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
- Toolbars:** Standard, Java EE, Java, Debug
- Left Sidebar:** Package Explorer (with <terminated> Dummy (1) [Java Application] selected)
- Central Area:** Code editor showing Java code for a class named Dummy. The code uses Selenium to open a Facebook page and extract text from specific elements.
- Bottom Area:** Console window showing the execution output. It includes log messages from geckodriver, Marionette, and Marionette::marionette, along with the Selenium protocol handshake and the printed output "Female" and "Male".
- System Tray:** Shows icons for Task View, Start, Internet Explorer, File Explorer, Task Manager, Firefox, Google Chrome, Control Panel, and Windows Update. The date and time are shown as 7/2/2017 12:48 PM.

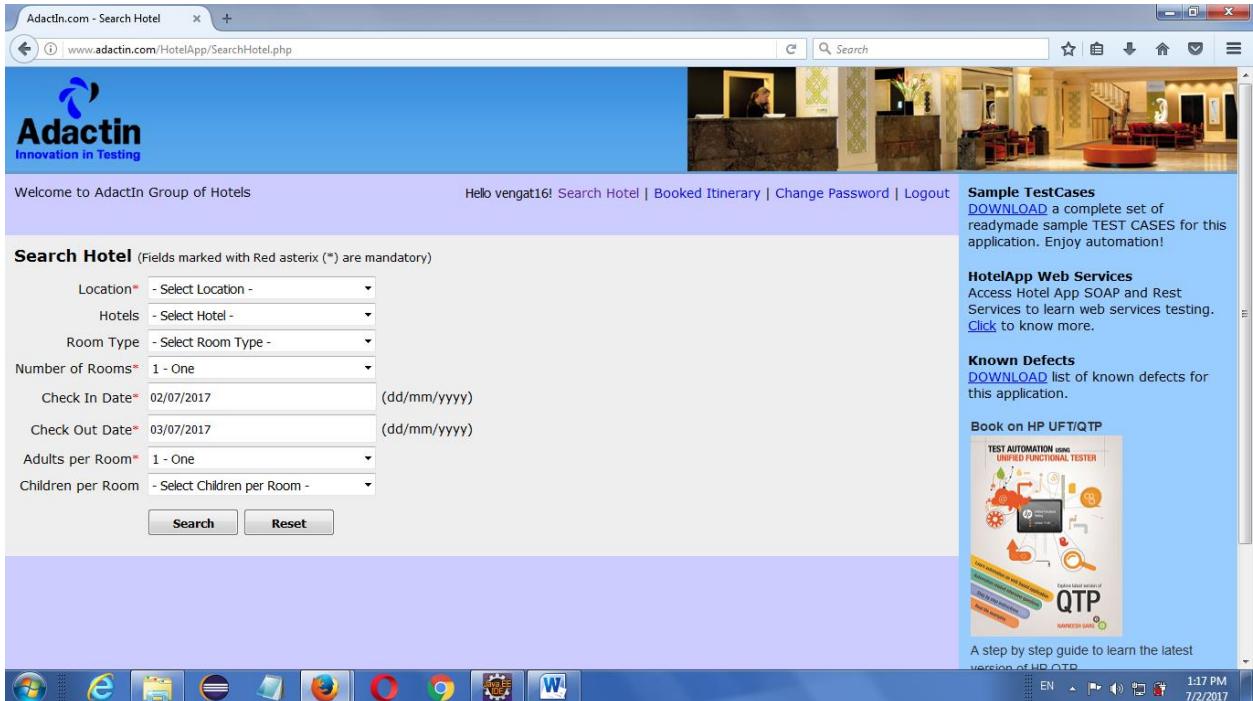
EXERCISE 1:

Program 1: Go to adactin.com website and give username &password and login

Program:

```
public class Ex3 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("vengat16");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Karthick");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("login")).click();  
    }  
}
```

Output



Program 2: Go to adactin.com website and check that same webpage is opened

Program:

```
public class Ex4 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
            "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("vengat16");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Karthick");  
        String s = driver.getCurrentUrl();  
        if (s.equals("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php")) {  
            System.out.println("u r in adactin website");  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("u r not in adactin website");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows a Java project structure with packages like Array, Assignment, Collection, Dummy, Exception, firstproject, kkkkk, Selenium, and selenium.assign1 containing files Ex2.java through Ex10.java.
- Ex4.java (Current Editor):** Displays Java code for a Selenium test. It sets the gecko driver path, creates a FirefoxDriver instance, navigates to the Adactin website, and prints "u r in adactin website" if the URL matches.
- Console:** Shows the terminal output of the Java application. It includes log messages from the geckodriver and Marionette, and the printed message "u r in adactin website".
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows the date and time (Jul 02, 2017, 1:20:42 PM) and system status (EN, battery level).

Program 3: Go to adactin.com website, give user name & password and print that user name and password

Program:

```
public class Ex5 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("vengat16");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Karthick");  
        String s = driver.findElement(By.id("username")).getAttribute("value");  
        String s1 = driver.findElement(By.id("password")).getAttribute("value");  
        System.out.println(s);  
        System.out.println(s1);  
    }  
}
```

Output

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, Source, Refactor, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, and Help. The toolbar contains various icons for file operations like Open, Save, and Print. The Package Explorer view on the left lists several Java packages and files under the 'Selenium' project, including 'src' and 'selenium.assign1'. The central workspace displays the code for 'Ex5.java'. The code sets up a Firefox driver, navigates to a URL, finds elements by ID, and prints their attributes. The bottom right corner of the workspace shows the Java console output, which logs the driver's startup, the Marionette browser being started, and the session handshake process. The status bar at the bottom indicates the date and time (Jul 02, 2017, 1:24:00 PM) and the current file (Ex5.java).

```
7 public class Ex5 {
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
10             "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
11         WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
12         driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");
13         driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("vengat16");
14         driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Karthick");
15         String s = driver.findElement(By.id("username")).getAttribute("value");
16         String s1 = driver.findElement(By.id("password")).getAttribute("value");
17         System.out.println(s);
18         System.out.println(s1);
19     }
20 }
21
22 }
```

```
<terminated> Ex5 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 02, 2017, 1:23:48 PM)
1498982030958 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:33175
1498982031756 geckodriver::marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1498982039775 Marionette INFO Listening on port 51439
Jul 02, 2017 1:24:00 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
vengat16
Karthick
```

Program 4: Facebook registration

Program:

```
public class Ex10 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/
driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='firstname']")).sendKeys("Vengat");

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='lastname']")).sendKeys("Ram");

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='reg_email__']")).sendKeys("98765
43210");

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='reg_passwd__']")).sendKeys("1234
56");

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//label[contains(text(),'Male')]")).click();
```

```

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[@type='submit']")).click();
    }
}

```

Output



Program 5: Go to facebook.com, check the facebook logo is available or not

Program:

```

ublic class Ex6 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
            "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
        boolean logo = driver
            .findElement(
                By.xpath("//*[@id='blueBarDOMInspector']/div/div/div/div[1]/h1/a/i"))
            .isDisplayed();
    }
}

```

```

        if (logo == true) {
            System.out.println("logo is available");
        } else {
            System.out.println("logo is not available");
        }
    }
}

```

Output

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure with packages like Array, Assignment, Collection, Dummy, Exception, firstproject, kkkkk, Selenium, and selenium.assign1.
- Editor:** Displays the Java code for Ex6.java, which contains logic to check if a Facebook logo is present using XPath and print results to the console.
- Console:** Shows the terminal output of the application's execution. It includes log messages from the geckodriver and Marionette, and the final output "logo is available".
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows system icons, language (EN), battery level, and the date/time (7/2/2017, 1:32 PM).

```

7 public class Ex6 {
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
10             "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
11         WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
12         driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
13         boolean logo = driver
14             .findElement(
15                 By.xpath("//*[@id='blueBarDOMInspector']/div/div/div[1]/h1/a/i"))
16             .isDisplayed();
17
18         if (logo == true) {
19             System.out.println("logo is available");
20         } else {
21             System.out.println("logo is not available");
22         }
23     }
}

```

```

<terminated> Ex6 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 2, 2017, 1:31:41 PM)
1498982508848 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:43663
1498982514824 geckodriver::marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args [->marionette]
1498982528644 Marionette INFO Listening on port 51656
Jul 02, 2017 1:32:14 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
logo is available

```

Program 6: Go to adactin.com website, give wrong user name & password and click login. Check the error msg(invalid login details) shown or not)

Program:

```

public class Ex9 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
"\"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe\"");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/");
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("test");
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("123456");
        driver.findElement(By.id("login")).click();
    }
}

```

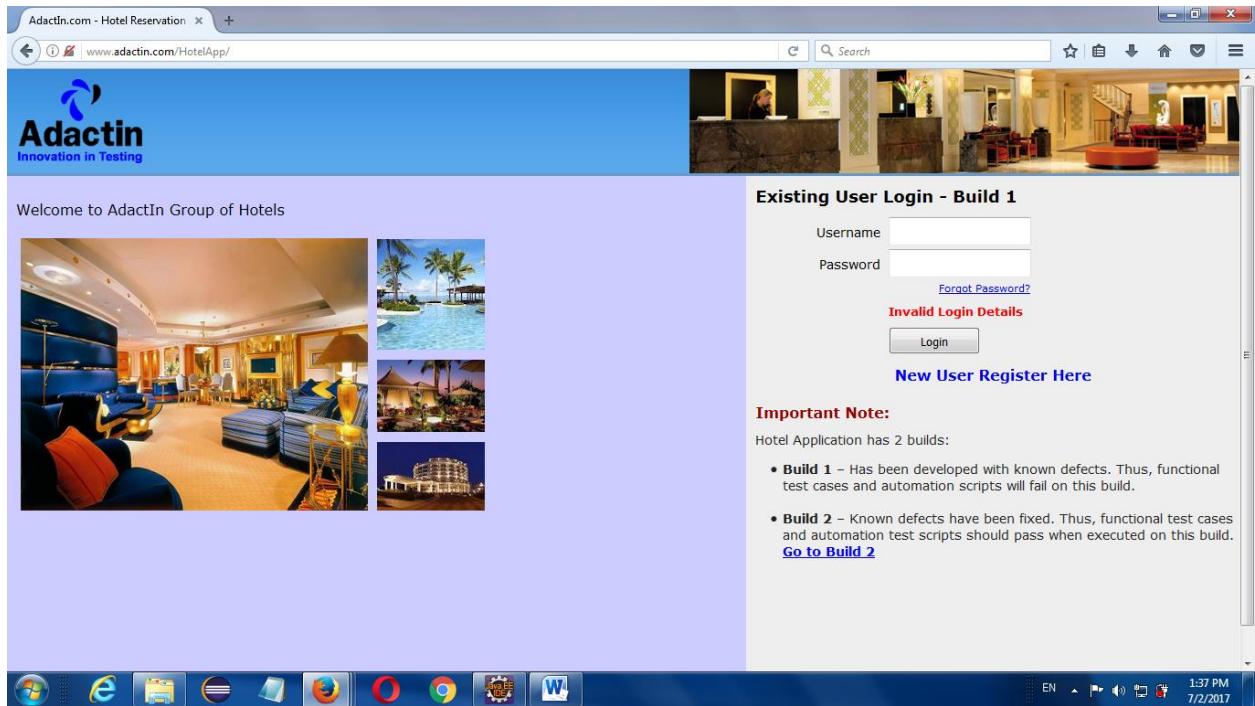
```

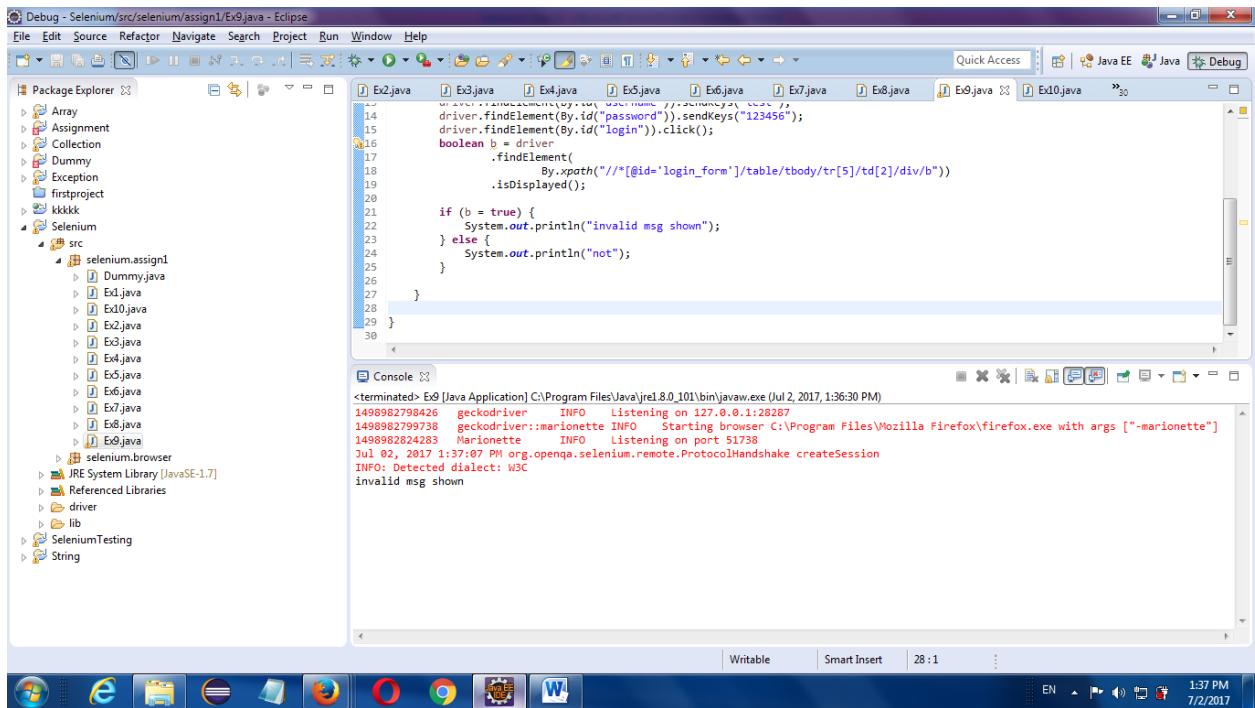
boolean b = driver
    .findElement(
        By.xpath("//*[@id='login_form']/table/tbody/tr[5]/td[2]/div/b"))
    .isDisplayed();

    if (b = true) {
        System.out.println("invalid msg shown");
    } else {
        System.out.println("not");
    }
}

```

Output





Program 7: Go to google.com, check the google logo is available or not

Program:

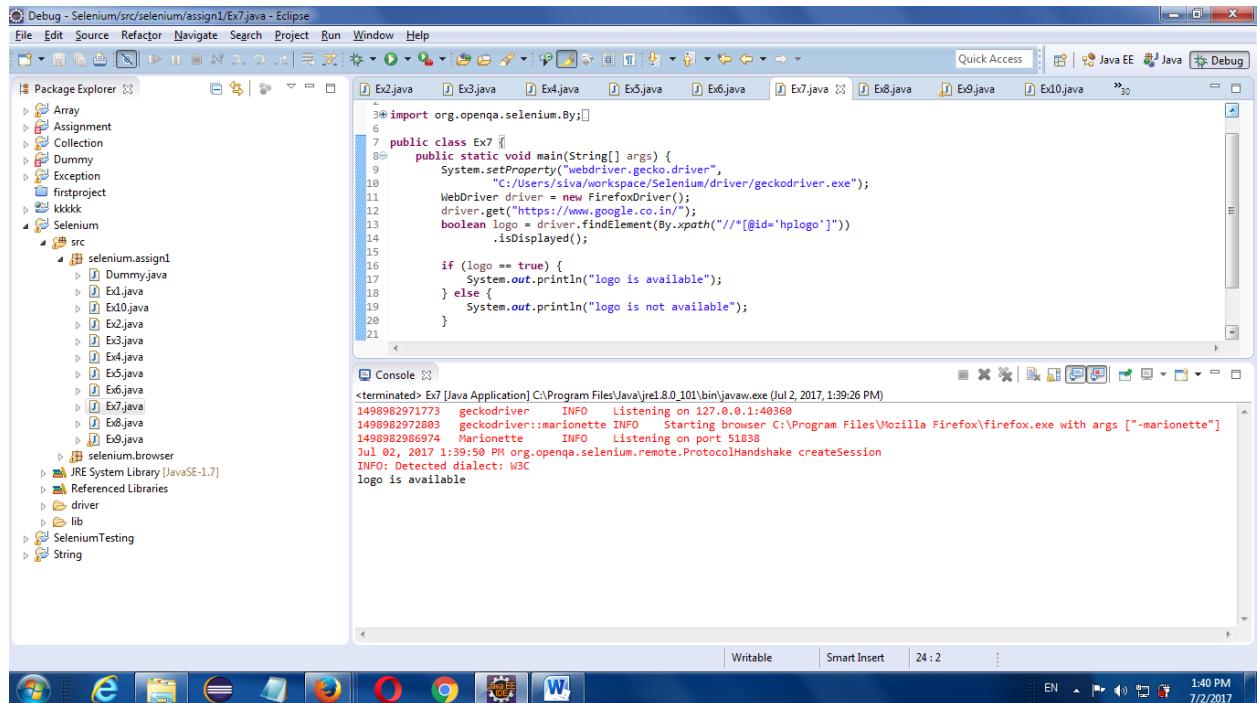
```

public class Ex7 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
"\"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe\"");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.google.co.in/");
        boolean logo = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='hplogo']"))
            .isDisplayed();

        if (logo == true) {
            System.out.println("Logo is available");
        } else {
            System.out.println("Logo is not available");
        }
    }
}

```

Output



```
Debug - Selenium/src/selenium/assign1/Ex7.java - Eclipse
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
Quick Access Java EE Java Debug
Package Explorer Ex2.java Ex3.java Ex4.java Ex5.java Ex6.java Ex7.java Ex8.java Ex9.java Ex10.java
src
  selenium.assign1
    Dummy.java
    Ex1.java
    Ex10.java
    Ex2.java
    Ex3.java
    Ex4.java
    Ex5.java
    Ex6.java
    Ex7.java
    Ex8.java
    Ex9.java
  selenium.browser
  JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.7]
  Referenced Libraries
  driver
  lib
  SeleniumTesting
  String

Ex7.java
import org.openqa.selenium.By;
public class Ex7 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.google.co.in/");
        boolean logo = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='hplogo']"))
                                  .isDisplayed();
        if (Logo == true) {
            System.out.println("Logo is available");
        } else {
            System.out.println("Logo is not available");
        }
    }
}

Console
terminated: Ex7 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 2, 2017, 1:39:26 PM)
1498982971773 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:40360
1498982972893 geckodriver::marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1498982986974 Marionette INFO Listening on port 51838
Jul 02, 2017 1:39:50 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
Logo is available

1:40 PM 7/2/2017
```

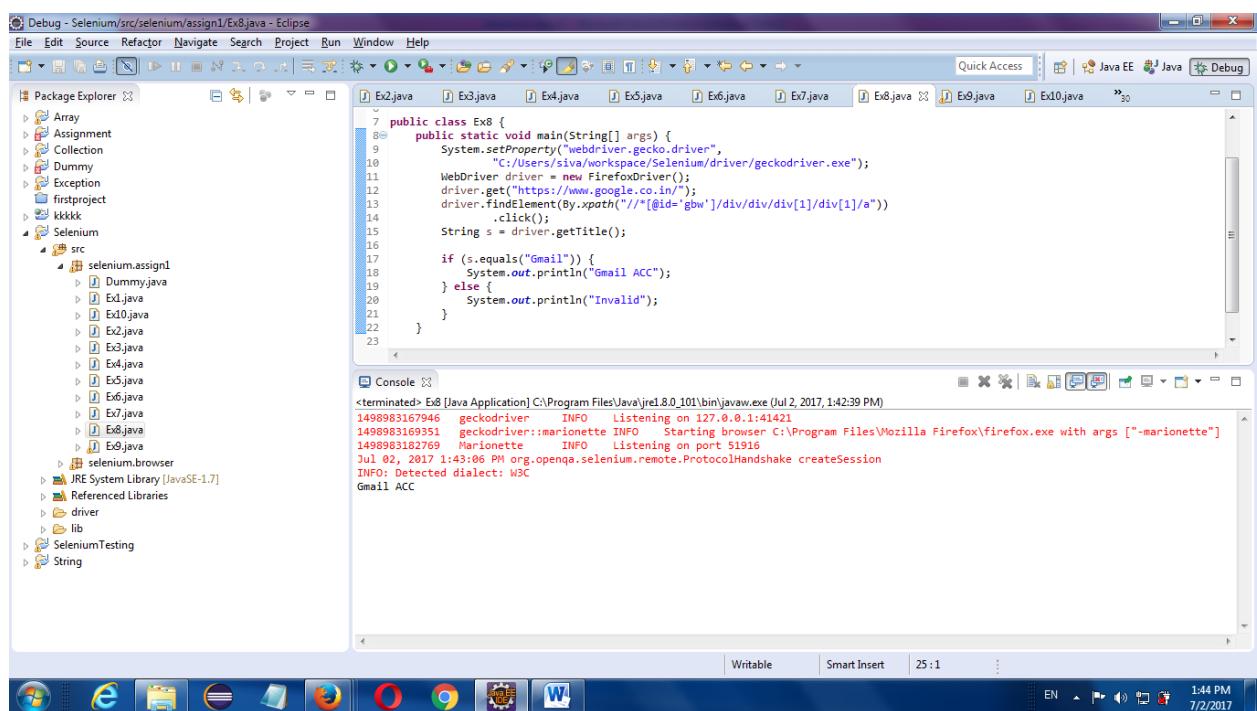
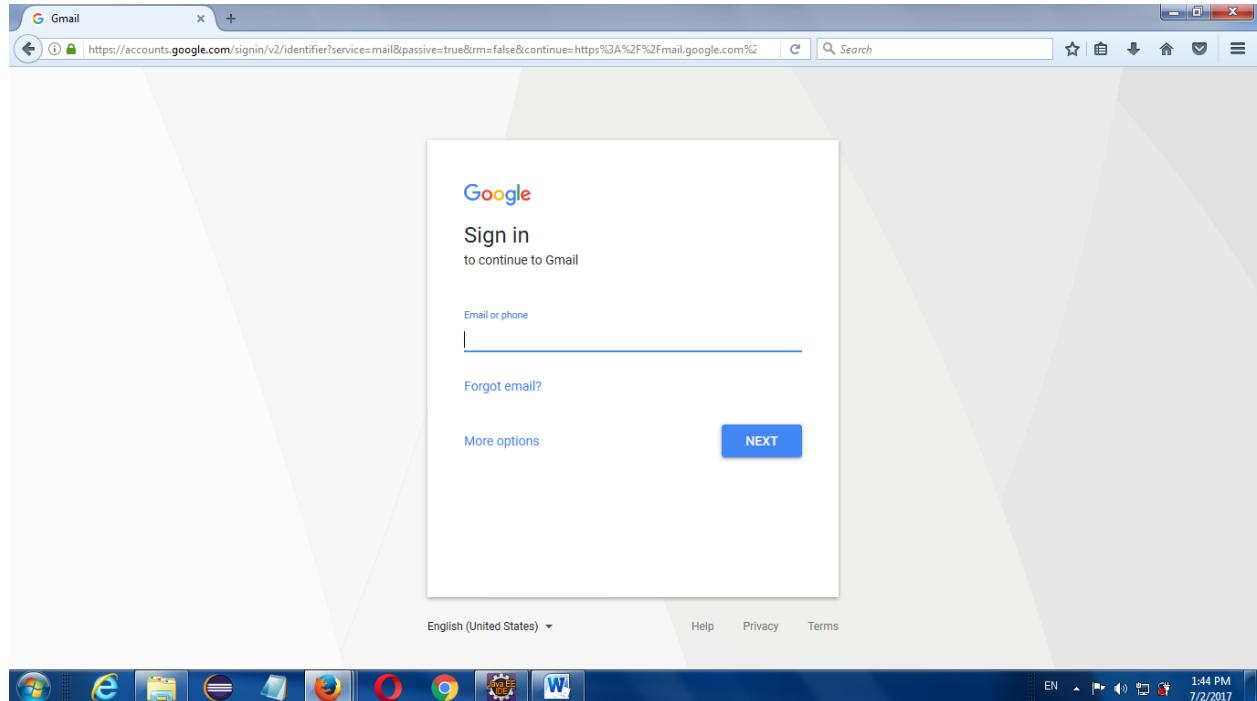
Program 8: Go to google.com, click gmail and check the title is Gmail or not

Program:

```
public class Ex8 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.google.co.in/");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='gbw']/div/div/div[1]/div[1]/a"))
                      .click();
        String s = driver.getTitle();

        if (s.equals("Gmail")) {
            System.out.println("Gmail ACC");
        } else {
            System.out.println("Invalid");
        }
    }
}
```

Output

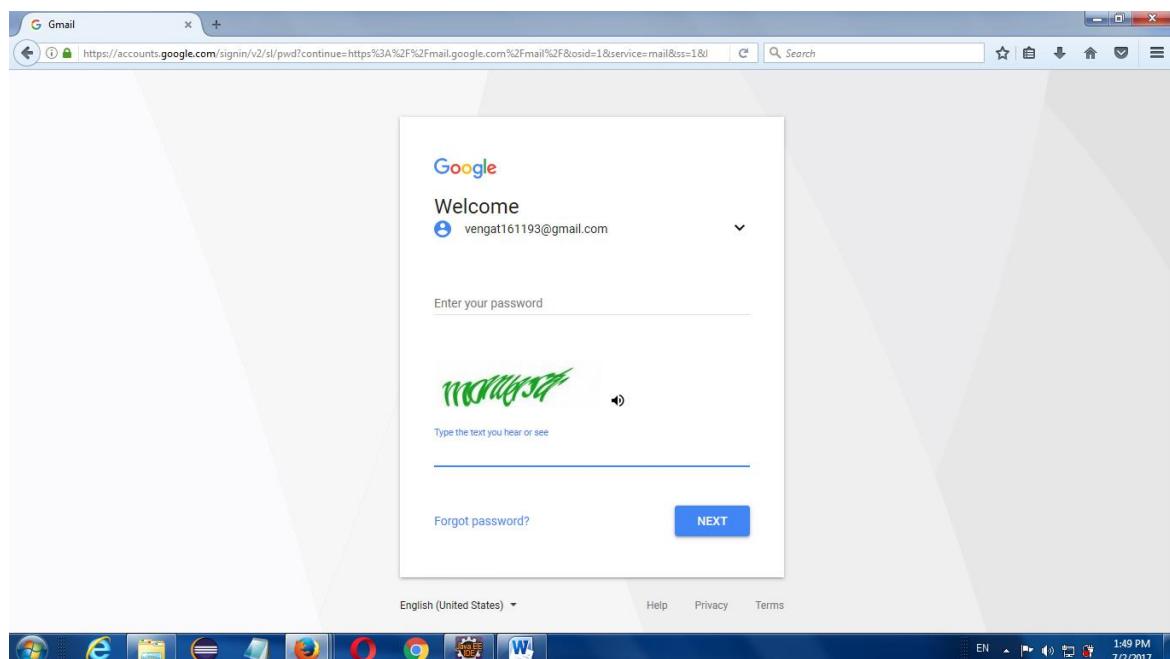


Program 9: Gmail Account Login

Program:

```
public class Ex2 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
  
        driver.get("https://accounts.google.com/ServiceLogin/identifier?service=mail&pas  
sive=true&rm=false&continue=https%3A%2F%2Fmail.google.com%2Fmail%2F&ss=1&  
scc=1&ltmpl=default&ltmplcache=2&emr=1&osid=1&flowName=GlfWebSignIn&flow  
Entry=ServiceLogin");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='identifierId']")).sendKeys(  
"vengat161193");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='identifierNext']/content/span"))  
            .click();  
        Thread.sleep(3000);  
        driver.findElement(  
            By.xpath("//*[@id='password']/div[1]/div/div[1]/input"))  
            .sendKeys("123456");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='passwordNext']/content")).click();  
    }  
}
```

Output

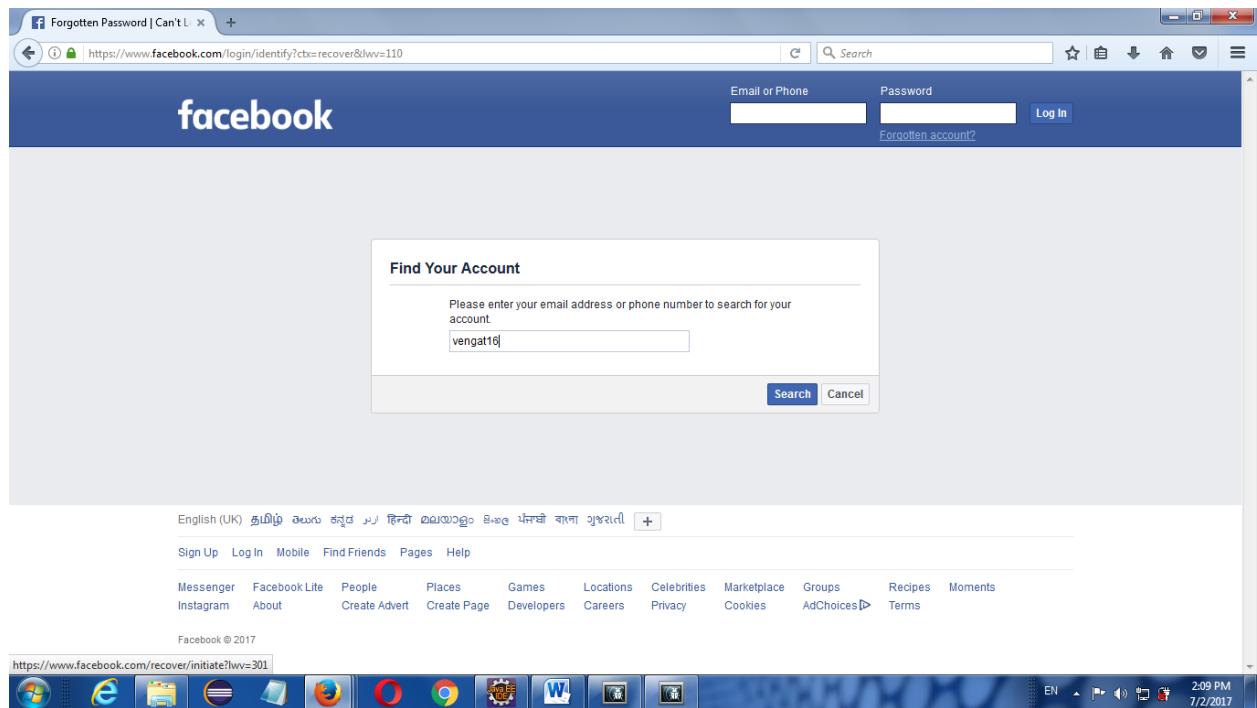


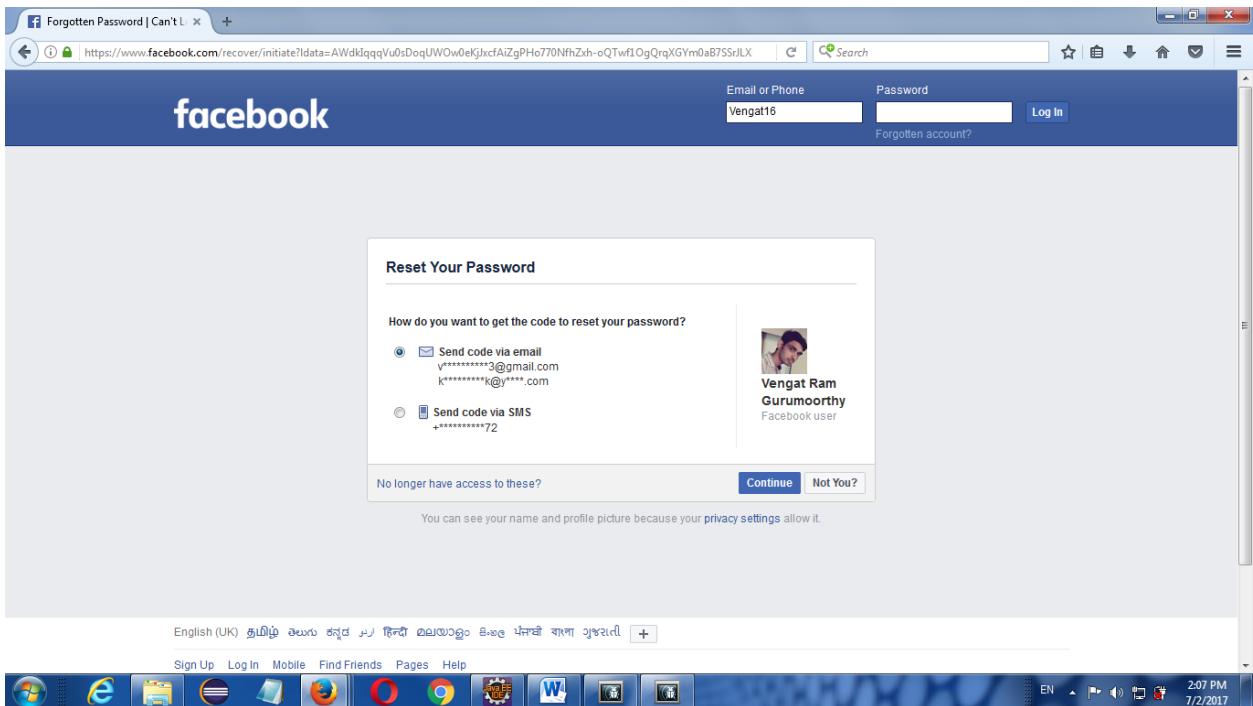
Program 10: Go to facebook.com, click forgot password and give email

Program:

```
public class Ex1 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");  
        driver.findElement(  
                           By.xpath("//*[@id='login_form']/table/tbody/tr[3]/td[2]"))  
                           .click();  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='identify_email']")).sendKeys("vengat16");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='u_0_3']")).click();  
    }  
}
```

Output





KeyBoard Actions using Sendkeys:

```

public class sampl {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
    {
        //open the browser
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "C:\\\\Users\\\\10655967\\\\eclipse-
        workspace\\\\demo\\\\driver\\\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();

        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");

        driver.manage().window().maximize();

        WebElement x = driver.findElement(By.id("username"));

        x.sendKeys("vengatram");

        WebElement x1 = driver.findElement(By.name("password"));

        x.sendKeys(Keys.CONTROL,"ac");
        x1.sendKeys(Keys.CONTROL,"v");
    }
}

```

getLocation() and getSize():

Example:

```
public class Demo
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException
    {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "./drivers/chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        driver.get("https://demo.actitime.com/login.do");

        WebElement un = driver.findElement(By.id("username"));

        //To get the size of an element; height & width
        Dimension s = un.getSize();
        int h = s.getHeight();
        int w = s.getWidth();

        System.out.println("Height: "+h);
        System.out.println("Width: "+w);

        //To get location of an element; x-axis & y-axis
        Point l = un.getLocation();
        int x = l.getX();
        int y = l.getY();

        System.out.println("x-axis: "+x);
        System.out.println("y-axis: "+y);

        Thread.sleep(1000);
        driver.close();
    }
}
```

getCssValue():

It is used to get the css property (font, color, size) of a web element.

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Throwable {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
                           (1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
  
        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
  
        WebElement x =  
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//td[@class='build_title']"));  
  
        String x1 = x.getCssValue("font-size");  
  
        System.out.println(x1);  
  
        String x2 = x.getCssValue("color");  
  
        System.out.println(x2);  
  
        String x3 = x.getCssValue("font-weight");  
  
        System.out.println(x3);  
  
        String x4 = x.getCssValue("font-family");  
  
        System.out.println(x4);  
        String x5 = x.getCssValue("background");  
  
        System.out.println(x5);  
  
    }  
}
```

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Title Bar:** eclipse-workspace - demo/src/training/launch.java - Eclipse IDE
- Left Side:** Project Explorer and Package Explorer showing files like launch.java and Task.java.
- Middle Left:** Code editor with the Java code for the `launch` class.
- Middle Right:** Console tab showing the output of the Java application's execution. It includes logs about starting ChromeDriver, protecting ports, and printing CSS properties for an element.
- Bottom:** Taskbar with various icons and system status bar showing the date and time (11:18 AM, 3/4/2019).

```

1 package demo;
2
3 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
4 import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
5 import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
6
7
8 public class launch {
9
10    public static void main(String[] args) {
11        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
12                            "C:\\Users\\10655967\\eclipse-workspace\\demo\\driver\\chromedriver.exe");
13        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
14
15        driver.get("https://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");
16
17        driver.manage().window().maximize();
18
19        WebElement x = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//td[@cla
20
21        String x1 = x.getCssValue("font-size");
22
23        System.out.println(x1);
24
25        String x2 = x.getCssValue("color");
26
27        System.out.println(x2);
28
29        String x3 = x.getCssValue("font-weight");
30
31        System.out.println(x3);
32
33        String x4 = x.getCssValue("font-family");
34
35        System.out.println(x4);
36        String x5 = x.getCssValue("background");
37
38        System.out.println(x5);
39
40    }
41
42

```

Handling multiple elements:

- In order to handle multiple elements we use `findElements()`
- Return type of `findElements()` is `List<WebElement>`
- In `findElements()`,
 - If the specified locator is matching with multiple elements then it returns address of all the matching elements
 - If the specified locator is not matching with any elements then it returns empty list(`0`).

Note:

- For `findElements()` the preferred locators are
 - `tagName`
 - `xpath`
- `List<WebElement> allLinks = driver.findElements(By.xpath("//a"));`
 - `driver.findElements(By.xpath("//a"))` will return the object of List interface implementation class. Ie, `ArrayList`.

Sample web page:

```

<a href="http://www.qspiders.com">Qspiders</a>
<a href="http://www.jspiders.com">Jspiders</a>

```

Ex: To count number of links available in google page

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Throwable {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
                           (1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
  
        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");  
  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
  
        List<WebElement> x = driver.findElements(By.tagName("a"));  
  
        // To find the count of the link  
        System.out.println(x.size());  
  
        // To print all links  
        for (WebElement x1 : x) {  
            System.out.println(x1.getAttribute("href"));  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

1 package today;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4
5 import org.openqa.selenium.*;
6 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
7 import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
8 import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
9
10 public class sample {
11
12     public static void main(String[] args) {
13
14         System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
15             "C:\\Users\\10655967\\eclipse-workspace\\demo\\driver\\chromedriver.exe");
16         WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
17
18         driver.get("https://www.google.com/");
19
20         driver.manage().window().maximize();
21
22         List<WebElement> x = driver.findElements(By.tagName("a"));
23
24         // To find the count of the link
25         System.out.println(x.size());
26
27         // To print all links
28         for (WebElement xi : x) {
29
30             System.out.println(xi.getAttribute("href"));
31
32         }
33
34     }
35
36 }

```

The Eclipse IDE interface shows the code in the left panel and the output of the console in the right panel. The console output lists numerous URLs starting with https://www.google.com/ followed by various query parameters.

CHECK BOX:

- In check box, we can able to select more than one value at a time.

Select one value:

Example program:

```

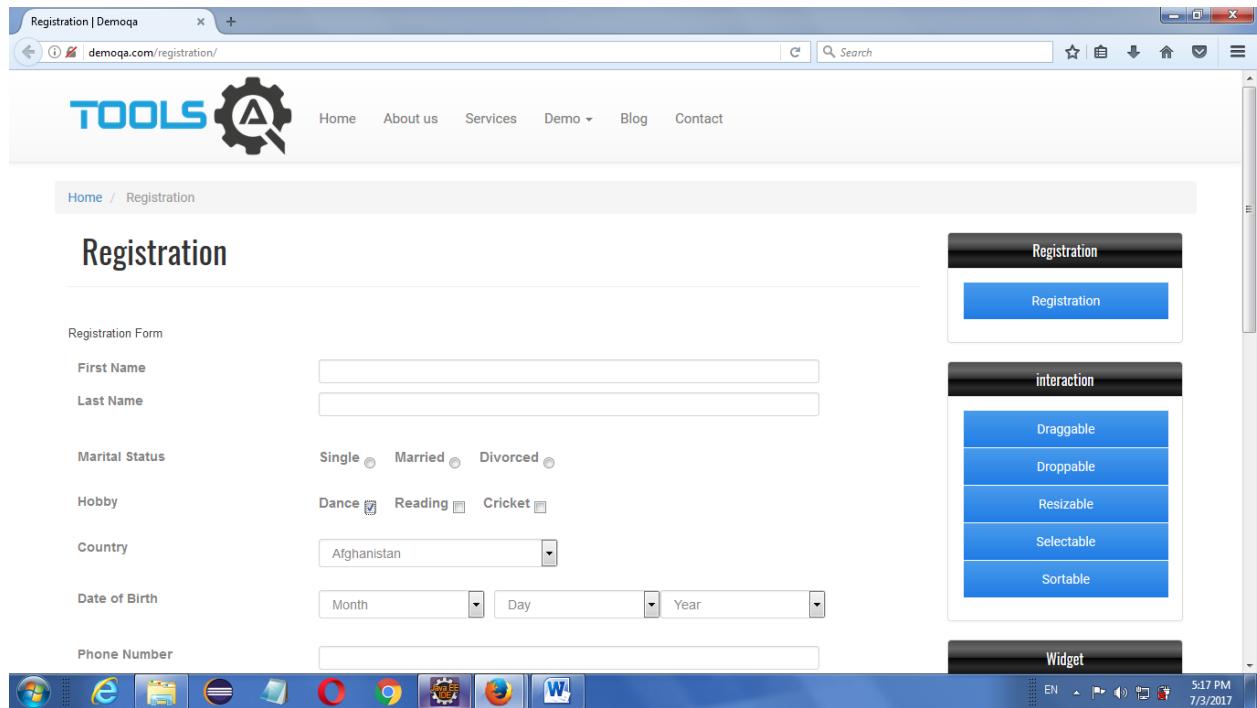
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver", "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/
driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("./input[@value='dance']")).click();

    }
}

```

output:



Select more than one value:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/  
driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");  
        List<WebElement> w =  
        driver.findElements(By.xpath("//input[@type='checkbox']"));  
        for(WebElement x:w){  
            x.click();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Here,

- //input[@type='checkbox'] → if xpath we give like, we get 3 matching nodes, so using for loop we can able to select 3 checkbox at a time
- **findElements→ is a method, used to select more than one value**
- **WebElement→ is a interface**

- By → is a class name

Output:

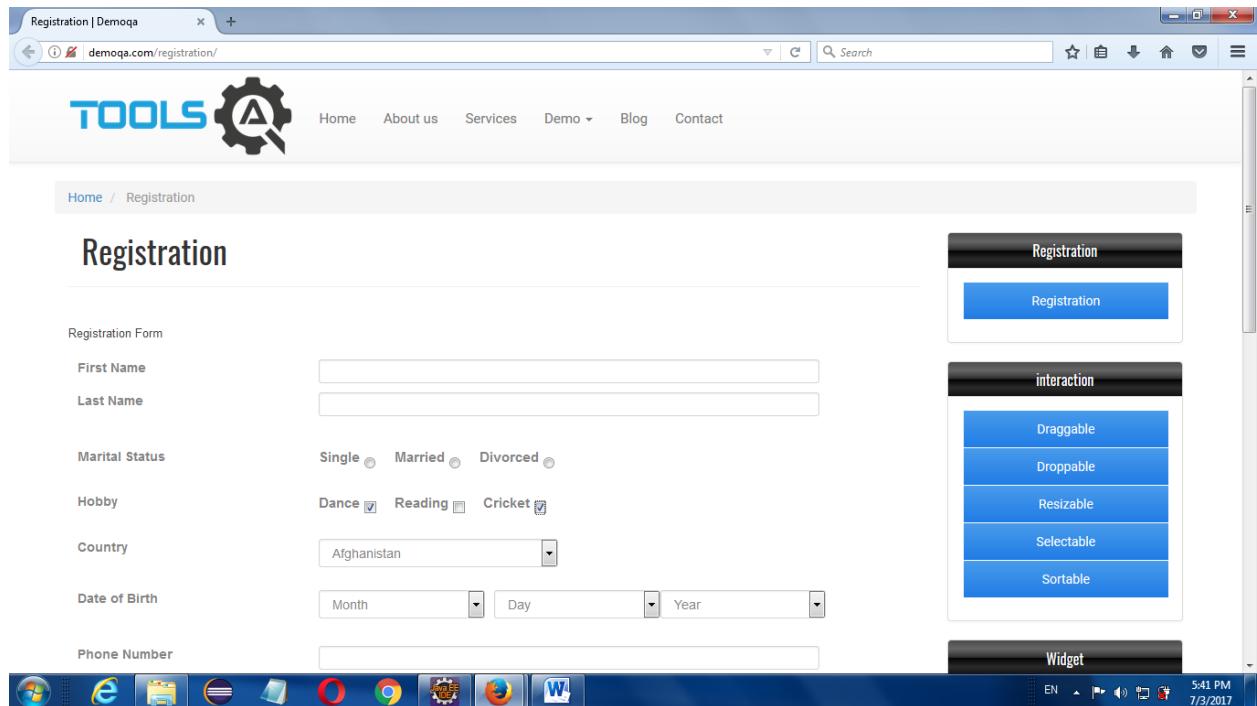
To select two values:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/
driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");
        List<WebElement> w =
        driver.findElements(By.xpath("//input[@type='checkbox']"));
        for(WebElement x:w){
            if(x.getAttribute("value").equals("dance")||x.getAttribute("value").equals("cricket
"))){
                x.click();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Using normal for loop to select all checkbox:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/  
driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");  
        List<WebElement> w =  
        driver.findElements(By.xpath("//input[@type='checkbox']"));  
        for(int i=0;i<w.size();i++){  
            w.get(i).click();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Using normal for loop to select two checkbox:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/  
driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");  
    }  
}
```

```

List<WebElement> w =
driver.findElements(By.xpath("//input[@type='checkbox']"));
for(int i=0;i<w.size();i++){
    if(w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("dance")||w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("cricket")){
        w.get(i).click();
    }
}

```

To print the selected value

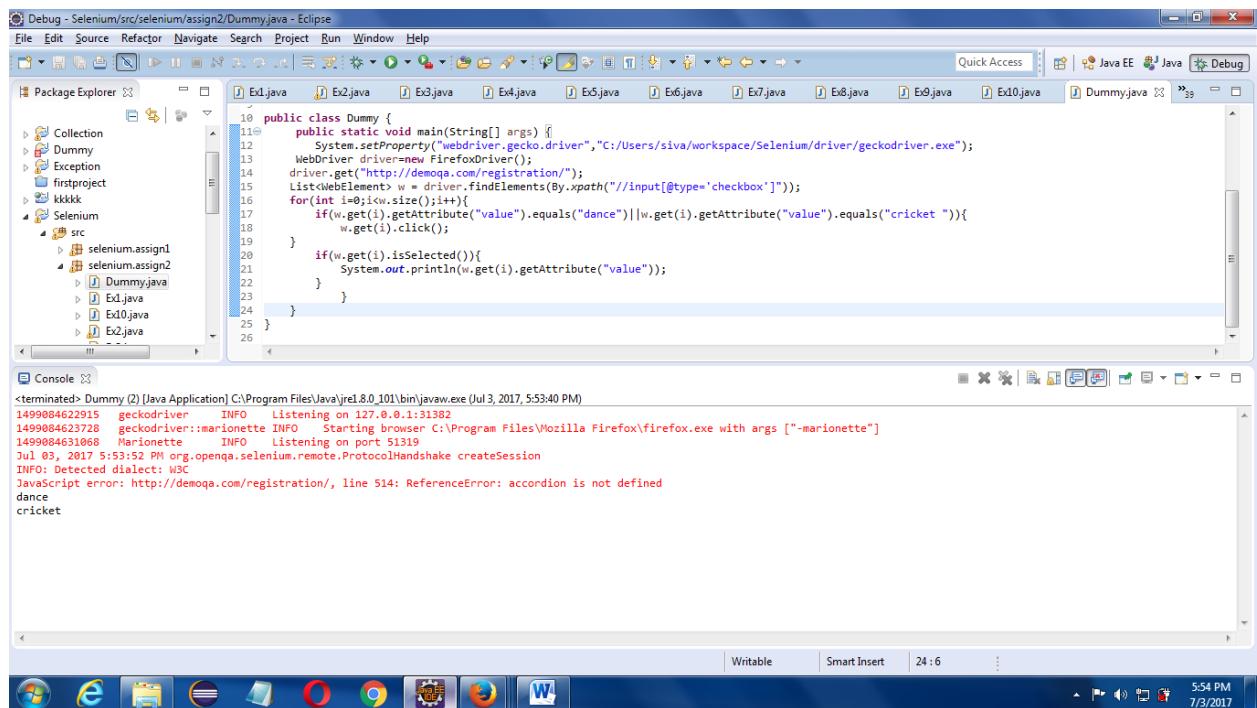
Example program:

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
    "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");
    List<WebElement> w = driver.findElements(By
        .xpath("//input[@type='checkbox']"));
    for (int i = 0; i < w.size(); i++) {
        if (w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("dance")
            || w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("cricket")) {
            w.get(i).click();
        }
        if (w.get(i).isSelected()) {
            System.out.println(w.get(i).getAttribute("value"));
        }
    }
}

```

Output:



```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver", "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");
        List<WebElement> w = driver.findElements(By.xpath("//input[@type='checkbox']"));
        for(int i=0;i<w.size();i++){
            if(w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("dance")||w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("cricket")){
                w.get(i).click();
            }
            if(w.get(i).isSelected()){
                System.out.println(w.get(i).getAttribute("value"));
            }
        }
    }
}
```

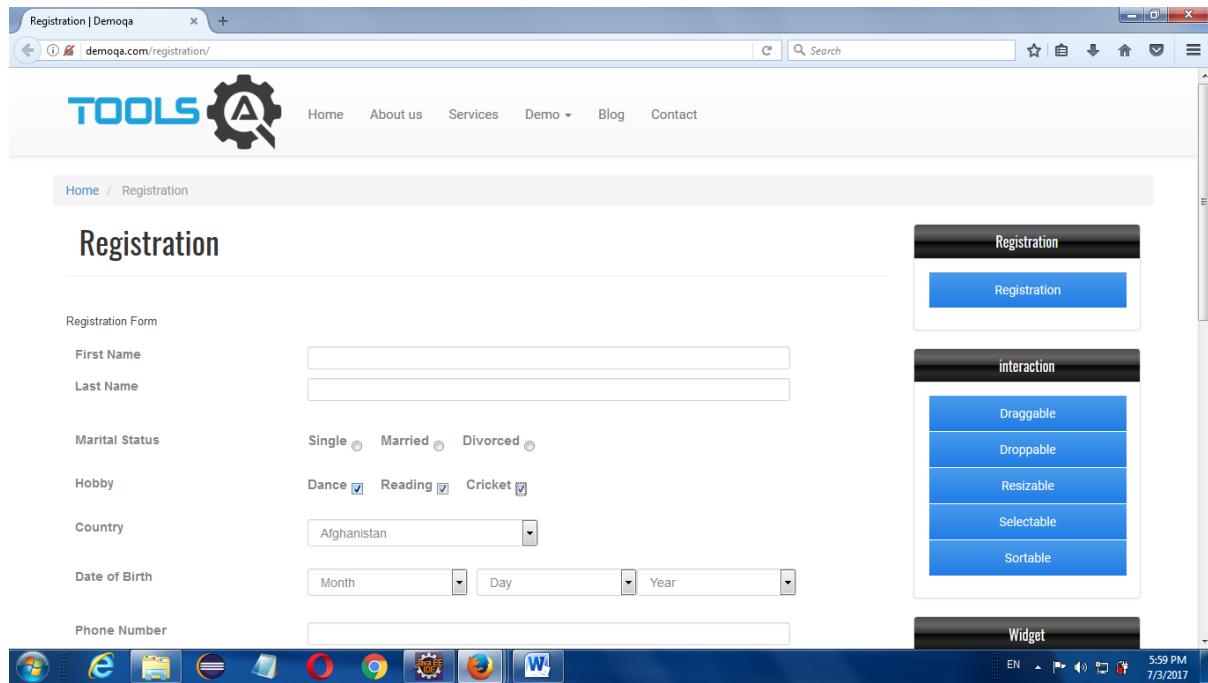
```
<terminated> Dummy (2) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 3, 2017, 5:53:40 PM)
1499084622915 geckodriver      INFO  Listening on 127.0.0.1:31382
1499084623728 geckodriver::marionette INFO  Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1499084631068 Marionette      INFO  Listening on port 51319
Jul 03, 2017 5:53:52 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
JavaScript error: http://demoqa.com/registration/, line 514: ReferenceError: accordion is not defined
dance
cricket
```

To select the unselected value:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://demoqa.com/registration/");
        List<WebElement> w = driver.findElements(By
                                                 .xpath("//input[@type='checkbox']"));
        for (int i = 0; i < w.size(); i++) {
            if (w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("dance")
                || w.get(i).getAttribute("value").equals("cricket")) {
                w.get(i).click();
            }
            if (!w.get(i).isSelected()) {
                w.get(i).click();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Handling auto-suggestions

- We can handle auto suggestions by using findElements().

Example: WAS for the following scenario.

- Navigate to google
- Search for qspiders
- Count and print all the auto-suggestions
- Click on last suggestion

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Throwable {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
  
        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");
```

```

        driver.manage().window().maximize();

        driver.findElement(By.name("q")).sendKeys("selenium");

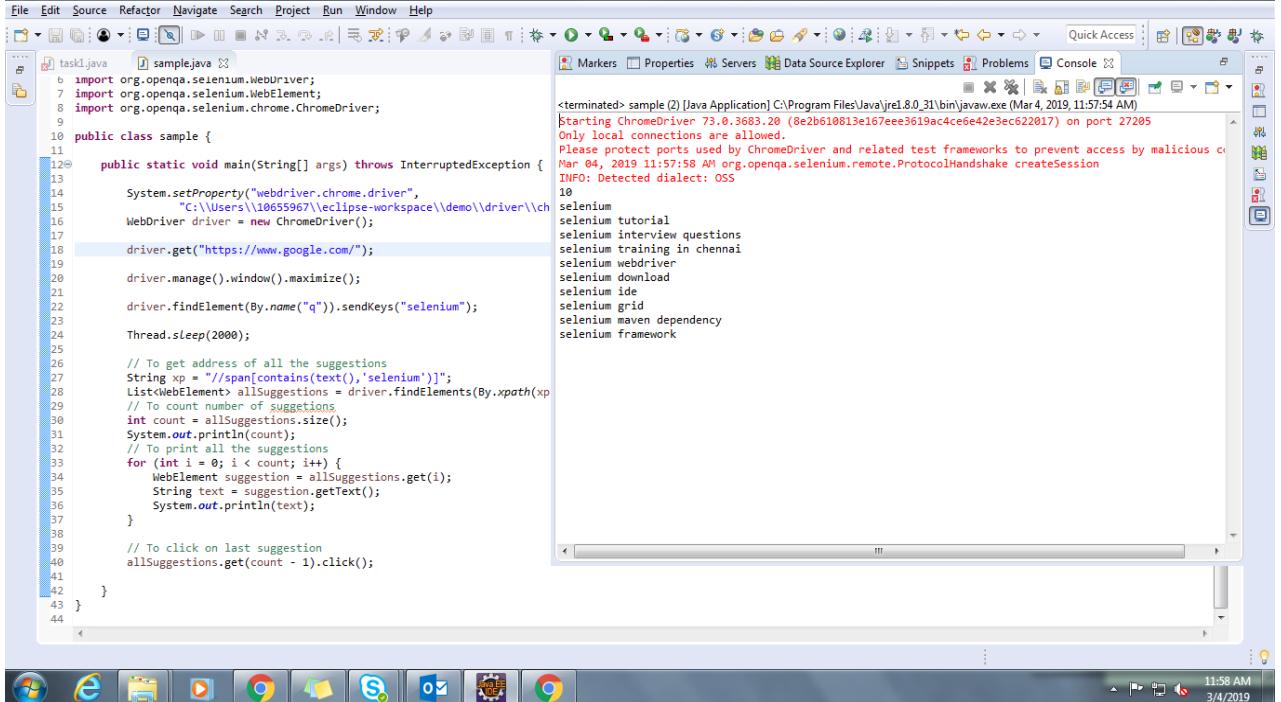
        Thread.sleep(2000);

        // To get address of all the suggestions
        String xp = "//span[contains(text(),'selenium')}";
        List<WebElement> allSuggestions = driver.findElements(By.xpath(xp));
        // To count number of suggestions
        int count = allSuggestions.size();
        System.out.println(count);

        // To print all the suggestions
        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
            WebElement suggestion = allSuggestions.get(i);
            String text = suggestion.getText();
            System.out.println(text);
        }

        // To click on last suggestion
        allSuggestions.get(count - 1).click();
    }
}

```



Difference between findElement() & findElements():

findElement()	findElements()
To handle single element	To handle multiple elements
Return type is WebElement	Return type is List<WebElement>
if the specified locator is matching multiple elements then it returns address of 1st matching element	if the specified locator is matching multiple elements then it returns address of all the matching element
if the specified locator is not matching then it returns NoSuchElementException	if the specified locator is not matching then it returns empty list(0)

DROP DOWN:

1.Single value

2.Multiple value

- If the list box is developed by using select tag then we can handle it by using Select class.
- Select class should be imported from the package org.openqa.selenium.support.ui
- Select class contains one constructor which takes an argument of type WebElement where in we have to pass address of the list box.
- Select class contains some methods. They are,

1	selectByIndex(int)	Select the options
2	selectByValue(String)	
3	selectByVisibleText(String)	
4	deselectByIndex(int)	Deselect the options
5	deselectByValue(String)	
6	deselectByVisibleText(String)	
7	deselectAll()	
8	getAllSelectedOptions()	To get all the selected options
9	getFirstSelectedOption()	To get first selected options
10	getOptions()	To get all the options
11	isMultiple()	To check whether list box is single or multi select

1.SINGLE VALUE

To print all the options:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));
        Select s=new Select(w);
        List<WebElement> o = s.getOptions();
        for (WebElement x:o) {
            System.out.println(x.getAttribute("value"));
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure with a package named "Selenium" containing a source folder "src" with files "selenium.assign1", "selenium.assign2", "Ex1.java", "Ex10.java", "Ex2.java", and "Ex3.java".
- Code Editor:** Displays the Java code for the "Dummy" class.
- Console:** Shows the execution output of the Java application. It includes log messages from Selenium and Marionette, and the printed values of the dropdown options: "black", "cream", "sugar", "regular", and "crisp".
- Bottom Bar:** Includes standard Windows-style icons for file operations and system status.

```
<terminated> Dummy (2) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 3, 2017, 6:17:25 PM)
1499086648514 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:33216
1499086649326 geckodriver::marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1499086655955 Marionette INFO Listening on port 51799
Jul 03, 2017 6:17:36 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
black
cream
sugar
regular
crisp
```

To print all text

```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));
        Select s=new Select(w);
        List<WebElement> o = s.getOptions();
        for (WebElement x:o) {
            System.out.println(x.getText());
        }
    }
}
```

Output :

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Top Bar:** Debug - Selenium/src/selenium/assign2/Dummy.java - Eclipse. Includes File, Edit, Source, Refactor, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, Help.
- Toolbar:** Standard Eclipse toolbar with icons for New, Open, Save, Cut, Copy, Paste, Find, etc.
- Package Explorer:** Shows the project structure with packages like Collection, Dummy, Exception, firstproject, kkkkk, and Selenium. Under Selenium/src, there are files: selenium.assign1, selenium.assign2, Dummy.java, Ex1.java, Ex10.java, and Ex2.java.
- Editor:** Displays the Java code for the Dummy class.
- Console:** Shows the execution output of the Java application. It includes log messages from geckodriver and Marionette, and the printed text from the Java code: "Black", "With cream", "With sugar", "With cream & sugar", and "Crisp (har har...)".
- Bottom:** Taskbar with various application icons (Windows, Internet Explorer, File Explorer, Task View, etc.) and system status indicators.

Using normal for loop:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");  
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));  
        Select s=new Select(w);  
        List<WebElement> o = s.getOptions();  
        for (int i=0;i<=o.size();i++) {  
            System.out.println(o.get(i).getAttribute("value"));  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Here,

- **getAttribute()**→ to print particular tag(value) value
- **getText()**→ to print all text

SELECT:

We can perform select by 3 ways

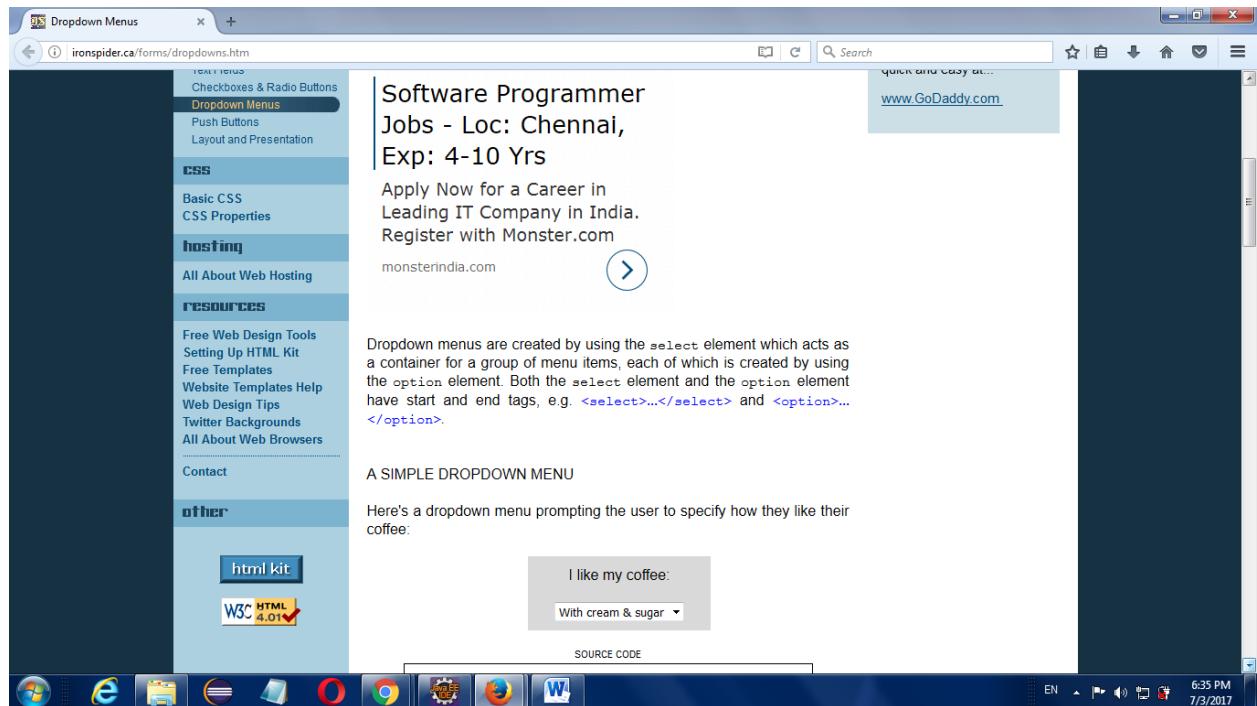
1. **SelectByIndex**
2. **SelectByValue**
3. **SelectByVisibletext**

1.selectByIndex:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");  
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));  
        Select s=new Select(w);  
        s.selectByIndex(3);  
    }  
}
```

Output:



2.selectByValue:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
  
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");  
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));  
        Select s=new Select(w);  
        s.selectByValue("regular");  
    }  
}
```

3.selectByVisibleText:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");  
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));  
        Select s=new Select(w);  
        s.selectByVisibleText("With cream & sugar");  
    }  
}
```

getAllSelectedOptions()

- It is a method, used to print all selected options

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");  
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));  
        Select s=new Select(w);  
        List<WebElement> web = s.getAllSelectedOptions();  
        for(WebElement x:web){  
            System.out.println(x.getText());  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output:

```
Debug - Selenium - src/selenium/assign2/Dummy.java - Eclipse
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
Package Explorer Ex1.java Ex2.java Ex3.java Ex4.java Ex5.java Ex6.java Ex7.java Ex8.java Ex9.java Ex10.java Dummy.java
5 import org.openqa.selenium.By;
6 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
7 import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
8 import org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxDriver;
9 import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.Select;
10
11 public class Dummy {
12     public static void main(String[] args) {
13         System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
14             "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
15         WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
16         driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
17         WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee"));
18         Select s=new Select(w);
19         List web = s.getAllSelectedOptions();
20         for(WebElement x:web){
21             System.out.println(x.getText());
}
<terminated> Dummy (2) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe [Jul 3, 2017, 6:46:44 PM]
1499087807118 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:35339
1499087807963 geckodriver:marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1499087815162 Marionette INFO Listening on port 52382
Jul 03, 2017 6:46:56 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
With cream
```

Note:

- Value and visible text are case sensitive.
- If we pass any invalid arguments then it will throw NoSuchElementException
- If the specified option is duplicate, then it will select 1st matching option.
- We can handle duplicates using index.
- In single select list box, we can not deselect the option. If we try to deselect the option, it will throw UnsupportedOperationException.

2. MULTIPLE VALUE

isMultiple():

- It is a method, used to check we can able to select multiple values or not

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
```

```

        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee2"));
        Select s=new Select(w);
        boolean b = s.isMultiple();
        System.out.println(b);
    }
}

```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows a Java project named "Selenium" containing packages like Collection, Dummy, Exception, firstproject, and Selenium, which contains files Ex1.java, Ex2.java, Ex3.java, Ex4.java, Ex5.java, Ex6.java, Ex7.java, Ex8.java, Ex9.java, and Ex10.java.
- Code Editor:** Displays the Java code for the "Dummy" class, which includes imports for org.openqa.selenium.* and org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.Select, and logic to open a Firefox browser, find an element by name, create a Select object, check if it's multiple, and print the result.
- Console:** Shows the command-line output of the Java application. It includes log messages from the geckodriver and Marionette, and the application's own output indicating it detected dialect W3C and is true.
- System Tray:** Shows standard Windows icons for taskbar items.

SelectByIndex:

Example program:

```

public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    }
}

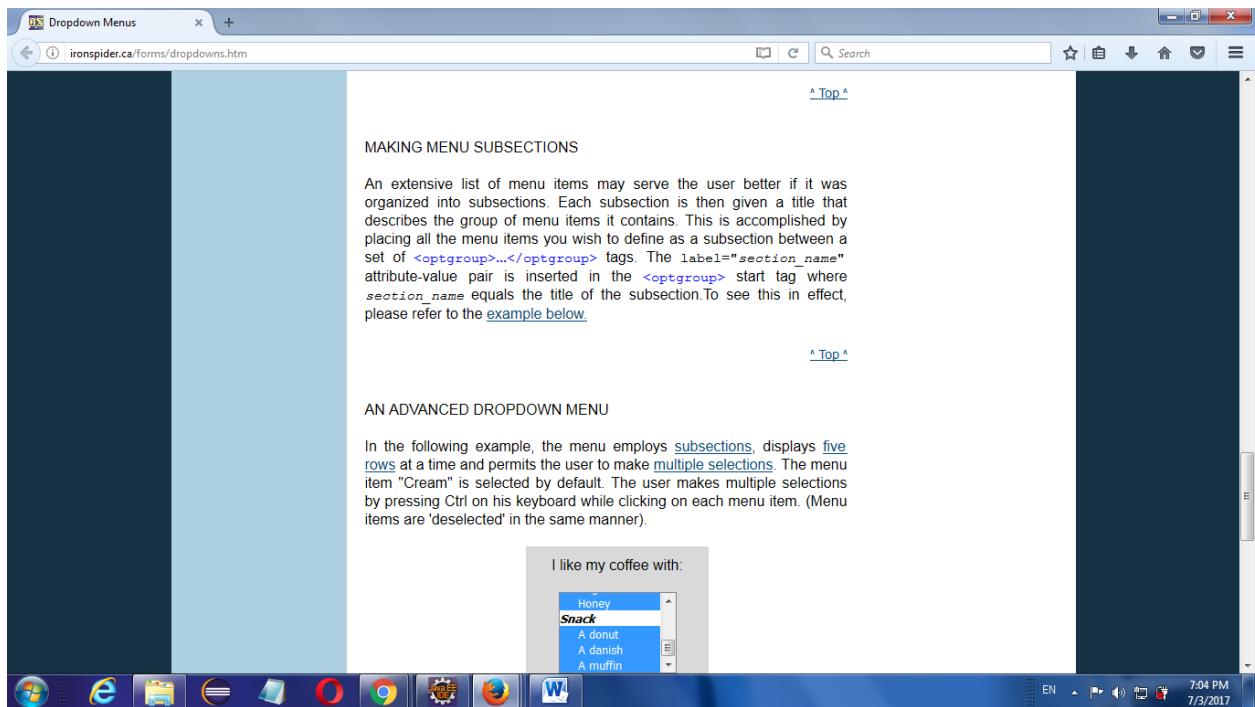
```

```

WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee2"));
Select s=new Select(w);
List<WebElement> web = s.getOptions();
for(int i=0;i<web.size();i++){
    s.selectByIndex(i);
}
}
}

```

Output:



2.selectByValue

Example Program:

```

public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",

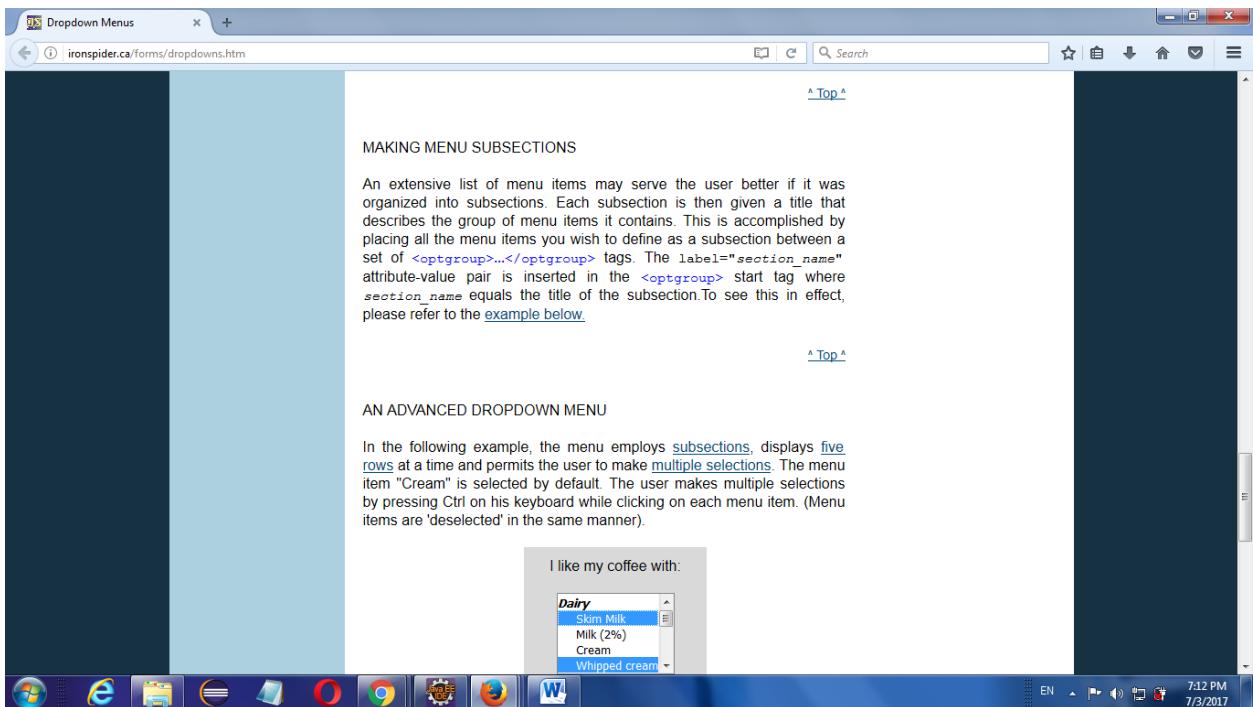
```

```

"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
    WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee2"));
    Select s=new Select(w);
    List<WebElement> web = s.getOptions();
    s.selectByValue("skim");
    s.selectByValue("whipped");
}
}

```

Output:



Note:

- In multi-select list box, if the specified option is duplicate then it will select all the matching options.
- We can handle duplicates by using index.

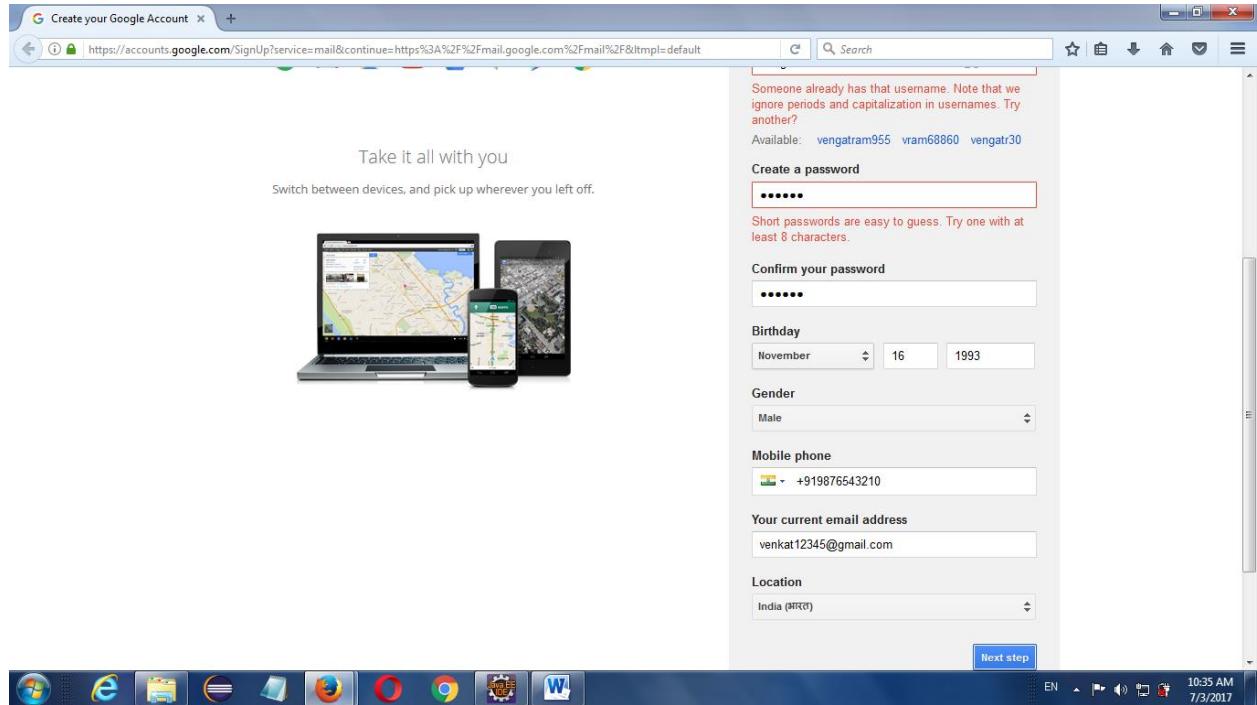
EXERCISE 2:

Program 1: Gmail registration

Program:

```
public class Ex2 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
  
        driver.get("https://accounts.google.com/SignUp?service=mail&continue=https%3  
A%2F%2Fmail.google.com%2Fmail%2F&ltmpl=default");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='FirstName']")).sendKeys(  
"Vengat");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='LastName']")).sendKeys("Ram");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='GmailAddress']")).sendKeys(  
"Vengat161193");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='Passwd']"))  
            .sendKeys("123456");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='PasswdAgain']")).sendKeys(  
"123456");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='BirthMonth']/div[1]")).click();  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//div[contains(text(), 'November')]"))  
            .click();  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='BirthDay']")).sendKeys("16");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='BirthYear']")).sendKeys(  
"1993");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='Gender']/div[1]")).sendKeys(  
"Male");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='RecoveryPhoneNumber']"))  
            .sendKeys("9876543210");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='RecoveryEmailAddress']"))  
            .sendKeys("venkat12345@gmail.com");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='i']")).click();  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//div[contains(text(), 'India')]")).click();  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='submitbutton']")).click();  
    }  
}
```

Output:



Program 2: Facebook registration

```
public class Ex1 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='firstname']")).sendKeys(  
            "Vengat");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='lastname']")).sendKeys(  
            "Ram");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='reg_email__']")).sendKeys(  
            "9876543210");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='reg_passwd__']")).sendKeys(  
            "123456");  
        WebElement w1 = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='day']"));  
        Select s1 = new Select(w1);  
        s1.selectByValue("16");  
        WebElement w2 = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='month']"));  
        Select s2 = new Select(w2);  
        s2.selectByValue("11");
```

```

WebElement w3 = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='year']"));
Select s3 = new Select(w3);
s3.selectByValue("1993");

driver.findElement(By.xpath("//label[contains(text(),'Male')]"))
.click();
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[@type='submit']")).click();

}
}

```

Output:



Program 3:Yahoo registration

```

public class Ex5 {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/
driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();

        driver.get("https://login.yahoo.com/account/create?specId=yidReg&altreg=0&intl
=in&.done=http://in.mail.yahoo.com");
    }
}

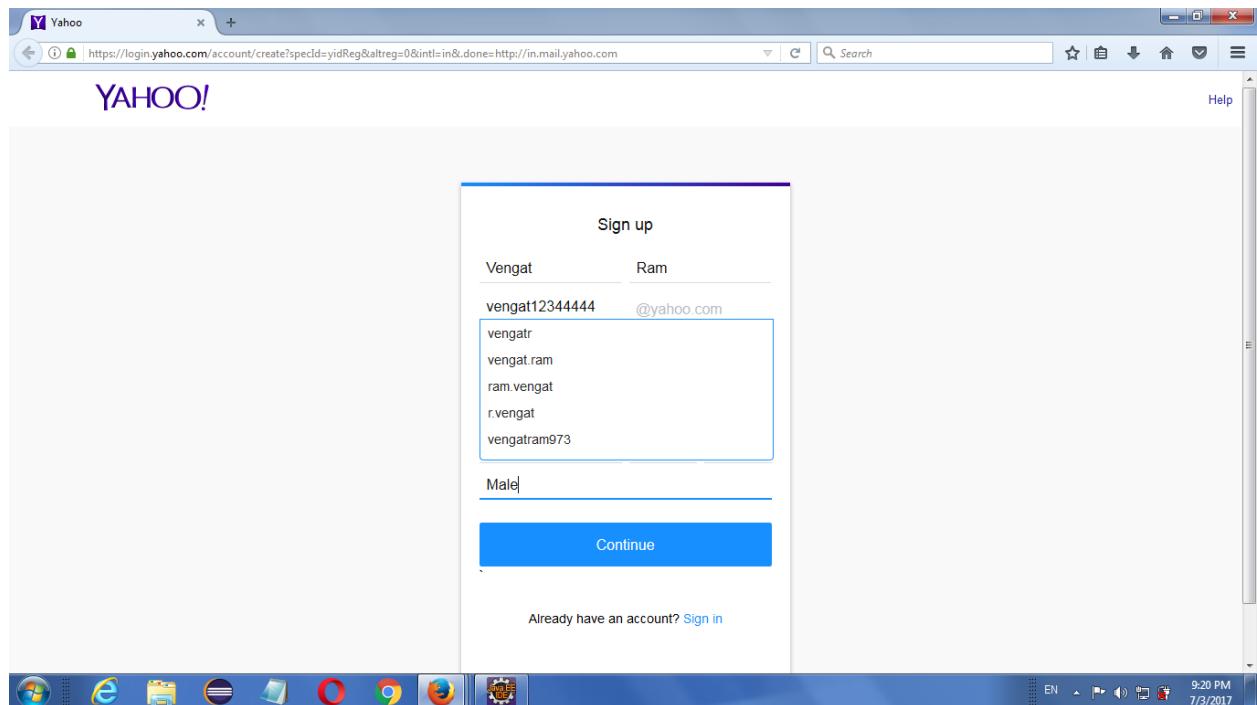
```

```

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-firstName']")).sendKeys("Vengat");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-lastName']")).sendKeys("Ram");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-yid']")).sendKeys("vengat12344444");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-password']")).sendKeys("venkat12345");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-phone']")).sendKeys("98765430001");
        WebElement w =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//select[@id='usernamereg-month']"));
        Select s=new Select(w);
        s.selectByValue("11");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-day']")).sendKeys("16");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-year']")).sendKeys("1993");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='usernamereg-freeformGender']")).sendKeys("Male");
        Thread.sleep(3000);
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[@id='reg-submit-button']")).click();
    }
}

```

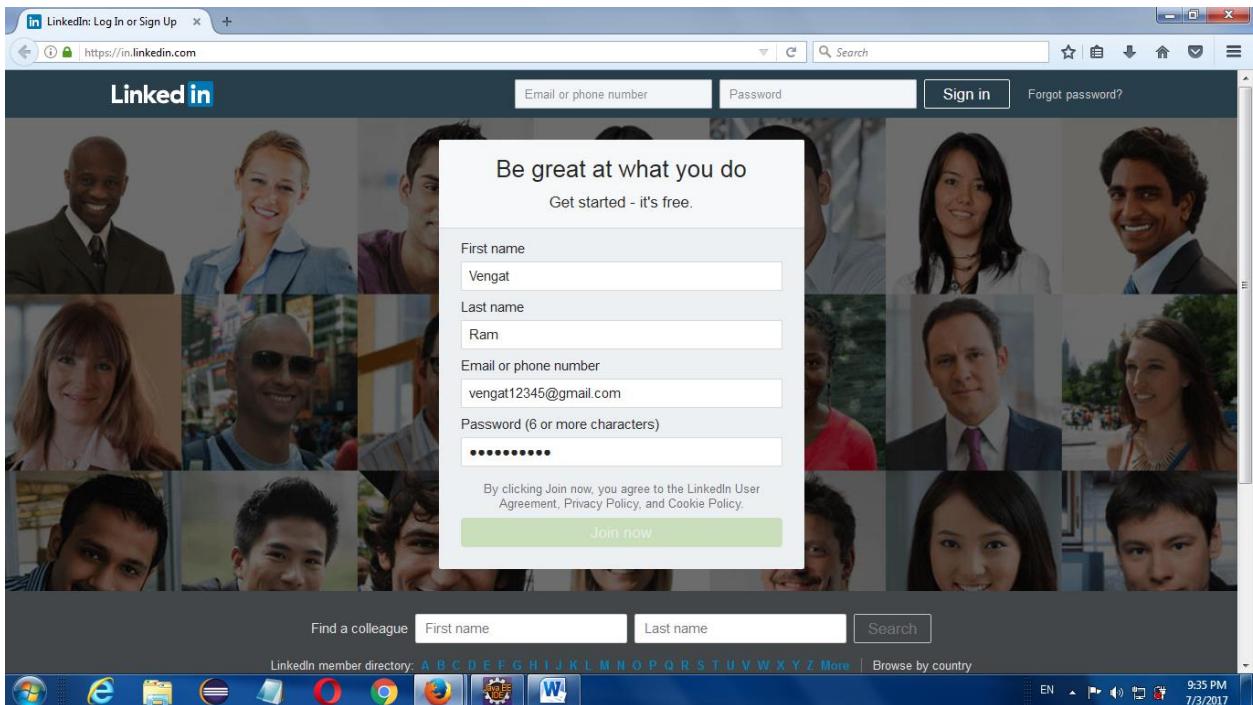
Output:



Program 4: Linkedin login

```
public class Ex6 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
  
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://in.linkedin.com/");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='reg-firstname']")).sendKeys(  
            "Vengat");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='reg-lastname']")).sendKeys(  
            "Ram");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='reg-email']")).sendKeys(  
            "vengat12345@gmail.com");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='reg-password']")).sendKeys(  
            "9876543210");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='registration-submit']")).click();  
    }  
}
```

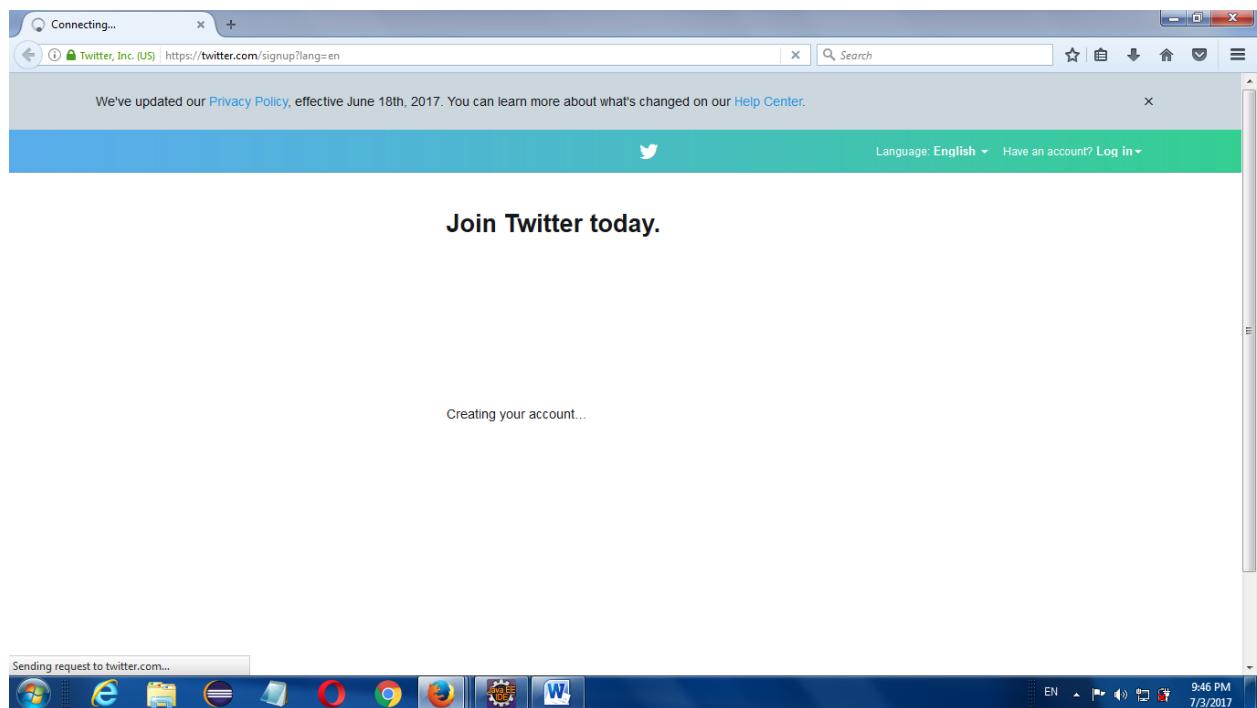
Output:



Program 5: Twitter registration

```
public class Ex4 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver","C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/  
driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://twitter.com/signup?lang=en");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='full-  
name']")).sendKeys("vengat");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='email']")).sendKeys("venkat1234500@gm  
ail.com");  
        Thread.sleep(3000);  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='password']")).sendKeys("11111111");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='submit_button']")).click();  
    }  
}
```

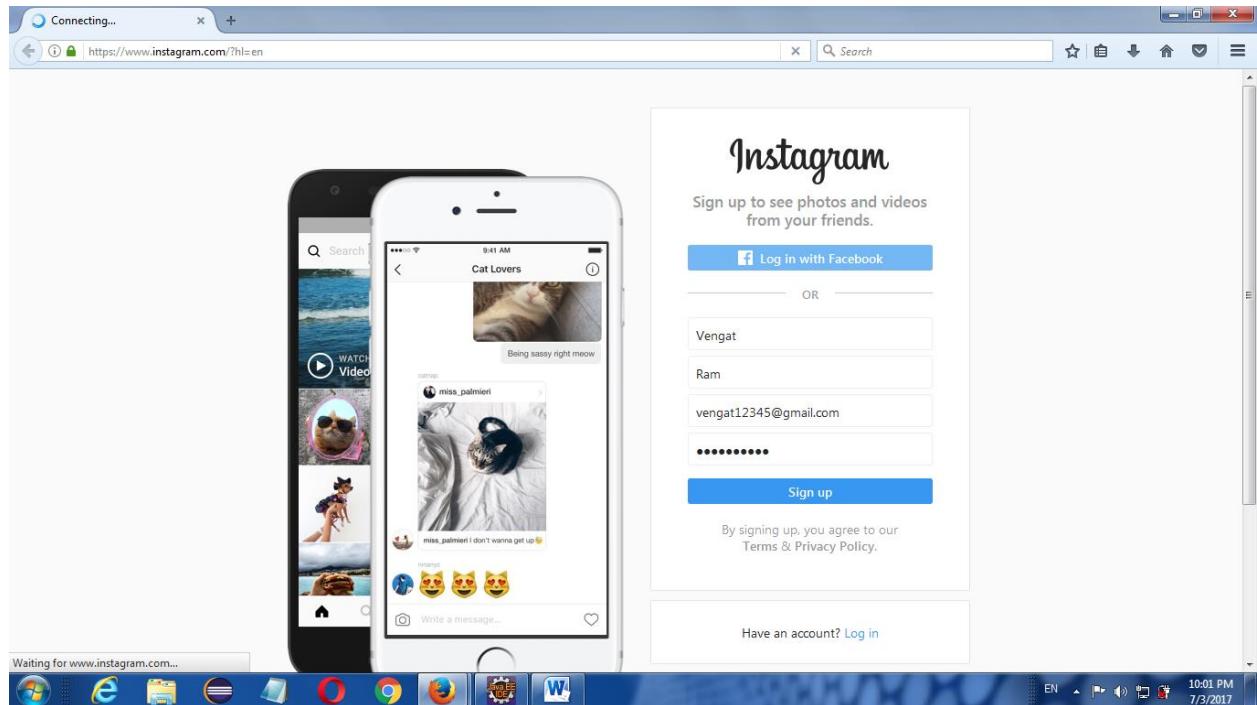
Output:



Program 6: Instagram registration

```
public class Ex7 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.instagram.com/?hl=en");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='emailOrPhone']")).sendKeys(  
                "Vengat");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='fullName']")).sendKeys(  
                "Ram");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='username']")).sendKeys(  
                "vengat12345@gmail.com");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='password']")).sendKeys(  
                "9876543210");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='react-root']/section/main/article/div[2]/div[1]/div/form/div[6]/span/button")).click();  
    }  
}
```

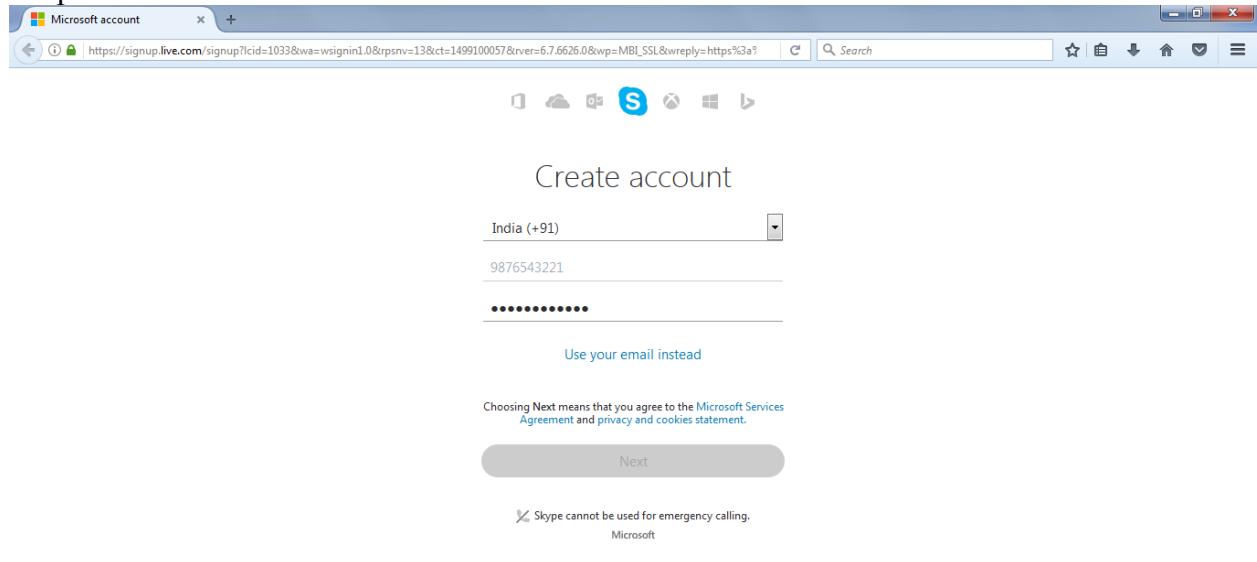
Output:

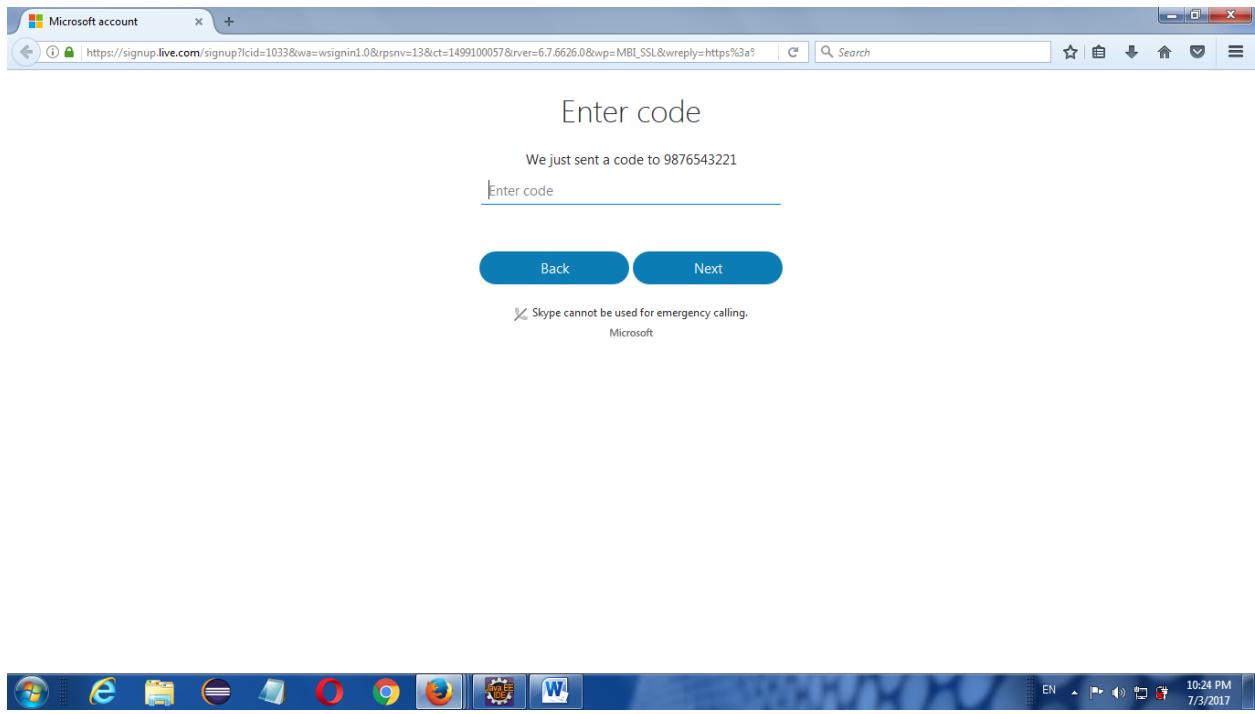


Program 7: Skype registration

```
public class Ex8 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
  
        driver.get("https://signup.live.com/signup?lcid=1033&wa=wsignin1.0&rpsnv=13  
&ct=1499100057&rver=6.7.6626.0&wp=MBI_SSL&wreply=https%3a%2f%2flw.skype.c  
om%2flogin%2foauth%2fproxy%3fform%3dmicrosoft_registration%26site_name%3dlw.  
skype.com%26fl%3dphone2&lc=1033&id=293290&mkt=en-  
IN&uaid=41725f7d178ae3acfc20174e1190cd1b&psi=skype&lw=1&cobrandid=90010&cl  
ient_flight=hsu%2cReservedFlight33%2cReservedFlight67&fl=phone2&lic=1");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='MemberName']")).sendKeys(  
"9876543221");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='Password']")).sendKeys(  
"Venkat122333");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='iSignupAction']")).click();  
        Thread.sleep(3000);  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='FirstName']")).sendKeys(  
"Venkat");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='LastName']")).sendKeys(  
"Ram");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='iSignupAction']")).click();  
    }  
}
```

Output:





Program 8: Make my trip registration

```
public class Ex9 {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.makemytrip.com/");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//a[@id='ch_signup_icon']")).click();  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='ch_signup_email']")).sendKeys(  
"Venkat122333@gmail.com");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='ch_signup_phone']")).sendKeys("9876  
543221");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='ch_signup_password']")).sendKeys(  
"Venkat123");  
    }  
}
```

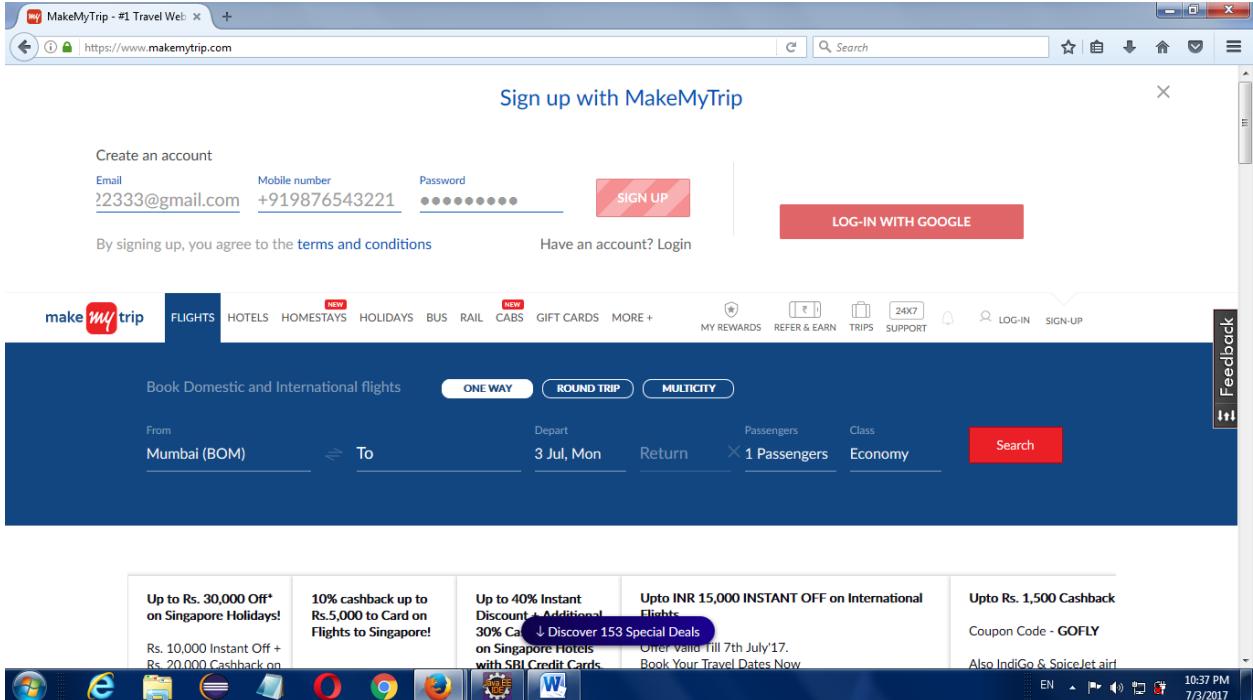
```

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[@id='ch_signup_btn']")).click();

        //driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='iSignupAction']")).click();
    }
}

```

Output:



Program 9: Spicinemmas registration

```

public class Ex10 {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.spicinemmas.in/user/register");

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='email']")).sendKeys("venkat122333@"
                "gmail.com");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='password']")).sendKeys(
                "Venkat54321");
    }
}

```

```

driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='passwordVerify']")).sendKeys("Venka
t54321");

driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='name']")).sendKeys(
    "Venkat");
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='lastName']")).sendKeys(
    "Ram");
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='dob']")).sendKeys("16-11-
1993");
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='genderMale']")).click();
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='address']")).sendKeys(
    "No.38, west saidapet");
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='pincode']")).sendKeys(
    "600015");
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='city']")).sendKeys("chennai");

driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='terms-and-
condition']")).click();
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[@id='subscriptionStatus']")).click();
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='register']")).click();
}

```

Deselect:

1. deselect by value
2. deselect by index
3. deselect by visible text
4. deselect all

1. deselect by value:

Example program:

```

public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
            "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    }
}

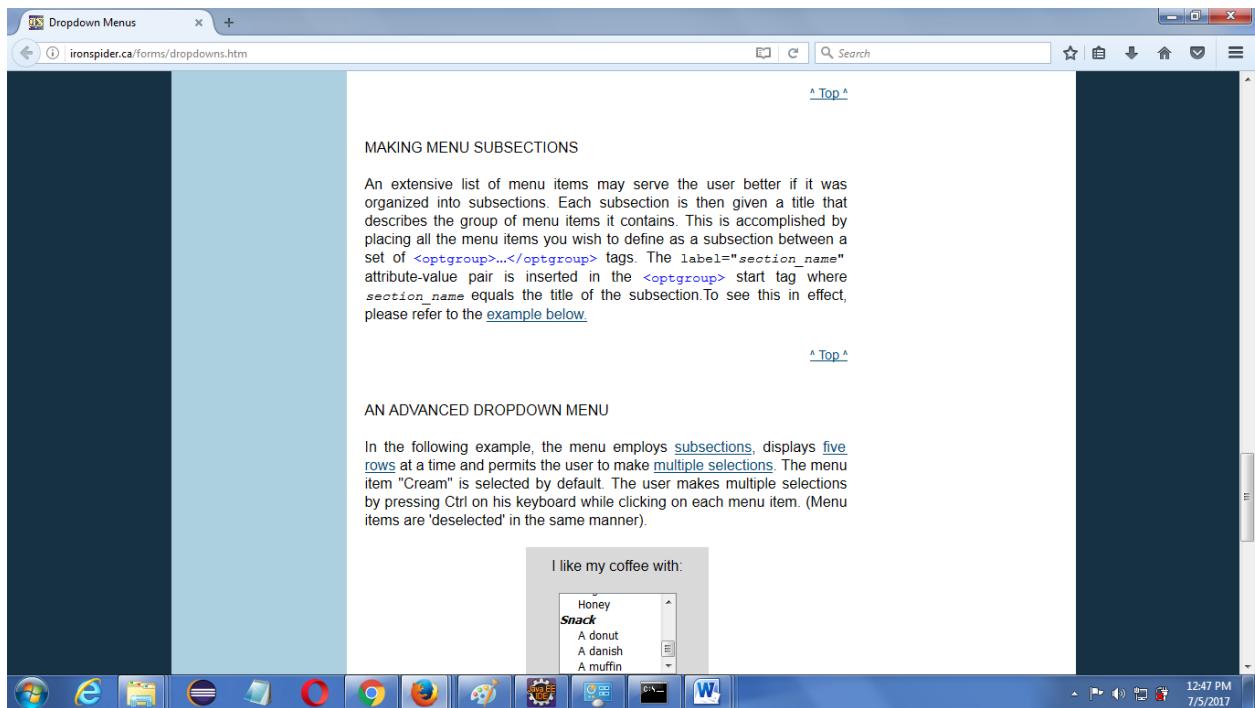
```

```

driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee2"));
Select s=new Select(w);
List<WebElement> web = s.getOptions();
for(int i=0;i<web.size();i++){
    s.selectByIndex(i);
    Thread.sleep(3000);
    s.deselectByIndex(i);
}
}
}

```

Output :



2. Deselect By Value :

Example Program:

```

public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",

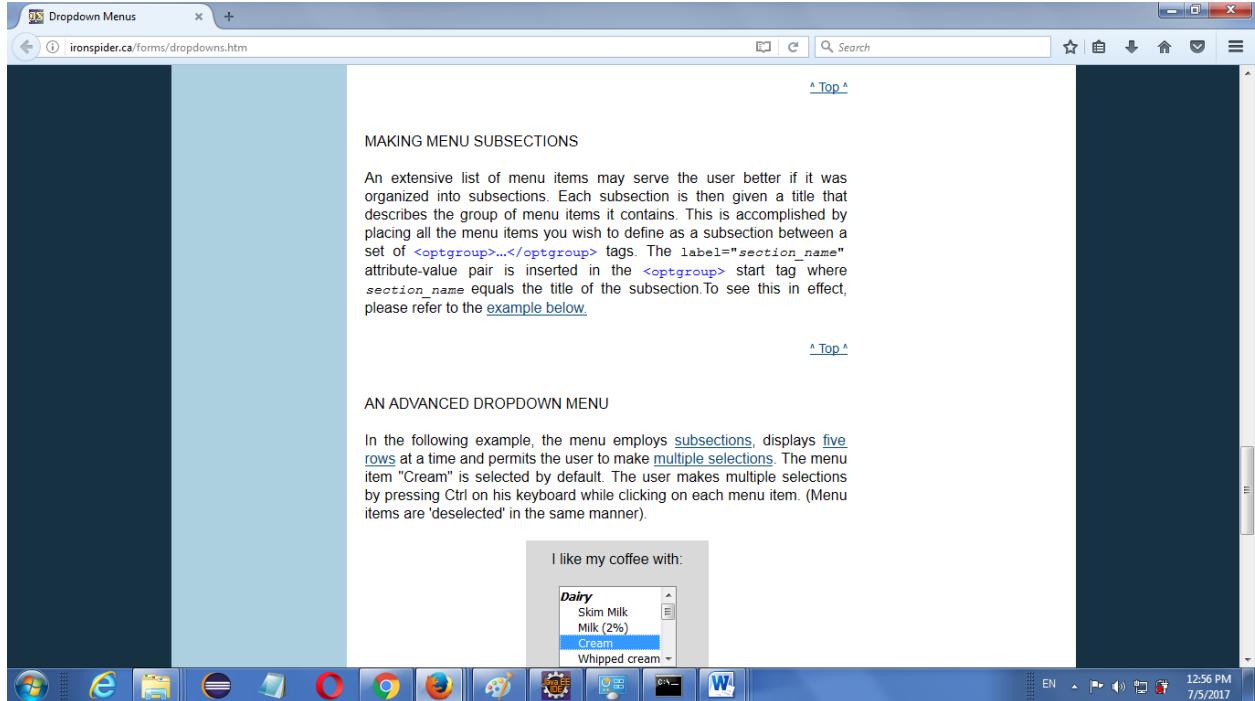
```

```

"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
    WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee2"));
    Select s=new Select(w);
    List<WebElement> web = s.getOptions();
    s.selectByValue("skim");
    s.selectByValue("whipped");
    try {
        Thread.sleep(3000);
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
    s.deselectByValue("skim");
    s.deselectByValue("whipped");
}

```

Output:



3. Deselect By VisibleText:

Example program:

```

public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",

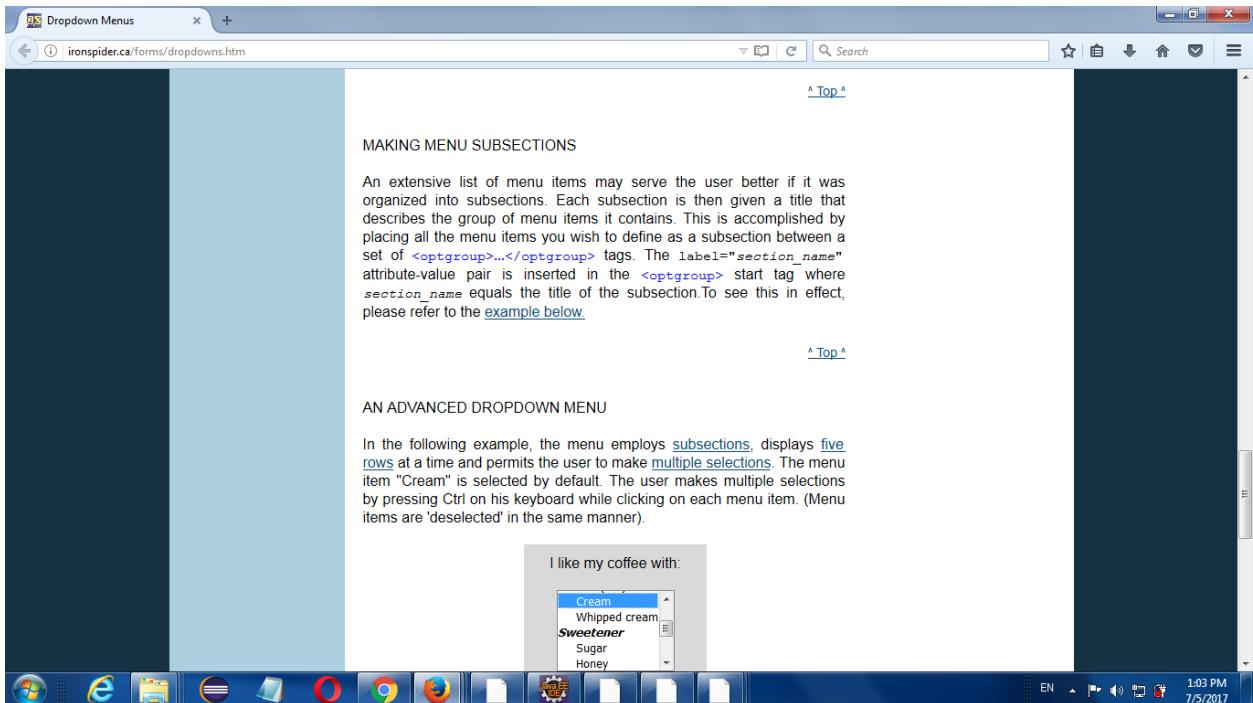
```

```

"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    driver.get("http://ironspider.ca/forms/dropdowns.htm");
    WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.name("coffee2"));
    Select s=new Select(w);
    List<WebElement> web = s.getOptions();
    s.selectByVisibleText("Sugar");
    s.selectByVisibleText("Honey");
    try {
        Thread.sleep(3000);
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
    s.deselectByVisibleText("Sugar");
    s.deselectByVisibleText("Honey");
}
}

```

Output :



WEB TABLE:

tr → Table row

th → Table heading

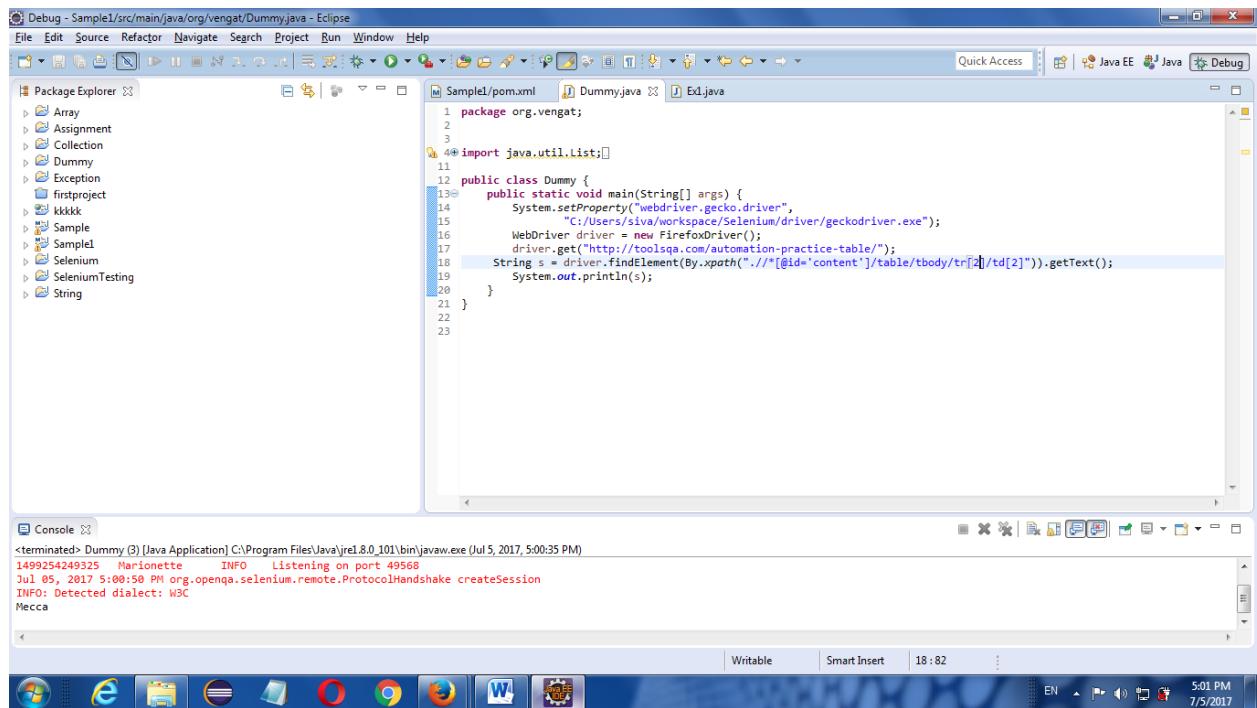
td → Table data

To print particular values(data) in the table:

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
  
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.com/automation-practice-table/");  
        String s =  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath(".//*[@id='content']/table/tbody/tr[2]/td[2]")).getText();  
        System.out.println(s);  
    }  
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

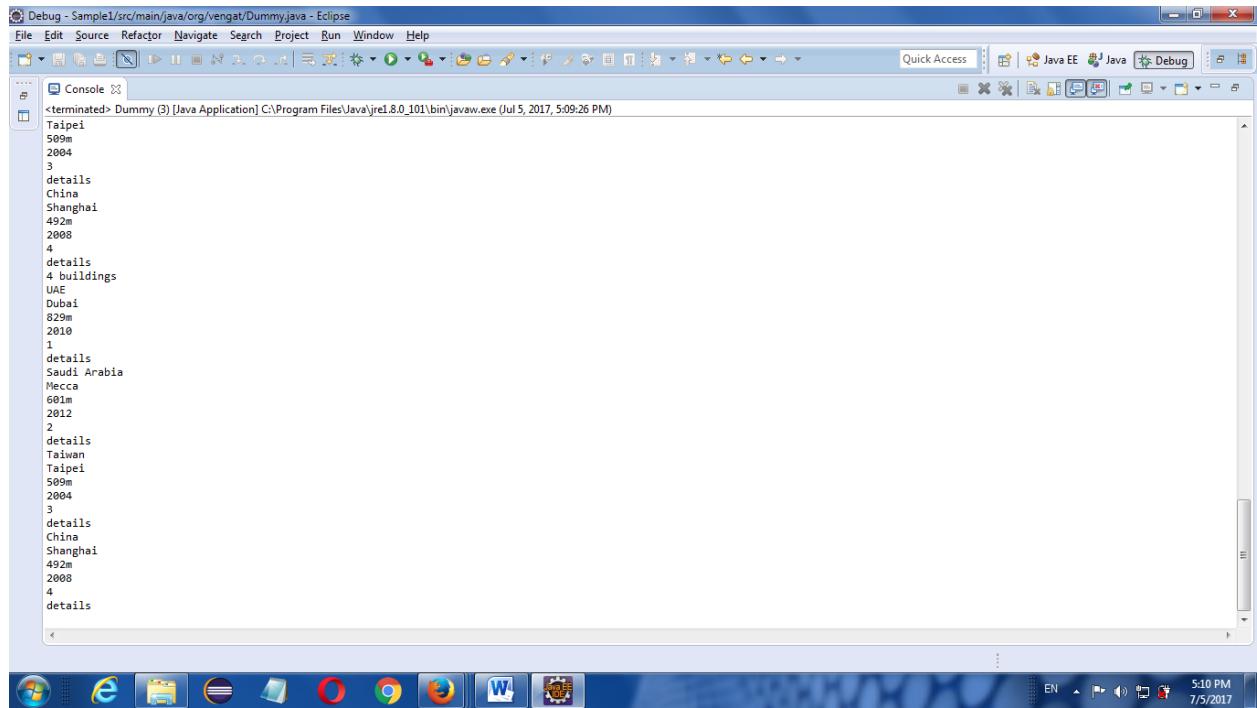
- Project Explorer:** Shows packages like Array, Assignment, Collection, Dummy, Exception, firstproject, kkkkk, Sample, Sample1, Selenium, SeleniumTesting, and String.
- Editor:** Displays the Java code for the `Dummy` class.
- Console:** Shows the output of the Java application running in the terminal.
- Taskbar:** Includes icons for various applications like Internet Explorer, Google Chrome, and Microsoft Word.
- System Tray:** Shows system status including battery level, signal strength, and system date/time.

```
<terminated> Dummy [3] Java Application C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 5, 2017, 5:00:35 PM)  
1499254249325 Marionette INFO Listening on port 49568  
Jul 05, 2017 5:00:58 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession  
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C  
Mecca
```

To print all data's in the table:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.com/automation-practice-table/");  
        List<WebElement> tRows = driver.findElements(By.tagName("tr"));  
        for(WebElement rows:tRows){  
            List<WebElement> tData = driver.findElements(By.tagName("td"));  
            for(WebElement data:tData){  
                System.out.println(data.getText());  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the title bar "Debug - Sample1/src/main/java/org/vengat/Dummy.java - Eclipse". The main window displays the "Console" view, which shows the output of the Java application. The output consists of several lines of text, each starting with a number (1, 2, 3, 4) followed by the word "details" and a list of city names and their details. The cities listed are Taipei, 509m, 2004, 3, details, China, Shanghai, 492m, 2008, 4, details, 4 buildings, UAE, Dubai, 829m, 2010, 1, details, Saudi Arabia, Mecca, 601m, 2012, 2, details, Taiwan, Taipei, 509m, 2004, 3, details, China, Shanghai, 492m, 2008, 4, details.

```
<terminated> Dummy (3) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 5, 2017, 5:09:26 PM)  
Taipei  
509m  
2004  
3  
details  
China  
Shanghai  
492m  
2008  
4  
details  
4 buildings  
UAE  
Dubai  
829m  
2010  
1  
details  
Saudi Arabia  
Mecca  
601m  
2012  
2  
details  
Taiwan  
Taipei  
509m  
2004  
3  
details  
China  
Shanghai  
492m  
2008  
4  
details
```

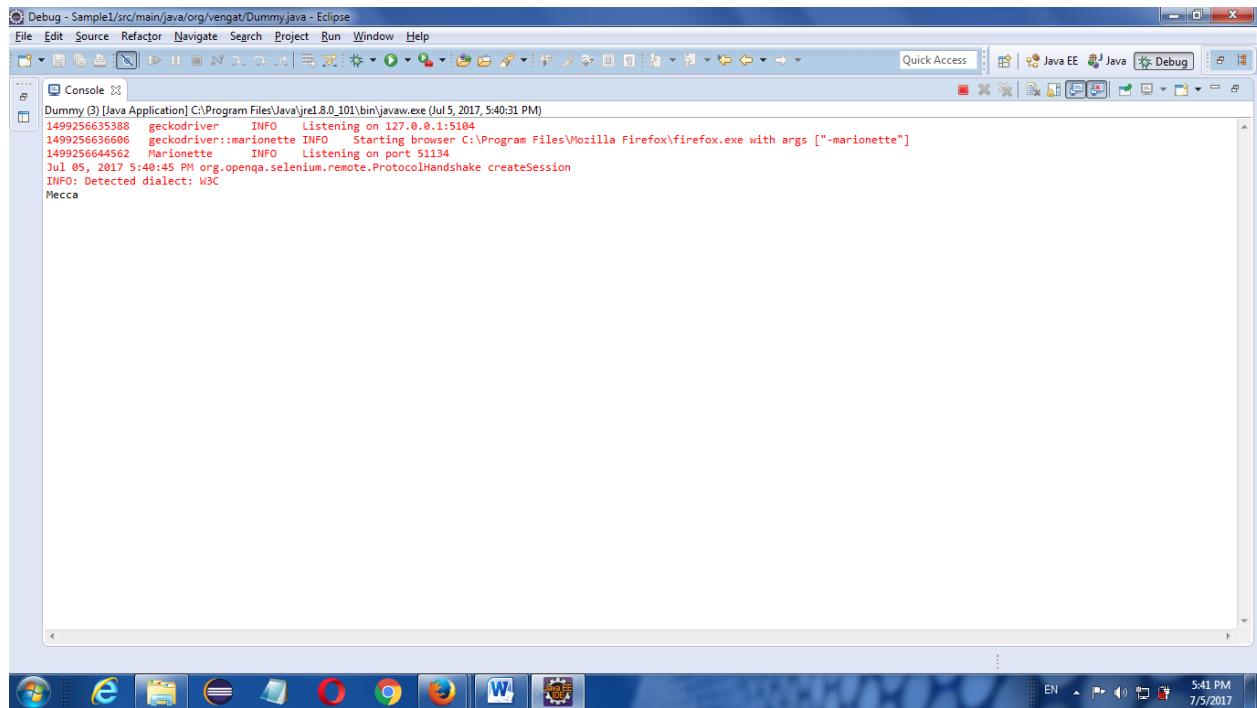
Using normal for loop:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.com/automation-practice-table/");  
        List<WebElement> tRows = driver.findElements(By.tagName("tr"));  
        for(int i=0;i<tRows.size();i++){  
            List<WebElement> tData = driver.findElements(By.tagName("td"));  
            for(int j=0;j<tData.size();j++){  
                System.out.println(tData.get(j).getText());  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

1. To print particular data only:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"  
C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.com/automation-practice-table/");  
        List<WebElement> tRows = driver.findElements(By.tagName("tr"));  
        for(int i=0;i<tRows.size();i++){  
            List<WebElement> tData = driver.findElements(By.tagName("td"));  
            for(int j=0;j<tData.size();j++){  
                if(tData.get(j).getText().equals("Mecca")){  
                    System.out.println(tData.get(j).getText());  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output:



```
Debug - Sample1/src/main/java/org/vengat/Dummy.java - Eclipse
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
Quick Access Java EE Java Debug
Console
Dummy (3) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 5, 2017, 5:40:31 PM)
1499256635388 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:5104
1499256636606 geckodriver::marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1499256644562 Marionette INFO Listening on port 5134
Jul 05, 2017 5:40:45 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
Mecca
```

2. To print relevant data(Dynamic table)

```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.com/automation-practice-table/");
        List<WebElement> tRows = driver.findElements(By.tagName("tr"));
        for(int i=0;i<tRows.size();i++){
            List<WebElement> tData = driver.findElements(By.tagName("td"));
            for(int j=0;j<tData.size();j++){
                if(tData.get(j).getText().equals("Dubai")){
                    driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='content']/table/tbody/tr["+i+"]/td[6]/a"));
                    System.out.println(tData.get(j).getText());
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

JavascriptExecutor:

- JavascriptExecutor is an interface which is used to execute the javascript statements.
- Using javascript we can scroll the web page.

Example:

Write a Script to scroll down and scroll up the window using pixel

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10655967\\\\eclipse-  
workspace\\\\demo\\\\driver\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.seleniumhq.org/download/");  
  
        JavascriptExecutor j = (JavascriptExecutor) driver;  
  
        //To scroll down  
        j.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,500)");  
  
        Thread.sleep(3000);  
        //To scroll up  
        j.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,-500)");  
  
    }  
  
}
```

Note:

Here widow represents current window and scrollBy is a method to scroll the window

Example2 :

Write a Script to scroll down and scroll up the window upto 50px for 10 times

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10655967\\\\eclipse-  
workspace\\\\demo\\\\driver\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.seleniumhq.org/download/");  
  
        JavascriptExecutor j = (JavascriptExecutor) driver;
```

```

//To scroll down
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    j.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,50)");
    Thread.sleep(500);
}

Thread.sleep(3000);
//To scroll up
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    j.executeScript("window.scrollBy(0,-50)");
    Thread.sleep(500);
}

```

Example3 :

Write a Script to scroll web page upto specified element

- In this method, we first assign up to which path locator/web element we want to down/up and perform

Example Program:

```

public class dummy {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe"); WebDriver
        driver=new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://dhtmlx.com/docs/products/dhtmlxTree/");
        JavascriptExecutor j=(JavascriptExecutor) driver;
        // assign up to which path we want to down
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[text()='Live
        Demo']"));
        //scroll down up to particular path
    }
}

```

```

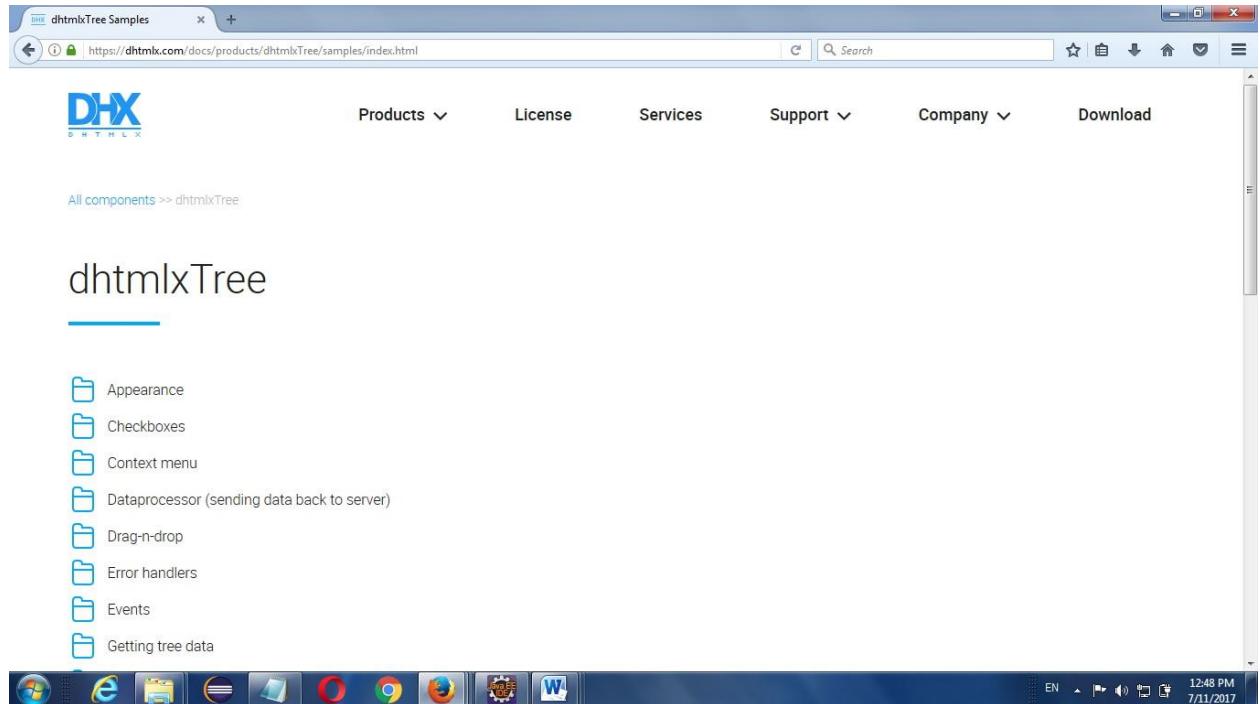
j.executeScript("arguments[0].scrollIntoView(true)",
w); Thread.sleep(2000);

driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[text()='View more demos']")).click();

}}

```

Output:



Example4 :

Write a Script to enter textbox value and click using javascript

Syntax:

```

JavascriptExecutor js=(JavascriptExecutor) driver;
js.executeScript("document.getElementById('email').setAttribute('value','Hello')");

```

Another method

```

JavascriptExecutor js=(JavascriptExecutor) driver;
js.executeScript("arguments[0].setAttribute('value','Hello')", webelement);

```

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");  
        //java script declaration  
        JavascriptExecutor js=(JavascriptExecutor) driver;  
  
        js.executeScript("document.getElementById('email').setAttribute('value','Hello')");  
        // to print the value  
        Object s = js.executeScript("return document.getElementById('email').  
getAttribute('value')");  
        System.out.println(s);  
        // to click login  
        js.executeScript("return document.getElementById('u_0_r').click()");  
    }  
}
```

Another method:

```
public class Dummy {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");  
        //java script declaration  
        JavascriptExecutor js=(JavascriptExecutor) driver;  
        WebElement w=driver.findElement(By.Id('email'));  
        js.executeScript("arguments[0].setAttribute('value','Hello')",w);  
        WebElement w1=driver.findElement(By.Id('u_0_r'));  
        js.executeScript("arguments[0].click()",w1);  
  
    }  
}
```

Using Page down:

- ❖ In this method, we can scroll down one single page from the first page

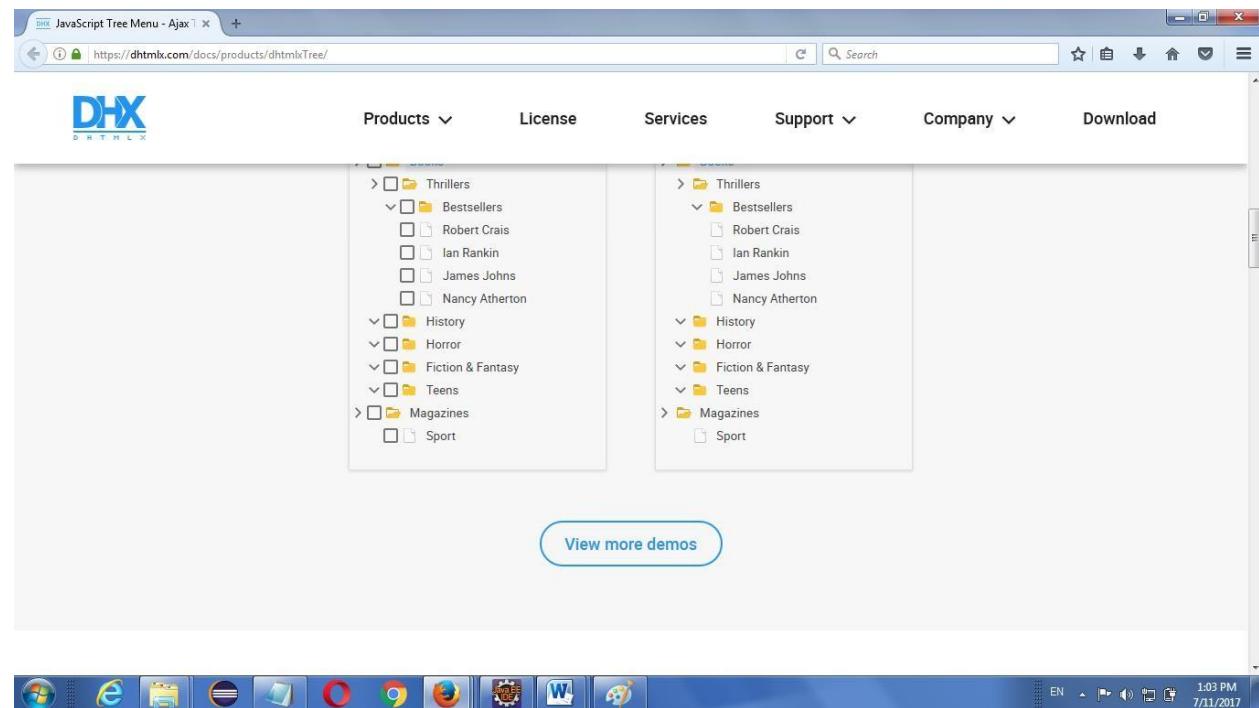
```

public class dummy1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://dhtmlx.com/docs/products/dhtmlxTree/");
        JavascriptExecutor j = (JavascriptExecutor) driver;
        WebElement w = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[text()='Live Demo']"));
        w.sendKeys(Keys.PAGE_DOWN);
    }
}

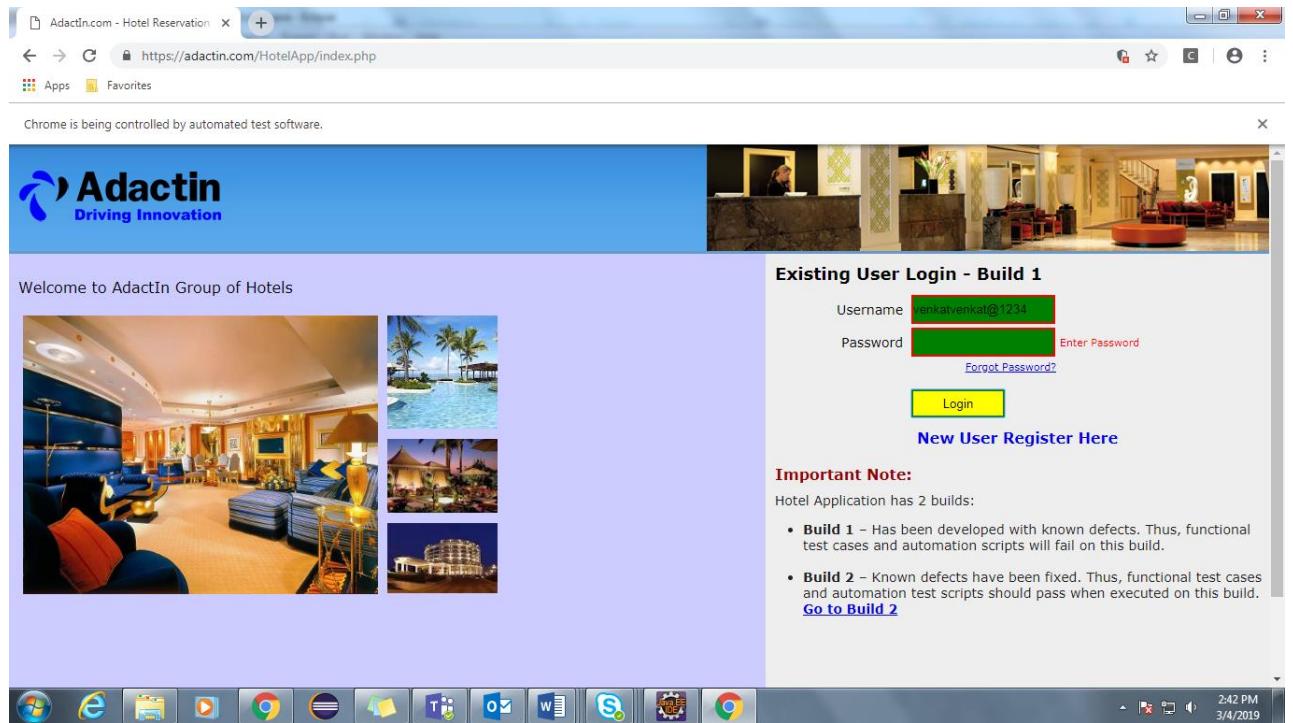
```

Output:



Highlighting the webelement using javascript

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
  
        JavascriptExecutor j = (JavascriptExecutor) driver;  
  
        // username and password highlighted by green color and red box  
        WebElement username = driver.findElement(By.id("username"));  
  
        j.executeScript("arguments[0].setAttribute('style','background: green;  
border: solid 2px red');", username);  
        username.sendKeys("venkat");  
  
        WebElement password = driver.findElement(By.id("password"));  
  
        j.executeScript("arguments[0].setAttribute('style','background: green;  
border: solid 2px red');", password);  
        password.sendKeys("venkat@1234");  
  
        Thread.sleep(2000);  
  
        // Login button highlighted by yellow color and green box  
  
        WebElement login = driver.findElement(By.id("login"));  
        j.executeScript("arguments[0].setAttribute('style','background: yellow;  
border: solid 2px green');", login);  
  
        login.click();  
  
    }  
}
```



SCREENSHOT:

- In order to take screen shot of a webpage we use an interface called TakesScreenShot.
- Steps to take screen shot of a web page.
 - create reference of TakesScreenShot interface.
 - Get the screen shot using getScreenShotAs(). By default it will store screen shots in temp folder.
 - Create destination to store the file using File class.
 - Copy the file from src to destination using copyFile() of FileUtils class.

Note: In order to copy the file from src to dest we use an API called Commons-io which is available in the following web site.

URL:- https://commons.apache.org/proper/commons-io/download_io.cgi

File Name: commons-io-2.6-bin.zip

- Download the file and extract it
- Copy all the jar files and store it jars folder.

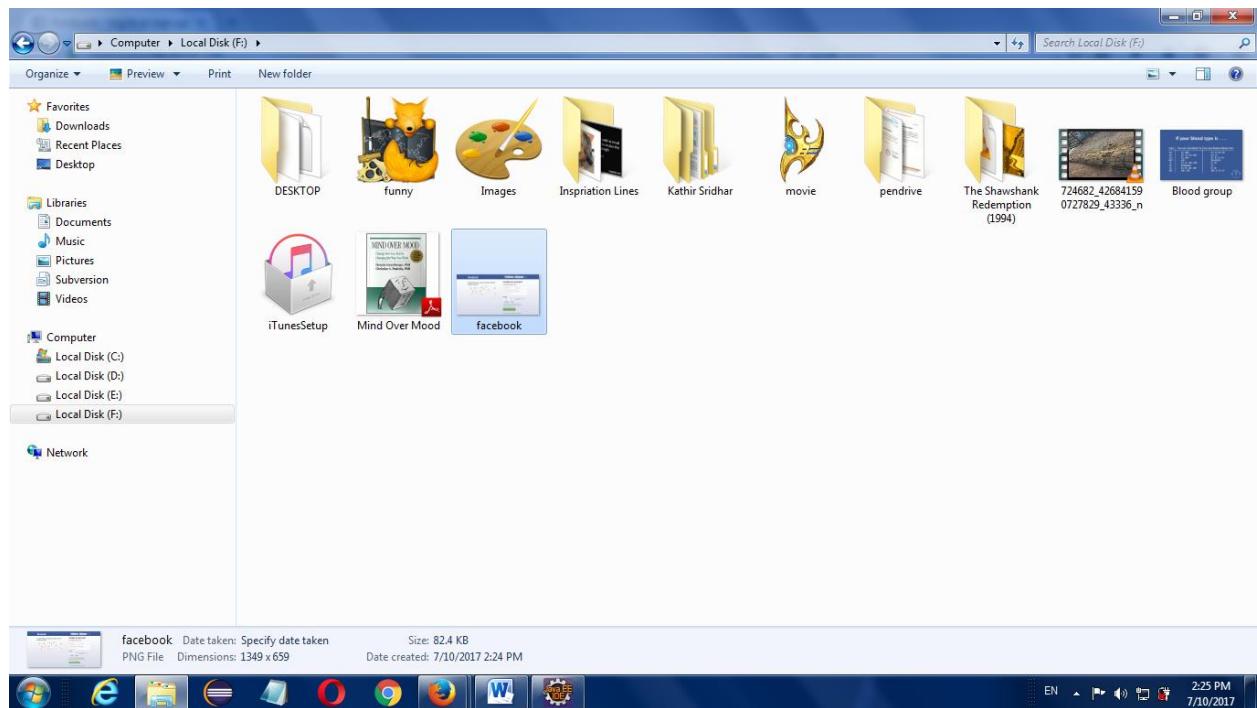
- Add all jars to build path

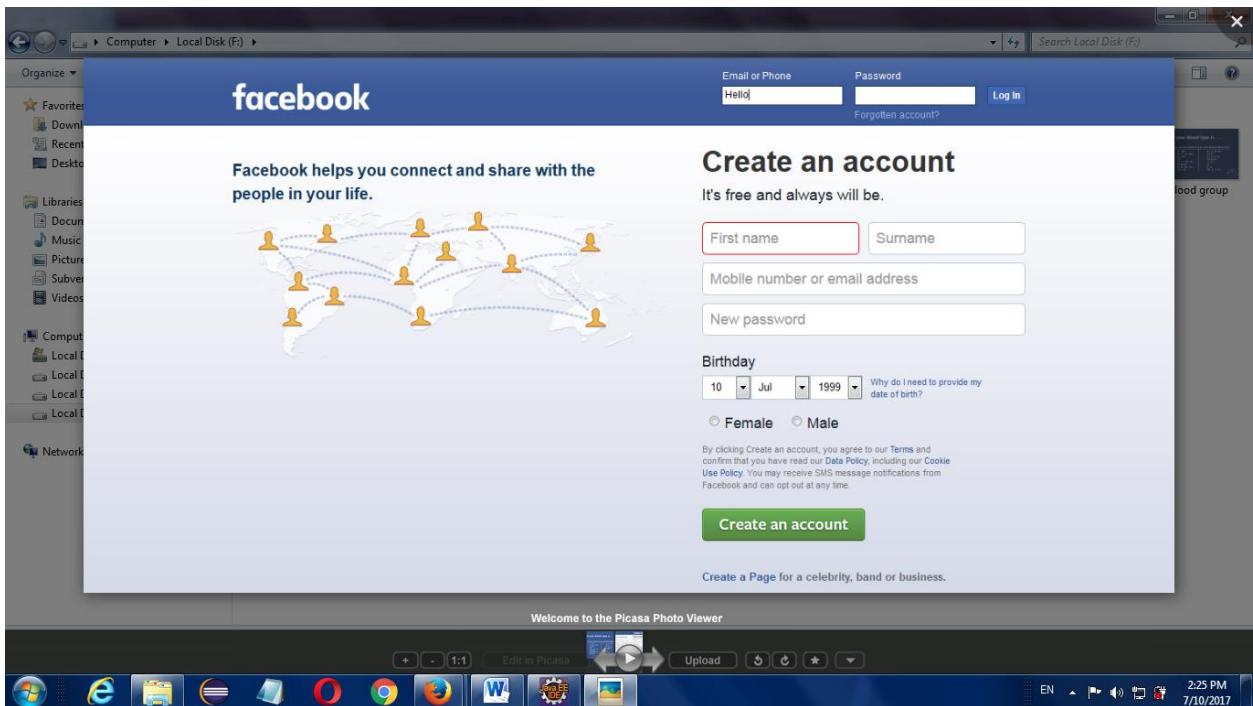
Takescreenshot → interface

Example program:

```
public class Dummy {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://www.facebook.com/");
        driver.findElement(By.id("email")).sendKeys("Hello");
        //Screenshot declaration
        TakesScreenshot tk=(TakesScreenshot) driver;
        File source= tk.getScreenshotAs(OutputType.FILE);
        File des=new File("F:/facebook.png");
        FileUtils.copyFile(source,des );
    }
}
```

Output:





MOUSE HOVER ACTION:

Actions:

- Actions class is used to handle the mouse and keyboard actions.
- Actions class should be imported from the package org.openqa.selenium.interactions
- Actions class contains a constructor which takes an argument of type WebDriver

Note:

- When we are using any methods of Actions class, then it is mandatory to call perform()
- Until unless we call perform(), Actions class will never perform the actions.

Handling Drop down menu/Mouse over action:

- When we move the cursor on an element, a list of menus will be displayed. These type of elements are called as Drop down menus.
- We can handle this drop down menu or mouse over action using moveToElement() of Actions class

Example:

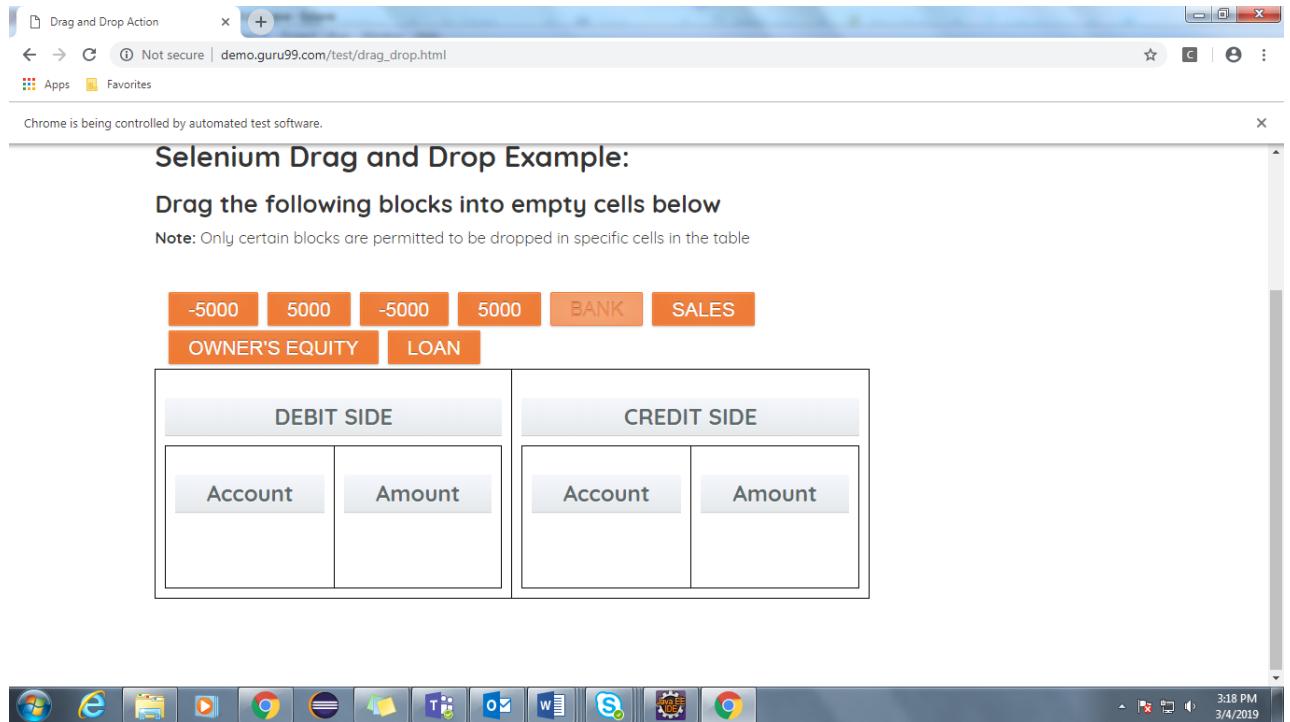
```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\Users\\10657527\\Downloads\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("http://www.greenstechnologys.com/");  
  
        WebElement courses = driver.findElement(By.linkText("COURSES"));  
  
        Actions a=new Actions(driver);  
  
        a.moveToElement(courses).perform();  
  
        Thread.sleep(2000);  
  
        WebElement devOpTraining =  
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//span[text()='DevOps Training']"));  
  
        a.click(devOpTraining).perform();  
  
    }  
}
```

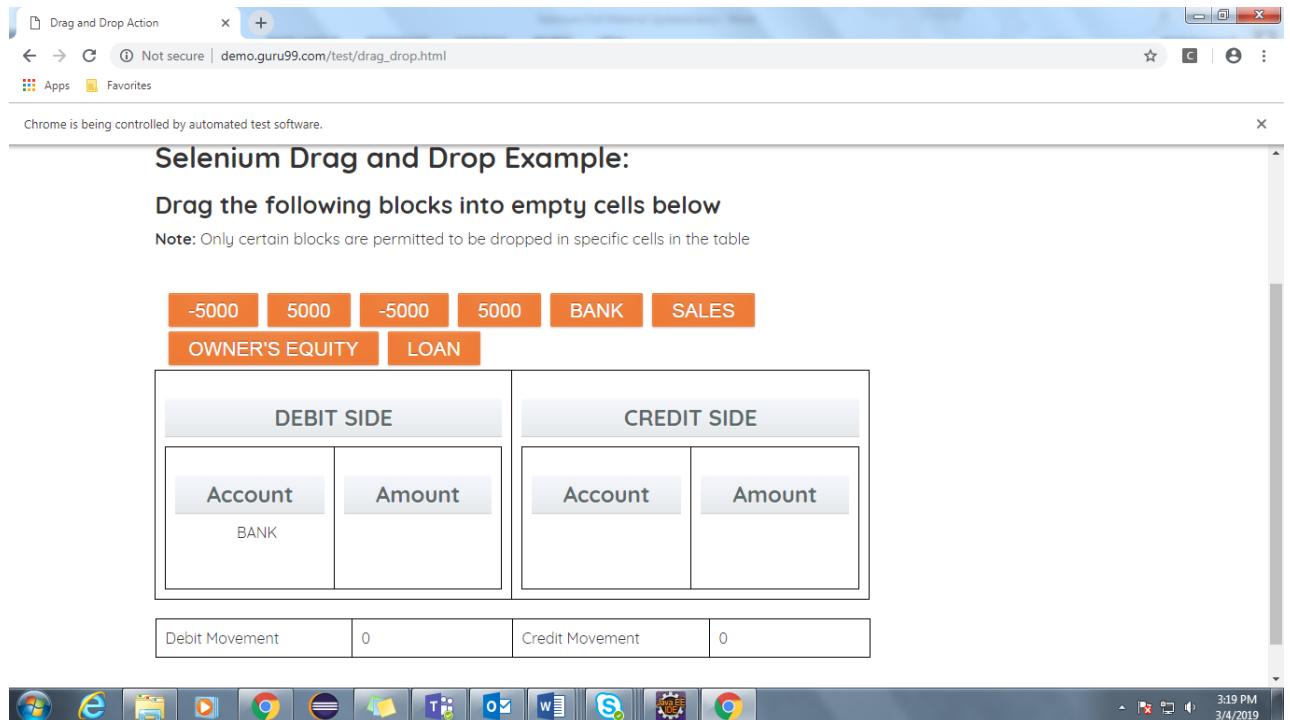
DRAG & DROP AND RIGHT CLICK:

- We can handle this drag and drop action using dragAndDrop() of Actions class.
- dragAndDrop() takes 2 argument of type WebElement. They are,
 - source
 - target

Example:

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
                           (1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/drag_drop.html");  
  
        Actions a = new Actions(driver);  
  
        WebElement source = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//a[text()=' BANK  
T']"));  
  
        WebElement des =  
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//li[@class='placeholder'][1]"));  
  
        Thread.sleep(2000);  
  
        a.dragAndDrop(source, des).perform();}  
    }  
}
```





How to perform drag and drop action without using dragAndDrop()?

Ans: `act.clickAndHold(src).moveToElement(target).release().perform();`

```

public class Login {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32
                           (1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/drag_drop.html");

        Actions a = new Actions(driver);

        WebElement source = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//a[text()='BANK
                           ']"));
        WebElement des =
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//li[@class='placeholder'][1]"));
    }
}

```

```

        Thread.sleep(2000);

        a.clickAndHold(source).moveToElement(des).release(des).perform();
    }

}

```

RIGHT CLICK:

Handling context click action:

- Right clicking on an element is called as context click.
- After right clicking on an element, the options which are displayed are called as context menus.
- We can handle this context click action using `contextClick()` of Actions class.
- `contextClick()` takes 1 argument of type `WebElement` where in we have to pass address of the element.
- We can handle the context menus by using a class called Robot.
- Robot class is used to perform keyboard action
- In Robot class, to press the key we use `keyPress()` and to release the key we use `keyRelease()`.

Example:

```

public class Login {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException, Throwable {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");

        Actions a = new Actions(driver);

        WebElement gmail = driver.findElement(By.linkText("Gmail"));

        Thread.sleep(2000);

        a.contextClick(gmail).perform();
    }
}

```

```

// Using robot class we can open gmail in new tab

Robot r=new Robot();

r.keyPress(KeyEvent.VK_DOWN);
r.keyRelease(KeyEvent.VK_DOWN);

r.keyPress(KeyEvent.VK_ENTER);
r.keyRelease(KeyEvent.VK_ENTER);

}

}

```

Handling composite action:

- Performing multiple actions at a time on an element is called as composite actions.
- We can handle composite action by using build().perform().
- In latest version of selenium, build() is already integrated with perform(). So we don't have to call build() explicitly.

What are the actions we can perform by using Actions class?

Actions	Methods
Drop down menu/Mouse over	moveToElement()
Drag and Drop	dragAndDrop()
Double click	doubleClick()
Context click(Right click)	contextClick()
Composite Action	build().perform()/perform()

EXERCISE:

1. Go to flipkart.com, click mobile case using mouse over action,&check the particular title is correct and take screenshot :

```

public class Ex2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, InterruptedException
{
    System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
    "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
}

```

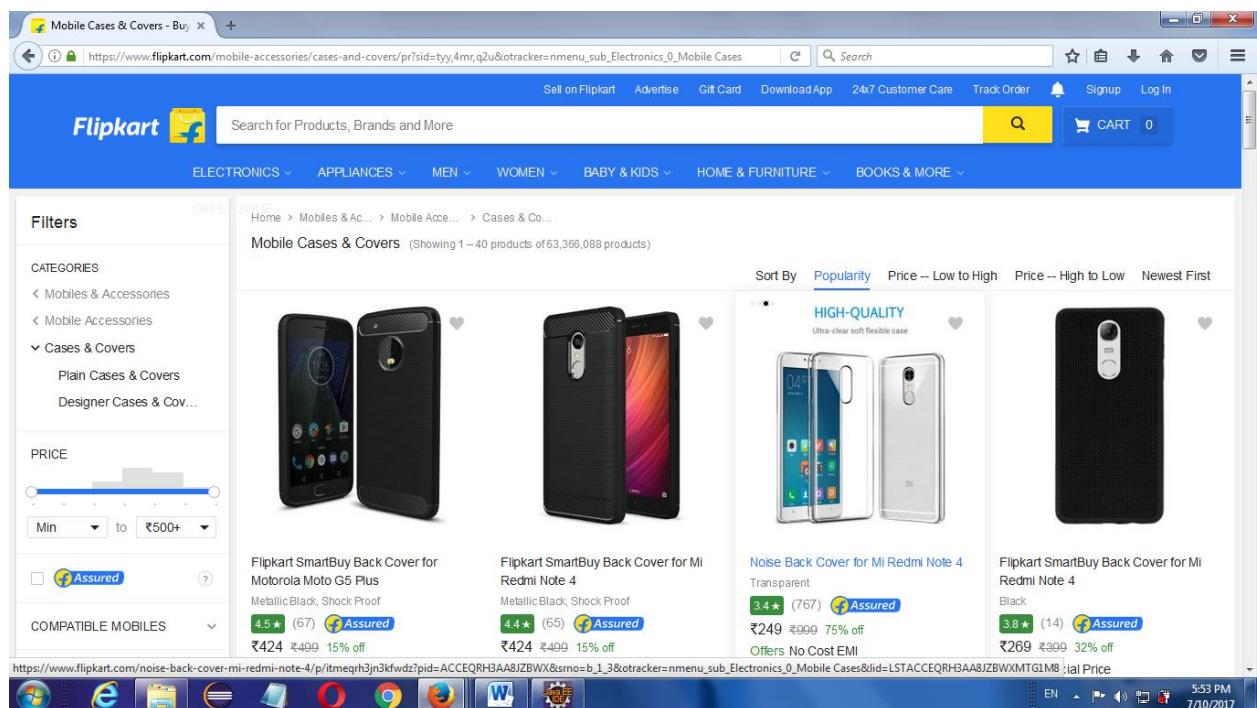
```

driver.get("https://www.flipkart.com/");
WebElement web =
driver.findElement(By.xpath(".//*[text()='Electronics']"));
Actions a=new Actions(driver);
a.moveToElement(web).perform();
Thread.sleep(2000);
driver.findElement(By.xpath(".//*[text()='Mobile Cases']")).click();
String s = driver.getCurrentUrl();
if(s.equals("https://www.flipkart.com/mobile-accessories/cases-and-
covers/pr?sid=tty,4mr,q2u&otracker=nmenu_sub_Electronics_0_Mobile%20Cases")){
    System.out.println("u r in mobile case page");
}else
{
    System.out.println("u r not in mobile case");
}
Thread.sleep(3000);
TakesScreenshot tk=(TakesScreenshot) driver;
File f = tk.getScreenshotAs(OutputType.FILE);
File f1=new File("F:/flipkart mobile case.png");
FileUtils.copyFile(f,f1 );
}

}

```

Output:



Debug - Selenium/src/selenium/assign3/Ex2.java - Eclipse

```

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
Quick Access Java EE Java Debug
Package Explorer Ex1.java Ex2.java Ex3.java Ex4.java Ex5.java Ex6.java Ex7.java Ex8.java s
15 public class Ex2 {
16     public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
17         System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
18             "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
19         WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
20         driver.get("https://www.flipkart.com/");
21         WebElement web = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[text()='Electronics']"));
22         Actions a=new Actions(driver);
23         a.moveToElement(web).perform();
24         Thread.sleep(2000);
25         driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[text()='Mobile Cases']").click();
26         String s = driver.getCurrentUrl();
27         if(s.equals("https://www.flipkart.com/mobile-accessories/cases-and-covers/pr?sid=tty,4mr,q2u&otracker=nmenu_sub_Electronics_0"))
28             System.out.println("u r in mobile case page");
29         else
30             System.out.println("u r not in mobile case");
31         Thread.sleep(3000);
32         TakesScreenshot tk=(TakesScreenshot) driver;
33         File f = tk.getScreenshotAs(OutputType.FILE);
34         File fi=new File("F:/flipkart mobile case.png");
35         FileUtils.copyFile(f,fi);
36     }
37 }
38 }
39 }
40 }
41 }
42 }

```

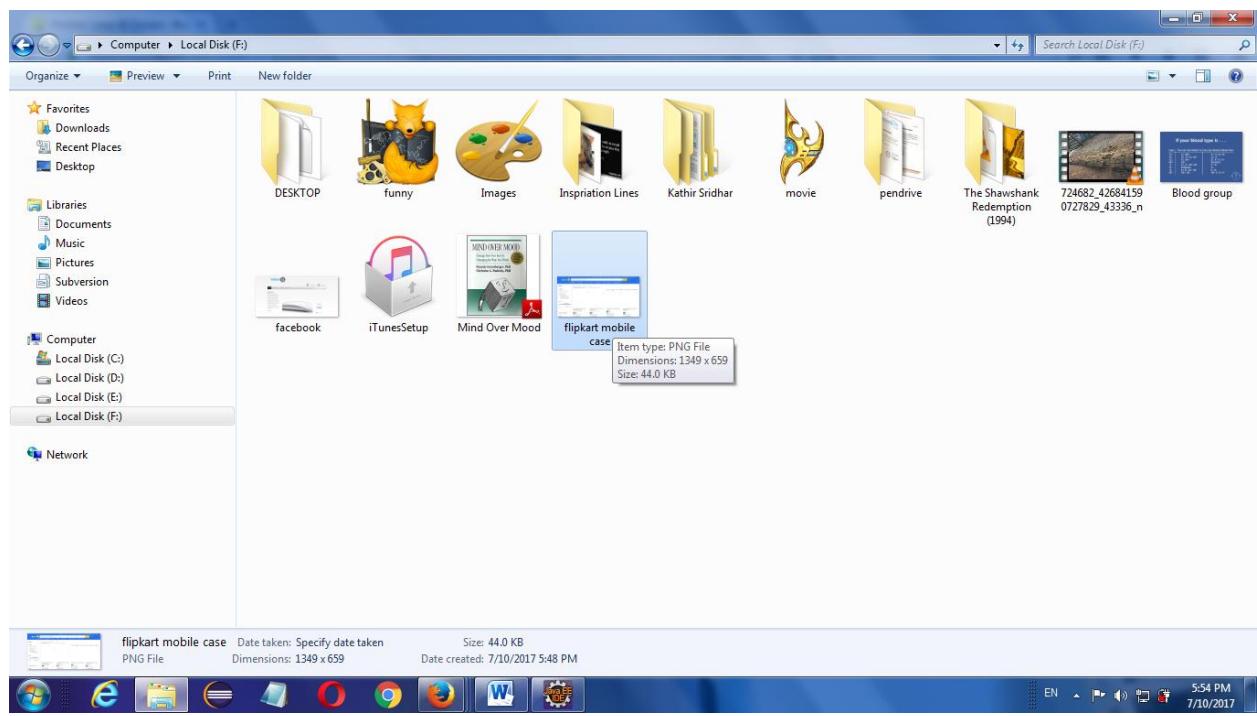
Console

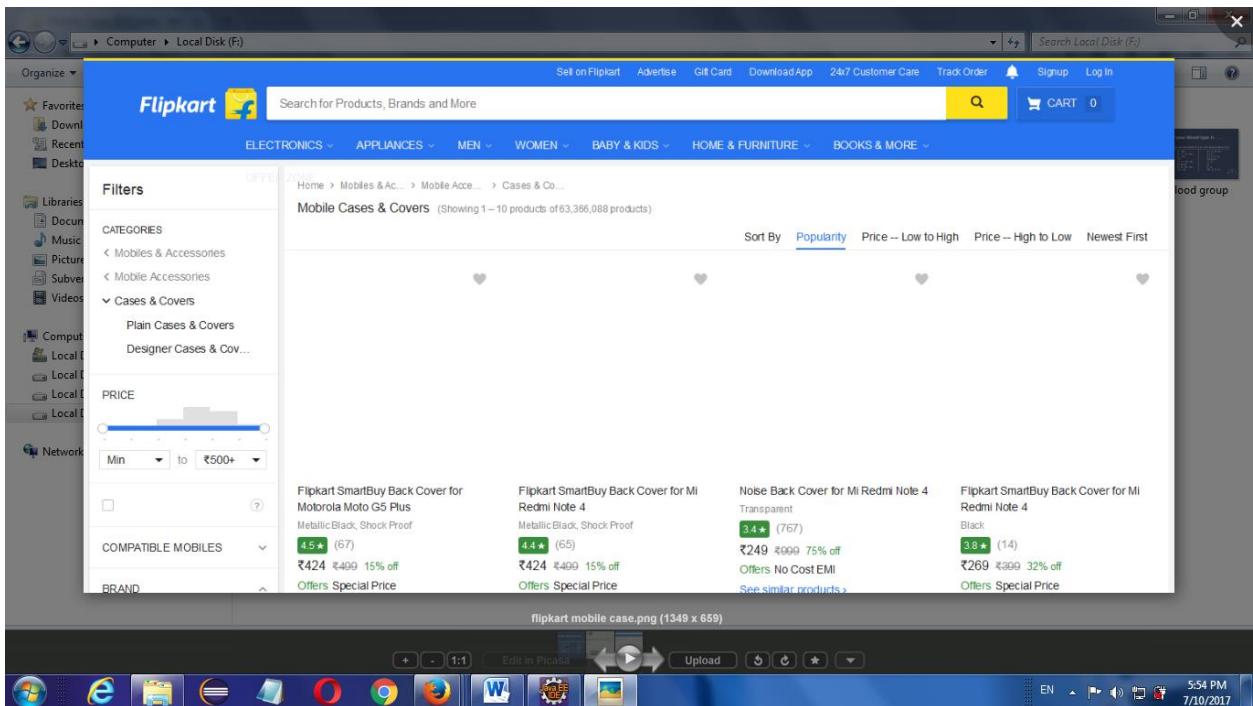
```

<terminated> Ex2 (2) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 10, 2017, 5:47:36 PM)
1499689094003 Marionette INFO Listening on port 54928
Jul 10, 2017 5:48:17 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
u r in mobile case page

```

Writable Smart Insert 33:28





2.Adactin.com registration:

```

public class Ex3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, InterruptedException
{
    System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
    "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
    WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
    driver.get("http://www.adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");
    driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("vengat16");
    driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Karthick");
    driver.findElement(By.id("login")).click();
    driver.findElement(By.id("location")).sendKeys("London");
    driver.findElement(By.id("hotels")).sendKeys("Hotel Sunshine");
    driver.findElement(By.id("room_type")).sendKeys("Super Deluxe");
    driver.findElement(By.id("room_nos")).sendKeys("3 - Three");
    driver.findElement(By.id("datepick_in")).sendKeys("11/07/2017");
    driver.findElement(By.id("datepick_out")).sendKeys("12/07/2017");
    driver.findElement(By.id("adult_room")).sendKeys("2 - Two");
    driver.findElement(By.id("child_room")).sendKeys("2 - Two");
    driver.findElement(By.id("Submit")).click();
    driver.findElement(By.id("radiobutton_0")).click();
    driver.findElement(By.id("continue")).click();
    driver.findElement(By.id("first_name")).sendKeys("Vengat");
}

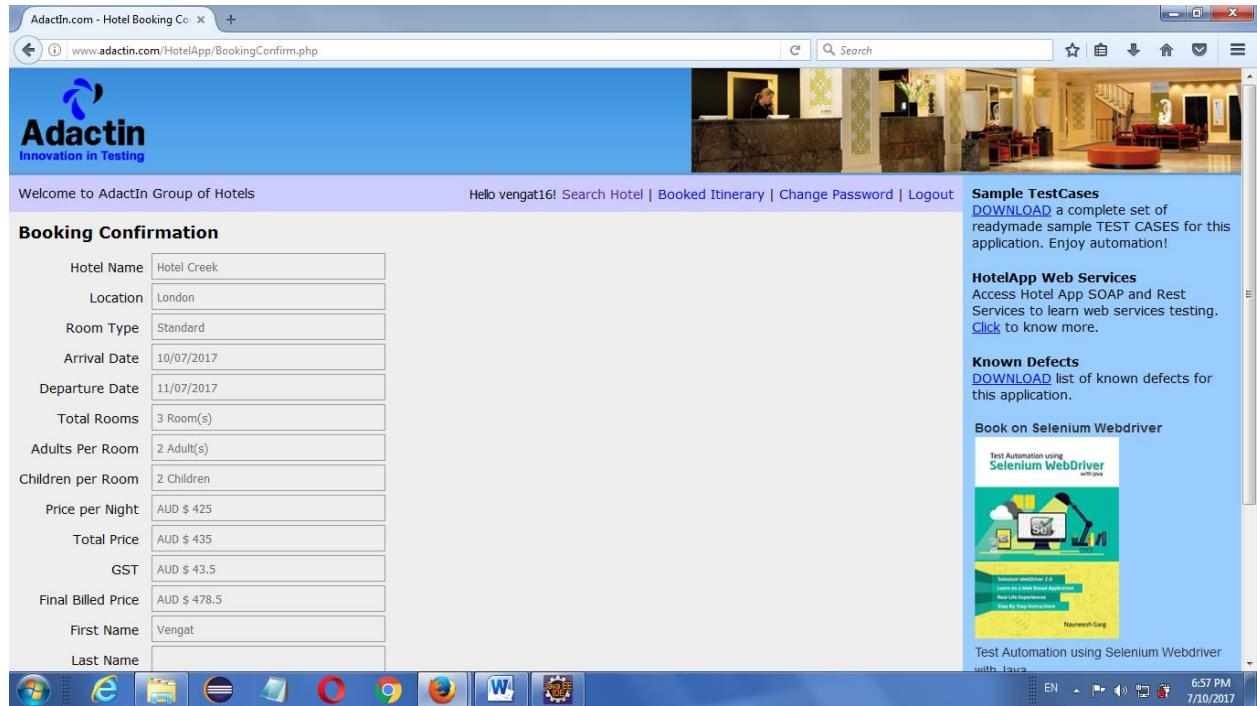
```

```

        driver.findElement(By.id("last_name")).sendKeys("Ram");
        driver.findElement(By.id("address")).sendKeys("no.20, dubai kurukku
santhu,dubai");
        driver.findElement(By.id("cc_num")).sendKeys("1234567890123456");
        driver.findElement(By.id("cc_type")).sendKeys("VISA");
        driver.findElement(By.id("cc_exp_month")).sendKeys("March");
        driver.findElement(By.id("cc_exp_year")).sendKeys("2020");
        driver.findElement(By.id("cc_cvv")).sendKeys("123");
        driver.findElement(By.id("book_now")).click();
    }
}

```

Output:



3.Gmail login using javascript:

```

public class Ex1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException,
InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();

        driver.get("https://accounts.google.com/signin/v2/identifier?service=mail&passive

```

```

=true&rm=false&continue=https%3A%2F%2Fmail.google.com%2Fmail%2F&ss=1&scc
=1&ltmpl=default&ltmplcache=2&emr=1&osid=1&flowName=GlifWebSignIn&flowEnt
ry=ServiceLogin");
        Thread.sleep(5000);
        WebElement w =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='identifierId']"));
        JavascriptExecutor js=(JavascriptExecutor) driver;

        js.executeScript("arguments[0].setAttribute('value','venkat12345')",w);
        WebElement w1 =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[text()='Next']"));
        js.executeScript("arguments[0].click()",w1);
        Thread.sleep(6000);
        WebElement w2 =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@name='password']"));

        js.executeScript("arguments[0].setAttribute('value','venkat12345')",w2);
        Thread.sleep(6000);
        WebElement w3 =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='passwordNext']/div[2]"));
        js.executeScript("arguments[0].click()",w3);

    }
}

```

ALERTS:

- There are 3 type in javascript pop-up. They are,
 - Alert
 - Confirmation
 - Prompt

Characteristics of javascript pop-up

- We can not move the pop up.
- We can not inspect the pop up.
- It is black and white in color
- If it contains only ok button then it is alert pop-up.
- If it contains only ok and cancel button then it is confirmation pop-up.
- If it contains only Text box, ok and cancel button then it is prompt pop-up.
- we can handle any javascript pop up by using the statement

```
Alert a = driver.switchTo().alert();
```

- In Alert interface we have different methods. They are
 - accept() → click on Ok
 - dismiss() → click on cancel
 - getText() → get the text
 - sendKeys() → enter the text
- If the javascript pop-up is not present and still if we try to switch into it, then it will throw NoAlertPresentException

1. Simple:

- In this method, we just click single ok button in the alert.

Example program:

```
public class Dummy2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("https://mail.rediff.com/cgi-bin/login.cgi");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@type='submit']")).click();
        Alert a = driver.switchTo().alert();
        System.out.println(a.getText());
        a.accept();
        driver.switchTo().defaultContent();
        driver.findElement(By.id("login1")).sendKeys("venkat123");
        driver.quit();
    }
}
```

Here,
alert → class

Output:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Java - Selenium/src/selenium/assign5/Dummy2.java - Eclipse**: The active Java file contains the following code:

```
1 package selenium.assign5;
2
3 import org.openqa.selenium.Alert;
4 import org.openqa.selenium.By;
5 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
6 import org.openqa.selenium.firefox.FirefoxDriver;
7
8 public class Dummy2 {
9     public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
10         System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
11             "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
12         WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
13         driver.get("https://mail.rediff.com/cgi-bin/login.cgi");
14         driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@type='submit']")).click();
15         Alert a = driver.switchTo().alert();
16         System.out.println(a.getText());
17         a.accept();
18         driver.switchTo().defaultContent();
19         driver.findElement(By.id("login1")).sendKeys("venkat123");
20     }
21 }
22
23 }
24
```

- Console**: The terminal window shows the execution logs:

```
<terminated> Dummy2 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 12, 2017, 6:26:19 PM)
1499864182014 [terminated]> Dummy2 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 12, 2017, 6:26:19 PM)
1499864182841 [terminated]> geckodriver <marionette> INFO: Starting browser C:\Program Files\geckodriver\geckodriver.exe with args ["-marionette"]
1499864189505 Marionette INFO: Listening on port 52842
Jul 12, 2017 6:26:30 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
Please enter a valid user name
```

- Taskbar**: Shows icons for various applications including Rediffmail.
- Rediffmail Browser Window**: The browser displays the Rediffmail login page with the URL <https://mail.rediff.com/cgi-bin/login.cgi>. The page includes promotional banners for shopping items like blankets, lamps, and medical supplies, and a sidebar for creating a new account.
- System Tray**: Shows the date and time as 6:26 PM on 7/12/2017.

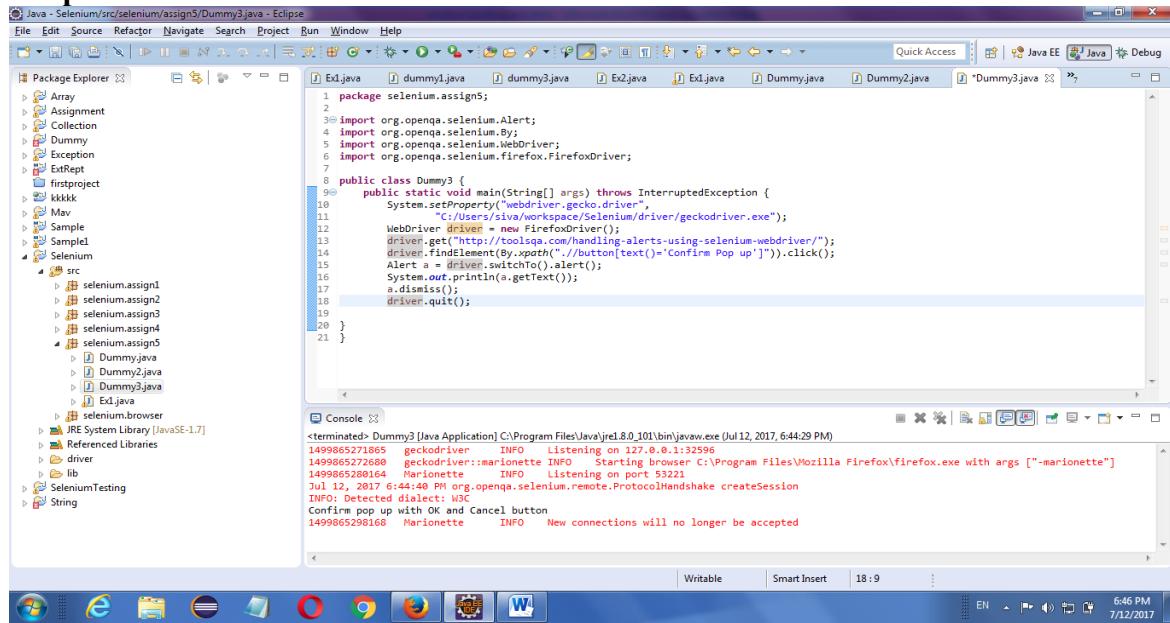
2. Confirm:

- In this method, we have to click OK or Cancel, if we click OK/Cancel, then it will confirm

Example program:

```
public class Dummy3 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
  
        "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.com/handling-alerts-using-selenium-webdriver/");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[text()='Confirm Pop up']")).click();  
        Alert a = driver.switchTo().alert();  
        System.out.println(a.getText());  
        a.dismiss();  
        driver.quit();  
    }  
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Package Explorer:** Shows the project structure with packages like Assignment, Collection, Exception, ExtRept, firstproject, Mav, Sample, Sample1, and Selenium. Under Selenium, there is a src folder containing files: selenium.assign1, selenium.assign2, selenium.assign3, selenium.assign4, selenium.assign5, Dummy.java, Dummy2.java, Dummy3.java, and Ex1.java.
- Editor:** Displays the Java code for Dummy3.java.
- Console:** Shows the terminal output of the application's execution. The log includes:
 - <terminated> Dummy3 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 12, 2017, 6:44:29 PM)
 - 1499865271865 geckodriver INFO Listening on 127.0.0.1:32596
 - 1499865272680 geckodriver:marionette:marionette INFO Starting browser C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe with args ["-marionette"]
 - 1499865280164 Marionette INFO Listening on port 53222
 - Jul 12, 2017 6:44:40 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
 - INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
 - Confirm pop up with OK and Cancel button
 - 1499865298168 Marionette INFO New connections will no longer be accepted

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL toolsqa.com/handling-alerts-using-selenium-webdriver/. The page content is as follows:

- Simple Alert Pop up**: A button labeled "Simple Alert" triggers a simple alert box with the message "This is a simple alert".
- HTML code for such types of pop is**:

```

1 document.alert("This is a simple alert");
2 //or
3
4
5 alert("This is a simple alert");

```
- Confirm Alert box**: A button labeled "Confirm Pop up" triggers a confirm alert box asking "You have clicked on Cancel".
- HTML code for Confirm alerts is**:

```

1 var popuresult = confirm("Confirm pop up with OK and Cancel button");

```
- Prompt Alert box**: A button labeled "Prompt Pop up" triggers a prompt alert box asking for input.

3. Prompt:

➤ In this method, first we have insert Yes/No and then we will click OK/Cancel

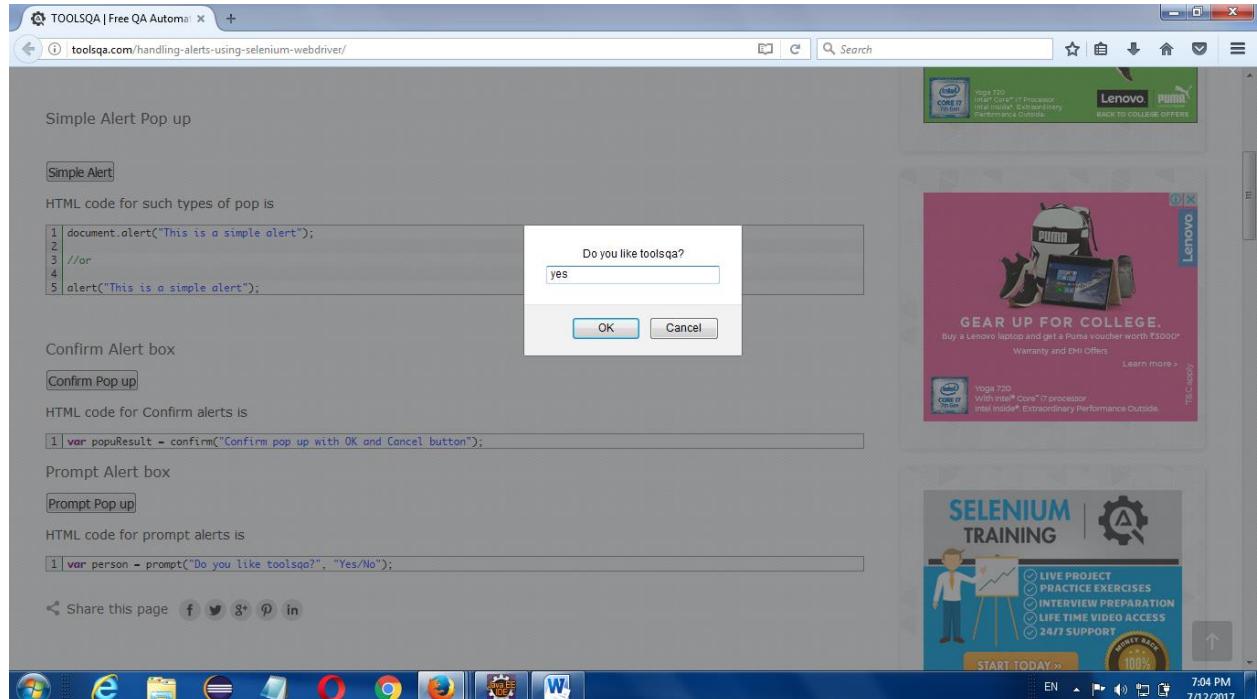
Example program:

```

public class Dummy4 {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.com/handling-alerts-using-selenium-webdriver/");
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//button[text()='Prompt Pop up']")).click();
        Alert a = driver.switchTo().alert();
        System.out.println(a.getText());
        a.sendKeys("yes");
        Thread.sleep(3000);
        a.dismiss();
        driver.quit();
    }
}

```

Output:



WINDOW HANDLING:

- It is used to move one window to another window

Example :

To Handle 2 windows:

```
public class Dummy9 {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",  
"C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();  
        driver.get("https://www.hdfcbank.com/");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='cee_closeBtn']/img")).click();  
    }  
}
```

```

String parentWindowId = driver.getWindowHandle();
System.out.println("Parent Window ID:" + parentWindowId);
driver.findElement(By.id("loginsubmit")).click();
Set<String> allWindowId = driver.getWindowHandles();
for (String x : allWindowId) {

    if (!parentWindowId.equals(x)) {
        System.out.println("Child Window ID:" + x);
        driver.switchTo().window(x);
        Thread.sleep(3000);

        driver.findElement(By.xpath("html/body/div[4]/div[2]/div[1]/a"))
            .click();
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        Thread.sleep(2000);
        driver.switchTo().defaultContent();
    }
}
Thread.sleep(3000);
driver.quit(); }
```

Here,

- Home page(window) → parent window
- Next window → Child window
- getWindowHandle() → It is a method used to get parent window id
- getWindowHandles() → It is a method used to get all windows id
- So, we have A(parent window id) and C(A,B) but we don't have B.
- C → all windows id
- We have to find B using Iterator or enhancement for
- defaultContent() → it is a method used to move previous window

Output:

Java - Selenium/src/selenium/assign5/Dummy.java - Eclipse

```

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Project Run Window Help
Quick Access Java EE Java Debug
Package Explorer Ex3.java dummy.java Ed.java dummy1.java dummy3.java Ex2.java Ex1.java Dummy.java
src
  selenium.assign1
  selenium.assign2
  selenium.assign3
  selenium.assign4
  selenium.assign5
    Dummy.java
    Ex1.java
  selenium.browser
JRE System Library [JAVASE-1.7]
Referenced Libraries
driver
lib
SeleniumTesting
String

```

```

13 WebDriver driver=new FirefoxDriver();
14 driver.get("https://www.hdfcbank.com/");
15 driver.findElement(By.xpath("//[@id='ceo_closeBtn']/img")).click();
16 String parentWindowId = driver.getWindowHandle();
17 System.out.println("Parent Window ID:"+parentWindowId);
18 driver.findElement(By.id("loginsubmit")).click();
19 Set<String> allWindowId = driver.getWindowHandles();
20 Iterator<String> a = allWindowId.iterator();
21 while(a.hasNext()){
22     String s = a.next();
23     System.out.println("All Windows ID:"+s);
24     if(!parentWindowId.endsWith(s)){
25         System.out.println("Child Window ID:"+s);
26         driver.switchTo().window(s);
27         Thread.sleep(3000);
28         driver.findElement(By.xpath("//html/body/div[4]/div[2]/div[1]/a")).click();
29     }
30 }
31
32
33
34
35 // Thread.sleep(3000);
36
37

```

Console

```

<terminated> Dummy (5) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 12, 2017, 5:49:26 PM)
1499861978617 Marionette INFO Listening on port 51390
Jul 12, 2017 5:49:39 PM org.openqa.selenium.remote.ProtocolHandshake createSession
INFO: Detected dialect: W3C
Parent Window ID:13
All Windows ID:13
All Windows ID:31
Child Window ID:31

```

Welcome to HDFC Bank NetBanking - Mozilla Firefox

Hdfc Bank Limited. (IN) https://netbanking.hdfcbank.com/netbanking/?_ga=2.62463144.525688549.1499862092-791699333.1499862092

NetBanking | **bank aapki mutthi mein**

NetBanking Login

User ID / Customer ID

Continue

Forgot Customer ID?

New to NetBanking? [View Demo](#)

Credit Card Holders Click here
(if you do not hold HDFC Bank account)

Retail Loan Customers Click here
for online loan account access
(if you do not hold HDFC Bank account)

 Norton SECURED
powered by Symantec

#ForgetCash...Go Digital!

Use NetBanking for all your day-to-day needs

Transfer Money
Pay your maid's, driver's salary, society maintenance or transfer money to your friends & family through NEFT, RTGS or IMPS.
[Know More](#)

Pay Bills
Pay your electricity, mobile, gas, water & DTH bills. Recharge your pre-paid mobile number.
[Know More](#)

Shop Online
Shop online for fashion, food, travel & entertainment.
[Know More](#)



To Handling Multiple windows:

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException, Throwable {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("https://www.hdfcbank.com/");  
        driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='cee_closeBtn']/img")).click();  
        String parentWindowId = driver.getWindowHandle();  
        System.out.println("Parent Window ID:" + parentWindowId);  
        driver.findElement(By.id("loginsubmit")).click();  
        Set<String> allWindowId = driver.getWindowHandles();  
  
        List<String> l=new ArrayList<String>(allWindowId);  
  
        //By passing index we can switch the desired window  
        driver.switchTo().window(l.get(1));  
  
    }  
}
```

IFRAME:

- ✓ IFrame is a web page which is embedded in another web page or an HTML document embedded inside another HTML document.
- ✓ iFrame is defined by an `<iframe></iframe>` tag in HTML. With this tag you can identify an iFrame while inspecting the HTML tree.
- ✓ Same HTML for IFrame,

```
<body>  
  <div class="box">  
    <iframe name="iframe1" id="IF1" height="600"  
           width="400"  
           src="http://toolsqa.wpengine.com"></iframe>  
  </div>  
  <div class="box">  
    <iframe name="iframe2" id="IF2" height="600" width="400"  
           align="left" src="http://demoqa.com"></iframe>  
  </div>
```

```
</body>
</html>
```

Identifying IFrame:

- ✓ We cannot detect the frames by just seeing the page or by inspecting Firebug.
- ✓ Observe the below image, Advertisement being displayed is an Iframe, we cannot locate or recognize that by just inspecting using Firebug. So the question is how can you identify the iframe?
- ✓ Right click on the element, If you find the option like 'This Frame' then it is an iframe.(Please refer the above diagram)
- ✓ Right click on the page and click 'View Page Source' and Search with the 'iframe', if you can find any tag name with the 'iframe' then it is meaning to say the page consisting an iframe.

Ways to Switch IFrame:

1. Switch to frame by index
 2. Switch to frame by id or name
 3. Switch to frame by webelement
- ✓ We can find total number of IFrame by using below commands

```
int size = driver.findElements(By.tagName("iframe")).size();
```

1. Switch to frame by index:

Example:

```
public class Dummy9 {

    @Test
    public void upload() throws InterruptedException, IOException
    {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.wpengine.com/iframe-practice-page/");
        int size =
        driver.findElements(By.tagName("iframe")).size();
```

```

System.out.println(size);
driver.switchTo().frame(0);

        driver.findElement(By.name("firstname")).sendKeys("vengat");
    }
}

```

2. Switch to frame by id or name:

Using ID:

```

public class Dummy9 {

    @Test
    public void upload() throws InterruptedException, IOException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.wpengine.com/iframe-practice-page/");
        int size = driver.findElements(By.tagName("iframe")).size();
        System.out.println(size);
        driver.switchTo().frame("IF1");

        driver.findElement(By.name("firstname")).sendKeys("vengat");
    }
}

```

Using Name:

```

public class Dummy9 {

    @Test
    public void upload() throws InterruptedException, IOException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.wpengine.com/iframe-practice-page/");
        int size = driver.findElements(By.tagName("iframe")).size();
        System.out.println(size);
        driver.switchTo().frame("iframe1");
    }
}

```

```
    driver.findElement(By.name("firstname")).sendKeys("vengat");
}
}
```

3. Switch to frame by webelement:

```
public class Dummy9 {

    @Test
    public void upload() throws InterruptedException, IOException {
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver",
                           "C:/Users/siva/workspace/Selenium/driver/geckodriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        driver.get("http://toolsqa.wpengine.com/iframe-practice-page/");
        int size =
        driver.findElements(By.tagName("iframe")).size();
        System.out.println(size);

        WebElement web =
        driver.findElement(By.id("IF2"));
        driver.switchTo().frame(web);

        driver.findElement(By.name("firstname")).sendKeys("venga
t");
    }
}
```



WAITS:

Synchronization:

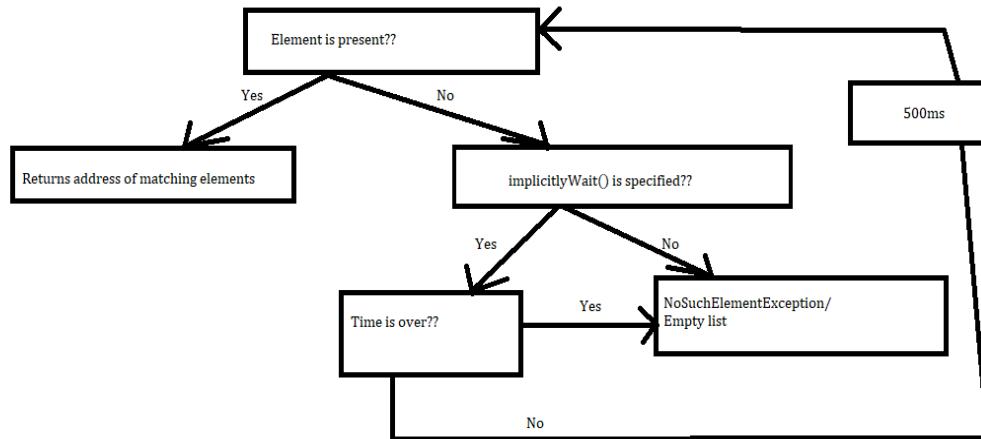
- Matching speed of selenium with the speed of application is called as synchronization.
- If we trying to find the elements due to application late response, it throws exception.
- Using waits we can resolve this exception
- we can handle synchronization by using,
 - implicit wait
 - explicit wait
 - Thread.sleep()
 - Fluent wait

Implicit wait:

- It will handle the synchronization of findElement() and findElements().
- implicitlyWait() takes 2 arguments of type long and TimeUnit.
- In the 1st argument we have to specify waiting time and the 2nd argument we have to specify time unit
- The different time units are
 - ✓ DAYS
 - ✓ HOURS
 - ✓ MINUTES
 - ✓ SECONDS
 - ✓ MILISECONDS
 - ✓ MICROSECONDS
 - ✓ NANOSECONDS



Work flow of Implicit wait:



- When the control comes to `findElement()` or `findElements()`, it will check whether the element is present or not.
 - If the element is present, it will return address of the specified element.
 - If the element is not present, it will check whether `implicitlyWait()` is specified or not.
 - If `implicitlyWait()` is not specified then it will throw `NoSuchElementException` or Empty list.
 - If `implicitlyWait()` is specified then it will check whether the specified time is over or not.
-
- If the specified time is over then it will throw `NoSuchElementException` or Empty list.
 - If the specified time is not over then for every 500ms it will check whether the element is present or not.

Note:

- 500ms is called as polling period which is present in a class called `FluentWait`.
- Using implicit wait we can handle synchronization of `findElement()` and `findElements()` only.

Syntax:

```
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(time, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
```



Ex:

```
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(10, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
```

Example:

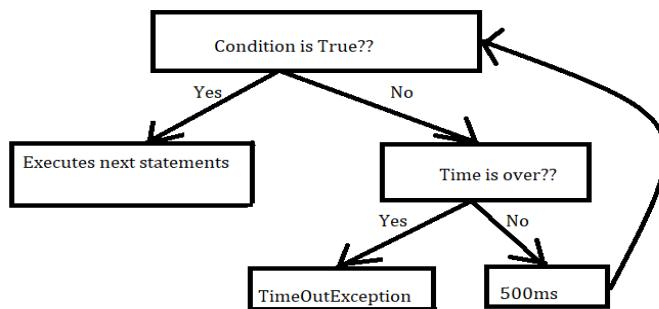
```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(10, TimeUnit.SECONDS);  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("Venkat");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Venkat@123");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("login")).click();  
  
    }  
}
```

Explicit wait:

- It is used to handle synchronization of any methods including findElement() and findElements().
- WebDriverWait class is called as explicit wait which takes 2 arguments of type WebDriver and long
- Here the default time unit is seconds.



Work flow of explicit wait:



- During the Run Time, when the control comes to wait statement, it will check whether the specified condition is true or not.
- If the condition is true it will execute next statements otherwise it will check whether the time is over or not.
- If the specified time is over then it will throw TimeoutException.
- If time is not over then for every 500ms it will check whether the condition is true or not.

Note:

- 500ms is called as polling period which is present in a class called FluentWait.
- All the methods present in ExpectedConditions class are called as Predicates.

Syntax:

```
WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver,time);
```

Ex:

```
wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, time);
```

```
wait.until(ExpectedConditions.visibilityOf(element));
```



- The following are the Expected Conditions that can be used in Explicit Wait

1. alertIsPresent()
2. elementSelectionStateToBe()
3. elementToBeClickable()
4. elementToBeSelected()
5. frameToBeAvailableAndSwitchToIt()
6. invisibilityOfTheElementLocated()
7. invisibilityOfElementWithText()
8. presenceOfAllElementsLocatedBy()
9. presenceOfElementLocated()
10. textToBePresentInElement()
11. textToBePresentInElementLocated()
12. textToBePresentInElementValue()
13. titleIs()
14. titleContains()
15. visibilityOf()
16. visibilityOfAllElements()
17. visibilityOfAllElementsLocatedBy()
18. visibilityOfElementLocated()

Example:

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("https://adactin.com/HotelApp/index.php");  
  
        driver.findElement(By.id("username")).sendKeys("Venkat");  
        driver.findElement(By.id("password")).sendKeys("Venkat@123");  
  
        WebDriverWait wait =new WebDriverWait(driver, 60);
```



```
wait.until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(driver.findElement(By.id("login"))));  
  
        driver.findElement(By.id("login")).click();  
    }  
}
```

Fluent wait:

- The fluent wait is used to tell the web driver to wait for a condition, as well as the frequency with which we want to check the condition before throwing an "ElementNotVisibleException" exception.
- Frequency: Setting up a repeat cycle with the time frame to verify/check the condition at the regular interval of time
- Let's consider a scenario where an element is loaded at different intervals of time. The element might load within 10 seconds, 20 seconds or even more than that if we declare an explicit wait of 20 seconds. It will wait till the specified time before throwing an exception. In such scenarios, the fluent wait is the ideal wait to use as this will try to find the element at different frequency until it finds it or the final timer runs out.

Syntax:

```
Wait wait = new FluentWait(WebDriver reference)  
        .withTimeout(timeout, SECONDS)  
        .pollingEvery(timeout, SECONDS)  
  
        .ignoring(Exception.class);
```

Ex:

```
Wait wait = new FluentWait(driver).withTimeout(5,  
TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS).pollingEvery(60, TimeUnit.SECONDS)  
        .ignoring(Exception.class);
```



FILE UPLOADING USING ROBOT CLASS AND SENDKEYS:

Using Robot class:

Ex:

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException, Throwable {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/upload/");  
  
        String path="C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Desktop\\\\Venkatraman.docx";  
  
        driver.findElement(By.name("uploadfile_0")).click();  
        Thread.sleep(2000);  
        Robot robot = new Robot();  
        robot.setAutoDelay(3000);  
        StringSelection selection = new StringSelection(  
            path);  
        Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit().getSystemClipboard()  
            .setContents(selection, null);  
        // press ctrl+vsss  
        robot.keyPress(KeyEvent.VK_CONTROL);  
        robot.keyPress(KeyEvent.VK_V);  
        robot.setAutoDelay(3000);  
        // release ctrl+v  
        robot.keyRelease(KeyEvent.VK_CONTROL);  
        robot.keyRelease(KeyEvent.VK_V);  
        // press enter  
        robot.setAutoDelay(3000);  
        robot.keyPress(KeyEvent.VK_ENTER);  
        robot.keyRelease(KeyEvent.VK_ENTER);  
  
    }  
}
```



Using sendKeys:

Ex:

```
public class Login {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException, Throwable {  
  
        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",  
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32  
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");  
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();  
        driver.manage().window().maximize();  
        driver.get("http://demo.guru99.com/test/upload/");  
  
        String path="C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Desktop\\\\Venkatraman.docx";  
  
        driver.findElement(By.name("uploadfile_0")).sendKeys(path);  
  
    }  
}
```

BROKEN LINKS:

Broken links:

- If any link is failed load it's destination page then that link is called as broken links.
- It is not possible to verify broken links by using selenium.
- We can verify the broken links by using Java
- In order to verify the broken links we use a class called URL which is available in java.net package

Sample web page:

```
<a href="http://www.qspiders.com">Qspiders</a>  
<a href="www.qspider.com">Qspider</a>  
<a href="http://www.qsp.com">Qsp</a>
```



Example1: Typical java program to verify broken links

```
public class JavaDemo
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
    {
        URL url = new URL("http://www.qspiders.com");
        HttpURLConnection con = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();

        int code = con.getResponseCode(); //if code is 200, then link is not broken
        System.out.println(code);

        String msg = con.getResponseMessage(); //if msg is Ok, then link is not broken
        System.out.println(msg);
    }
}
```

Example 2:

```
public class Login {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws InterruptedException, Throwable {

        System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
                           "C:\\\\Users\\\\10657527\\\\Downloads\\\\chromedriver_win32
(1)\\\\chromedriver.exe");
        WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
        driver.manage().window().maximize();
        driver.get("https://www.google.com/");

        List<WebElement> allLinks = driver.findElements(By.xpath("//a"));

        int broken=0, notBroken=0;

        for(WebElement link:allLinks)
        {
            String href = link.getAttribute("href");
            String text = link.getText();
            System.out.println("Link: "+text);
            System.out.println("URL: "+href);

            try
            {
                URL url = new URL(href);
                HttpURLConnection con = (HttpURLConnection)
url.openConnection();

```



```
int code = con.getResponseCode();
if(code==200)
{
    System.out.println("Links is not broken....");
    notBroken++;
}
else
{
    System.out.println("Link is broken1:");
    System.out.println(con.getResponseMessage());
    broken++;
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    System.out.println("Link is broken2:");
    broken++;
}

System.out.println("=====");
}

System.out.println("Total number of links: "+allLinks.size());
System.out.println("Number of broken links: "+broken);
System.out.println("Number of non broken links: "+notBroken);

Thread.sleep(2000);
driver.close();
}
}
```



Thank you





